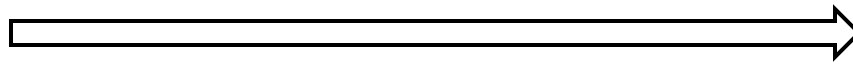


PHENIX HIGHLIGHTS

Measuring the Properties of the QGP

2

Conditions



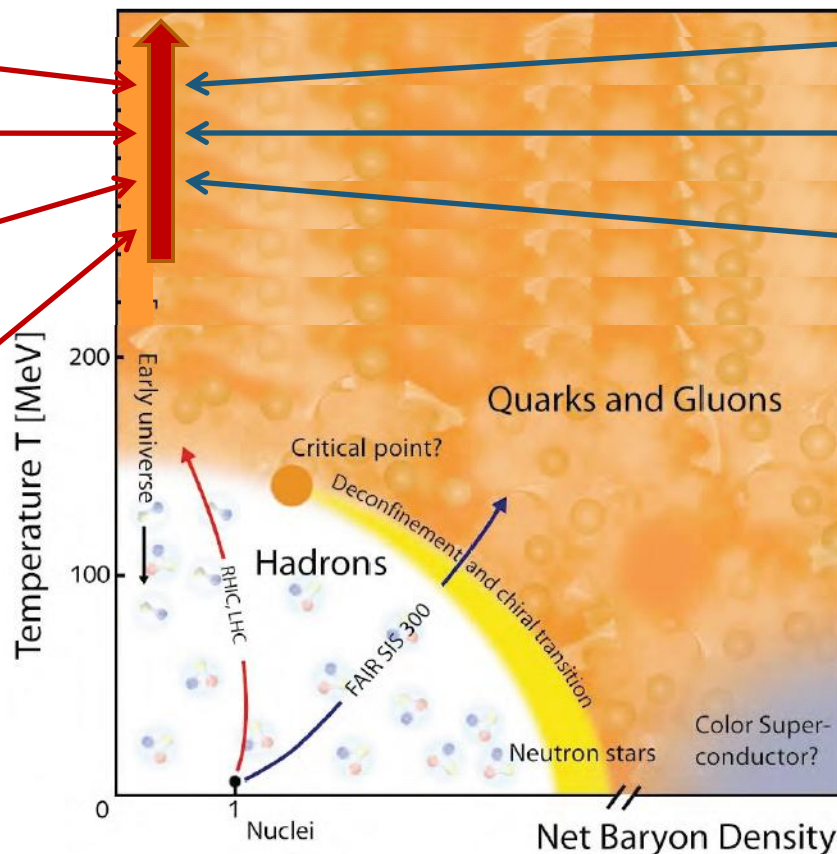
Properties

μ

T_i

CNM
effects

Initial
State



Screening length

η/s

dE/dx

What I will show you today

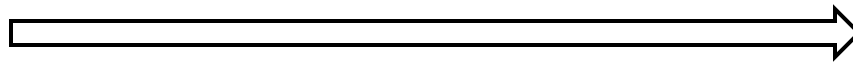
3

- v_2 of thermal direct photons
 - ▣ Constrains T_i and τ_0
- CNM effects in $d+Au$
 - ▣ Density dependence of shadowing from J/ψ
 - ▣ Reconstructed jets
 - ▣ Low- x suppression from forward di-hadron correlations
- v_3
 - ▣ Disentangle initial state from η/s
 - ▣ Implications for 2-particle correlations
- E loss
 - ▣ Path-length dependence
- Results from energy scan

Measuring the Properties of the QGP

4

Conditions



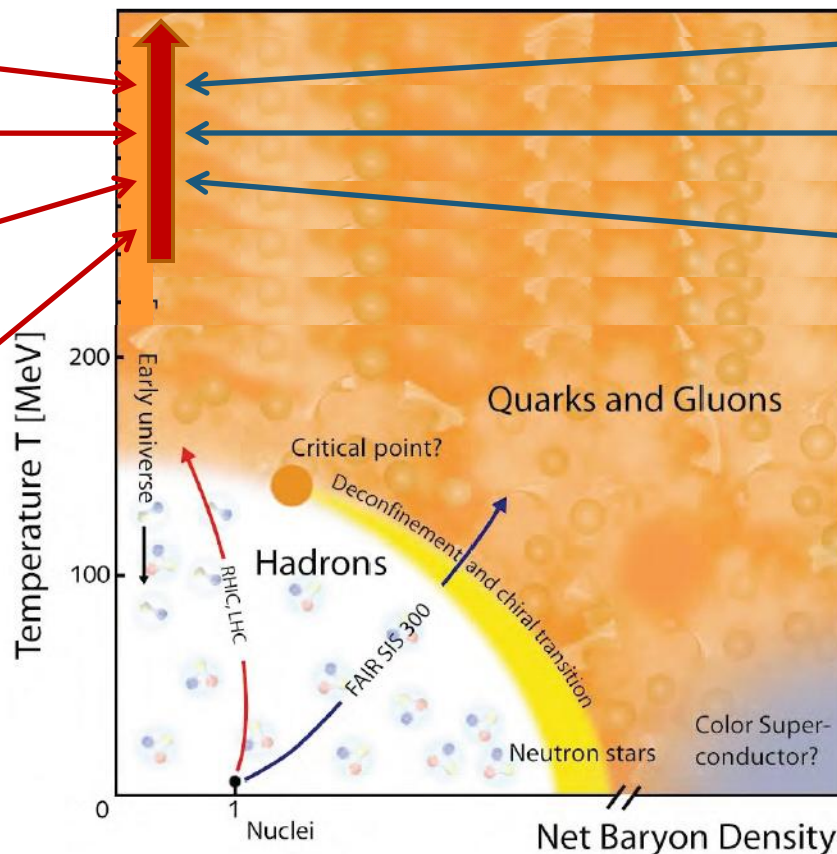
Properties

$\mu \sim 0$

T_i

CNM
effects

Initial
State



Screening length

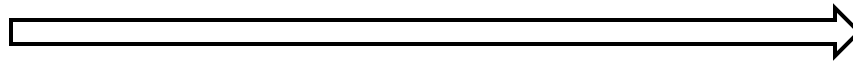
η/s

dE/dx

Measuring the Properties of the QGP

5

Conditions



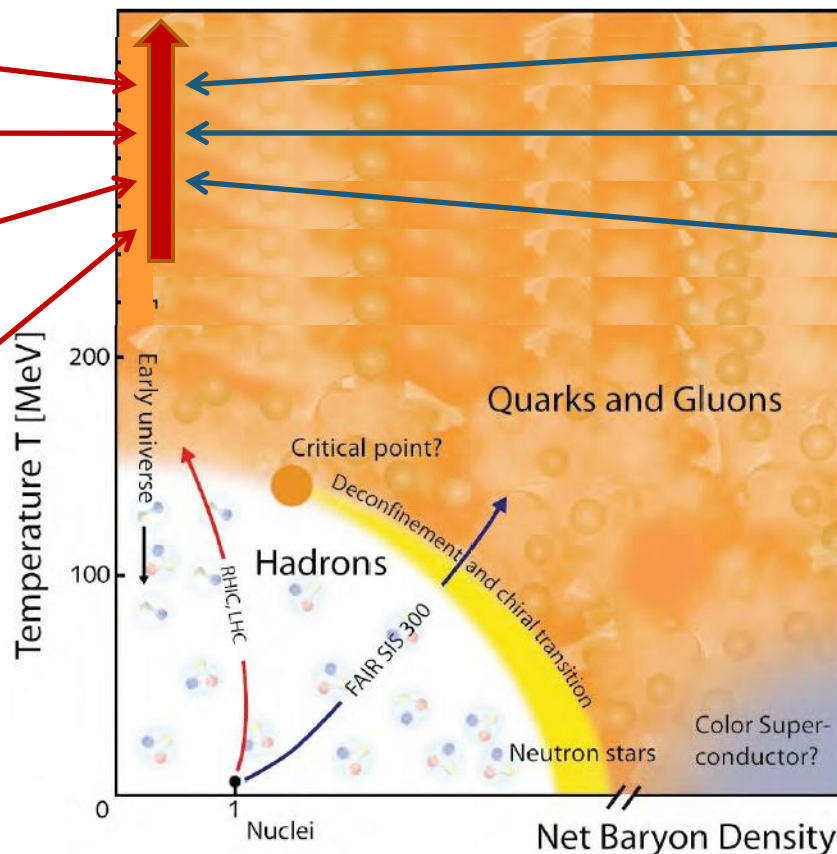
Properties

$\mu \sim 0$

T_i

CNM
effects

Initial
State



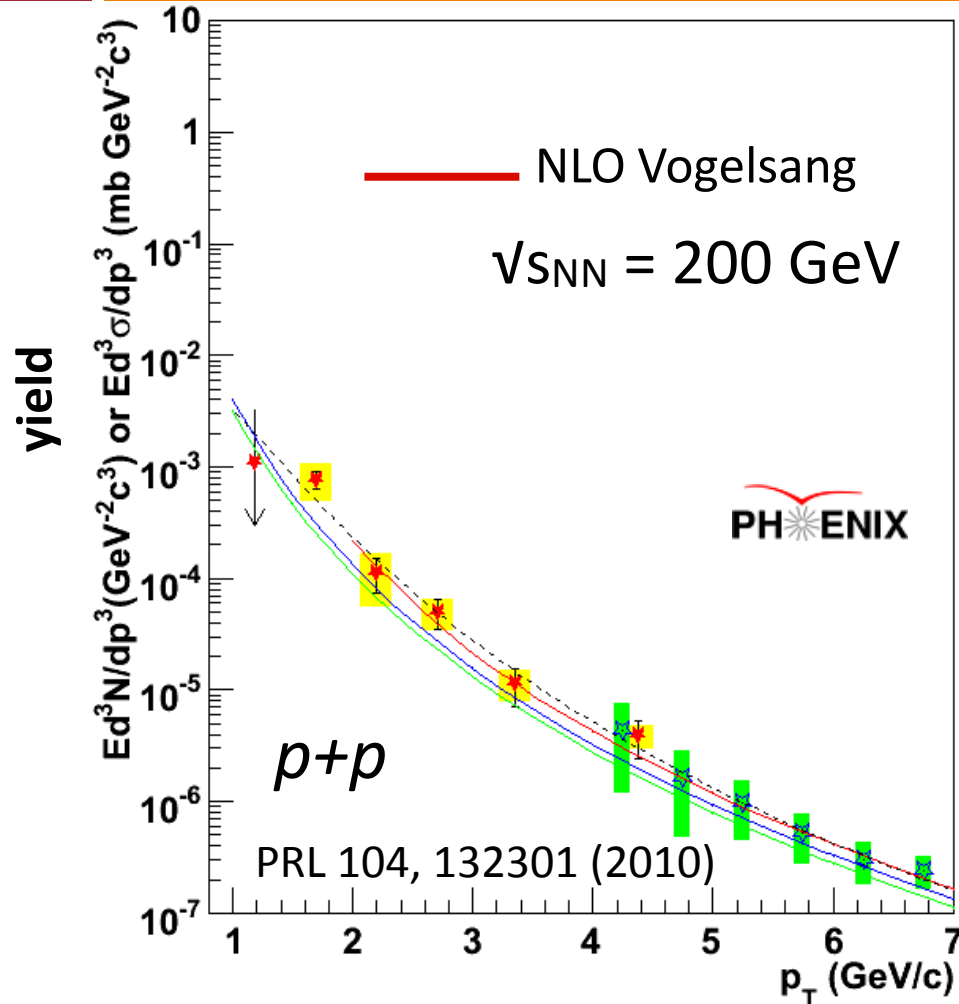
Screening length

η/s

dE/dx

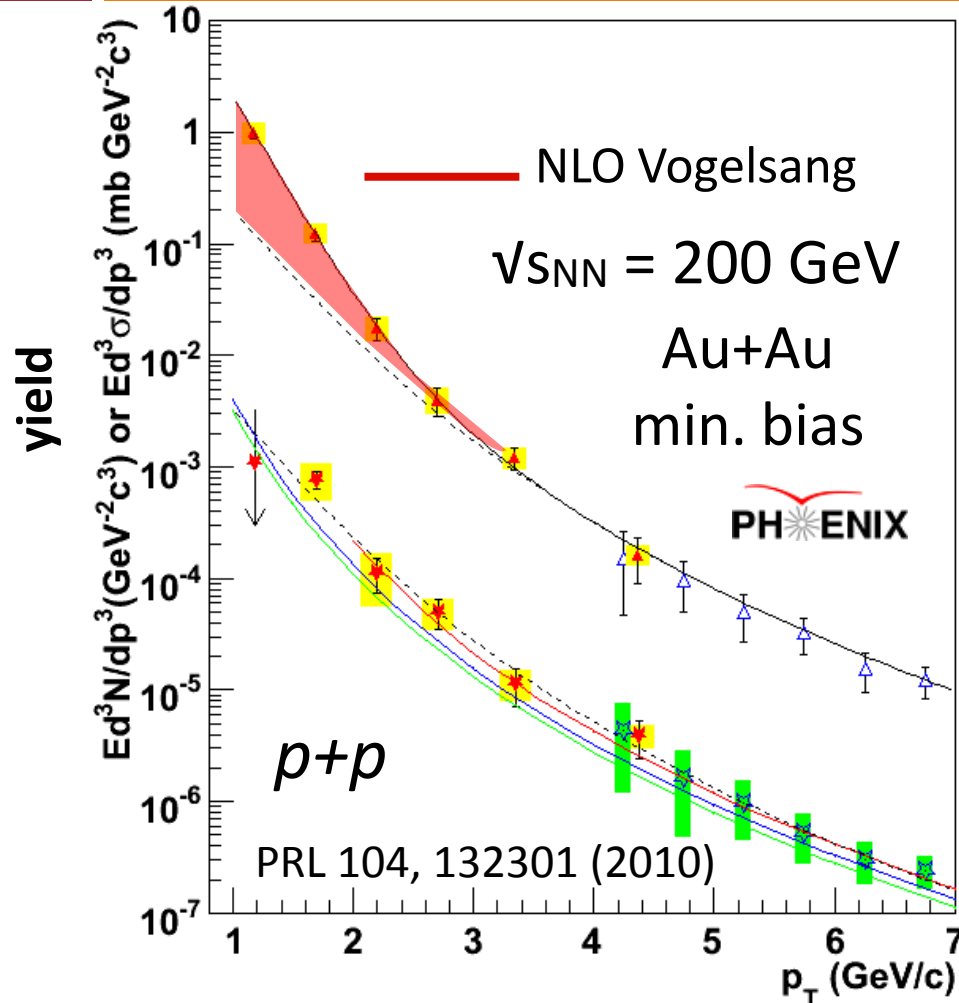
Direct Photon Excess in Au+Au

6



Direct Photon Excess in Au+Au

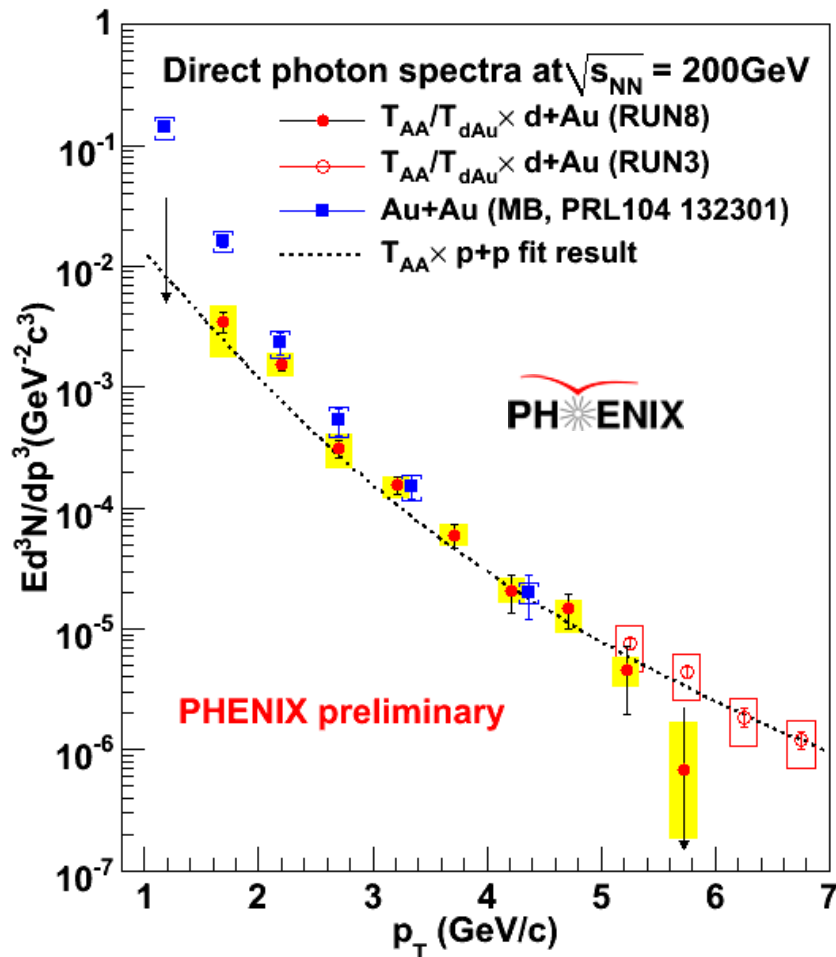
7



- Direct photon excess above $p+p$ spectrum
- Exponential (consistent with thermal)
- Inverse slope = $220 \pm 20 \text{ MeV}$
- T_i from hydro
 - 300 . . . 600 MeV
 - Depending on thermalization time

Critical $d+Au$ Check

8



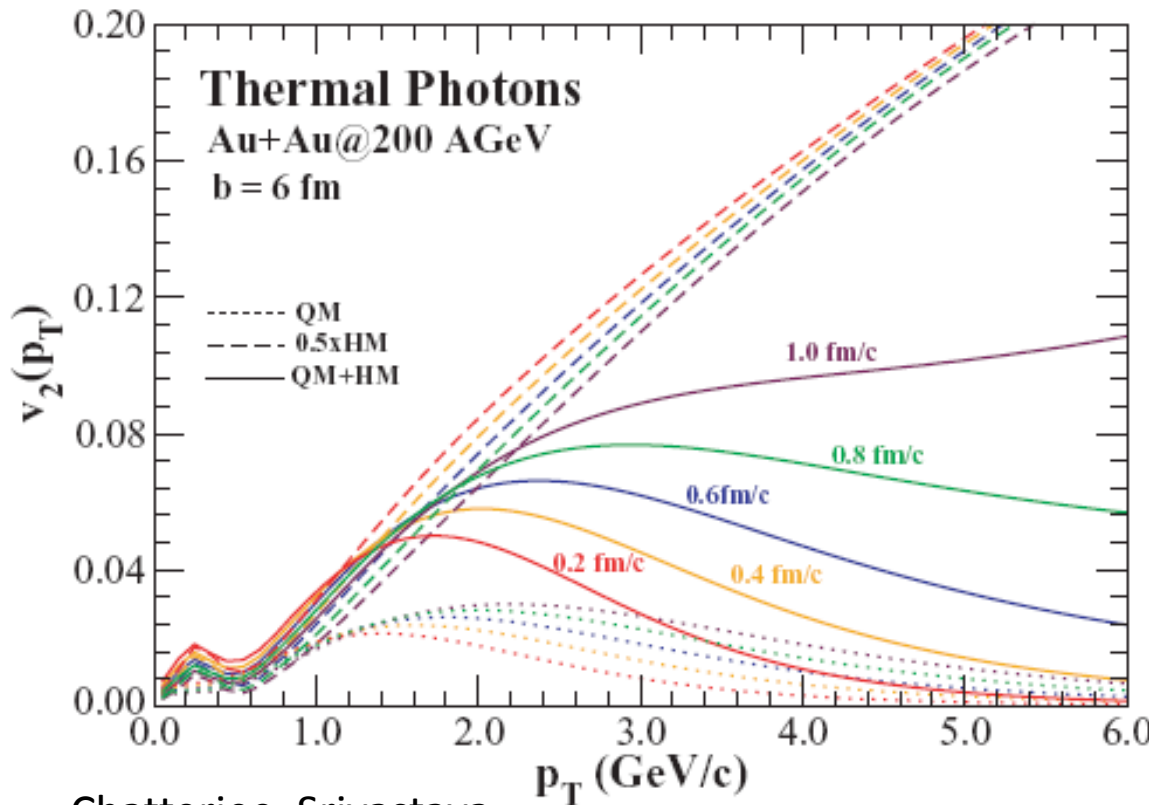
- New:
- no exponential excess in $d+Au$

