

PHENIX Beam Use Presentation

W.A. Zajc
for the PHENIX Collaboration

(this talk available at
<http://www.phenix.bnl.gov/phenix/WWW/publish/zajc/sp/presentations/RBUP03/PacSep03.pdf>)



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- China** Academia Sinica, Taipei, Taiwan
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Peking University, Beijing
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SUBATECH, École des Mines at Nantes, Nantes
- Germany** University of Münster, Münster
- Hungary** Central Research Institute for Physics (KFKI), Budapest
Debrecen University, Debrecen
Eötvös Loránd University (ELTE), Budapest
- India** Banaras Hindu University, Banaras
Bhabha Atomic Research Centre, Bombay
- Israel** Weizmann Institute, Rehovot
- Japan** Center for Nuclear Study, University of Tokyo, Tokyo
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KEK, Institute for High Energy Physics, Tsukuba
Kyoto University, Kyoto
Nagasaki Institute of Applied Science, Nagasaki
RIKEN, Institute for Physical and Chemical Research, Wako
RIKEN-BNL Research Center, Upton, NY
University of Tokyo, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo
Tokyo Institute of Technology, Tokyo
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Waseda University, Tokyo
- S. Korea** Cyclotron Application Laboratory, KAERI, Seoul
Kangnung National University, Kangnung
Korea University, Seoul
Myong Ji University, Yongin City
System Electronics Laboratory, Seoul Nat. University, Seoul
Yonsei University, Seoul
- Russia** Institute of High Energy Physics, Protovino
Joint Institute for Nuclear Research, Dubna
Kurchatov Institute, Moscow
PNPI, St. Petersburg Nuclear Physics Institute, St. Petersburg
St. Petersburg State Technical University, St. Petersburg
- Sweden** Lund University, Lund



12 Countries; 57 Institutions; 460 Participants*

- USA** Abilene Christian University, Abilene, TX
Brookhaven National Laboratory, Upton, NY
University of California - Riverside, Riverside, CA
University of Colorado, Boulder, CO
Columbia University, Nevis Laboratories, Irvington, NY
Florida State University, Tallahassee, FL
Georgia State University, Atlanta, GA
University of Illinois Urbana Champaign, Urbana-Champaign, IL
Iowa State University and Ames Laboratory, Ames, IA
Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, NM
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University of New Mexico, Albuquerque, NM
New Mexico State University, Las Cruces, NM
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*as of July 2002



Requested input:

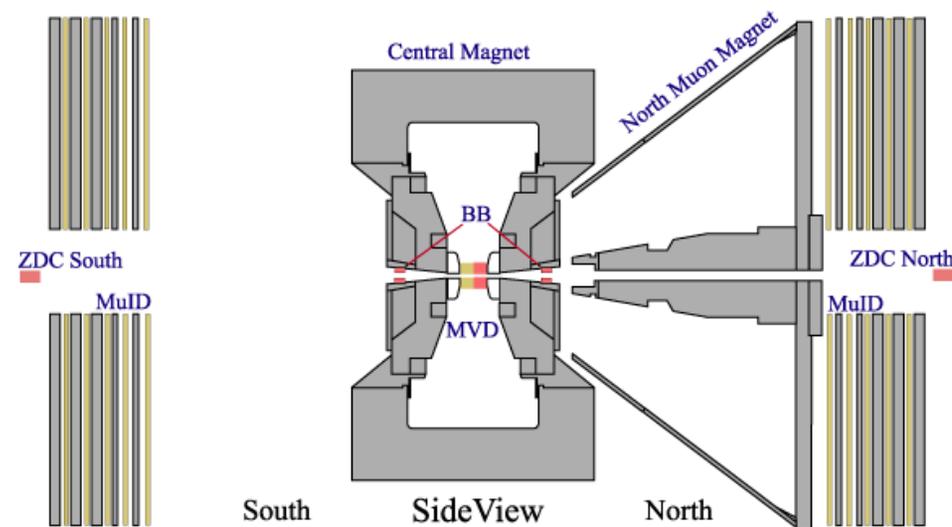
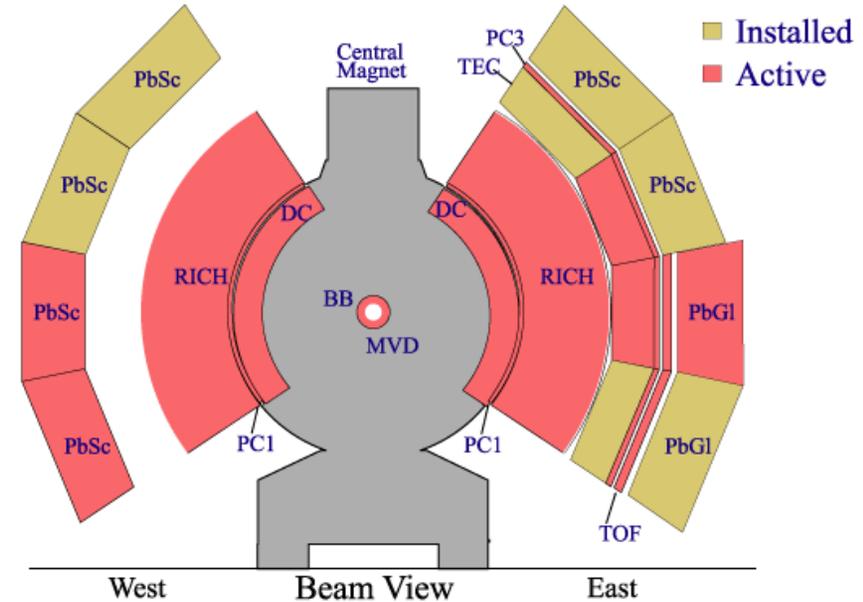
- ❑ Desired “beam run segments”
- ❑ Physics from same
- ❑ Investigate “27” and “37” week scenarios
- ❑ Collaboration/experiment status

• A note on nomenclature:

- ❑ “Run-1” \equiv Summer-2000 Au+Au run at 130 GeV
- ❑ “Run-2” \equiv 2001/2002 Au+Au/p+p at 200 GeV
- ❑ “Run-3” \equiv 2003 run d+Au/p+p at 200 GeV

- **Two central arms**
 - ❑ **Mechanically ~complete**
 - ❑ **Roughly half of aperture instrumented**
- **Global detectors**
 - ❑ **Zero-degree Calorimeters (ZDCs)**
 - ❑ **Beam-Beam Counters (BBCs)**
 - ❑ **Multiplicity and Vertex Detector (MVD, engineering run)**

PHENIX Detector - First Year Physics Run



- “Centrality dependence of charged particle multiplicity in Au-Au collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 130$ GeV”, [PRL 86 \(2001\) 3500](#)
- “Measurement of the midrapidity transverse energy distribution from $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 130$ GeV Au-Au collisions at RHIC”, [PRL 87 \(2001\) 052301](#)
- “Suppression of hadrons with large transverse momentum in central Au-Au collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 130$ GeV”, [PRL 88, 022301 \(2002\)](#).
- “Centrality dependence of $\pi^{+/-}$, $K^{+/-}$, p and pbar production at RHIC,” [PRL 88, 242301 \(2002\)](#).
- “Transverse mass dependence of the two-pion correlation for Au+Au collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 130$ GeV”, [PRL 88, 192302 \(2002\)](#)
- “Measurement of single electrons and implications for charm production in Au+Au collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 130$ GeV”, [PRL 88, 192303 \(2002\)](#)
- “Net Charge Fluctuations in Au+Au Interactions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 130$ GeV,” [PRL. 89, 082301 \(2002\)](#)
- “Event-by event fluctuations in Mean p_T and mean e_T in $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 130$ GeV Au+Au Collisions” [Phys. Rev. C66, 024901 \(2002\)](#)
- “Flow Measurements via Two-particle Azimuthal Correlations in Au + Au Collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 130$ GeV” , [PRL 89, 212301 \(2002\)](#)
- “Measurement of the lambda and lambda^bar particles in Au+Au Collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 130$ GeV”, [PRL 89, 092302 \(2002\)](#)
- “Centrality Dependence of the High p_T Charged Hadron Suppression in Au+Au collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 130$ GeV”, [Phys. Lett. B561, 82 \(2003\)](#)
- “Single Identified Hadron Spectra from $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 130$ GeV Au+Au Collisions”, to appear in Physical Review C, [nucl-ex/0307010](#)