Poster: Y. Yamaguchi

Direct photon v_2 further constrains T_i

9

Hydro after τ_0



- expected v_2 :
- prompt photons: 0 (time zero)
- thermal photons

early ↙ ↘ late

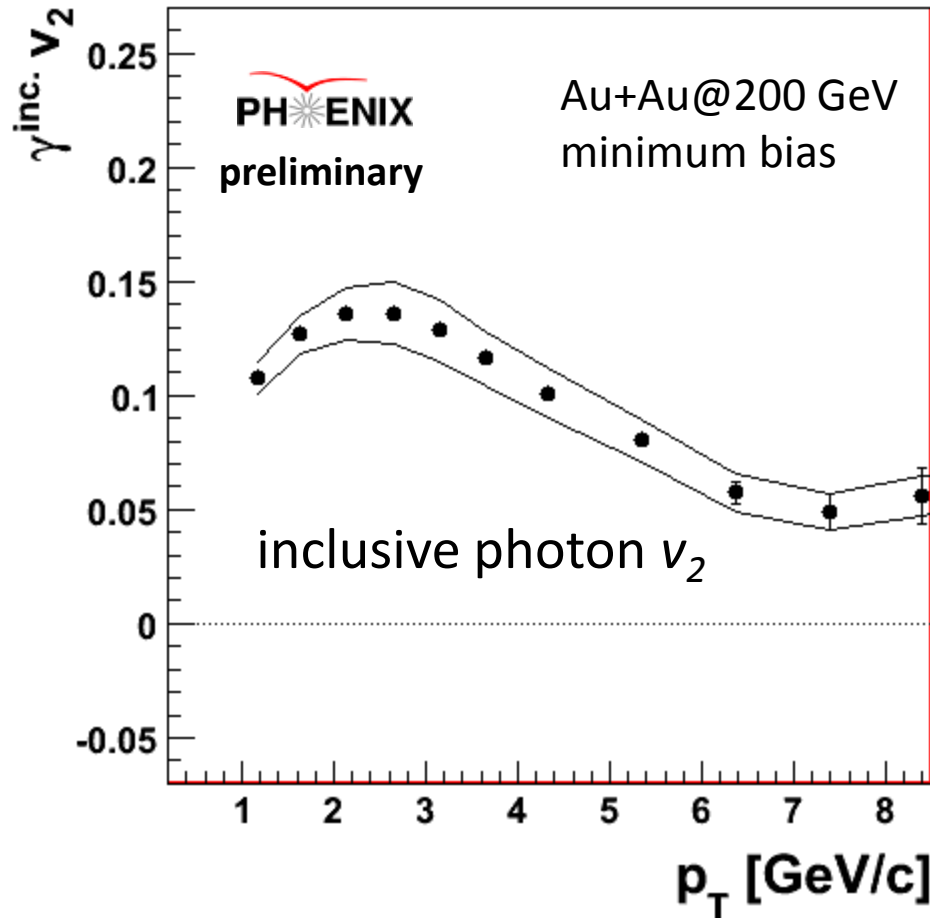
small
(flow not built up)

large
(like hadrons)

Chatterjee, Srivastava
PRC79, 021901 (2009)

Direct Photon v_2

10



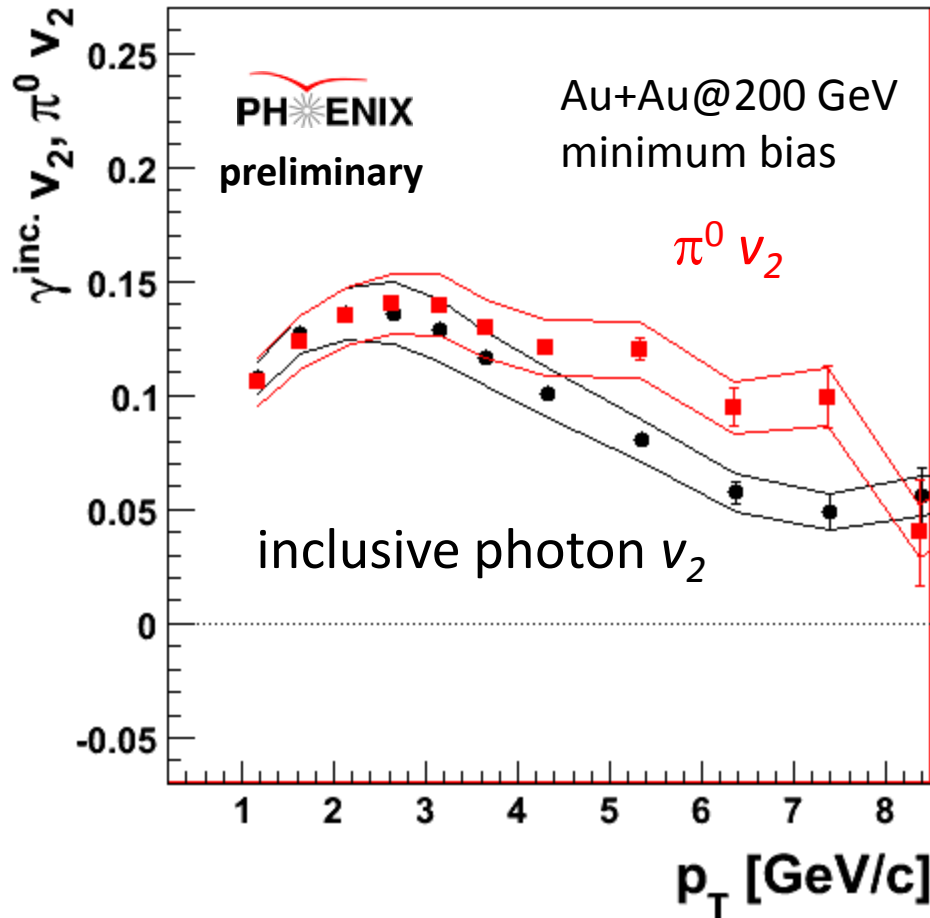
Statistical subtraction

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{inclusive photon } v_2 \\
 & - \text{decay photon } v_2 \\
 & = \text{direct photon } v_2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$v_2^{\text{dir.}} = \frac{R_\gamma v_2^{\text{inc.}} - v_2^{\text{BG}}}{R_\gamma - 1}$$

Direct Photon v_2

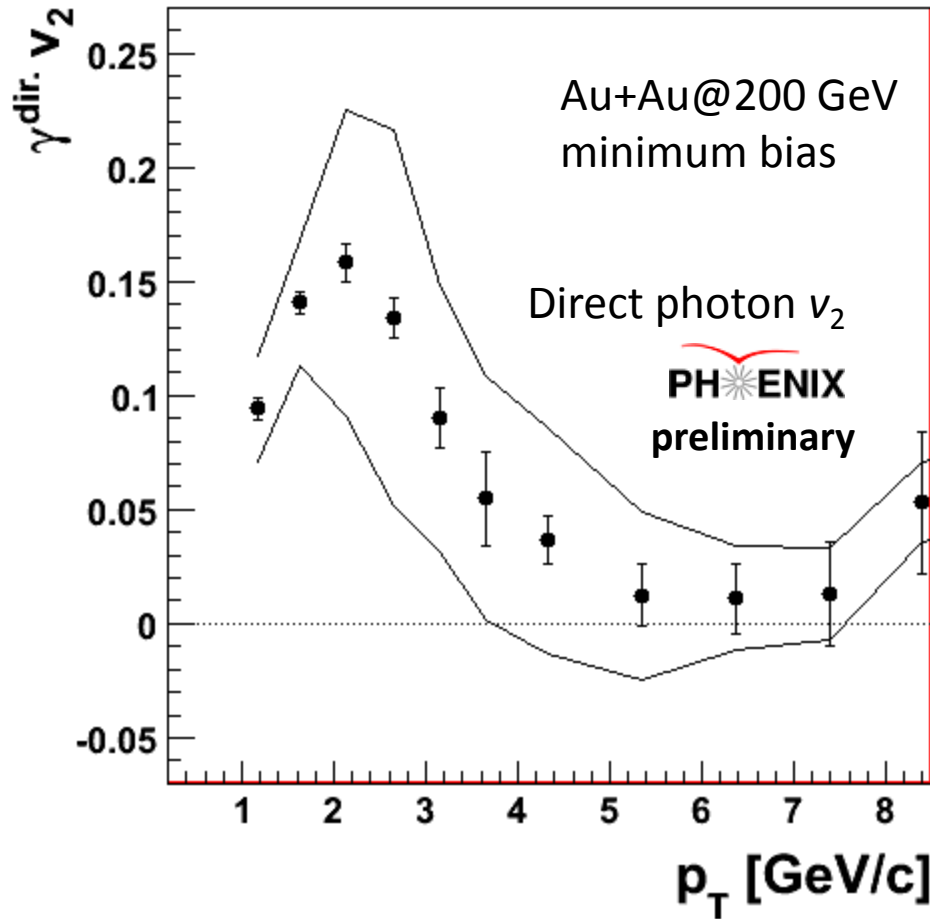
11



- $\pi^0 v_2$ similar to inclusive photon v_2
- Two possibilities
 - ▣ A: there are no direct photons
 - ▣ B: direct photon v_2 similar to inclusive photon v_2
- Key: precise measurement of direct photon excess

Direct Photon v_2

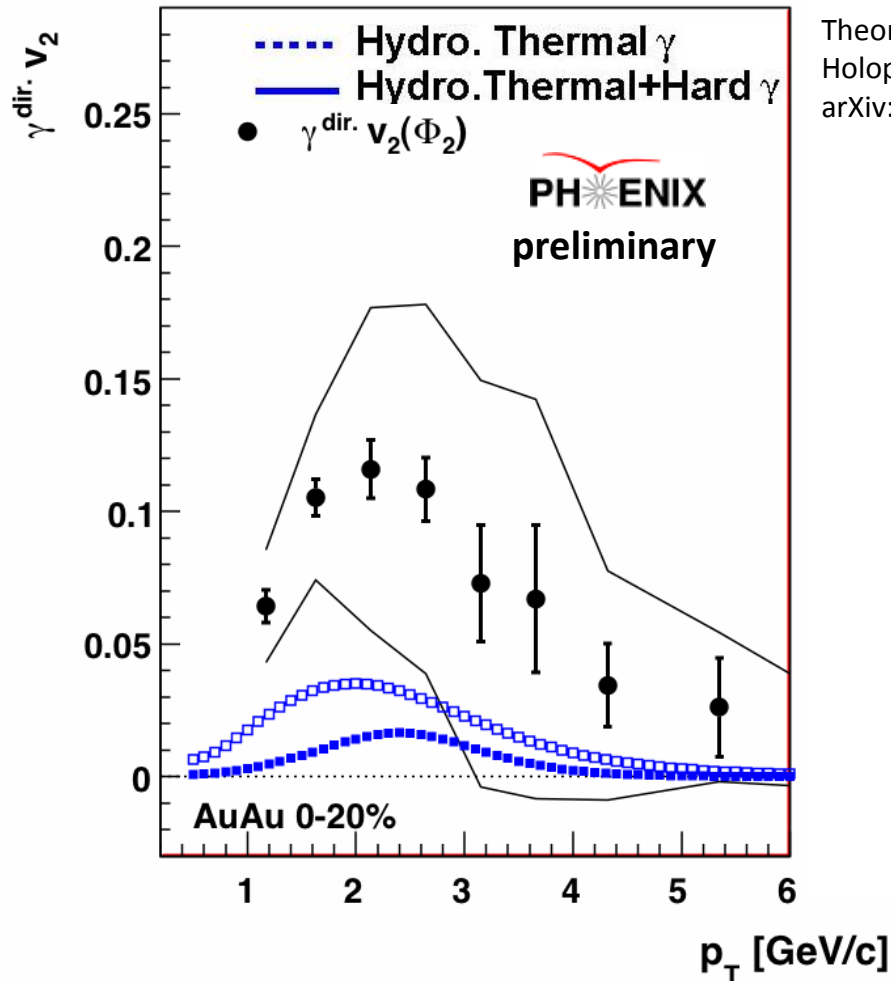
12



- direct photon v_2 large (~15 %) at $p_T = 2.5$ GeV
- $v_2 \rightarrow 0$ where prompt photons dominate

Theory Comparison: Direct Photon v_2

13



Theory calculation:
Holopainen, Räsänen, Eskola
arXiv:1104.5371v1

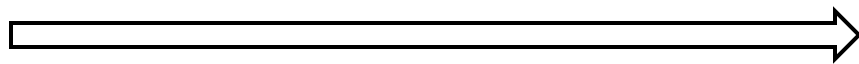
- Models under-predict direct photon v_2
- Measurement further constrains T_i and τ_i
- Challenge to theorists

Plenary: S. Esumi (flow), Tue
Parallel: E. Kistenev (direct photons) Thu

Measuring the Properties of the QGP

14

Conditions



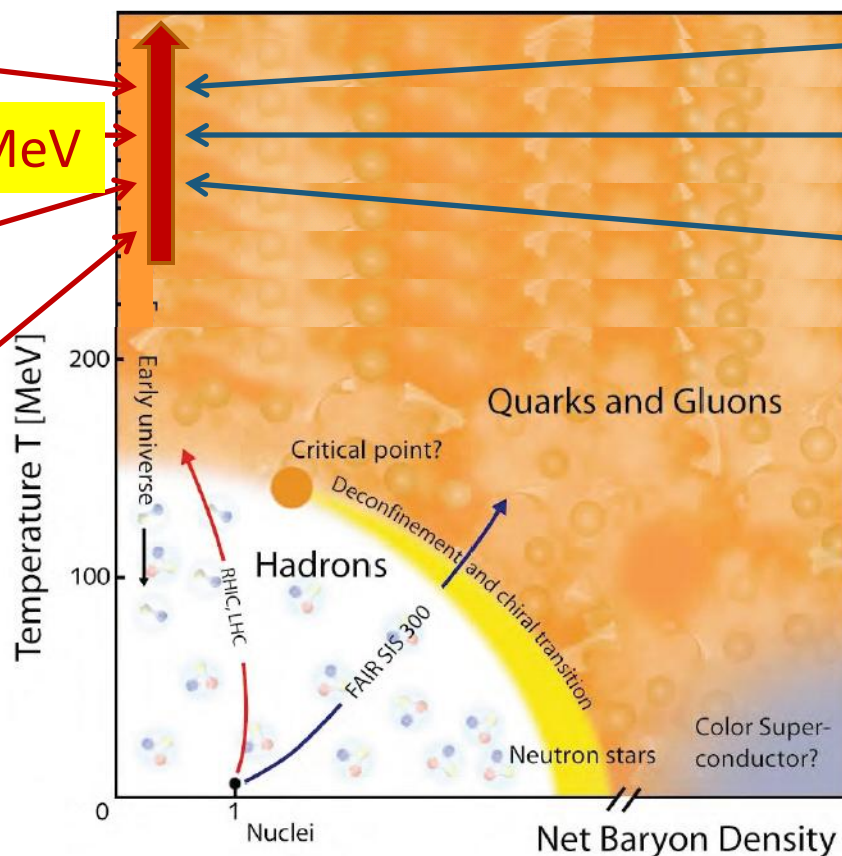
Properties

$$\mu \sim 0$$

$$T_i = 300-600 \text{ MeV}$$

CNM
effects

Initial
State



Screening length

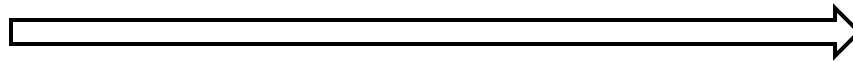
$$\eta/s$$

$$dE/dx$$

Measuring the Properties of the QGP

15

Conditions



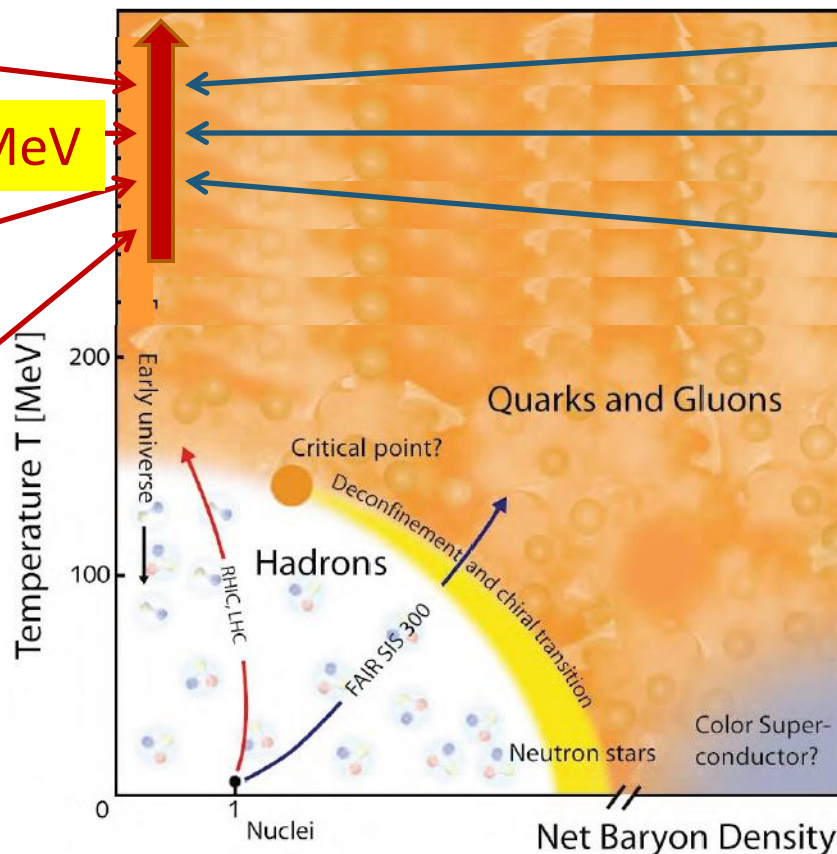
Properties

$$\mu \sim 0$$

$$T_i = 300-600 \text{ MeV}$$

CNM
effects

Initial
State



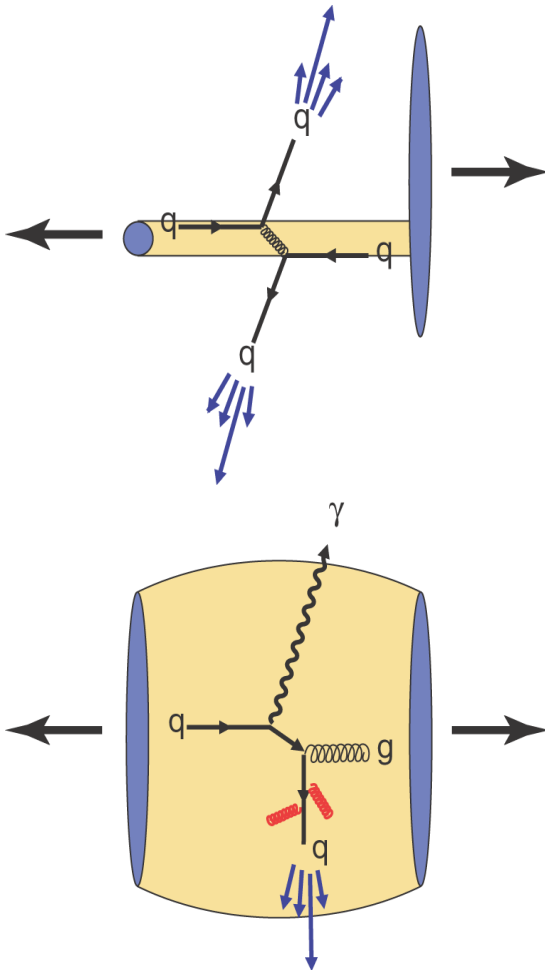
Screening length

$$\eta/s$$

$$dE/dx$$

Cold Nuclear Matter Effects

16

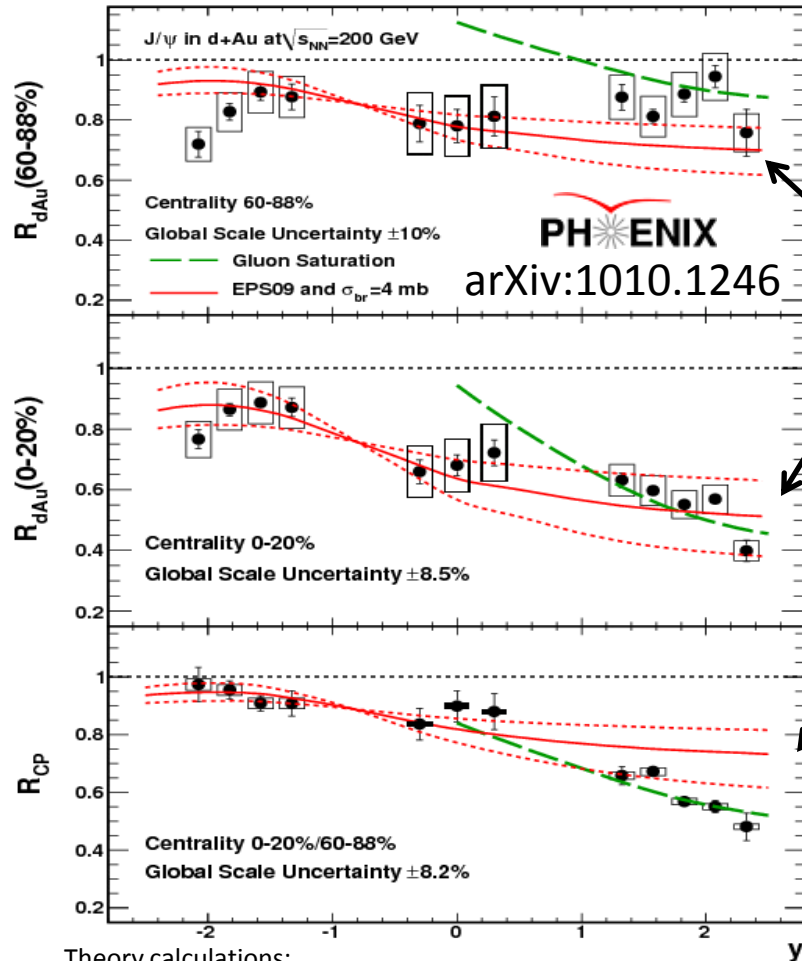


- Important for interpretation of HI data
 - ▣ Measure Cold Nuclear Matter (CNM) effects in d+Au collisions
- RHIC versatile
 - ▣ Can collide any nuclear species on any other



J/ψ in d+Au: Shadowing non-linear

17



- EPS09 shadowing with linear dependence on nuclear thickness matches for central collisions
- Overpredicts suppression for peripheral collisions
- R_{CP} shows this clearly
- Thickness (impact parameter) dependence of shadowing is non-linear!

Plenary: C. Luiz da Silva (heavy flavor), Fri
Parallel: A. Sen (quarkonia) Tue

Theory calculations:

Eskola, Paukkunen, Salgado, JHEP04, 065

Vogt, PRC71, 054902

Kharzeev, Tuchin, NPA770, 40

Kharzeev, Tuchin, NPA735, 248

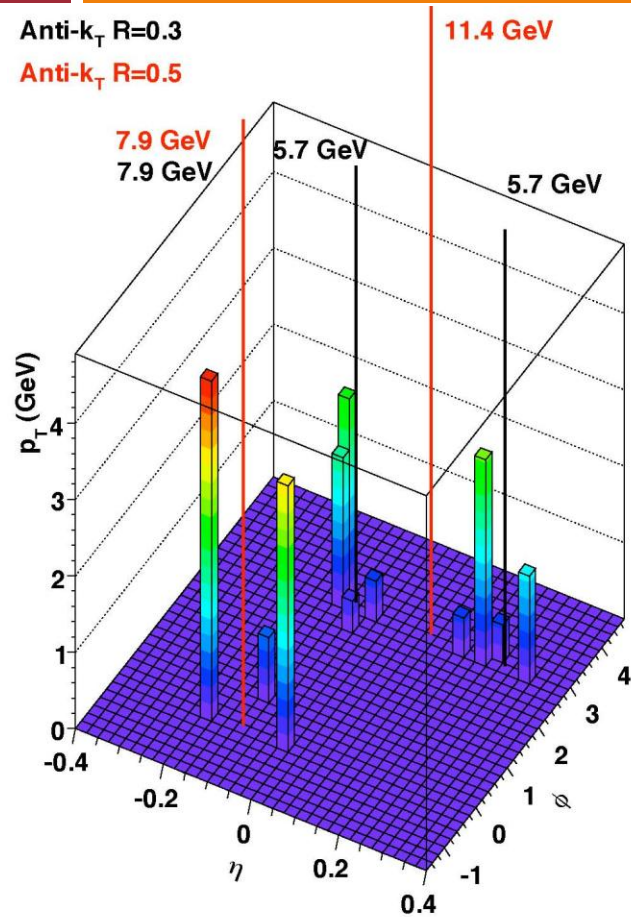
Stefan Bathe for PHENIX, QM2011

Reconstructed Jets in $d+Au$

18

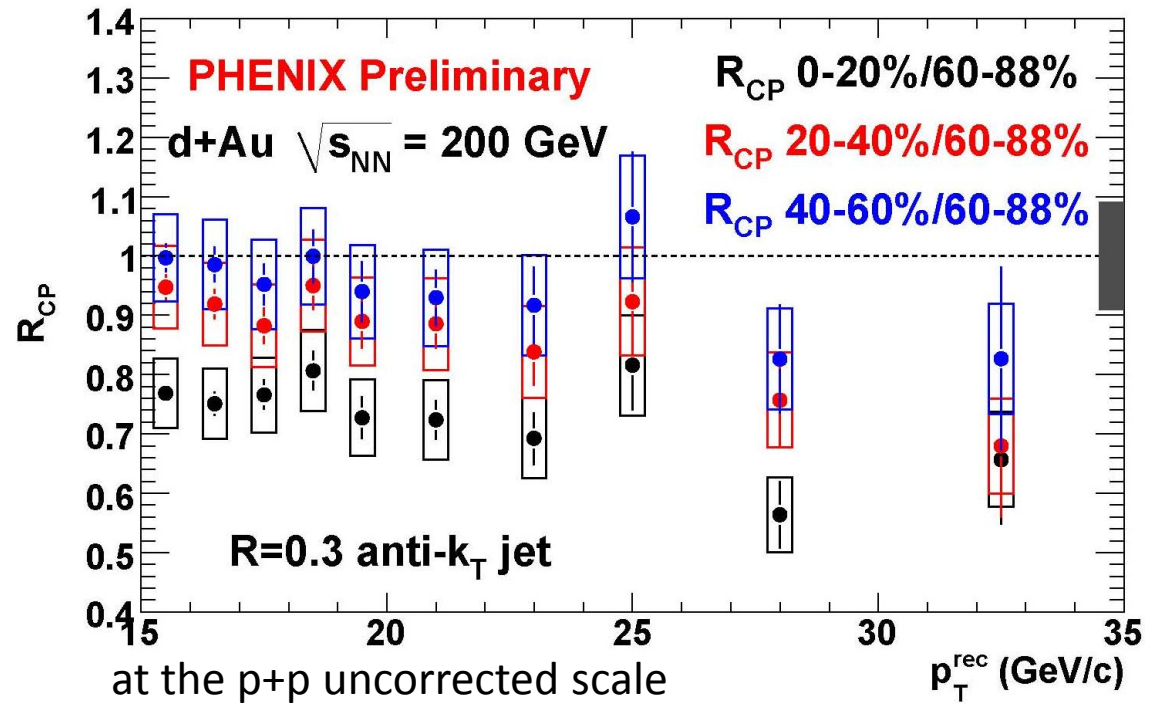
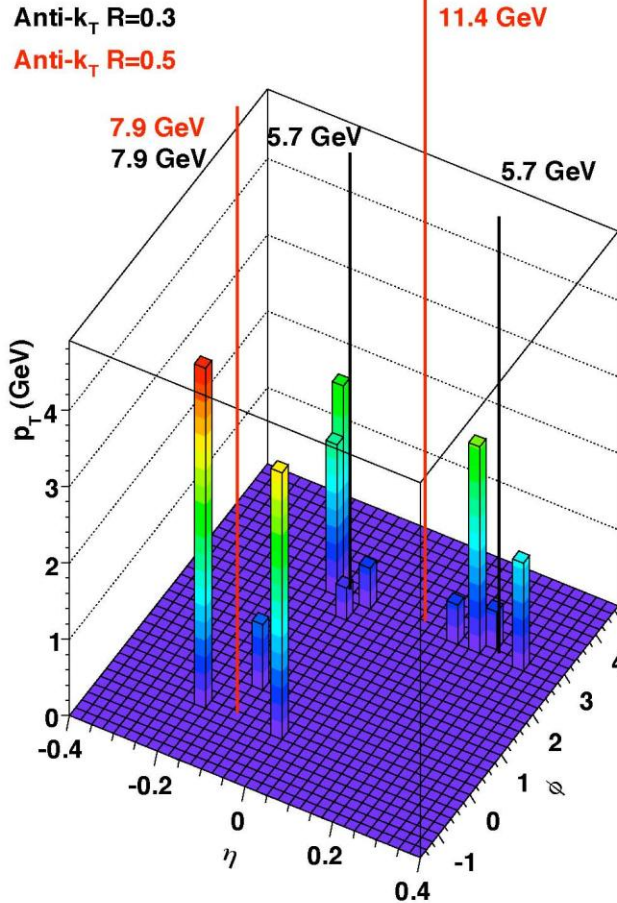
Anti- k_T $R=0.3$

Anti- k_T $R=0.5$



Reconstructed Jets in $d+Au$

19



Parallel: N. Grau (gamma-hadron, jets) Tue
Poster: D. Perepelitsa (jets in dAu)

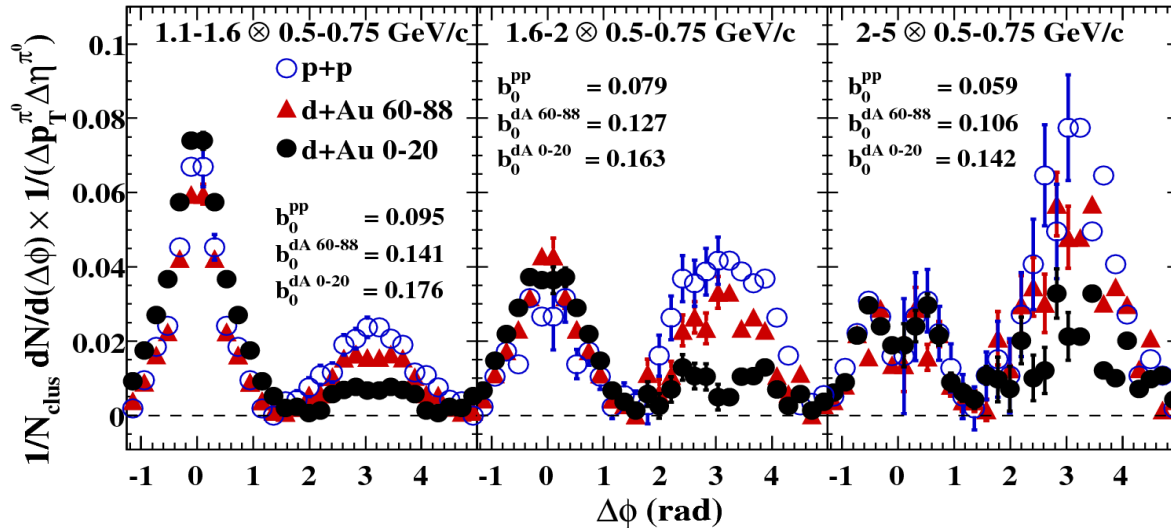
Jet R_{cp} in central $d+Au$ modified

- caution: this is not R_{dA} !
- consistent with π^0 R_{cp}
- anti-shadowing?

Forward di-hadron correlations

20

$\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200 \text{ GeV}, d+Au, p+p \rightarrow \text{Cluster} + \pi^0; 3.0 < \eta_{\text{clus}}, \eta_{\pi^0} < 3.8$



Color Glass Condensate?

new forward
EM calorimeter
 $|\eta| = 3.0-3.8$

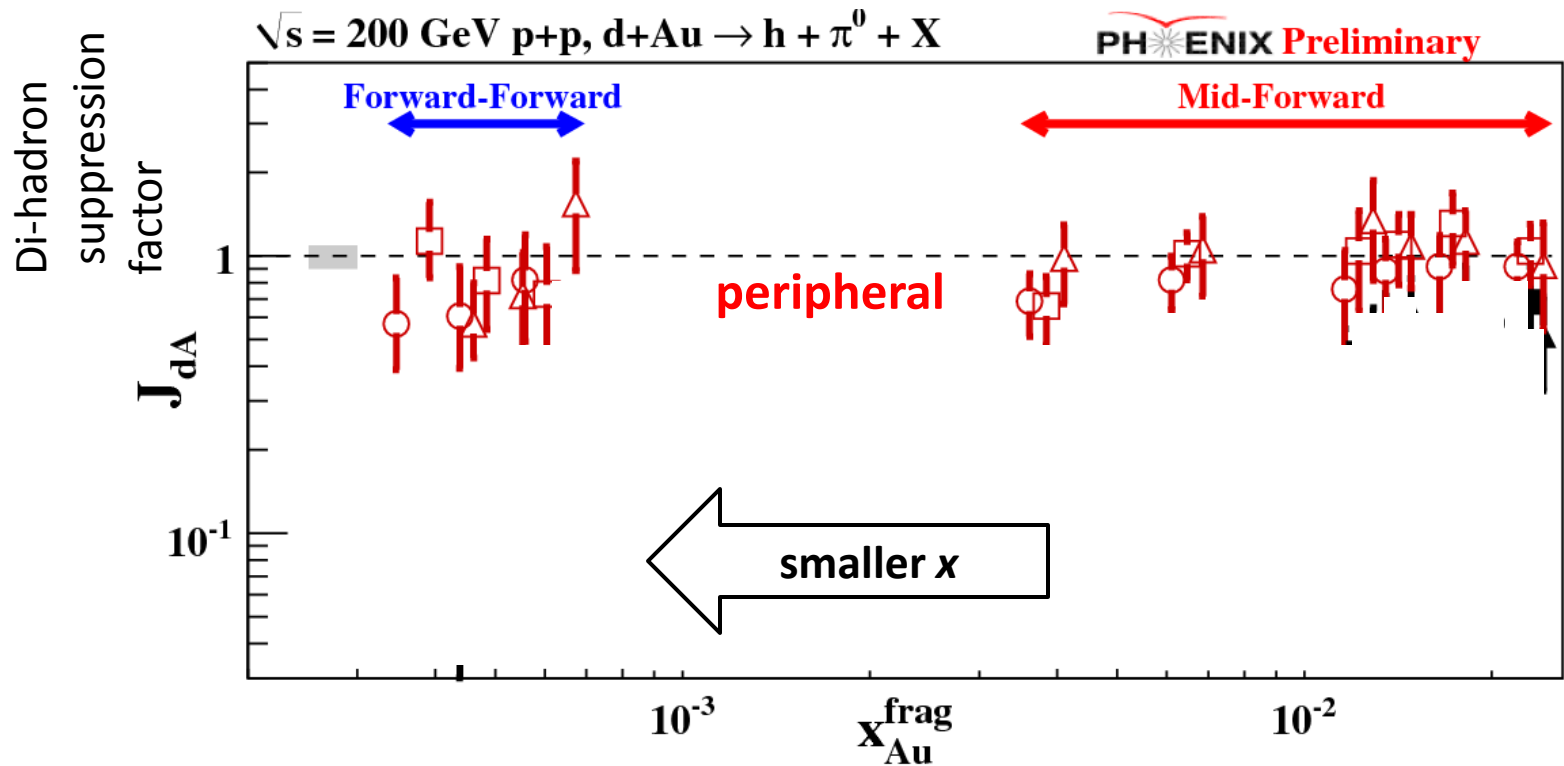
Pocket formula:

$$X_{Au}^{frag} = \frac{\langle p_{T1} \rangle e^{-\langle \eta_1 \rangle} + \langle p_{T2} \rangle e^{-\langle \eta_2 \rangle}}{\sqrt{s}}$$

$$J_{dA} = \frac{1}{\langle N_{coll} \rangle} \frac{\sigma_{dA}^{pair} / \sigma_{dA}}{\sigma_{pp}^{pair} / \sigma_{pp}}$$

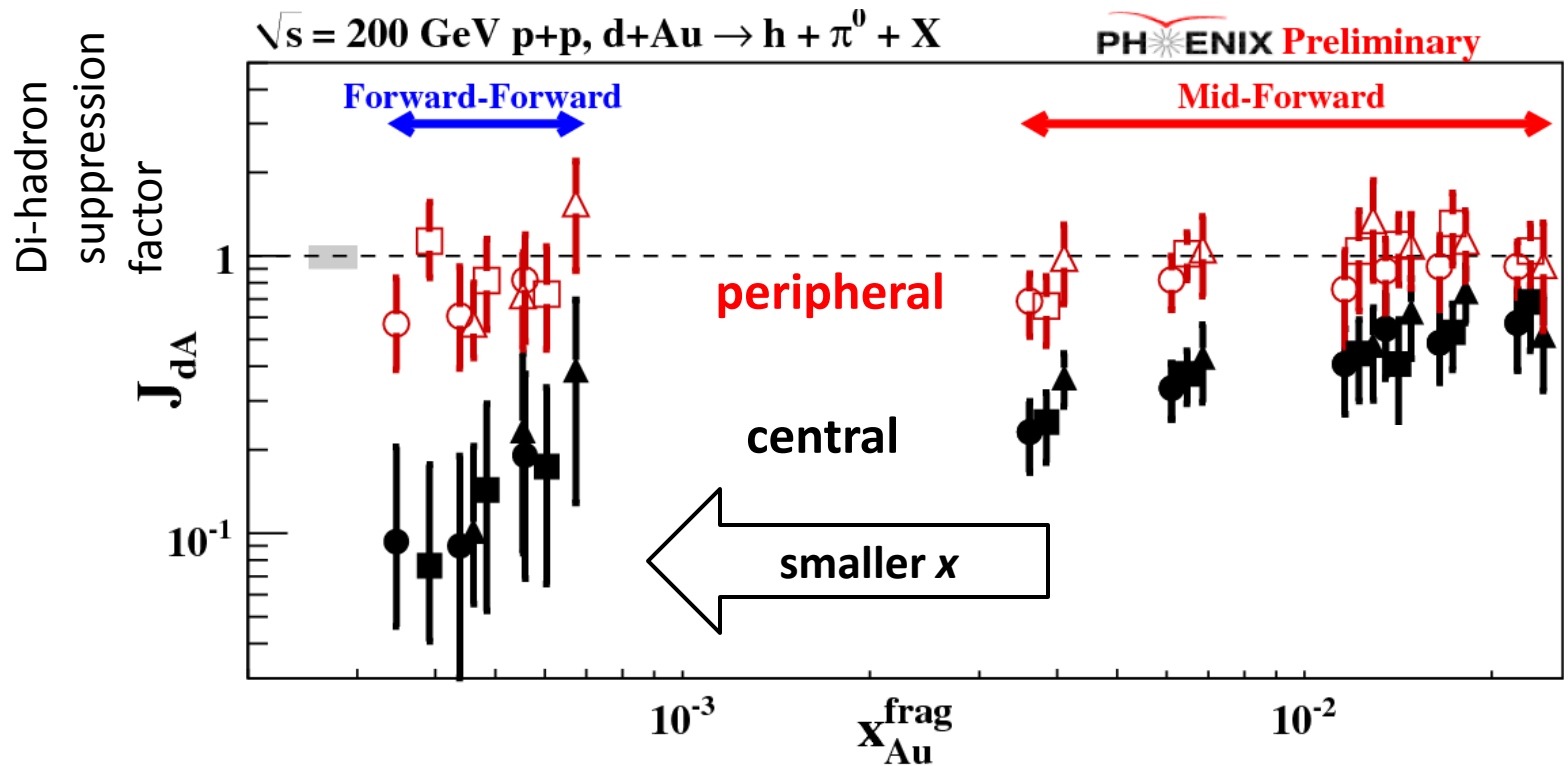
Initial state low-x gluon suppression

21



Initial state low-x gluon suppression

22



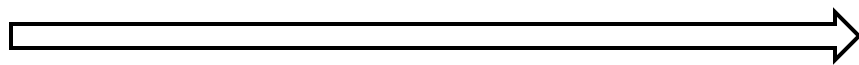
Parallel: M. Chiu (small x dAu correl) Thu
Poster: Z. Citron (small x dAu correlations)

- Di-hadrons suppressed at low x
- Important for interpretation of HI results

Measuring the Properties of the QGP

23

Conditions



Properties

$$\mu \sim 0$$

$$T_i = 300-600 \text{ MeV}$$

CNM
effects

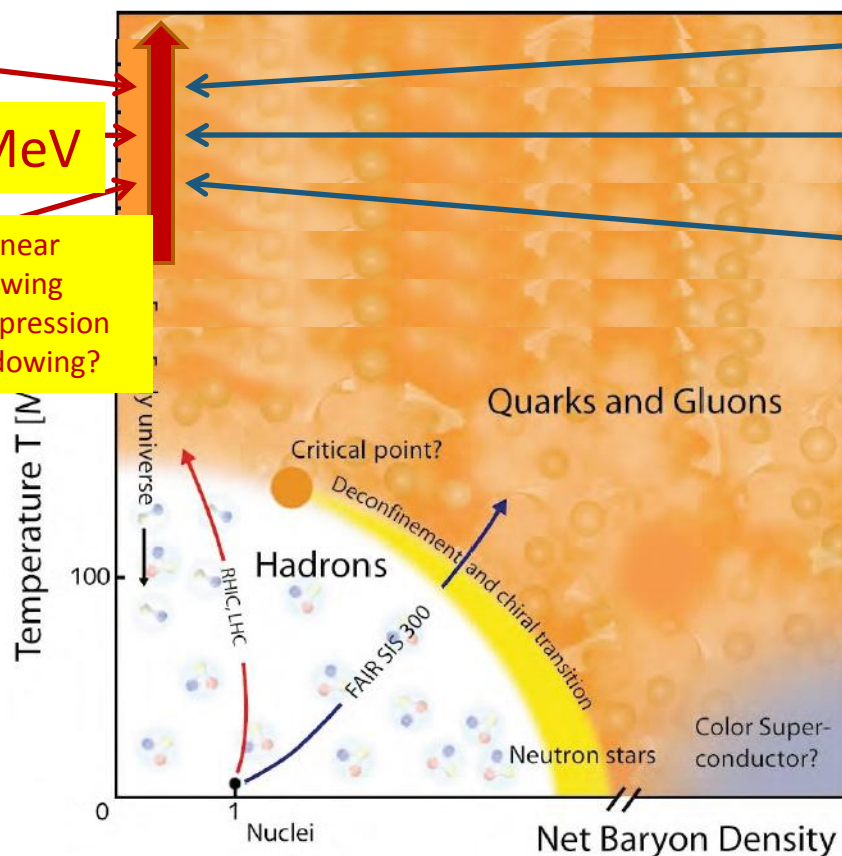
non-linear
shadowing
low-x suppression
anti-shadowing?