- "Single Identified Hadron Spectra from $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 130$ GeV Au+Au Collisions", to appear in Physical Review C [nucl-ex/0307010](https://arxiv.org/abs/nucl-ex/0307010)
- An "archival" publication detailing our entire analysis methodology for identified particles
 - 37 pages
 - 3 appendices
 - 28 figures
 - 16 tables

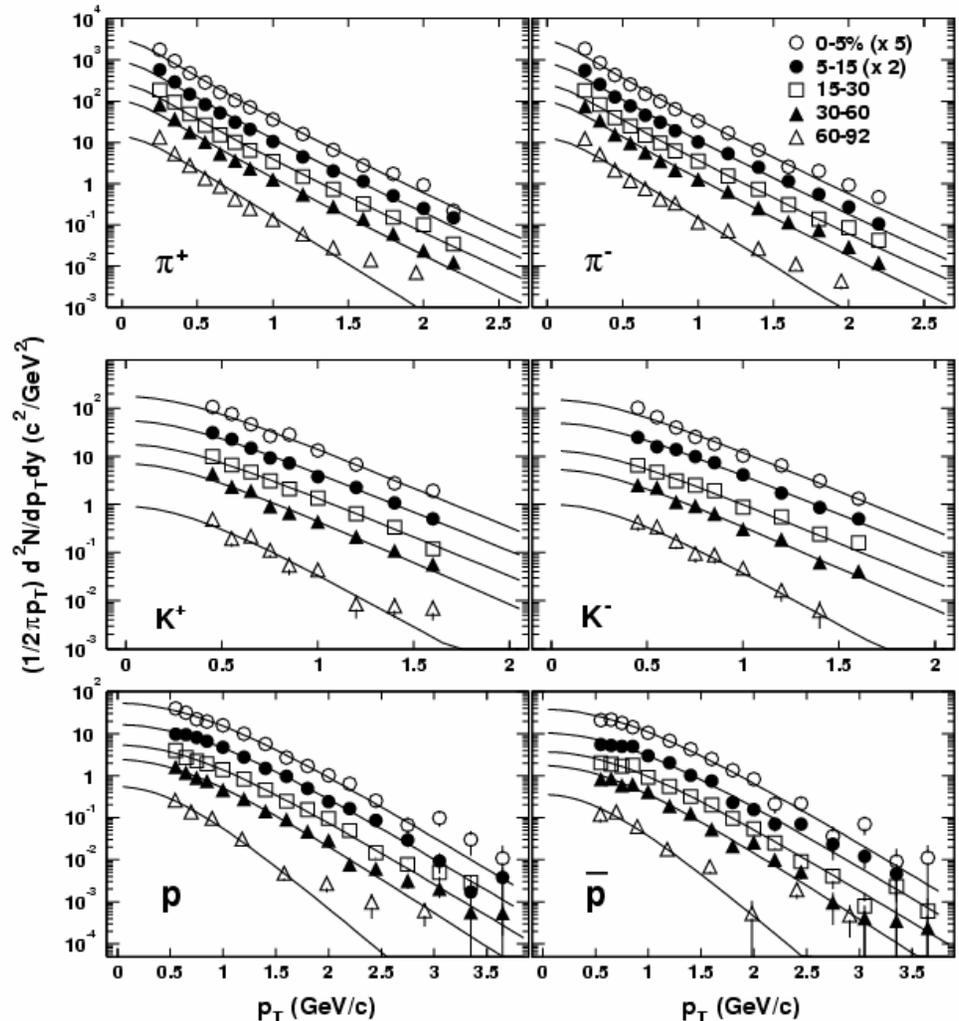


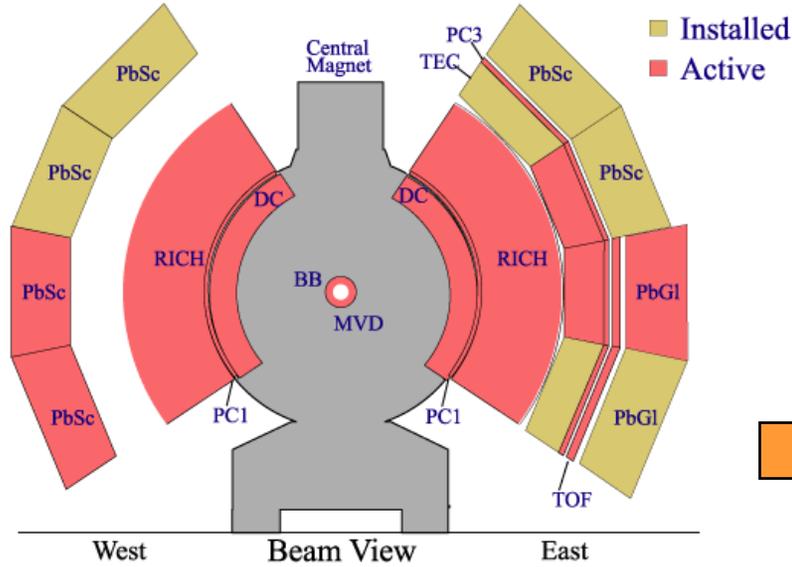
FIG. 19: The parameterization and the p_T hadron spectra for all five centrality selections.

namics calculation, followed by a hadronic cascade after chemical freeze-out. The cascade step utilizes the Relativistic Quantum Molecular Dynamics (RQMD) model, developed for lower energy heavy ion collisions [59].

equilibrium time, and the freeze-out temperature which controls the duration of the expansion. The chemical freeze-out temperature is the temperature at which particle production ceases. The initial entropy or energy

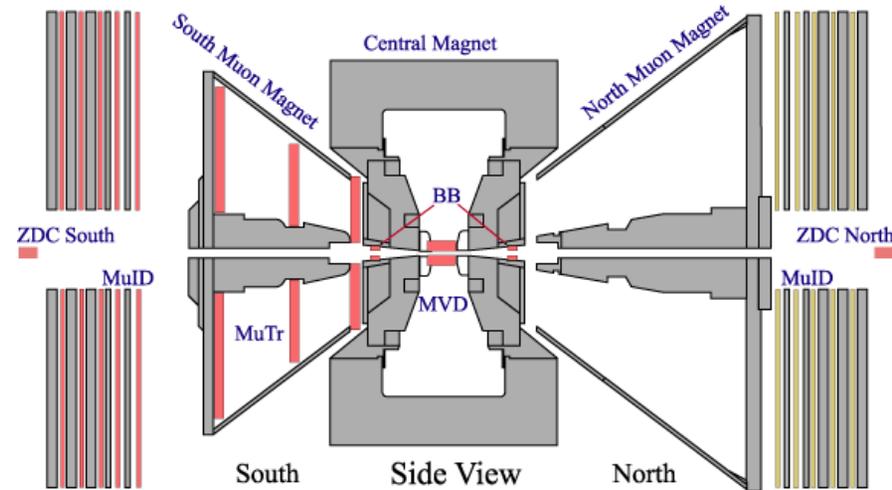
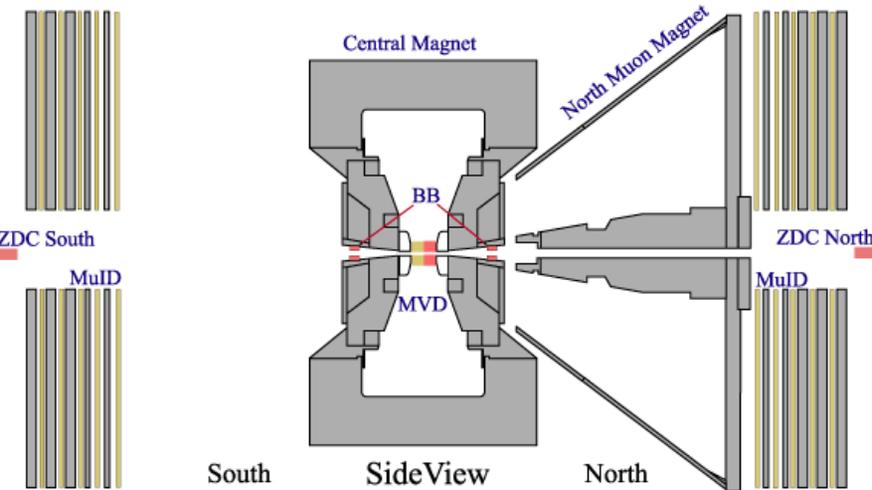
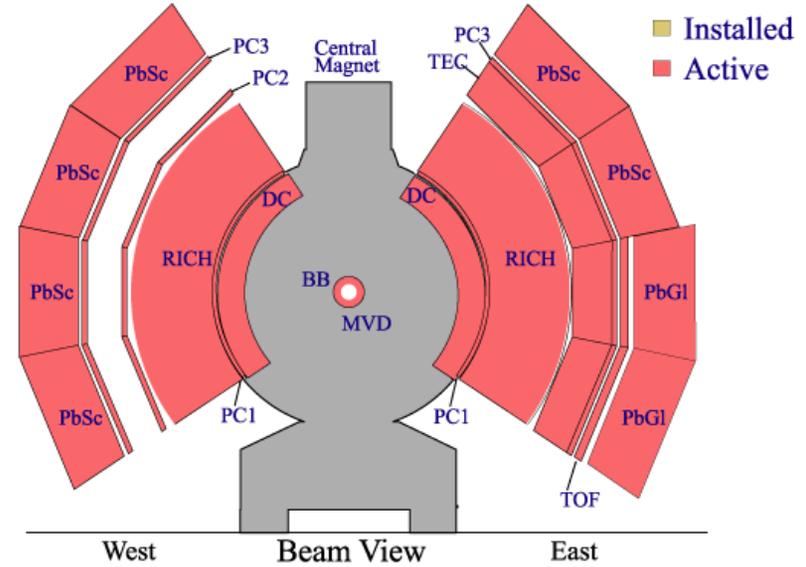
Run-1 (2000)

PHENIX Detector - First Year Physics Run



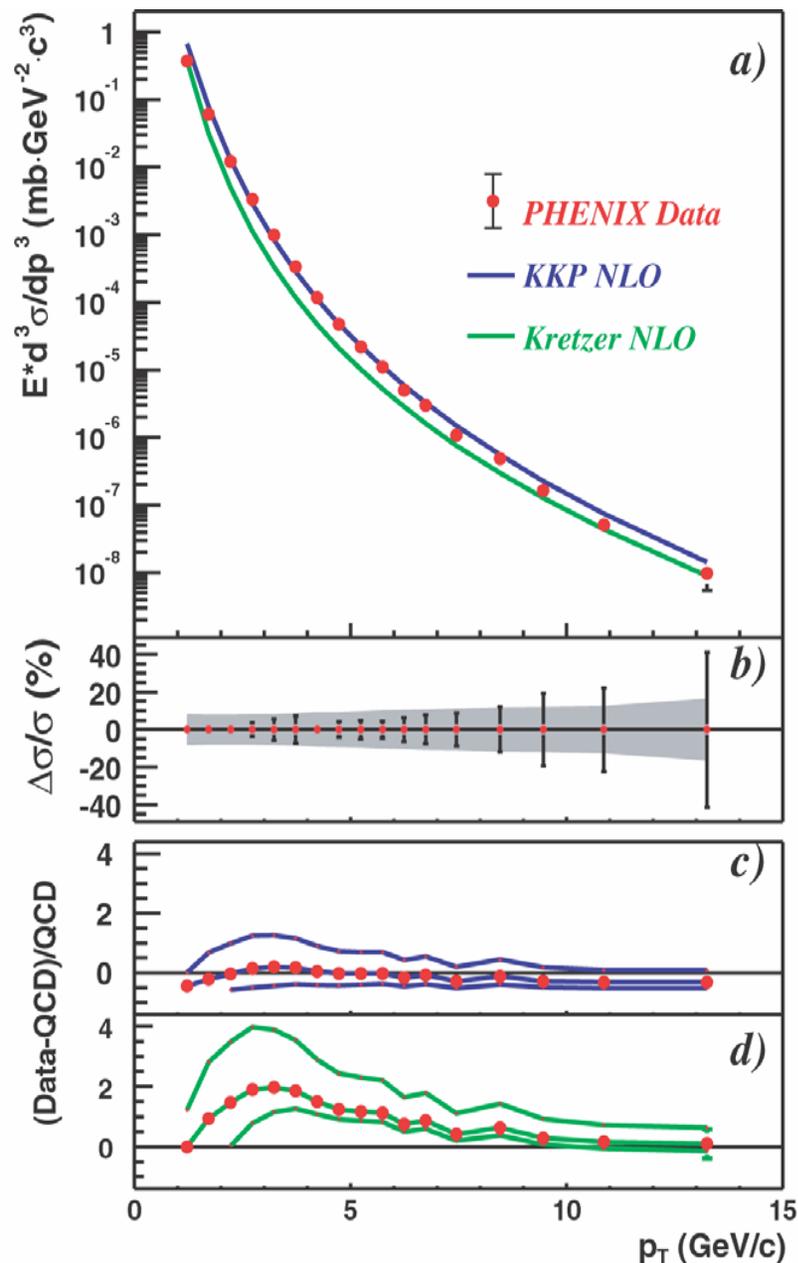
Run-2 (2001-2)

PHENIX Detector - Second Year Physics Run



- "Suppressed π^0 Production at Large Transverse Momentum in Central Au+Au Collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$ GeV" , [PRL 91, 072301 \(2003\)](#)
- "Scaling Properties of Proton and Anti-proton Production in $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$ GeV Au+Au Collisions", accepted for publication in PRL 21 August 2003, [nucl-ex/0305036](#)
- "J/Psi Production in Au-Au Collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$ GeV at the Relativistic Heavy Ion Collider", accepted for publication in Phys. Rev. C on 6 September 2003, [nucl-ex/0305030](#)
- "Elliptic Flow of Identified Hadrons in Au+Au Collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$ GeV" , accepted for publication in PRL 9 September 2003, [nucl-ex/0305013](#)
- "Midrapidity Neutral Pion Production in Proton-Proton Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 200$ GeV", accepted for publication in PRL on 19 September 2003, [hep-ex/0304038](#)
- "Identified Charged Particle Spectra and Yields in Au-Au Collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$ GeV" , accepted for publication in Physical Review C on 23 Sep 2003, [nucl-ex/0307022](#)
- "J/psi production from proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 200$ GeV", submitted to PRL July 8 2003, [hep-ex/0307019](#)
- "High-pt Charged Hadron Suppression in Au+Au Collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$ GeV", submitted to Physical Review C on 11 August 2003, [nucl-ex/0308006](#)