Initial
State

Screening length

η/s

dE/dx



Stefan Bathe for PHENIX, QM2011

Measuring the Properties of the QGP

24

Conditions $\longrightarrow$ Properties

$$\mu \sim 0$$

$$T_i = 300\text{--}600 \text{ MeV}$$

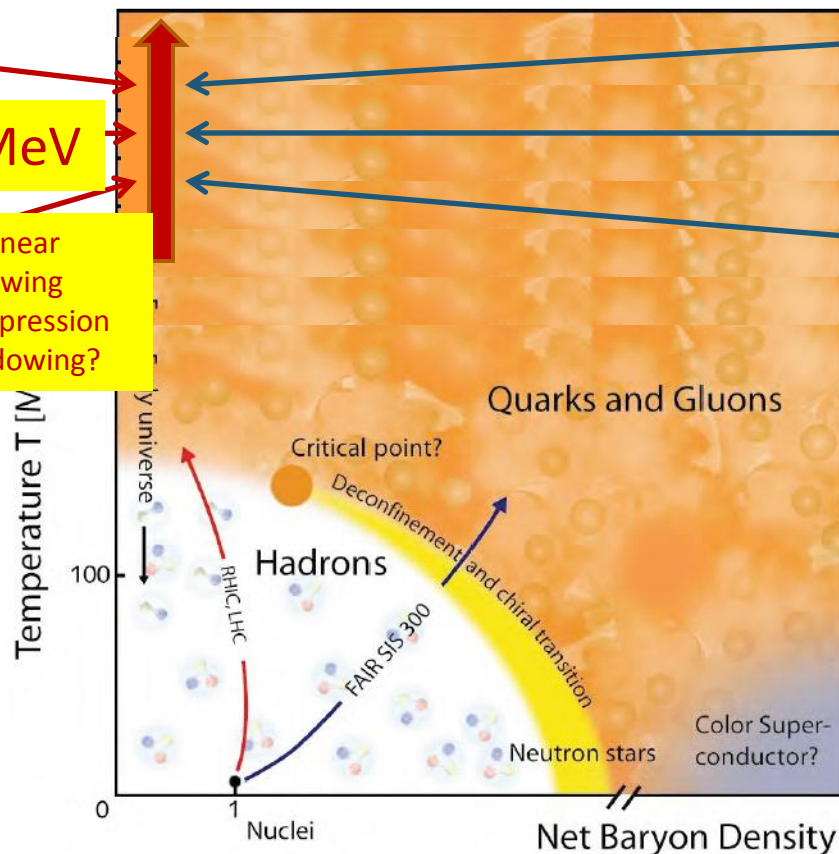
CNM effects
non-linear shadowing
low-x suppression
anti-shadowing?

Initial State

Screening length

$$\eta/s$$

$$dE/dx$$

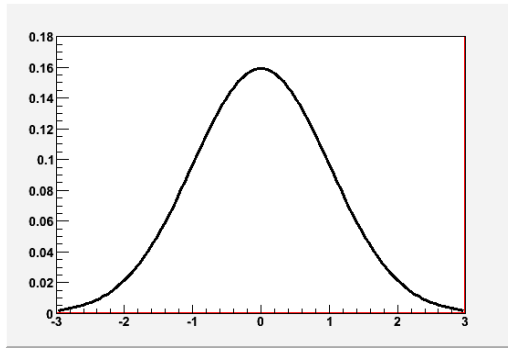


Stefan Bathe for PHENIX, QM2011

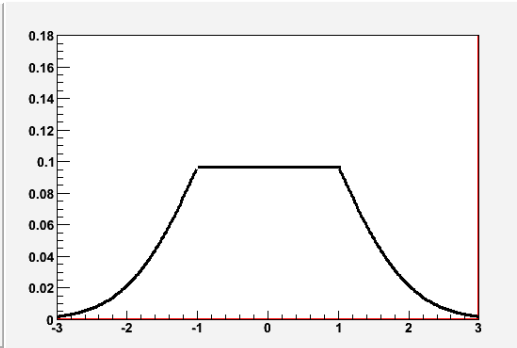
Initial State determines flow strength

25

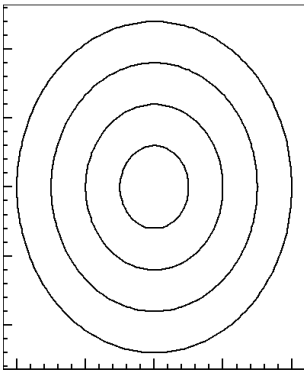
Glauber



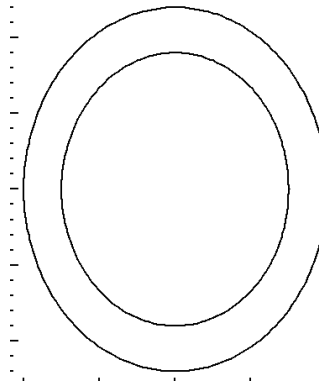
CGC



Radial gluon distribution



Smaller eccentricity



larger eccentricity

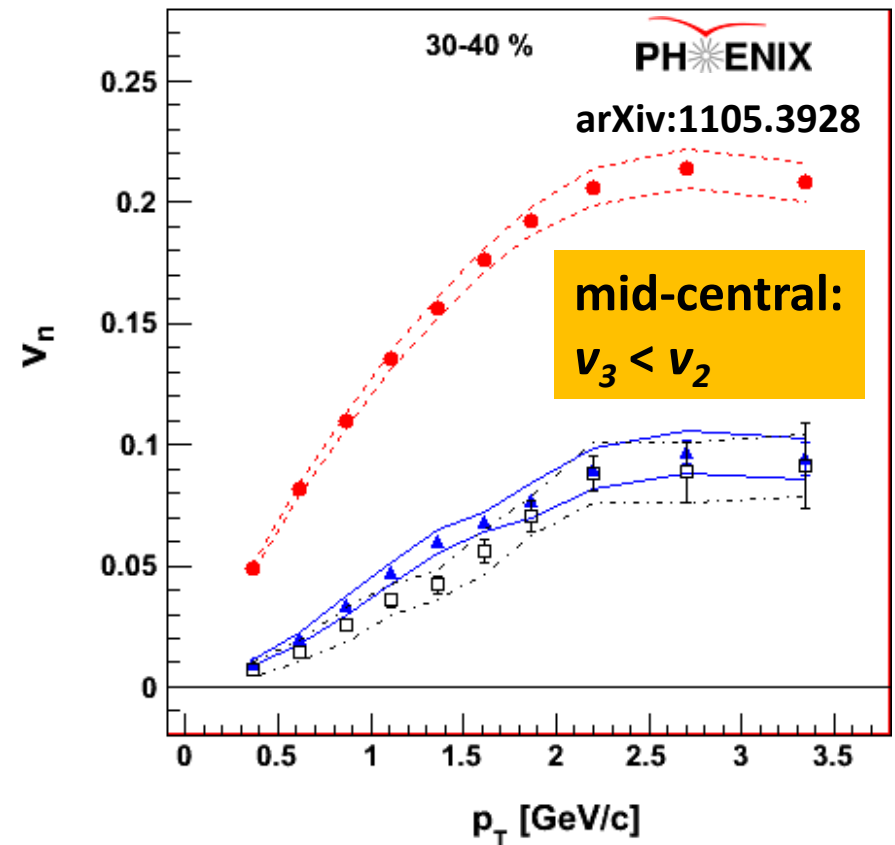
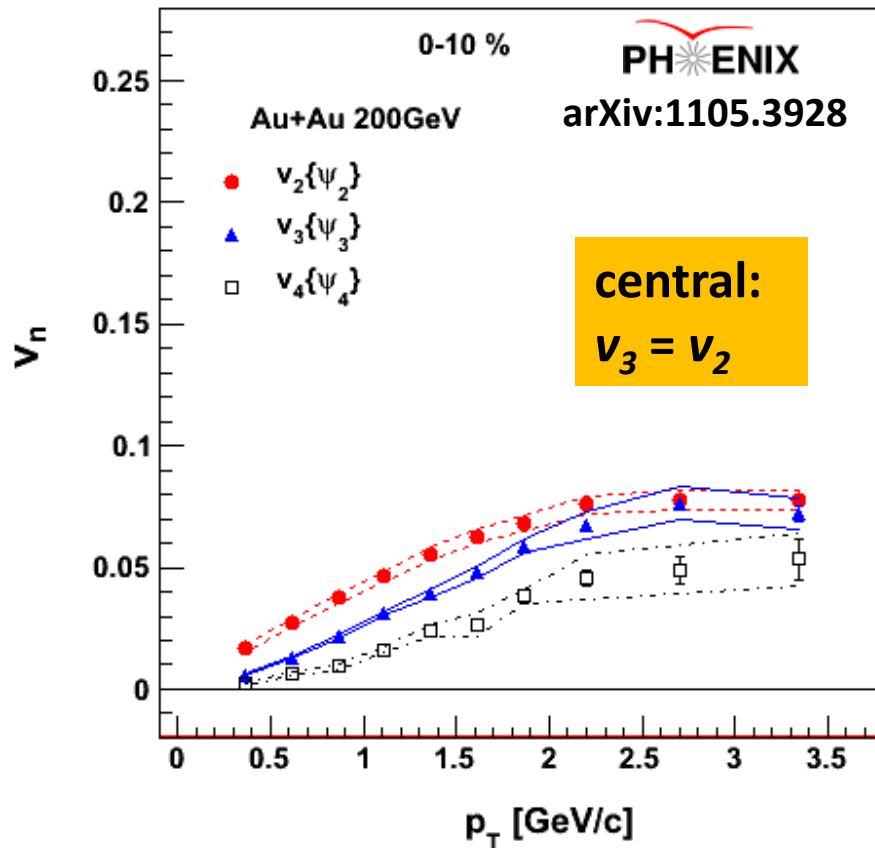
2-D density profile

Initial state determines v_2 strength
(largest uncertainty)

Disentangle initial conditions
from flow strength

v_3 has fluctuations origin

26

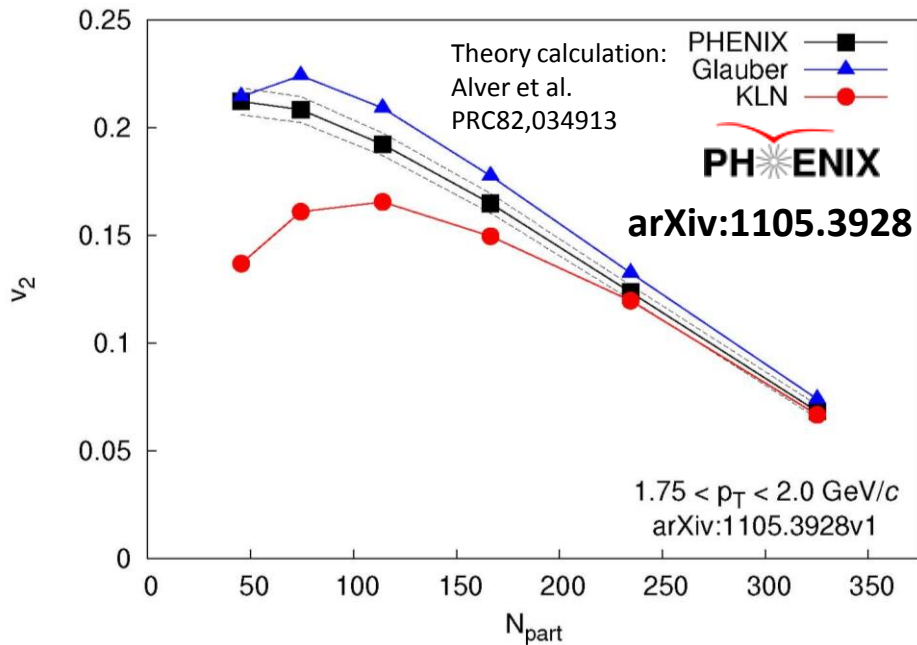


weak centrality dependence of $v_3 \Rightarrow$ fluctuations origin

v_3 disentangles initial state and η/s

27

v_2 described by Glauber and CGC



□ Glauber
■ Glauber initial state
■ $\eta/s = 1/4\pi$

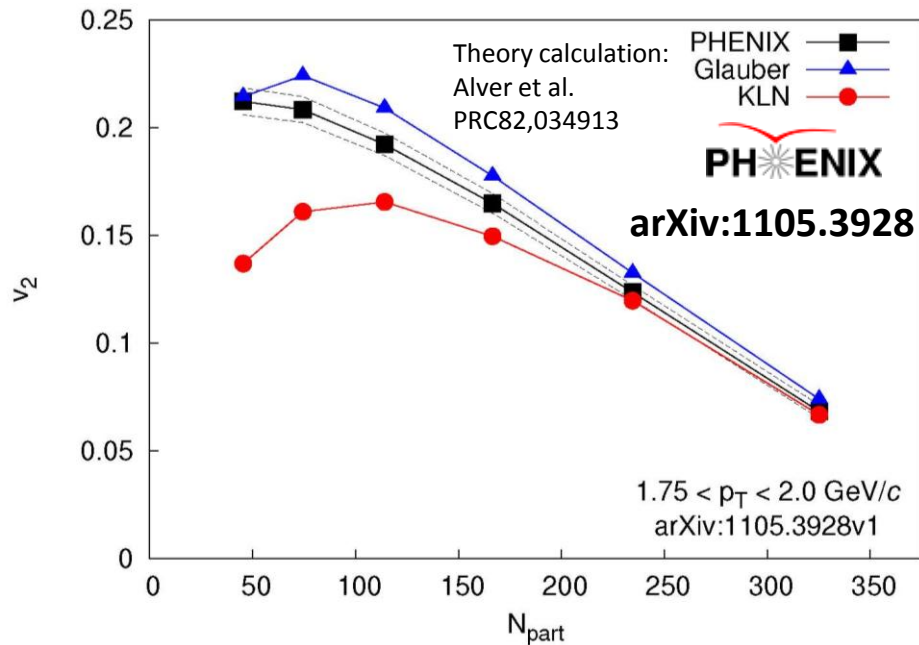
← Two models →

□ KLN
■ CGC initial state
■ $\eta/s = 2/4\pi$

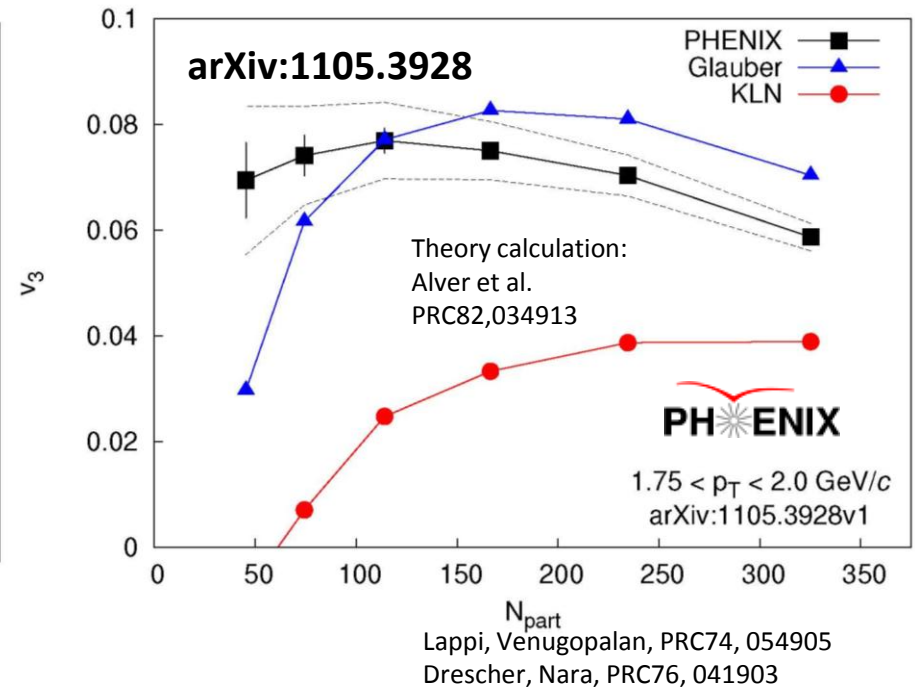
v_3 disentangles initial state and η/s

28

v_2 described by Glauber and CGC



v_3 described only by Glauber



- Glauber
- Glauber initial state
- $\eta/s = 1/4\pi$

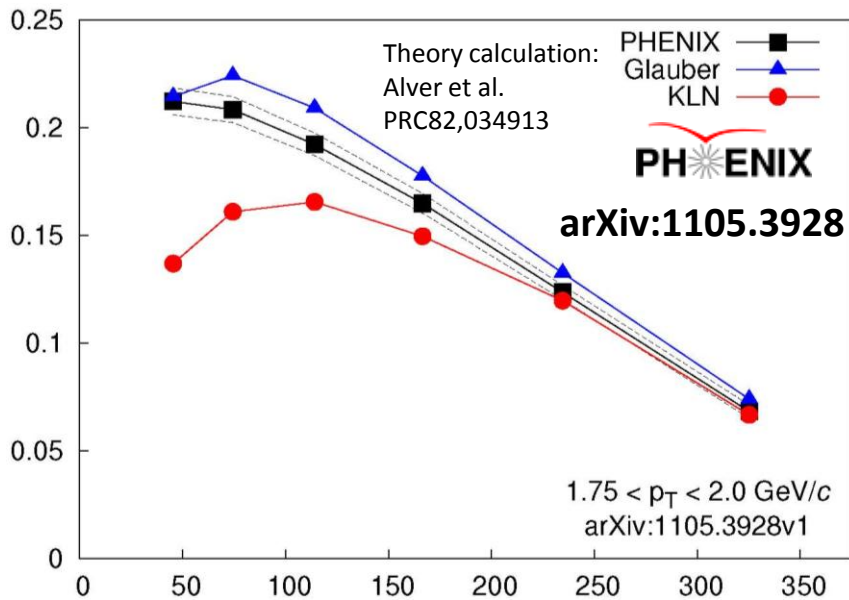
← Two models →

- MC-KLN
- CGC initial state
- $\eta/s = 2/4\pi$

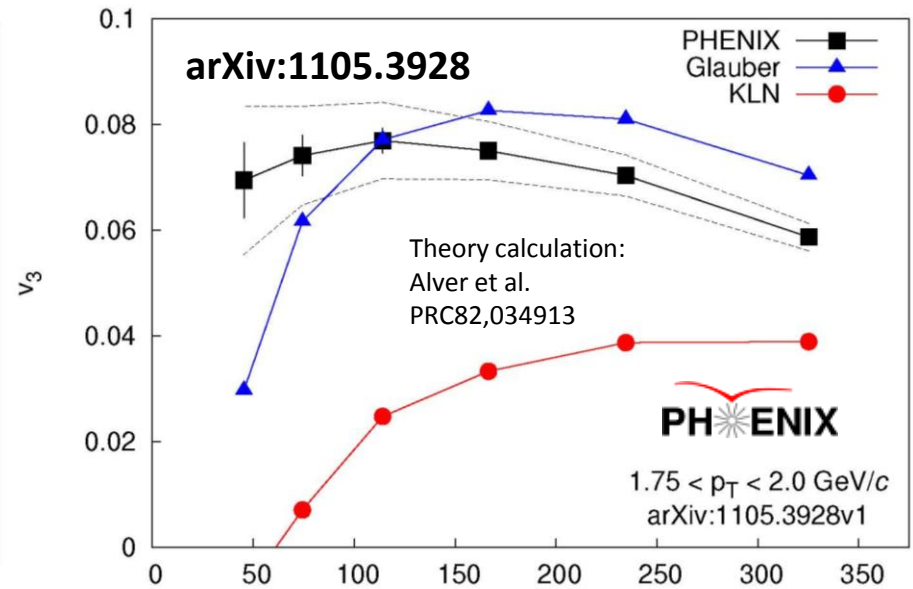
v_3 disentangles initial state and η/s

29

v_2 described by Glauber and CGC



v_3 described only by Glauber



avored

- Glauber
- Glauber initial state
- $\eta/s = 1/4\pi$

Two models

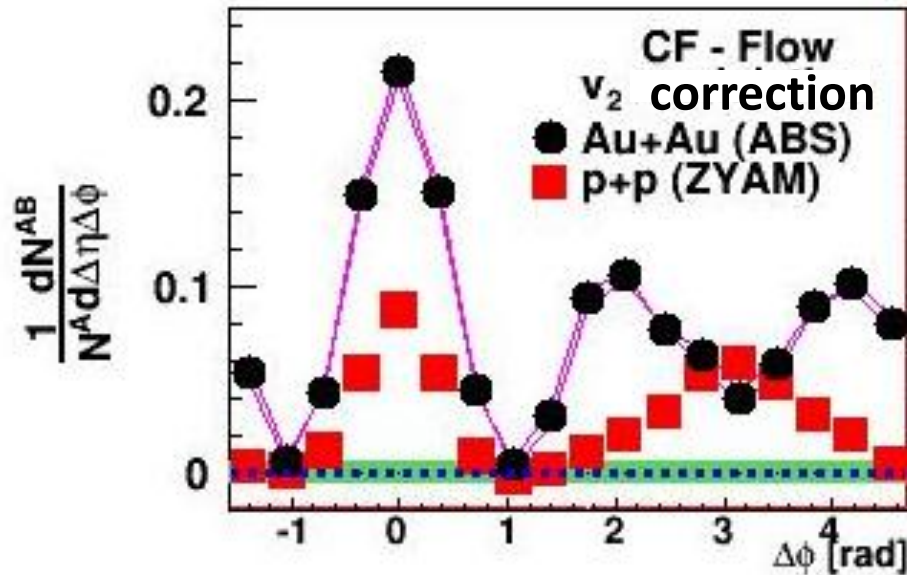
- MC-KLN
- CGC initial state
- $\eta/s = 2/4\pi$