- "Midrapidity Neutral Pion Production in Proton-Proton Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 200$ GeV", accepted for publication in PRL on 19 September 2003, hep-ex/0304038
- Important confirmation of theoretical foundations for spin program
 - Results consistent with pQCD calculation
 - Favors a larger gluon-to-pion FF (KKP)
- Run3 results reproduce Run2 results
 - Confirm the Run-3 data reliability and consistency
 - Run3 data reaches even higher p_T 's; results will be finalized soon



- "Identified Charged Particle Spectra and Yields in Au-Au Collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$ GeV", accepted for publication in Physical Review C on 23 Sep 2003, [nucl-ex/0307022](https://arxiv.org/abs/nucl-ex/0307022)

- An "archival" publication extending our identified particles analysis methodology to Run-2

- 37 pages
- 24 figures
- 29 tables

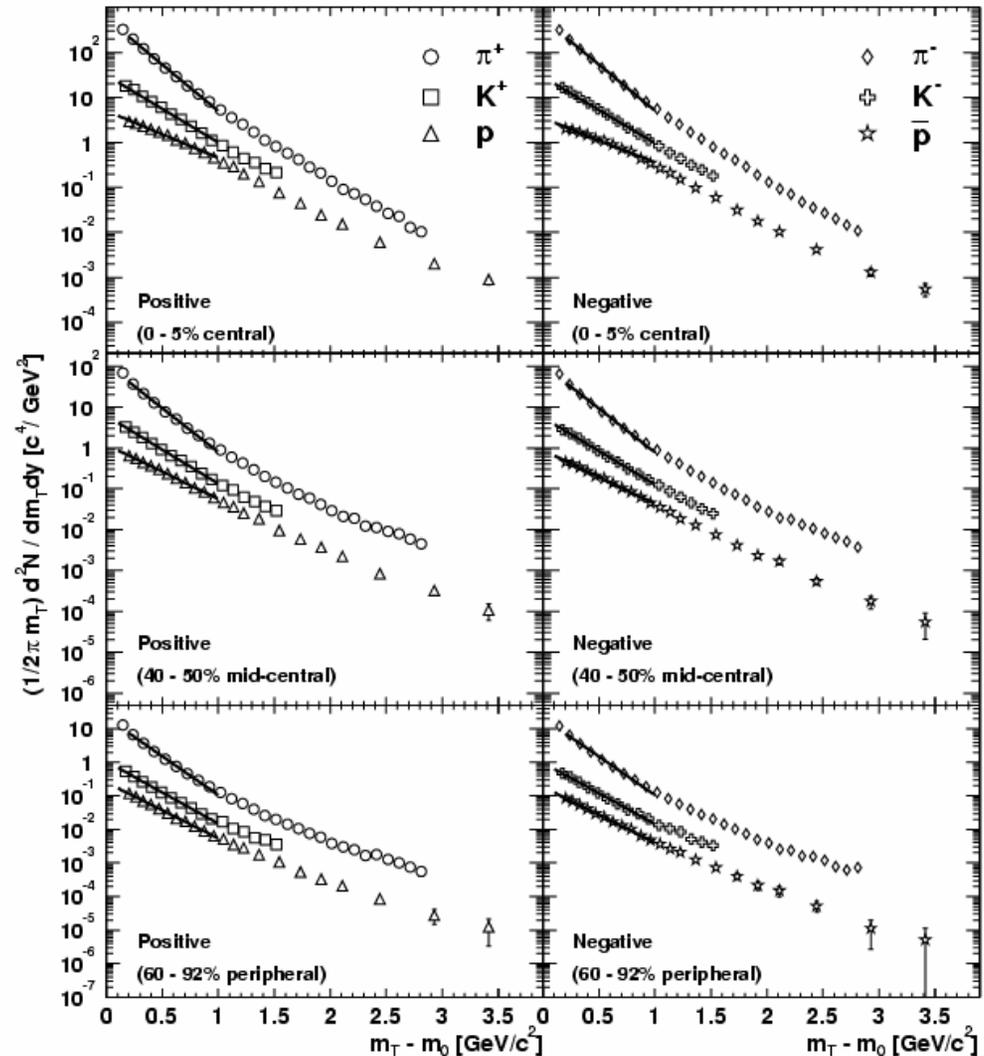
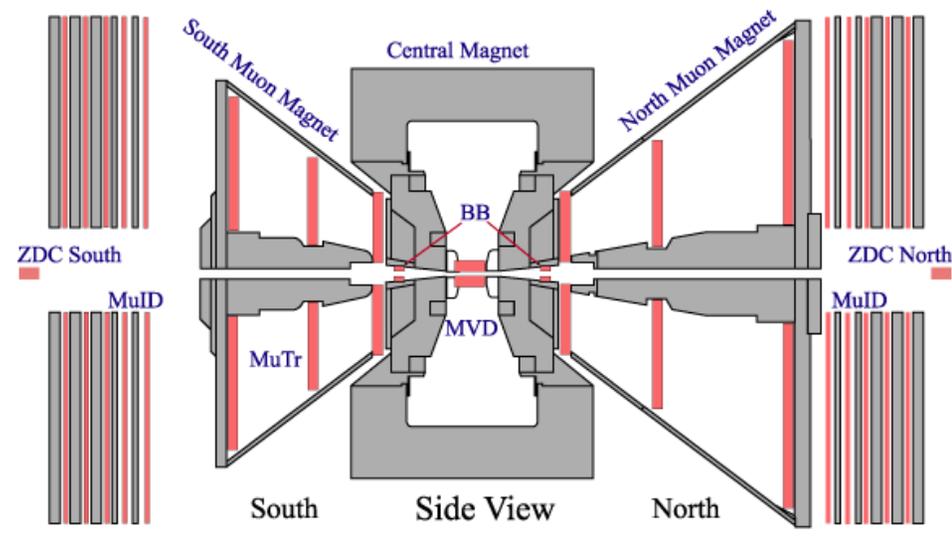
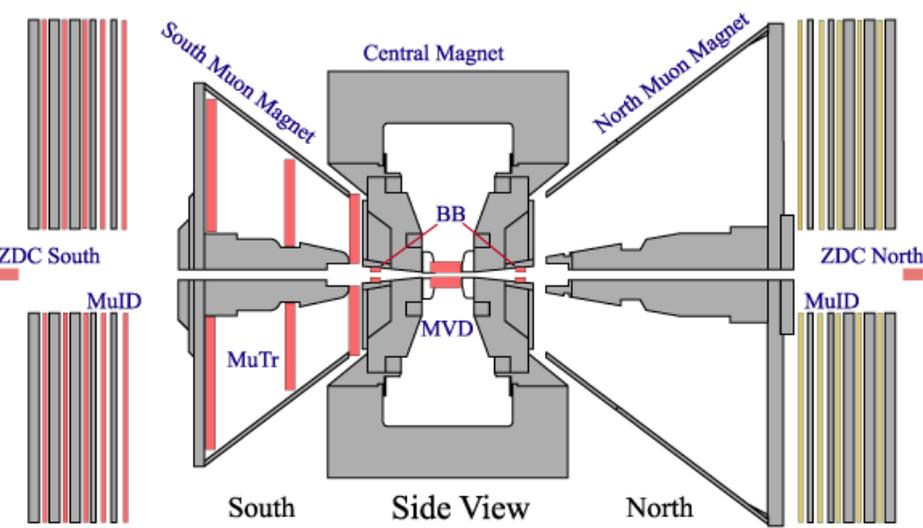
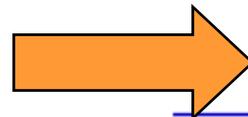
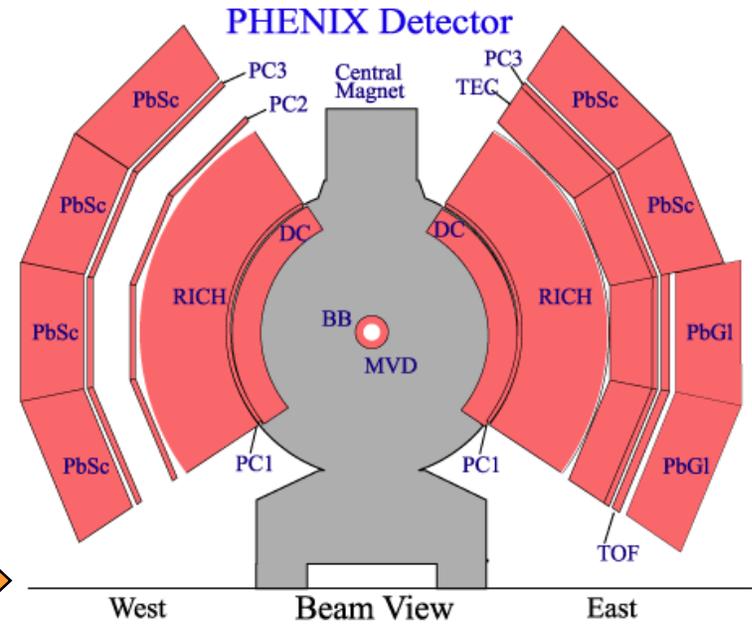
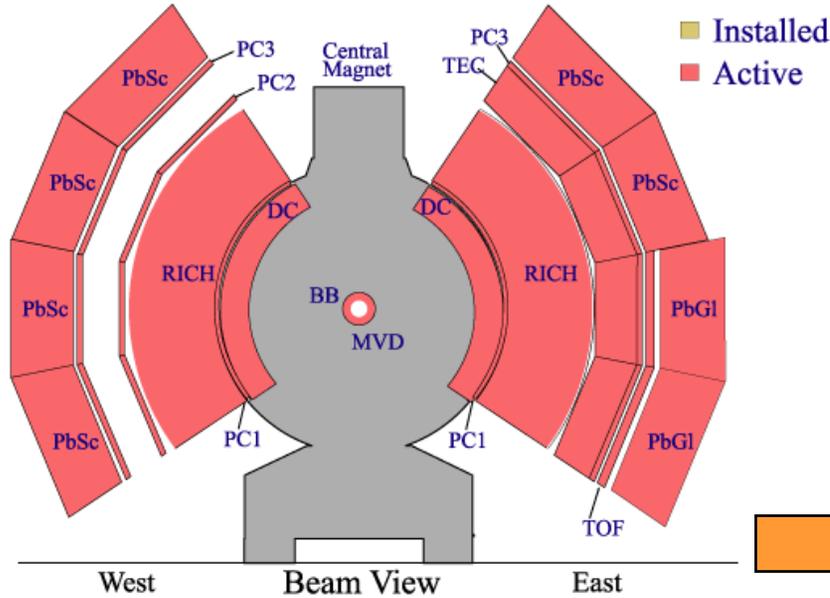


FIG. 9: Transverse mass distributions for π^\pm , K^\pm , protons and anti-protons for central 0-5% (top panels), mid-central 40-50% (middle panels) and peripheral 60-92% (bottom panels) in Au+Au collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$ GeV. The lines on each spectra are the fitted results using m_T exponential function. The fit ranges are 0.2 - 1.0 GeV/c^2 for pions and 0.1 - 1.0 GeV/c^2 for kaons, protons, and anti-protons in $m_T - m_0$. The error bars are statistical errors only.

PHENIX Detector - Second Year Physics Run



Central Arm Tracking

- Drift Chamber
- Pad Chambers
- Time Expansion Chamber

Muon Arm Tracking

Muon Tracker: **North Muon Tracker**

Calorimetry

- PbGl
- PbSc

Particle Id

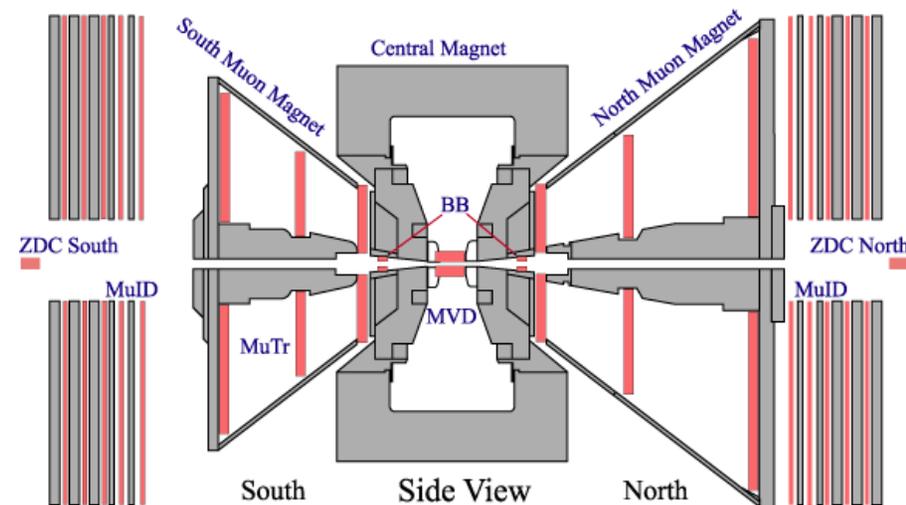
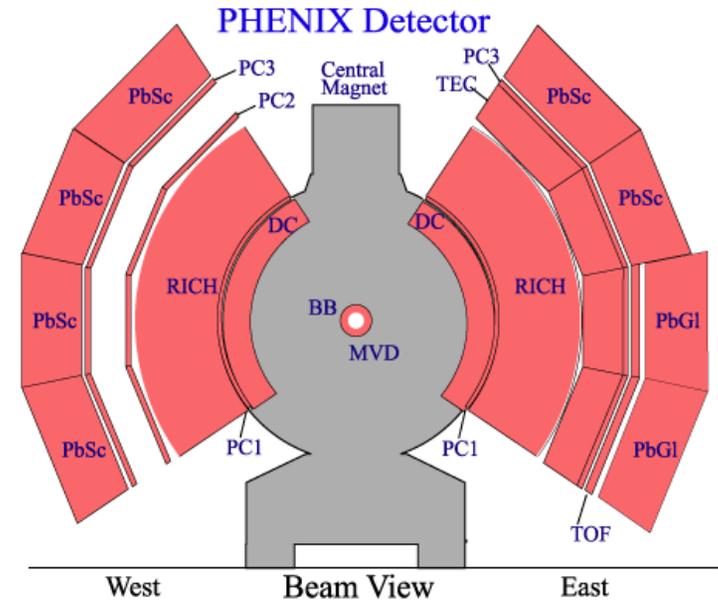
Muon Identifier: **North Muon Identifier**