Stefan Bathe for PHENIX, QM2011

Plenary: S. Esumi, Tue
Parallel: R. Lacey (v_3 , jet shape) Mon

v_3 explains double-hump

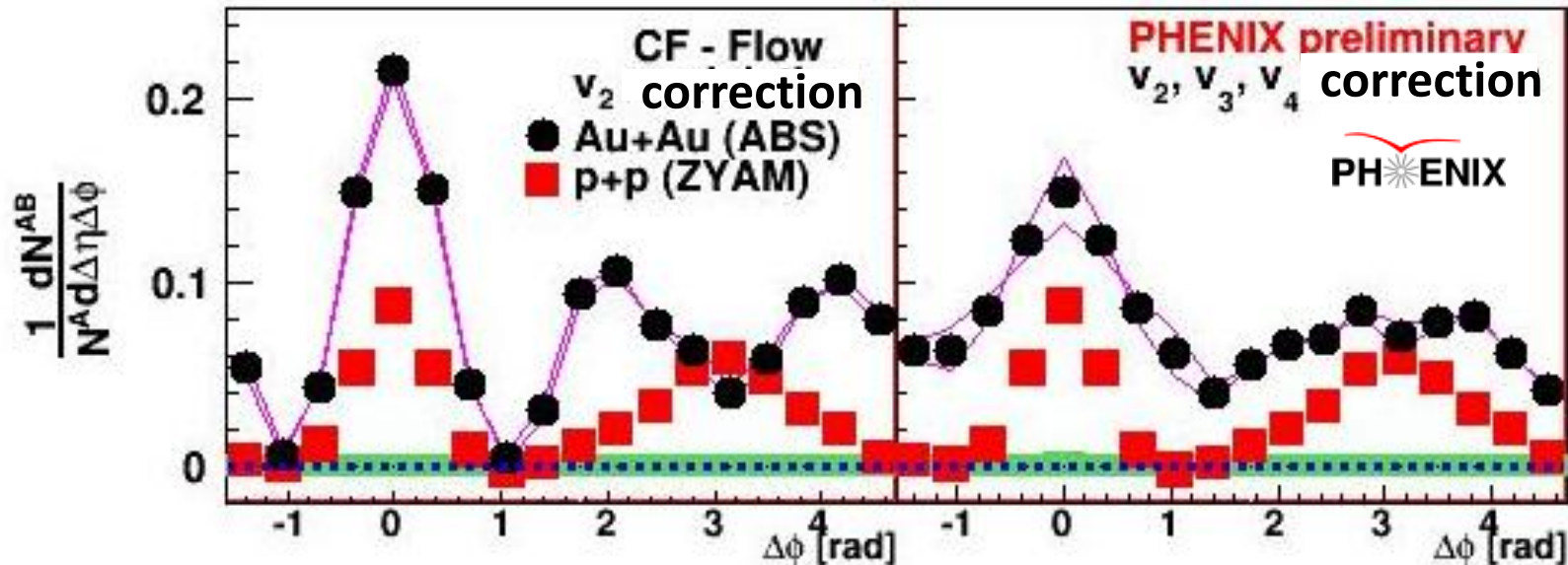
30



- v_2 correction only
- double-hump

v_3 explains double-hump

31



□ v_2 correction only

▣ double-hump

□ v_2, v_3, v_4 correction

▣ double-hump
disappeared

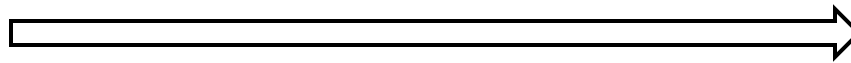
▣ Peak still broadened

Plenary: S. Esumi, Tue
Parallel: R. Lacey (v_3 , jet shape) Mon

Measuring the Properties of the QGP

32

Conditions



Properties

$$\mu \sim 0$$

$$T_i = 300-600 \text{ MeV}$$

CNM
effects

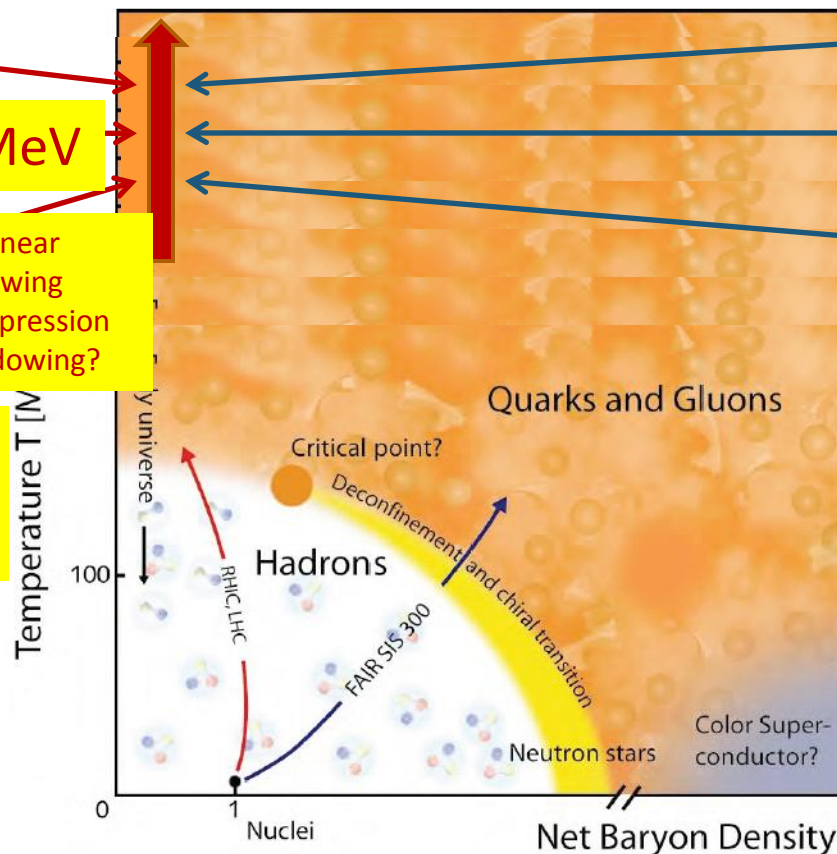
non-linear
shadowing
low-x suppression
anti-shadowing?

Initial State
? $\rightarrow$ Glauber

Screening length

$$\eta/s \stackrel{?}{\rightarrow} 1/4\pi$$

dE/dx

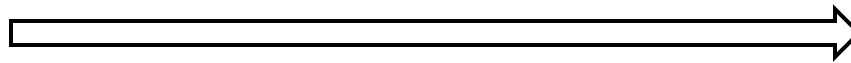


?

Measuring the Properties of the QGP

33

Conditions



Properties

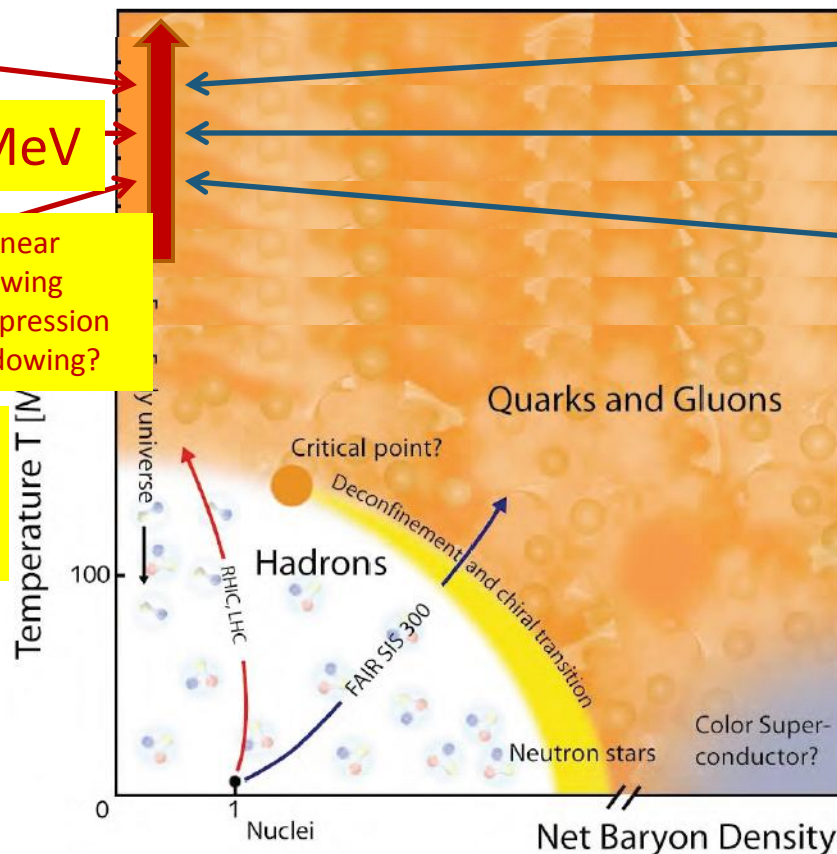
$$\mu \sim 0$$

$$T_i = 300-600 \text{ MeV}$$

CNM
effects

non-linear
shadowing
low-x suppression
anti-shadowing?

Initial State
? $\rightarrow$ Glauber



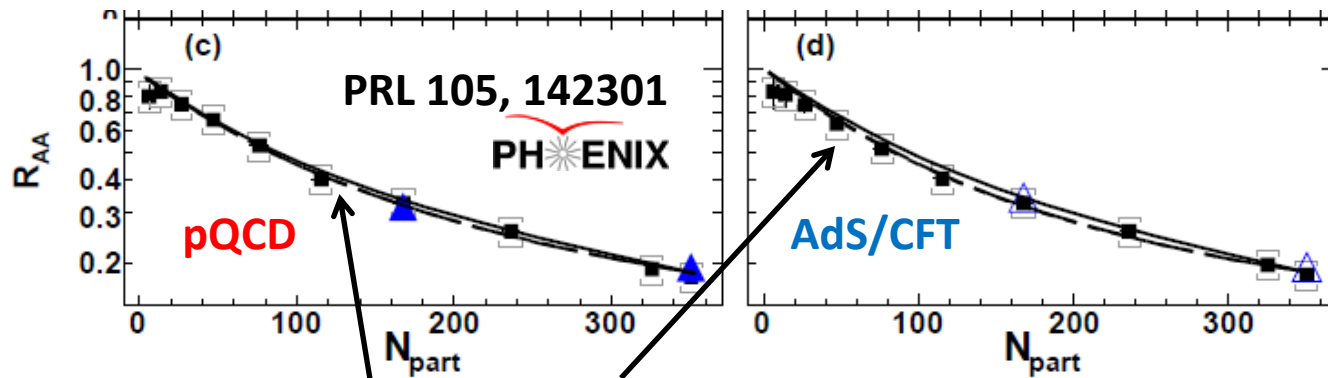
Screening length

$$\eta/s \rightarrow 1/4\pi$$

$$dE/dx$$

Path-length dependence of E loss

34



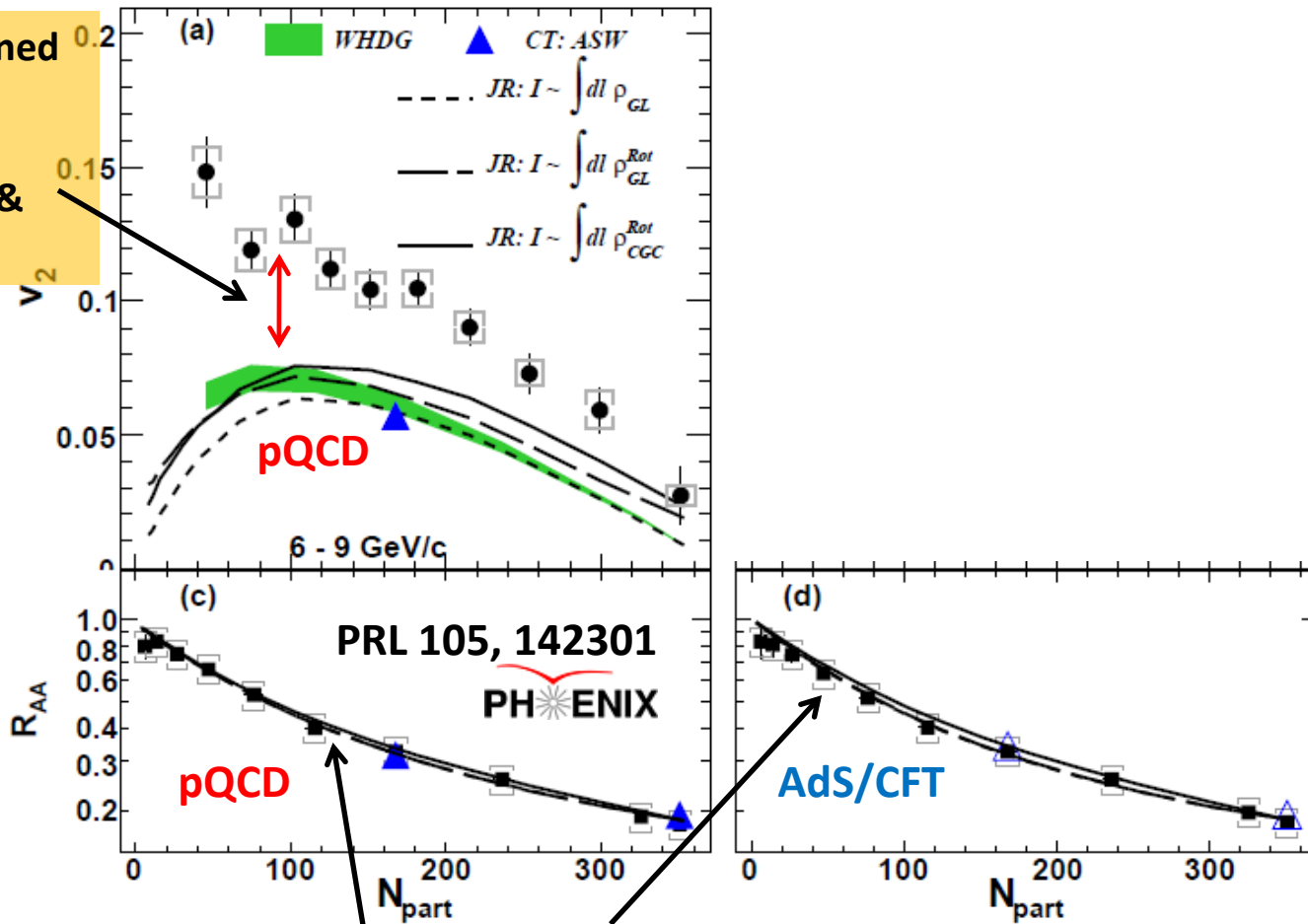
R_{AA} explained by both models

Theory calculations:
Wicks et al., NPA784, 426
Marquet, Renk, PLB685, 270
Drees, Feng, Jia, PRC71, 034909
Jia, Wei, arXiv:1005.0645

Path-length dependence of E loss

35

v_2 not explained by pQCD (even with fluctuations & saturation)

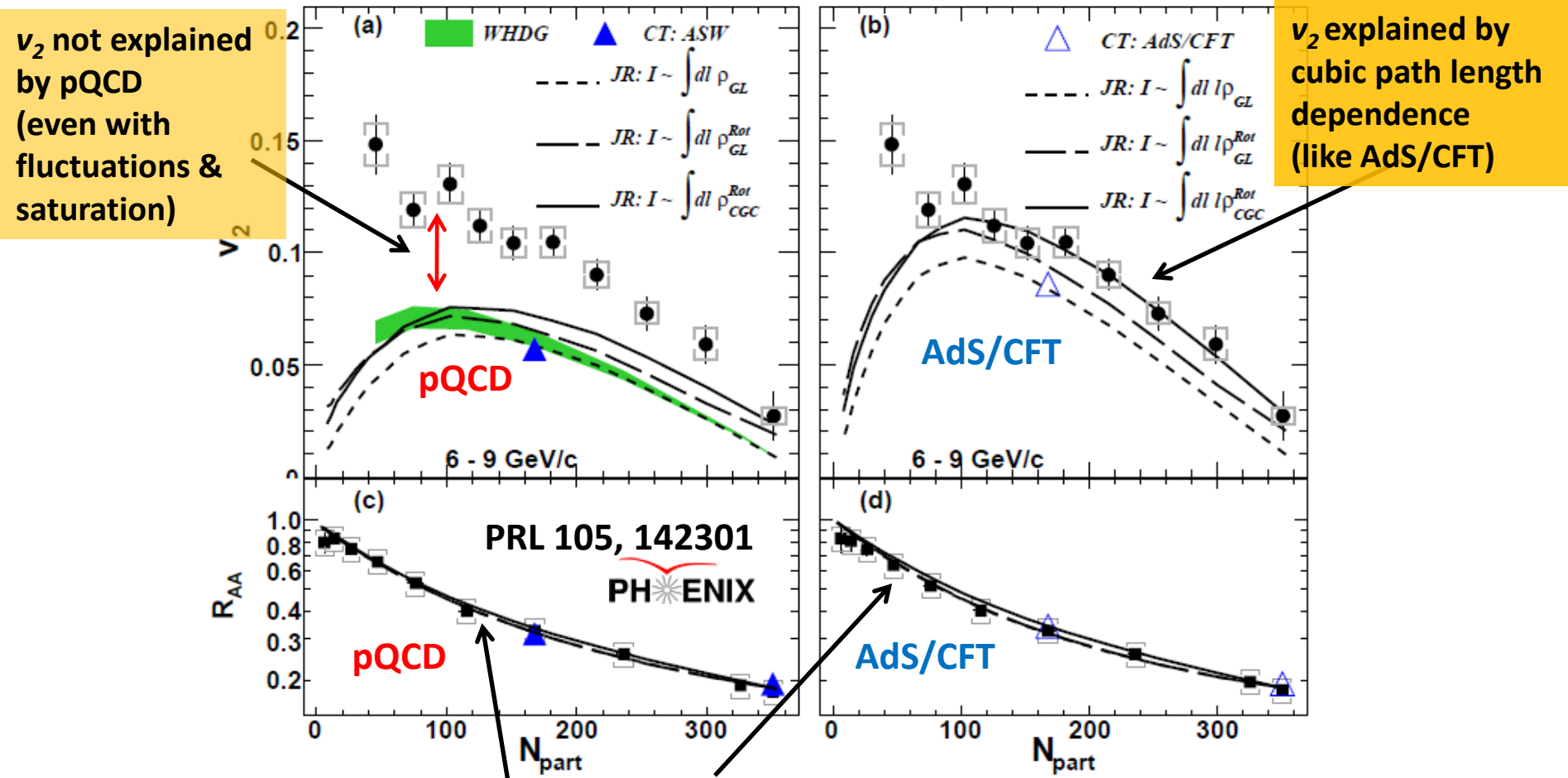


R_{AA} explained by both models

Theory calculations:
 Wicks et al., NPA784, 426
 Marquet, Renk, PLB685, 270
 Drees, Feng, Jia, PRC71, 034909
 Jia, Wei, arXiv:1005.0645

Path-length dependence of E loss

36

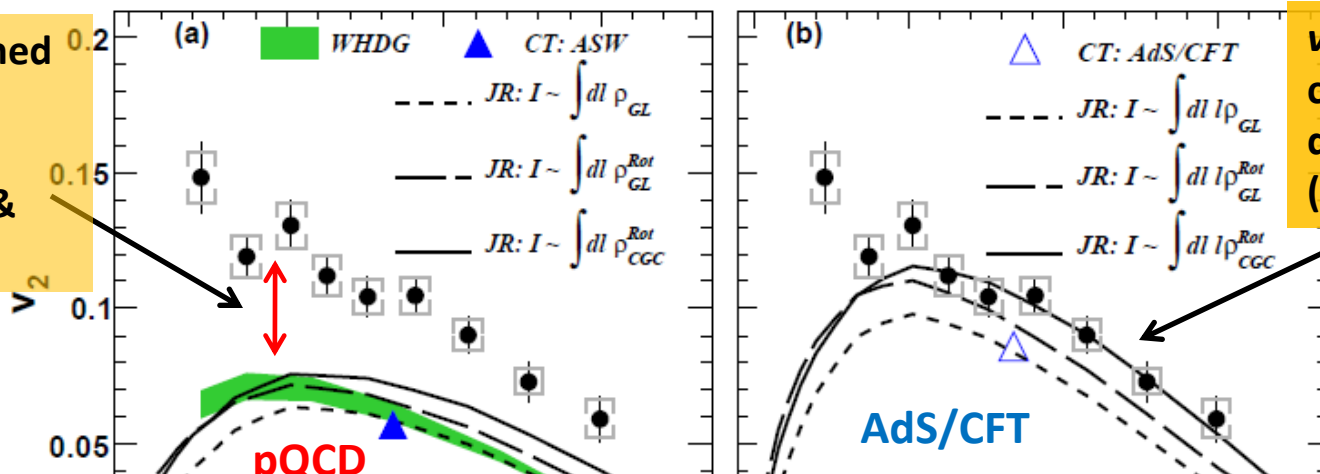


Theory calculations:
Wicks et al., NPA784, 426
Marquet, Renk, PLB685, 270
Drees, Feng, Jia, PRC71, 034909
Jia, Wei, arXiv:1005.0645

Path-length dependence of E loss

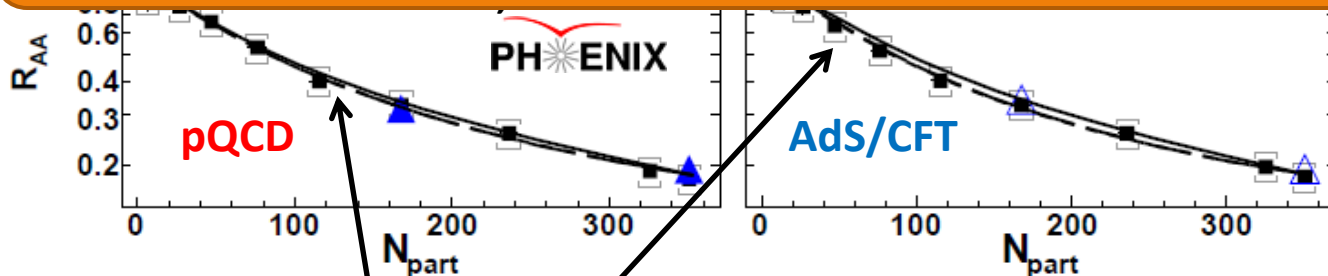
37

v_2 not explained by pQCD (even with fluctuations & saturation)



v_2 explained by cubic path length dependence (like AdS/CFT)

v_2 data favors $dE/dx \sim l^3$ (like AdS/CFT)



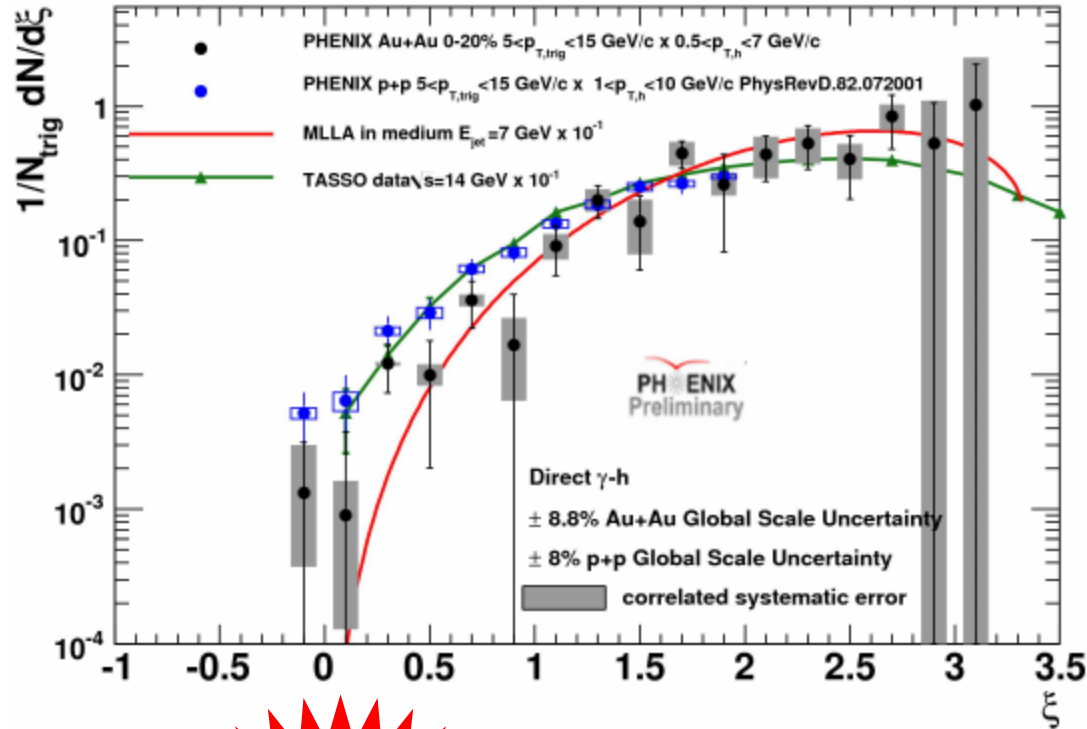
R_{AA} explained by both models

Plenary: M. Putschke (R_{AA}) Wen
Parallel: N. Grau (gamma-hadron, jets) Tue
Parallel: D. Sharma (light vector mesons) Mon
Poster: M. Tannenbaum (E loss RHIC vs. LHC)

Theory calculations:
Wicks et al., NPA784, 426
Marquet, Renk, PLB685, 270
Drees, Feng, Jia, PRC71, 034909
Jia, Wei, arXiv:1005.0645

γ -h: fragmentation function in Au+Au

38



Tasso:
Braunschweig et al. , Z. Phys. 320 C47, 187
MLA:
Borghini, Wiedemann, hep-ph/0506218

- ☐ $p+p$ consistent with e^+e^-
- ☐ Au+Au consistent with E loss model

$$\xi = -\ln \left(\frac{p_T^h}{p_T^\gamma} \right)$$

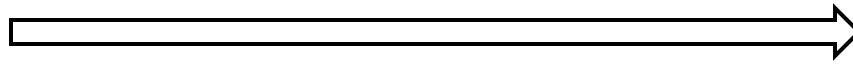
Stefan Bathe for PHENIX, QM2011

Parallel: N. Grau (gamma-hadron, jets) Tue
Poster: M. Tannenbaum (E loss RHIC vs. LHC)

Measuring the Properties of the QGP

39

Conditions



Properties

$$\mu \sim 0$$

$$T_i = 300-600 \text{ MeV}$$

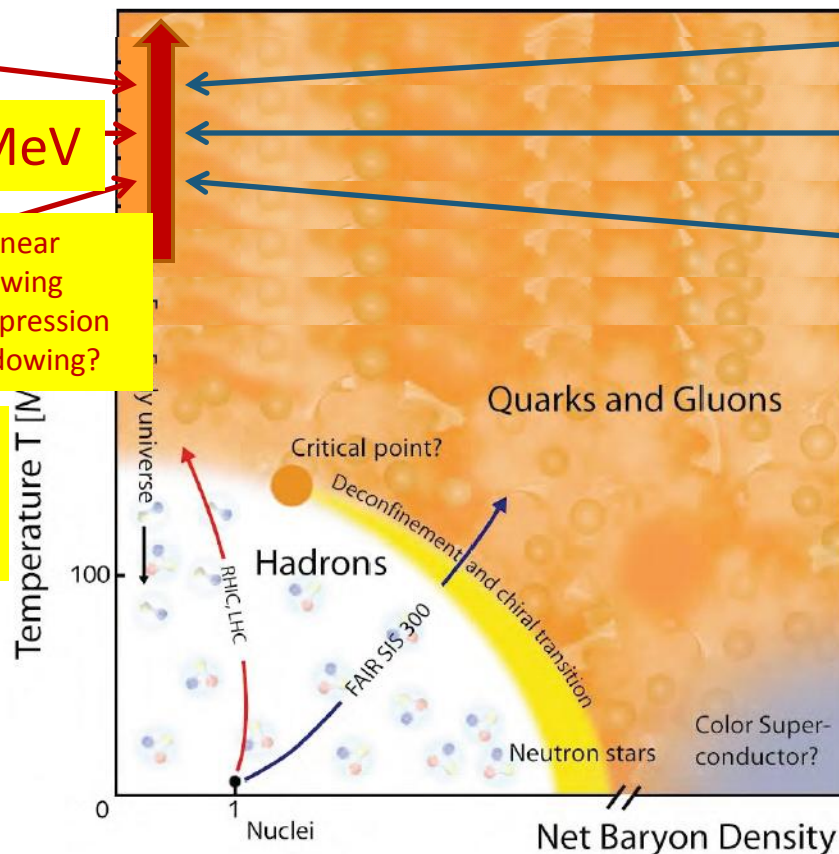
CNM effects
non-linear shadowing
low-x suppression
anti-shadowing?

Initial State
? $\rightarrow$ Glauber

Screening length

$$\eta/s \rightarrow 1/4\pi$$

$$dE/dx \rightarrow l^3$$

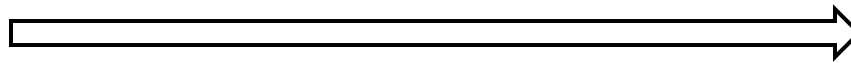


Stefan Bathe for PHENIX, QM2011

Measuring the Properties of the QGP

40

Conditions



Properties

$$\mu \sim 0$$

$$T_i = 300-600 \text{ MeV}$$

CNM
effects

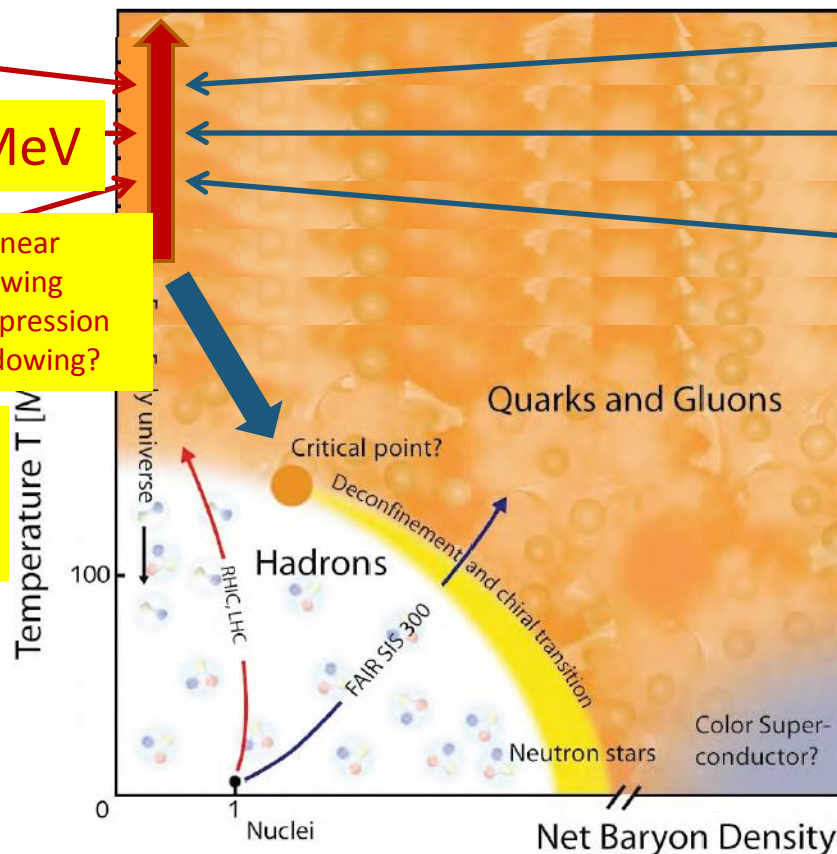
non-linear
shadowing
low-x suppression
anti-shadowing?

Initial State
?
→ Glauber

Screening length

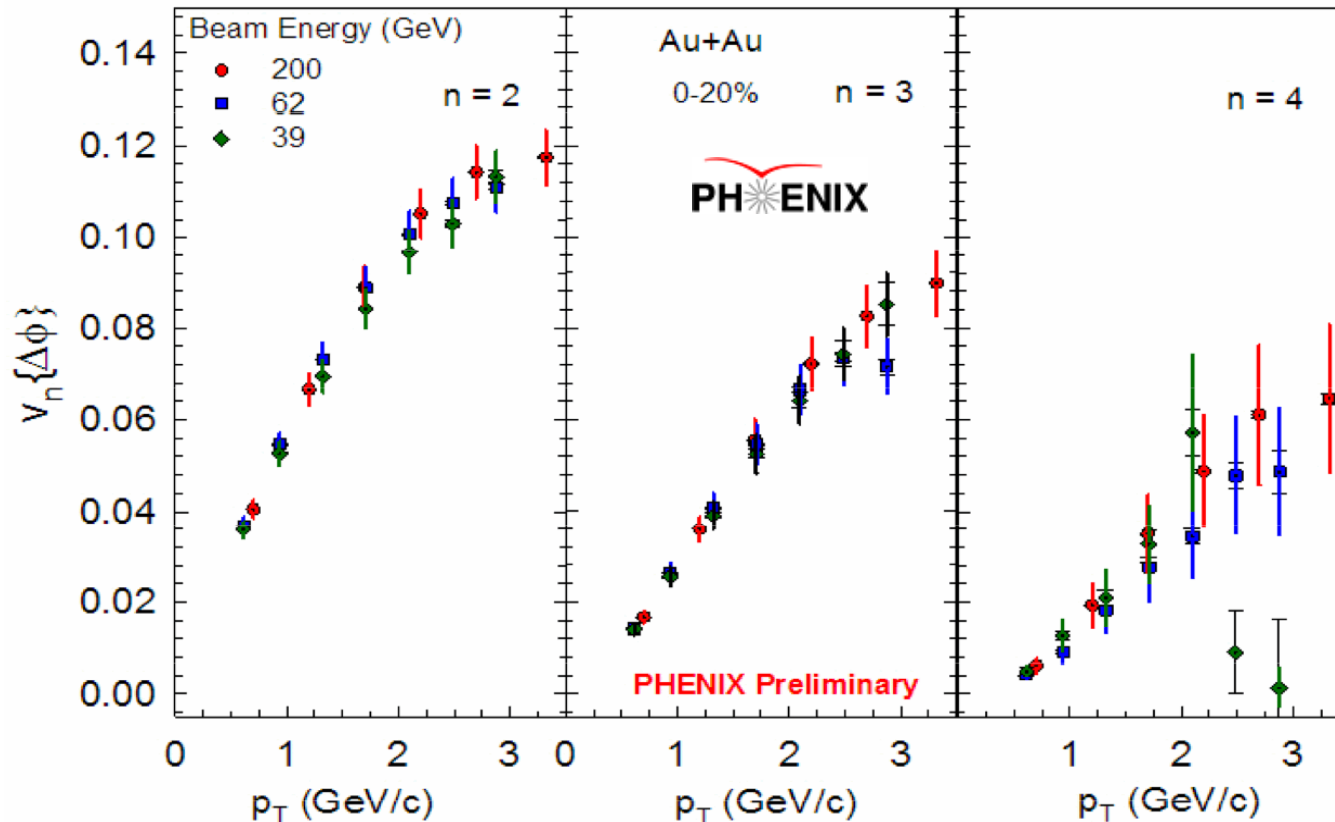
$$\eta/s \rightarrow 1/4\pi$$

$$dE/dx \rightarrow \beta^3$$



v_2, v_3, v_4 independence of $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ (for 39, 62, 200 GeV)

41

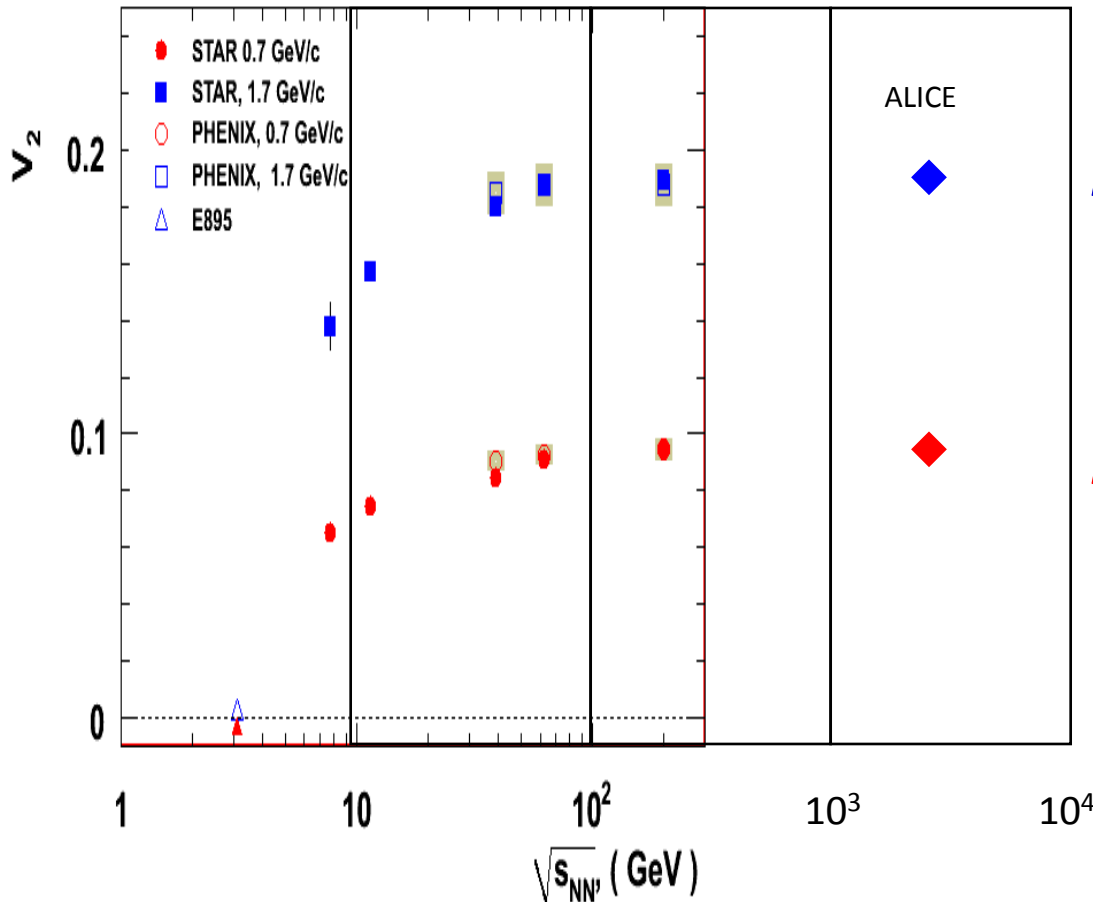


v_2, v_3, v_4 independence of $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ for 39, 62.4, 200 GeV
Just like at 200 GeV, disentangle initial state and η/s

v_2 saturation with $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$

42

Preliminary, STAR, PHENIX and E895 data



$p_T = 1.7$ GeV

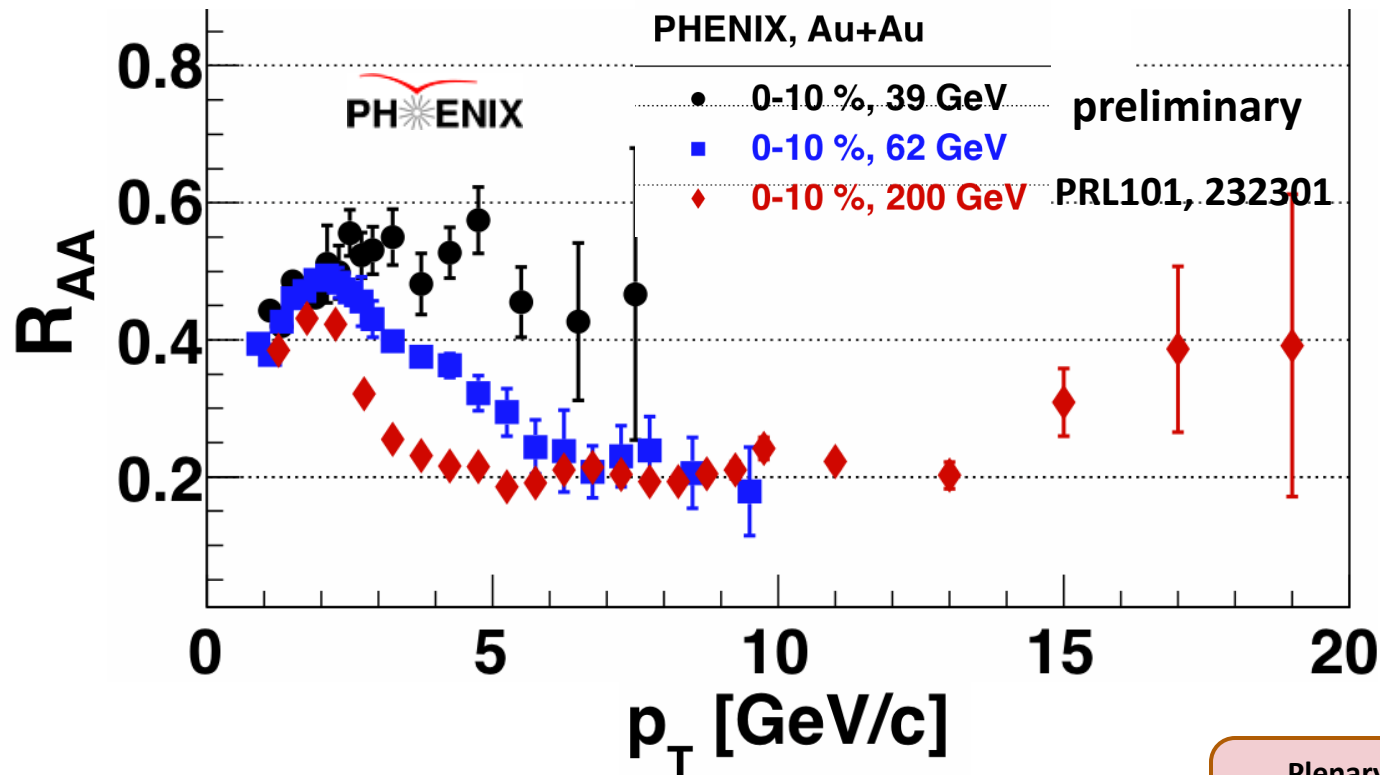
v_2 saturation $\lesssim 39$ GeV

$p_T = 0.7$ GeV

Plenary: S. Esumi, Tue
Parallel: R. Lacey (v3, jet shape) Mon
Parallel: X. Gong (energy scan: bulk) Fri
Poster: S. Mizuno (PID v3)

$\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ dependence of energy loss

43



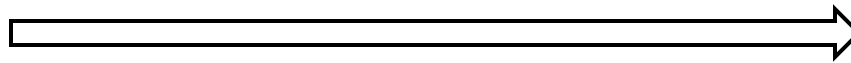
- R_{AA} suppressed also at 39 GeV
- R_{AA} at 62 GeV approaches 200 GeV level at high p_T

Plenary: M. Purschke (R_{AA}) Wen
Parallel: N. Novitsky (energy scan) Fri
Poster: O. Chvala (R_{AA} in 39 and 62 GeV)

Measuring the Properties of the QGP

44

Conditions



Properties

$$\mu \sim 0$$

$$T_i = 300-600 \text{ MeV}$$

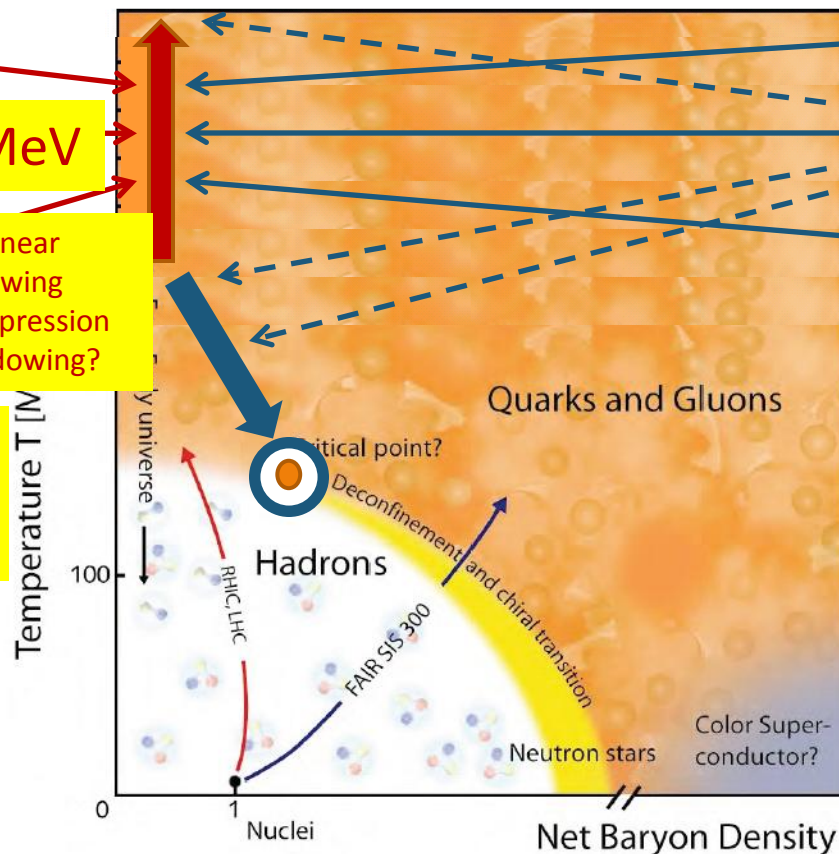
CNM effects
non-linear shadowing
low-x suppression
anti-shadowing?