- RICH
- TOF
- TEC

Global Detectors

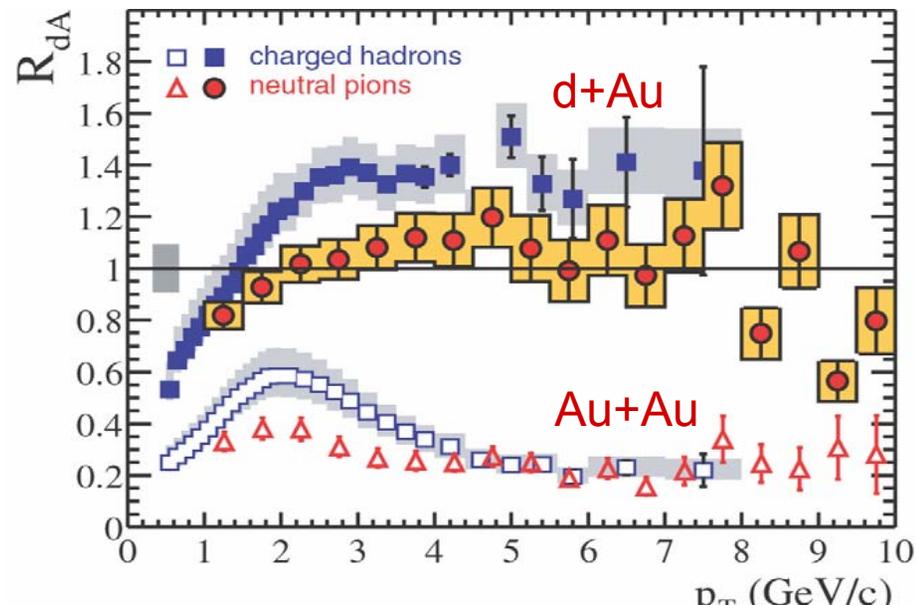
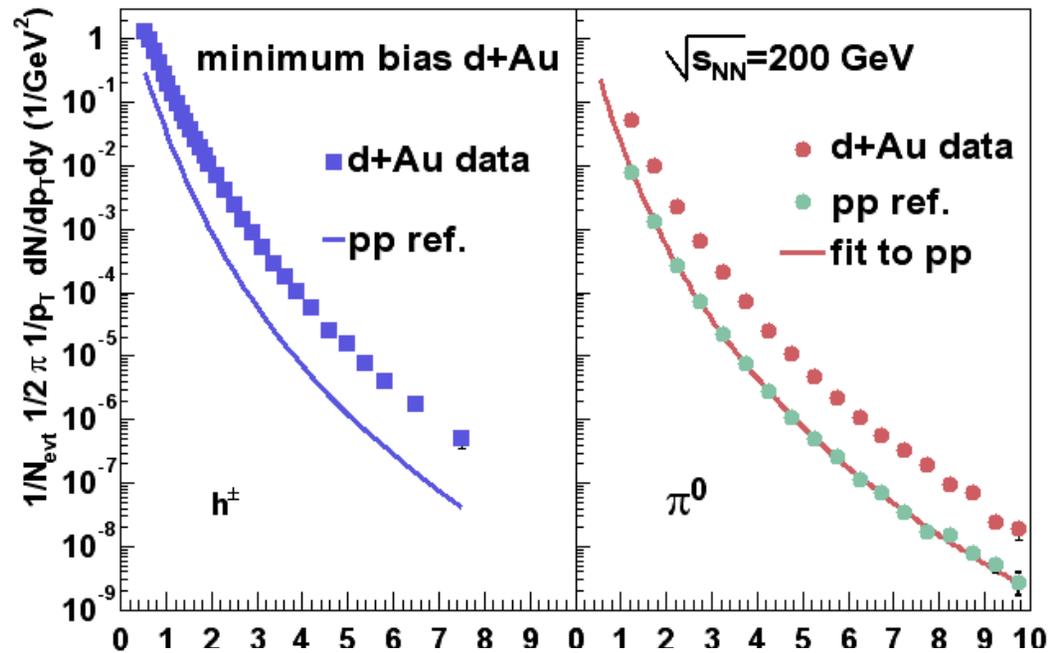
- BBC
- ZDC/SMD **Local Polarimeter**
- Forward Hadron Calorimeters**
- NTC
- MVD

Online Calibration and Production



- "Absence of Suppression in Particle Production at Large Transverse Momentum in $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$ GeV d+Au Collisions", [PRL 91, 072303 \(2003\)](#)

- PID-ed particles (π^0 's) out to the highest p_T 's PHENIX's unique contribution to the June "press event"



- **Run-1**

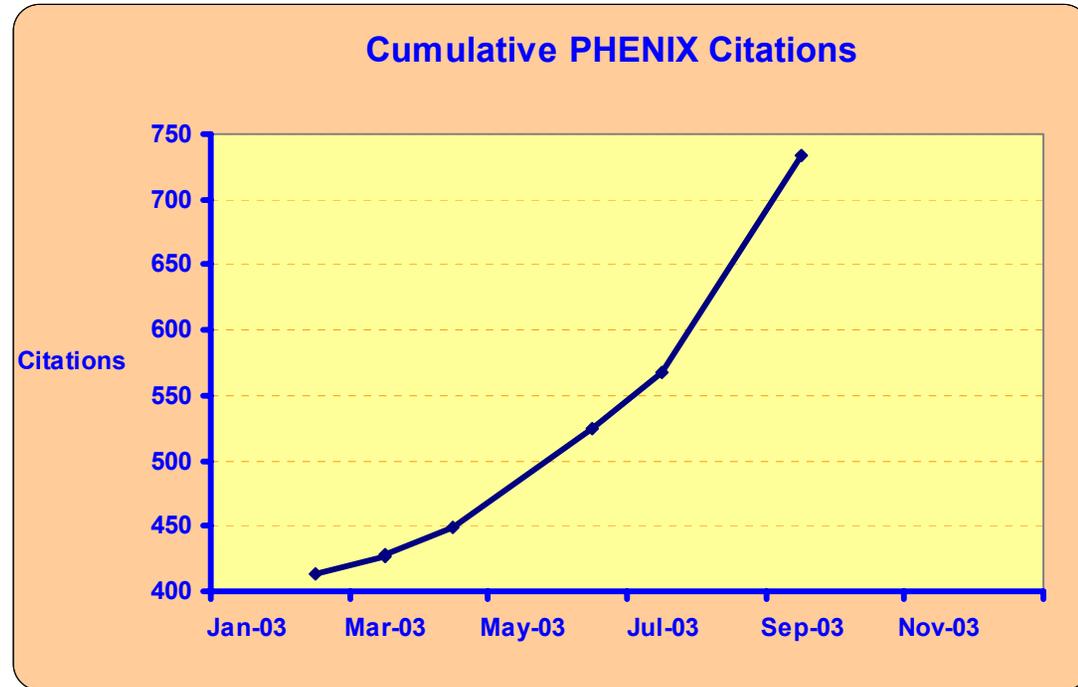
- ❑ 12 publications
- ❑ First 5 are “TopCites”
- ❑ One “archival” summary

- **Run-2**

- ❑ 8 submissions to date
- ❑ 6 accepted/published
- ❑ Several more still in progress
- ❑ One “archival” summary

- **Run-3**

- ❑ One publication
- ❑ Many to follow

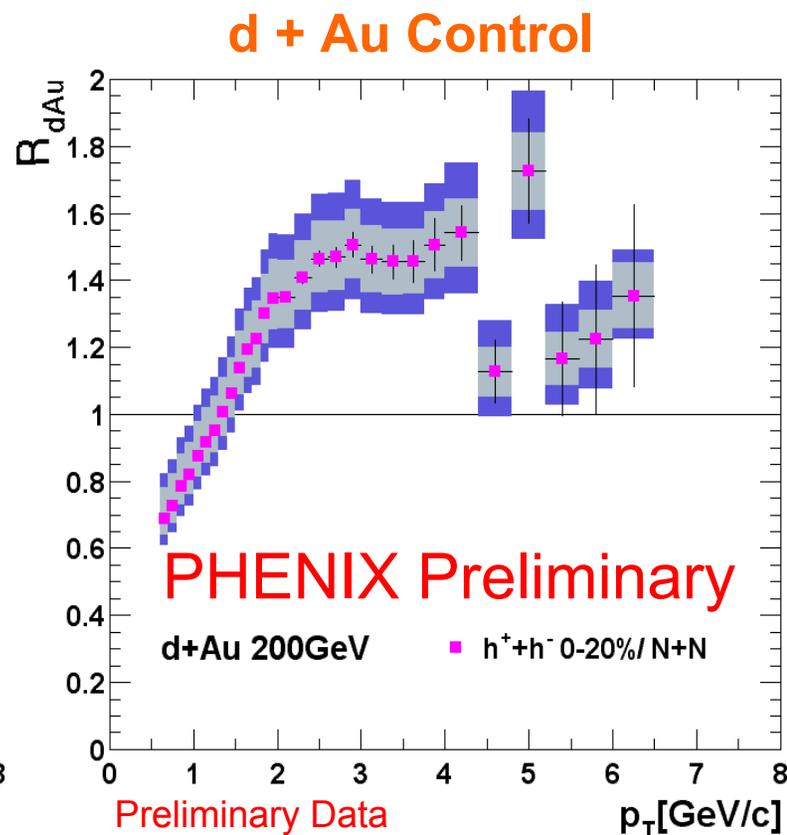
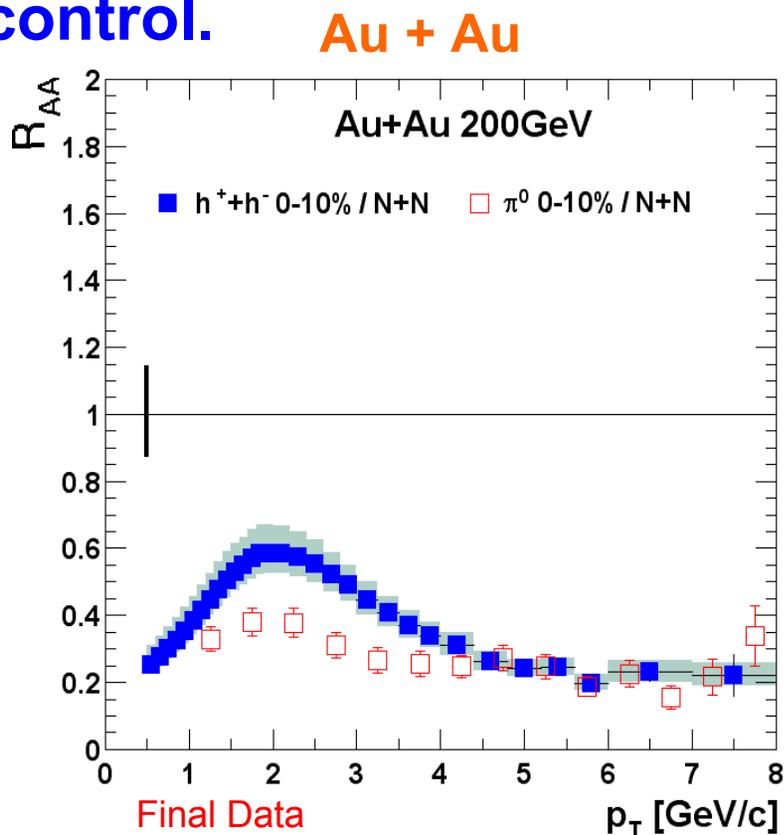


PHENIX Forthcoming Run-3 Results

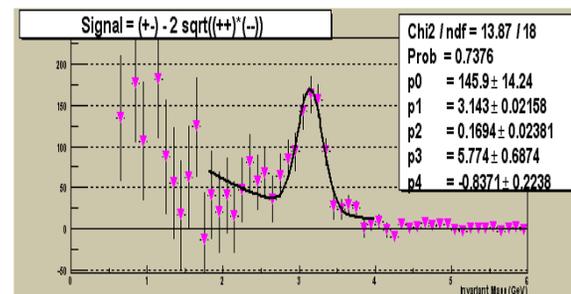
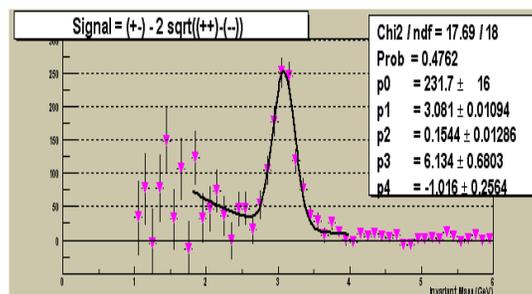
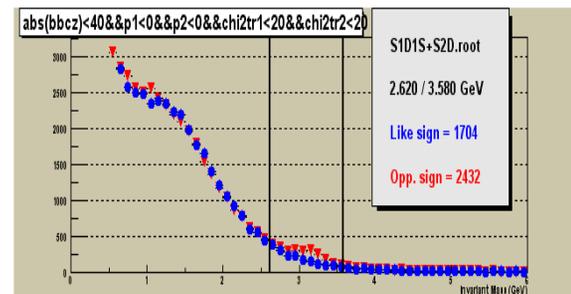
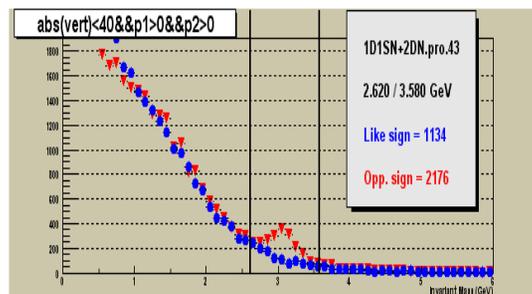
- Centrality selected

- Charged hadrons
- Identified charged hadrons
- π^0 's

- Opposite centrality evolution of Au+Au compared to d+Au control.

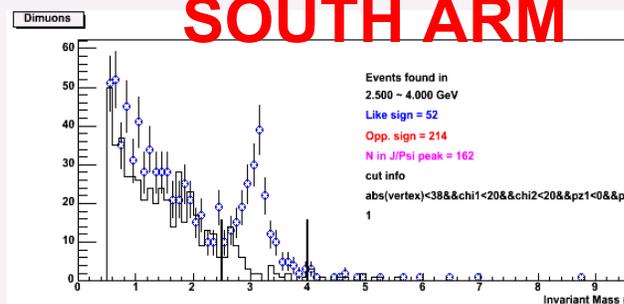


• d+Au

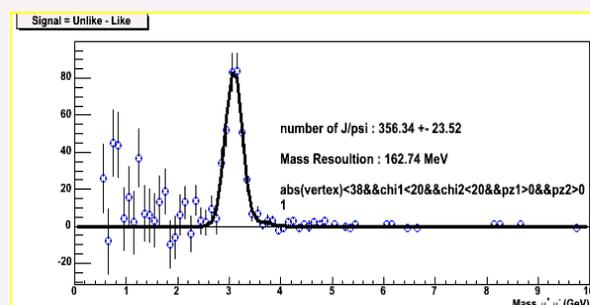
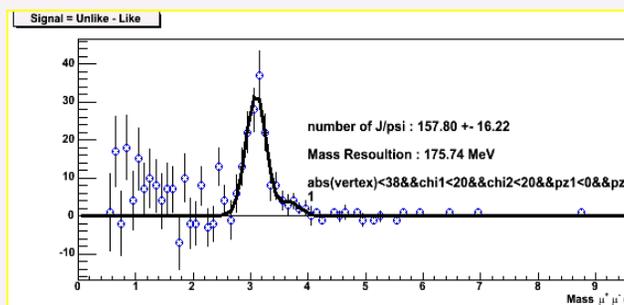
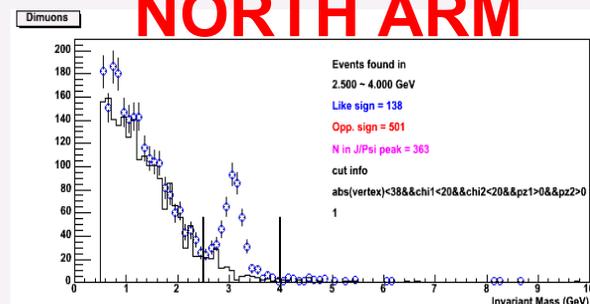