Initial State
? $\rightarrow$ Glauber

Screening length

$$\eta/s \rightarrow 1/4\pi$$

$$dE/dx \rightarrow \beta^3$$



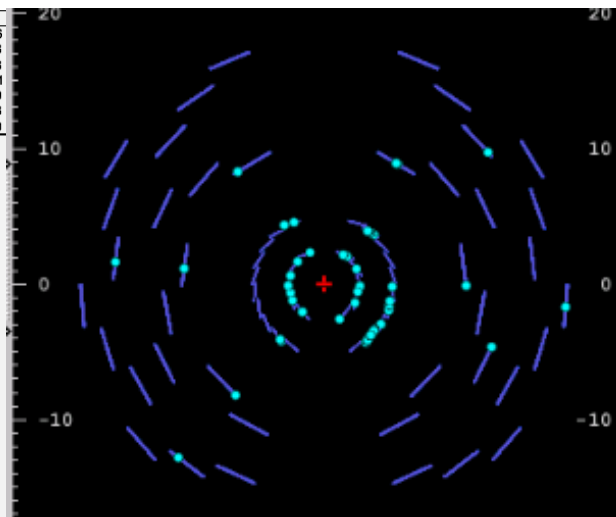
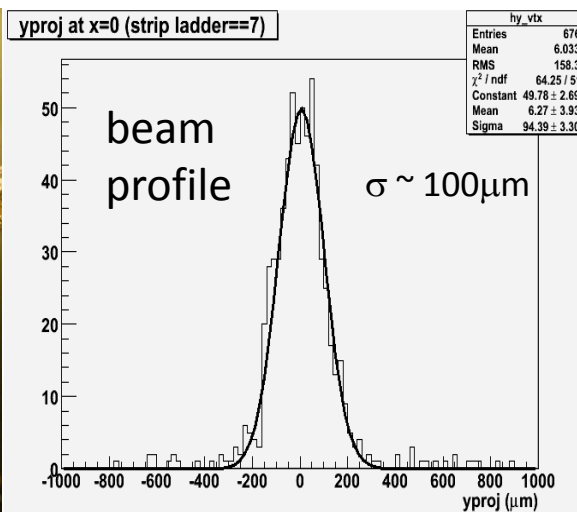
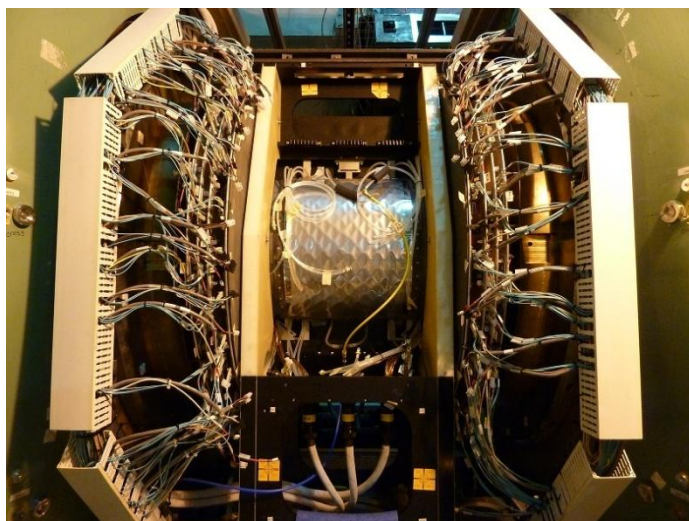
Near-Term Future: Silicon Vertex Detector

45

Status

- VTX successfully commissioned in 2011 $p+p$ run
- VTX taking data in Au+Au now!

Data: $p+p@500$ GeV, 2011



Physics

- R_{AA} of c , b separately
- v_2 of c , b separately
- Jet tomography (di-hadron, γ - h , c - h , c - $\bar{c}$)

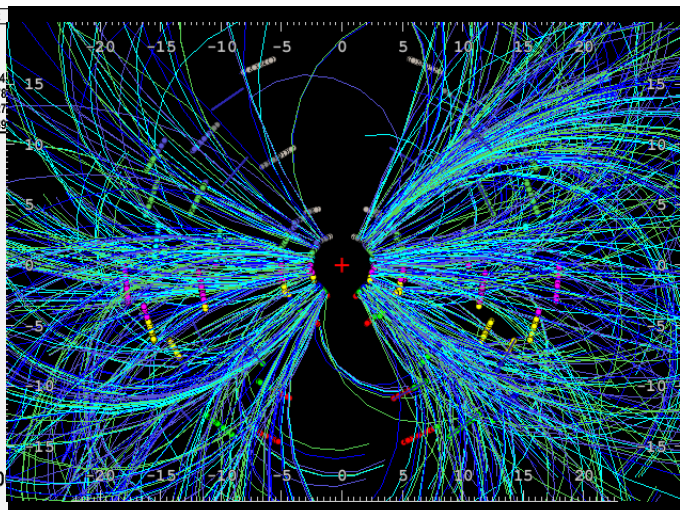
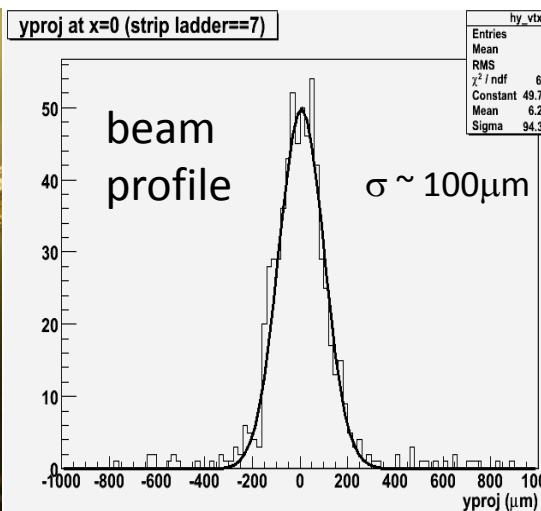
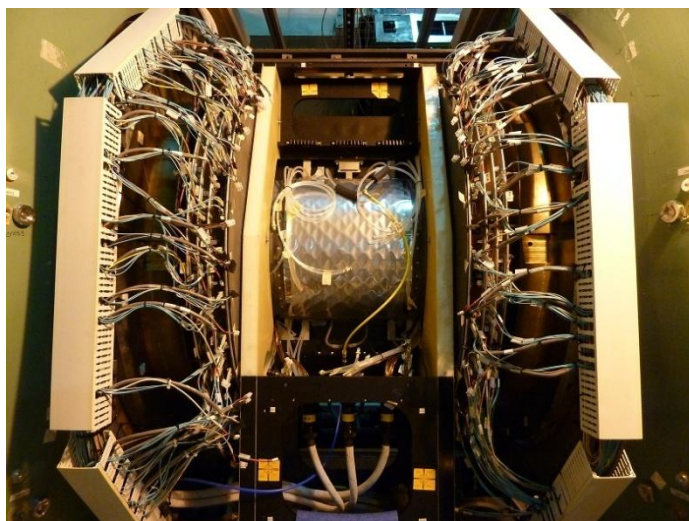
Near-Term Future: Silicon Vertex Detector

46

Status

- VTX successfully commissioned in 2011 $p+p$ run
- VTX taking data in Au+Au now!

Data: Au+Au@200 GeV, 2011



Physics

- R_{AA} of c , b separately
- v_2 of c , b separately
- Jet tomography (di-hadron, γ - h , c - h , c - $\bar{c}$)

Parallel: A. Sickles (Decadal Plan) Thu
Poster: M. Chiu (Fast TOF, 10 ps)
Poster: M. Kurosawa (VTX (pixel))
Poster: T.Hachiya (VTX (pixel))
Poster: R. Akimoto (VTX (pixel))

What I could not cover in this talk

47

- T_i
 - **Plenary:** S. Esumi, Tue
 - **Parallel:** E. Kistenev (direct photons) Thu
 - **Poster:** Y. Yamaguchi (direct photons dAu)
- v_3 , jet shape, η/s
 - **Plenary:** S. Esumi, Tue
 - **Parallel:** R. Lacey (v_3 , jet shape) Mon
 - **Parallel:** X. Gong (energy scan: bulk) Fri
 - **Poster:** S. Mizuno (PID v_3)
- Chiral Symmetry
 - **Parallel:** M. Makek (Results from HBD) Thu
- Heavy Flavor
 - **Plenary:** C. Luiz da Silva, Fri
 - **Parallel:** A. Sen (quarkonia) Tue
 - **Parallel:** M. Durham (open heavy flavor) Fri
 - **Poster:** S. Whitaker (Upsilon RAA)
 - **Poster:** A. Takahara (J/psi photoproduction)
 - **Poster:** H. Thewman (high p_T -single e in $p+p$)
- Energy Loss
 - **Plenary:** M. Purschke (R_AA) Wen
 - **Parallel:** N. Grau (gamma-hadron, jets) Tue
 - **Parallel:** N. Novitsky (energy scan) Fri
 - **Parallel:** D. Sharma (light vector mesons) Mon
 - **Poster:** M. Tannenbaum (E loss RHIC vs. LHC)
 - **Poster:** O. Chvala (RAA in 39 and 62 GeV)
 - **Parallel:** D. Sharma (light vector mesons) Mon
- Cold nuclear matter
 - **Parallel:** M. Chiu (small x dAu correl) Thu
 - **Parallel:** J. Kamin (dAu dileptons) Fri
 - **Poster:** Z. Citron (small x dAu correlations)
 - **Poster:** D. Perepelitsa (jets in dAu)
- Future
 - **Parallel:** A. Sickles (Decadal Plan) Thu
 - **Poster:** M. Chiu (Fast TOF, 10 ps)
 - **Poster:** M. Kurosawa (VTX (pixel))
 - **Poster:** T.Hachiya (VTX (pixel))
 - **Poster:** R. Akimoto (VTX (pixel))

Conclusions

48

- v_2 of thermal direct photons **large**
 - ▣ Further constrains T_i and τ_0
- CNM effects in $d+Au$
 - ▣ **Non-linear** density dependence of shadowing from J/ψ
 - ▣ **Reconstructed jet** R_{cp} modified
 - ▣ **Low- x suppression** from forward di-hadron correlations
- v_3
 - ▣ **Disentangle initial state from η/s**
 - ▣ **Double-hump disappears** in 2-particle correlations
- **Energy loss**
 - ▣ **Cubic** path-length dependence
- Energy Scan
 - ▣ **v_2 saturation** 39 GeV
 - ▣ **R_{AA} suppressed** also at 39 GeV

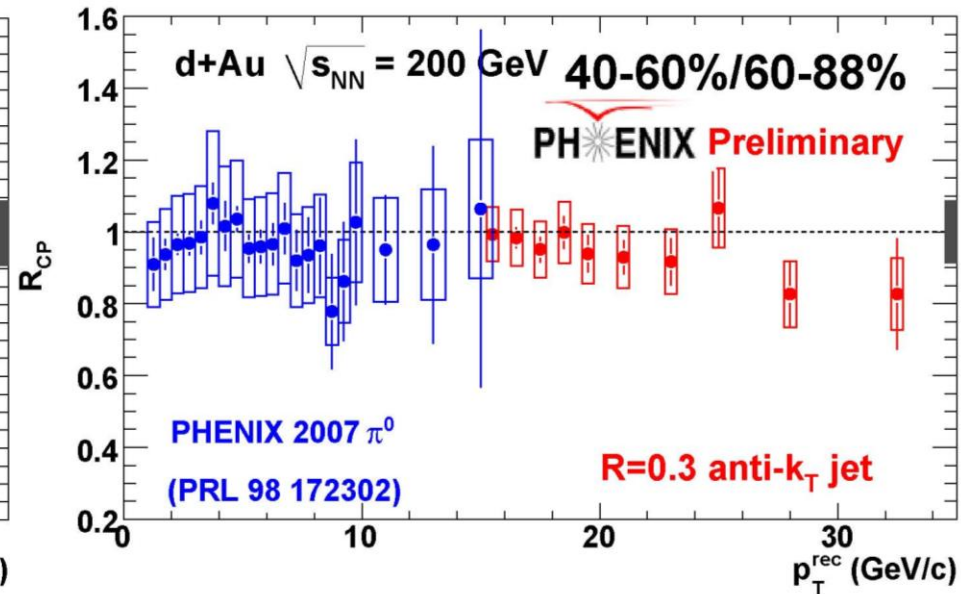
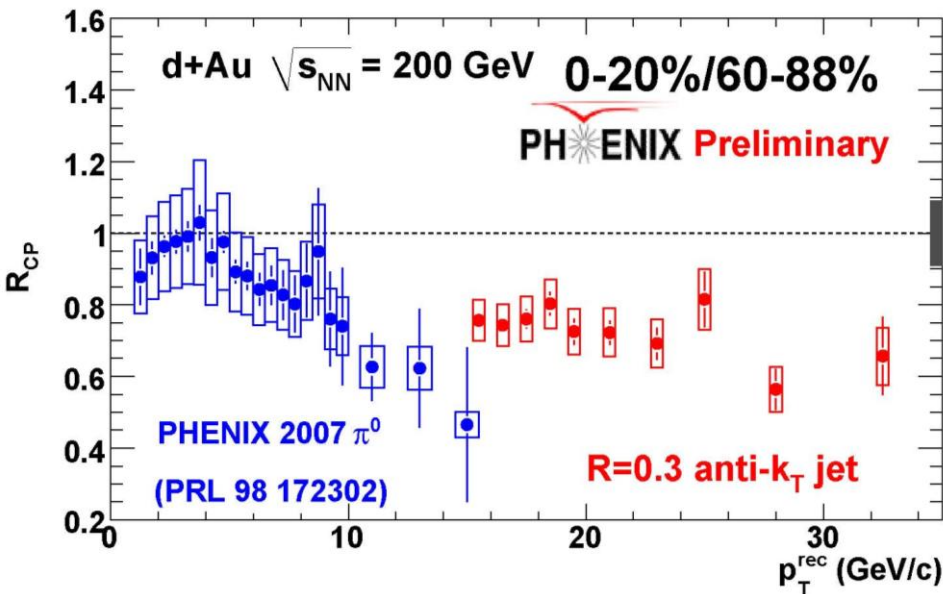
Thank you!

Backup

49

Jet- π^0 comparison $d+Au$

50

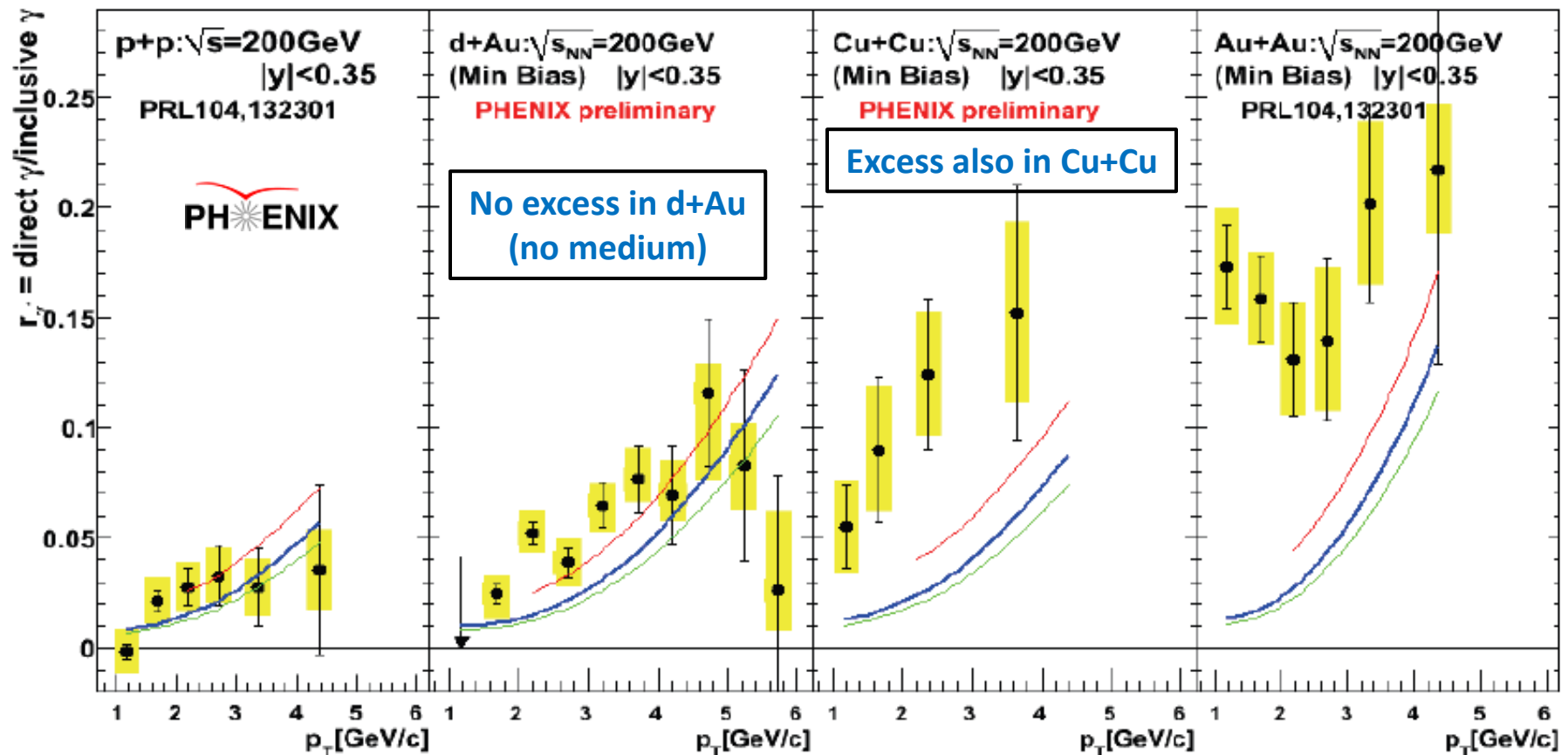


- $\pi^0 R_{cp}$ calculated from published R_{dA}
- Consistent in overlapping p_T range

Confirmation from d +Au and Cu+Cu

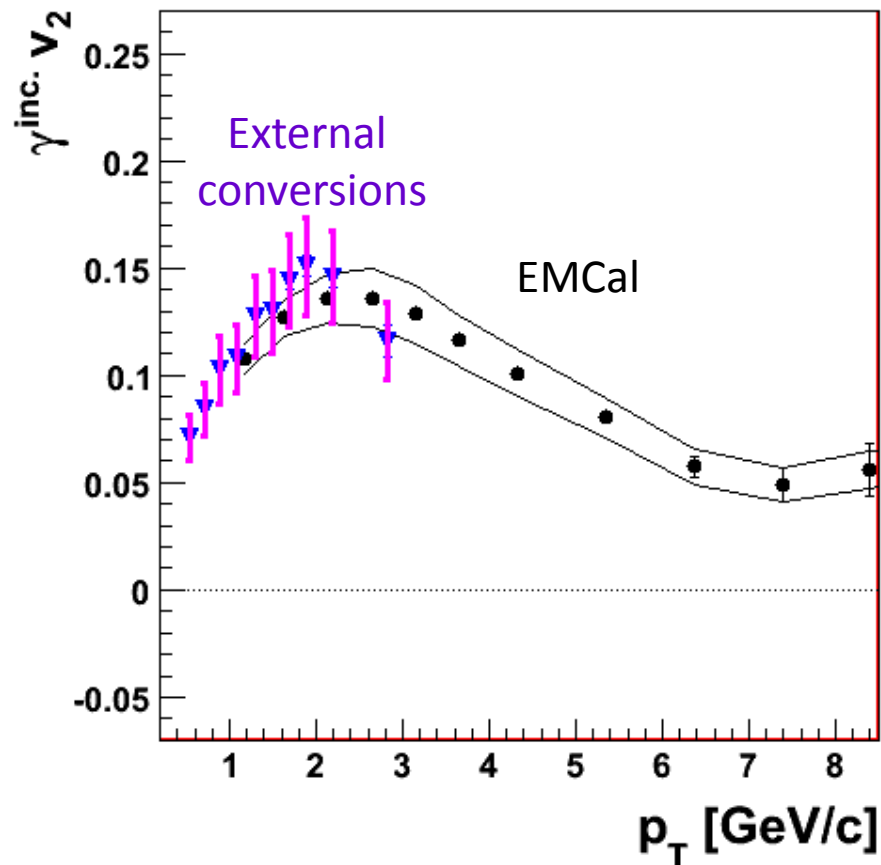
51

- Fraction of direct photons compared to pQCD



Inclusive Photon v_2

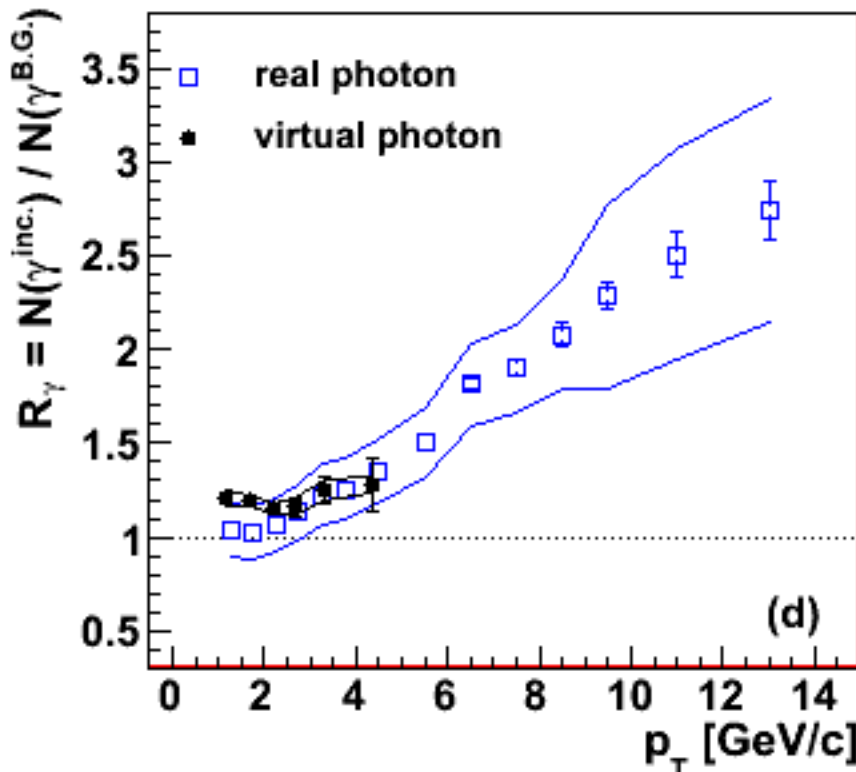
52



- Measured with EMCal
- Issue:
 - ▣ Hadronic contamination at low p_T
 - Hadrons deposit only fraction of energy
 - depends on hadron species
 - Difficult to estimate
- Confirmed with external conversion
 - ▣ No hadronic contamination

Direct photon excess R_γ

53



- Key to this analysis
 - ▣ Precise measurement of R_γ through internal conversion
- 20 % direct photon fraction
- $\Rightarrow$ direct photon similar to inclusive photon v_2 (or $\pi^0 v_2$)

Correlations at Forward Rapidity

54

$$J_{dA} = R_{dA} * I_{dA}$$

□ J_{dA} suppressed in central d+Au

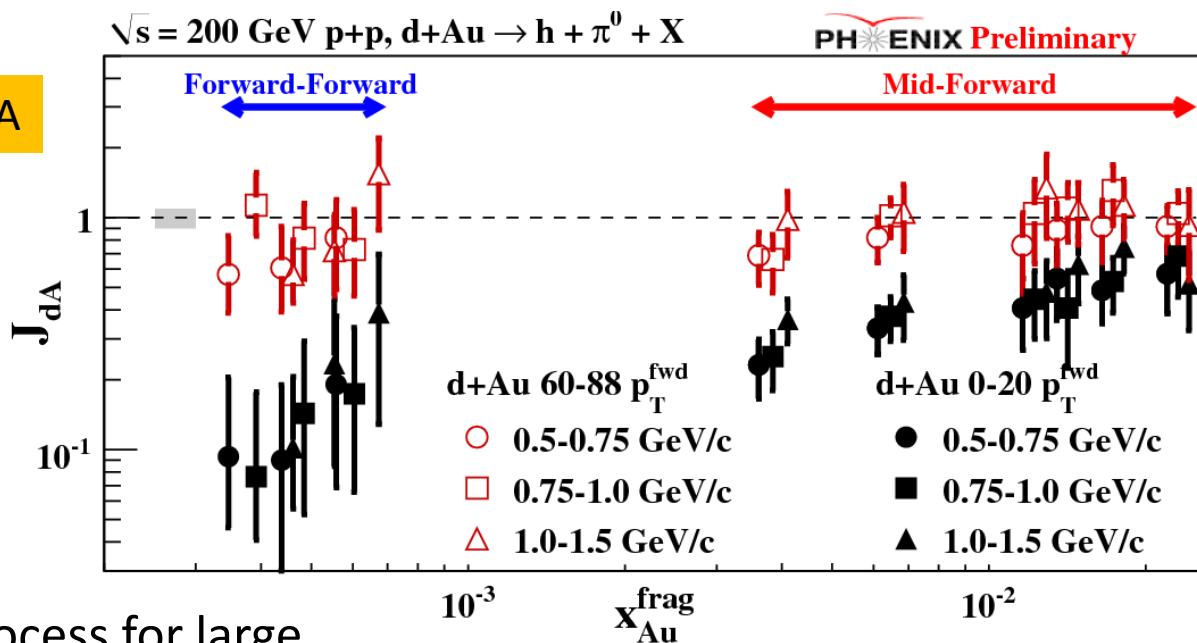
□ Caveat:

▣ Double parton interactions (DPI) enhanced in d+Au

■ may be dominant process for large forward rapidity (rather than 2->2 process)

■ M. Strikman and W. Vogelsang, arXiv:1009.6123

▣ Then xfrag not sensitive to rapidity

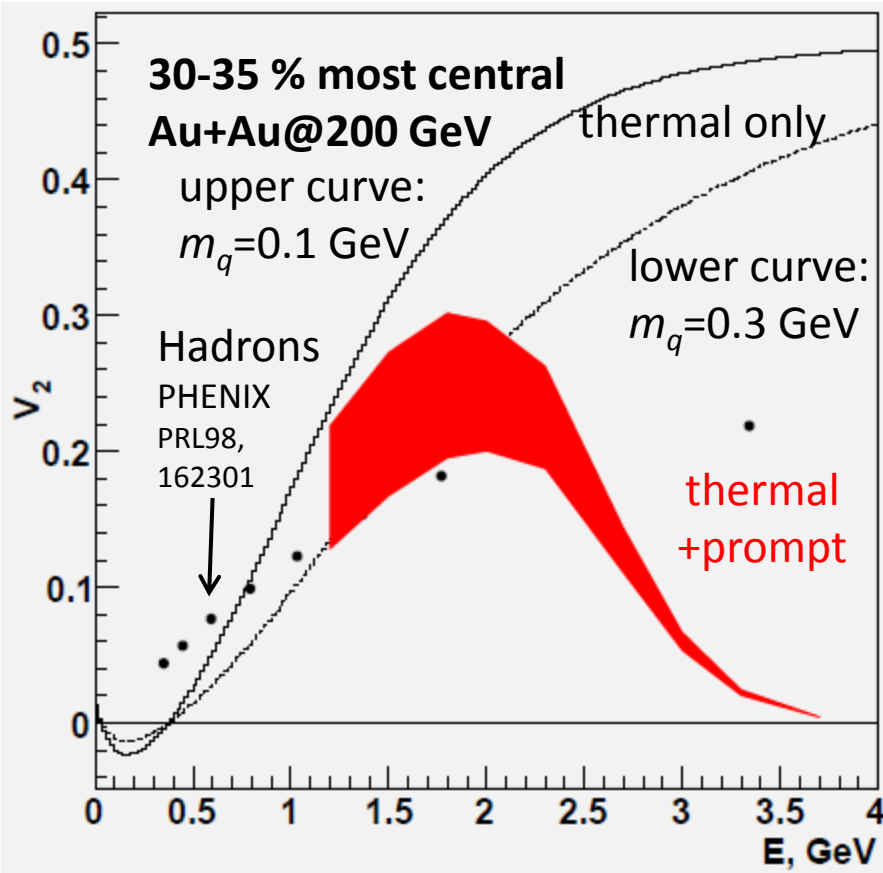


Pocket formula:

$$x_{Au}^{frag} = \frac{\langle p_{T1} \rangle e^{-\langle \eta_1 \rangle} + \langle p_{T2} \rangle e^{-\langle \eta_2 \rangle}}{\sqrt{s}}$$

Direct photon flow calculation

55

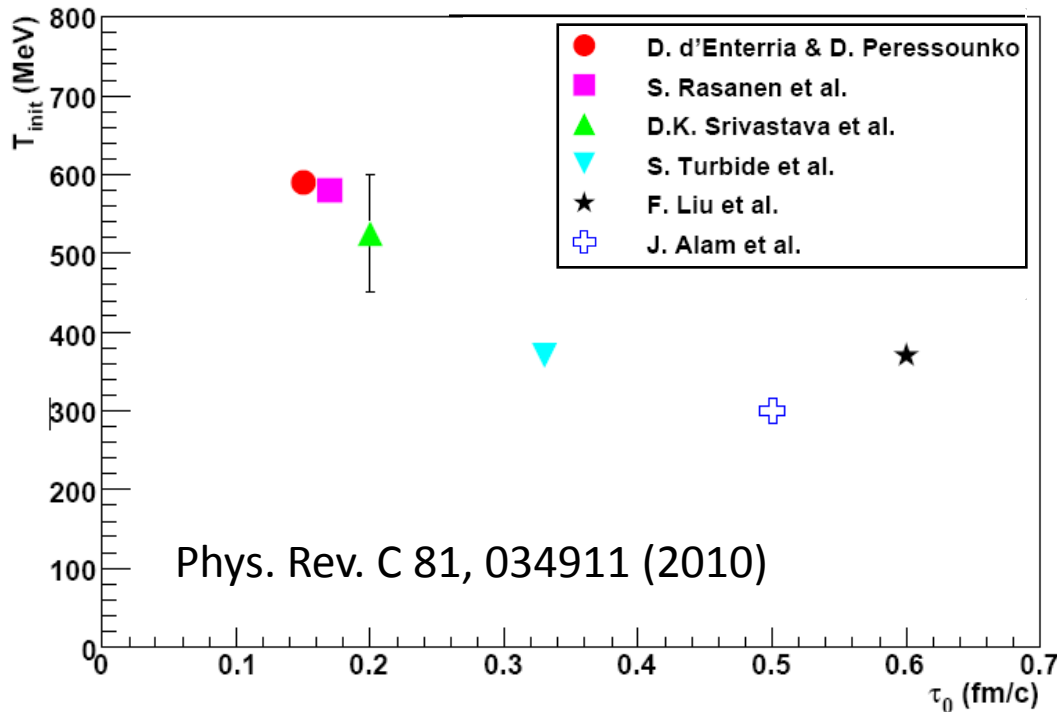


V. Pantuev, arXiv:1105.NNNN

- expanding fireball in longitudinal and radial direction
- photons are produced from matter which flows
- Doppler

T_i from hydro

56



- T_i from hydro
- ▣ 300 ... 600 MeV
- ▣ Depends on thermalization time, τ_0
- ▣ anti-correlation:
 $T_i \leftrightarrow \tau_0$

Theory calculations:

d'Enterria, Peressounko, EPJ46, 451

Huovinen, Ruuskanen, Rasanen, PLB535, 109

Srivastava, Sinha, PRC 64, 034902

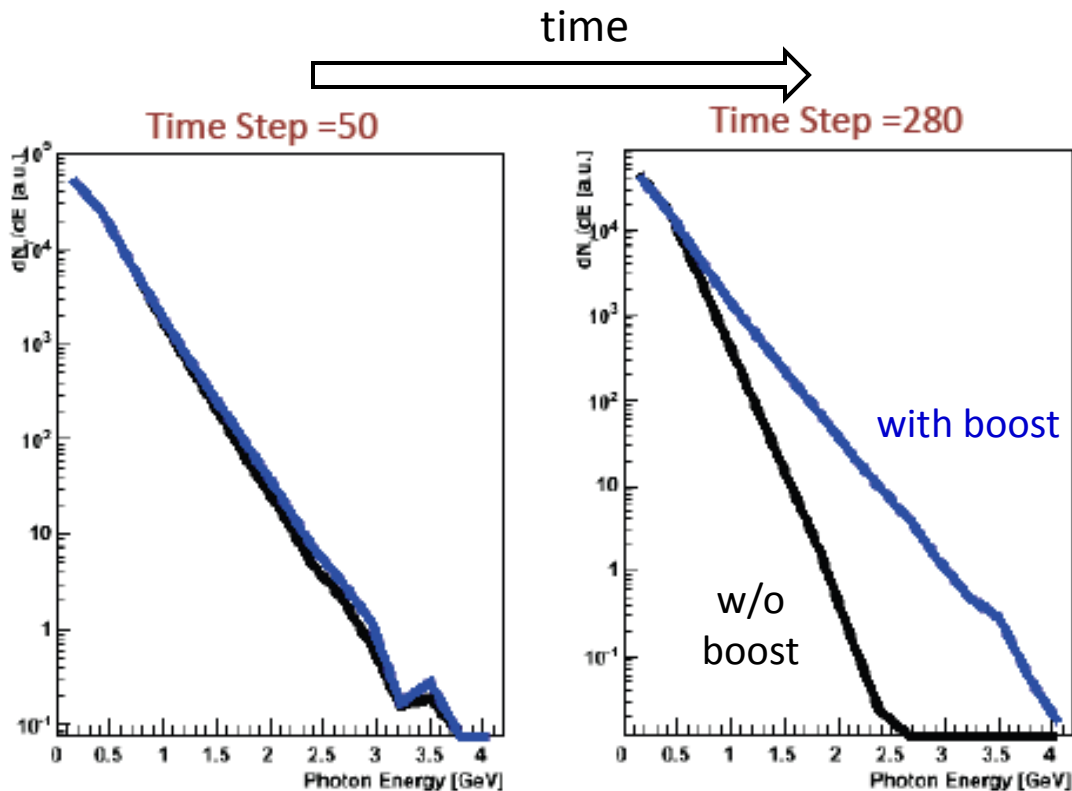
Turbide, Rapp, Gale, PRC69, 014903

Liu et al., PRC79, 014905

Alam et al., PRC63, 021901(R)

What is the initial Temperature, T_i ?

57



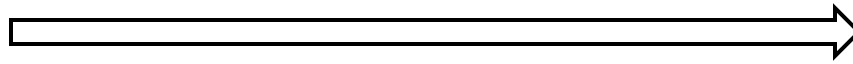
- integrate over space-time evolution
- Early photons
 - large temperature
 - large inverse slope
- Late photons
 - Low temperature, but large velocity boost
 - also large inverse slope
- => need model for quantitative answer

figures: K. Mendoza, U. Colorado

Measuring the Properties of the QGP

58

Conditions



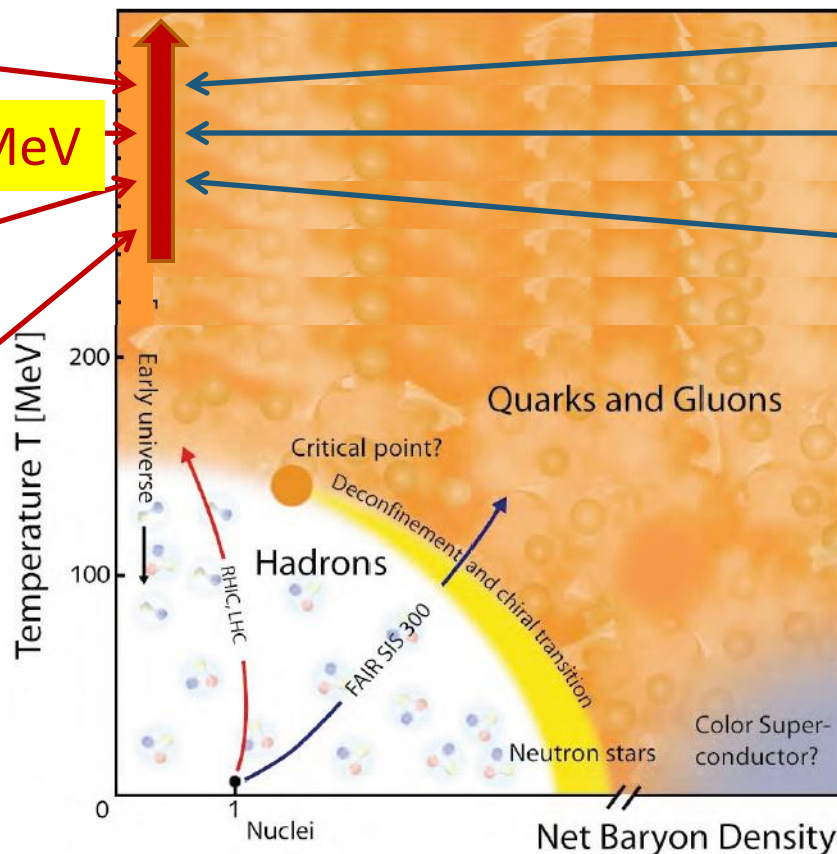
Properties

$$\mu \sim 0$$

$$T_i = 300-600 \text{ MeV}$$

CNM
effects

Initial
State



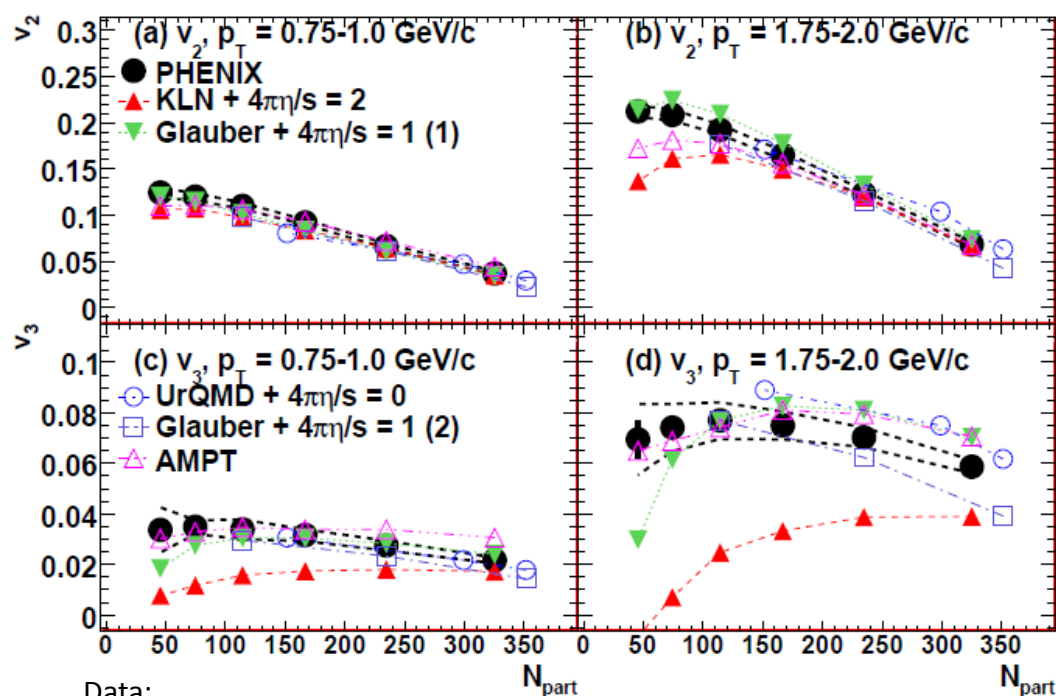
Screening length

η/s

dE/dx

Factorizing initial state and viscosity

59



Data:

PHENIX, arXiv:

Models:

B. Alver et al., Phys. Rev. C82, 034913 (2010).

B. Schenke et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 106, 042301 (2011).

H. Petersen et al., Phys. Rev. C82, 041901 (2010).

S. A. Bass et al., Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys. 41, 255 (1998).

M. Bleicher et al., J. Phys. G25, 1859 (1999).

]G.-L. e. a. Ma (2010), 1011.5249.

Stefan Bathe for PHENIX, QM2011

□ v_2 described by both models

□ Glauber

■ Glauber initial state

■ $\eta/s = 1/4\pi$

□ KLN

■ CGS initial state

■ $\eta/s = 2/4\pi$

□ v_3 described by only one model

□ Glauber

■ Glauber initial state

■ $\eta/s = 1/4\pi$