• p+p

SOUTH ARM

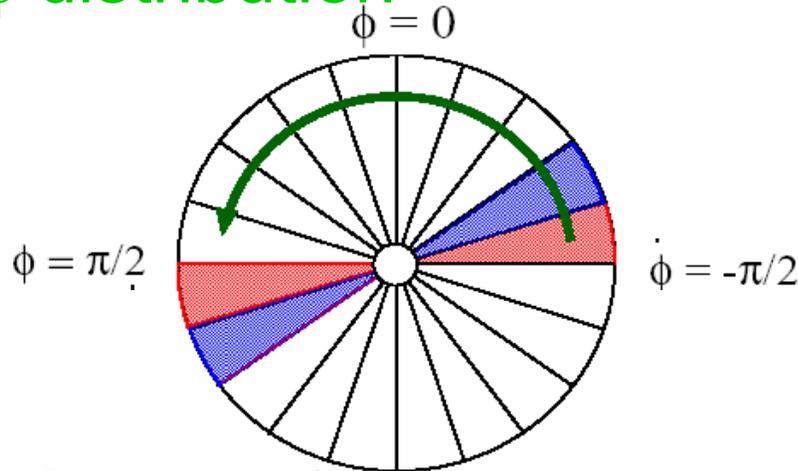


NORTH ARM



- Rotators at IP8 commissioned via local polarimeters
 - ❑ Forward neutron transverse asymmetry (AN) measurements
 - ❑ SMD (position) + ZDC (energy)

ϕ distribution



Vertical $\rightarrow \phi \sim \pm \pi/2$

Radial $\rightarrow \phi \sim 0$

Longitudinal \rightarrow no asymmetry

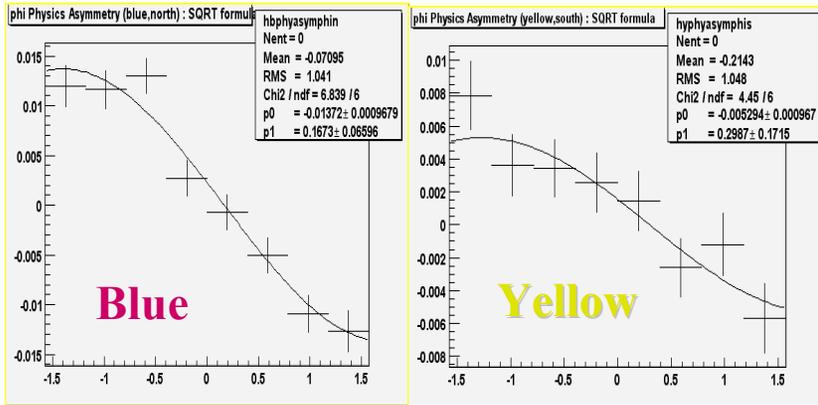
- Then longitudinally polarized protons used to obtain first glimpse of $A_{LL}(\pi^0)$



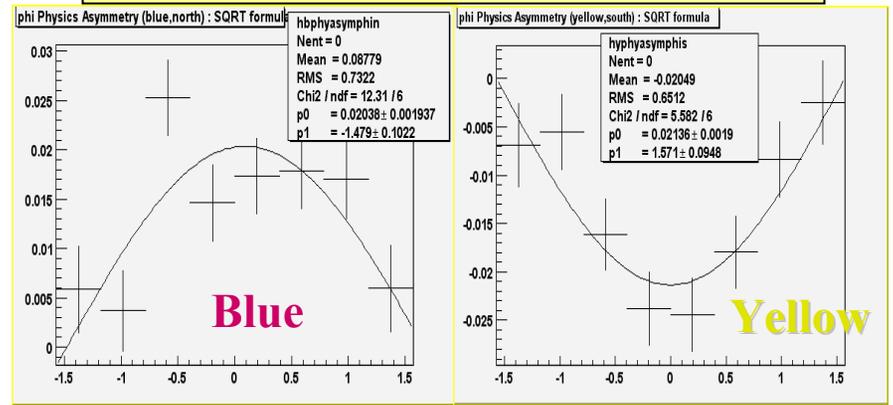
SMD

ZDC

Spin Rotators OFF



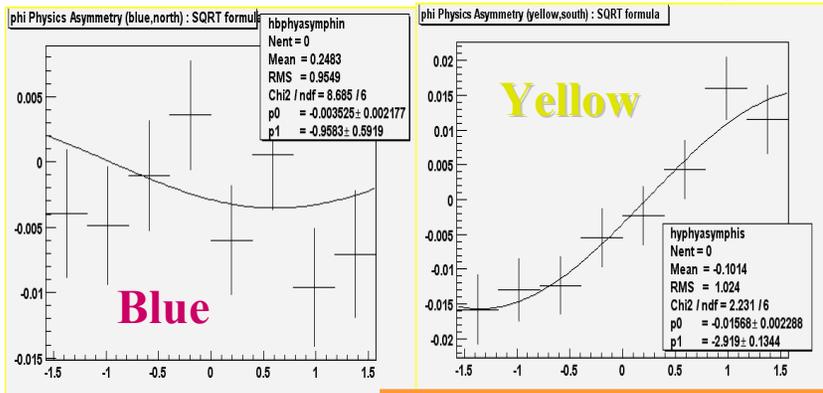
Spin Rotators ON, Current Reversed



Run-3

Spin Rotators ON, Almost...

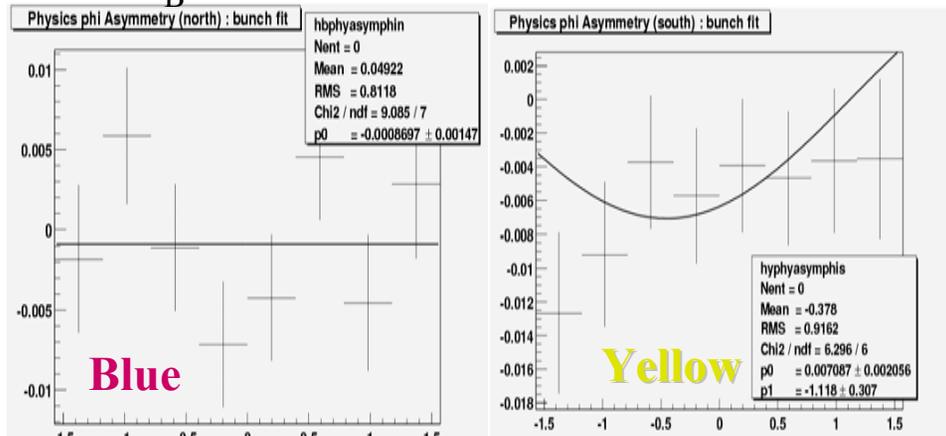
$|P|=30\%$, $P_T=0\%$ → $P_L=30\%$ $|P|=37\%$, $P_T=24\%$ → $P_L=28\%$



Spin Rotators ON, Correct!

$P_B=35.5\%$

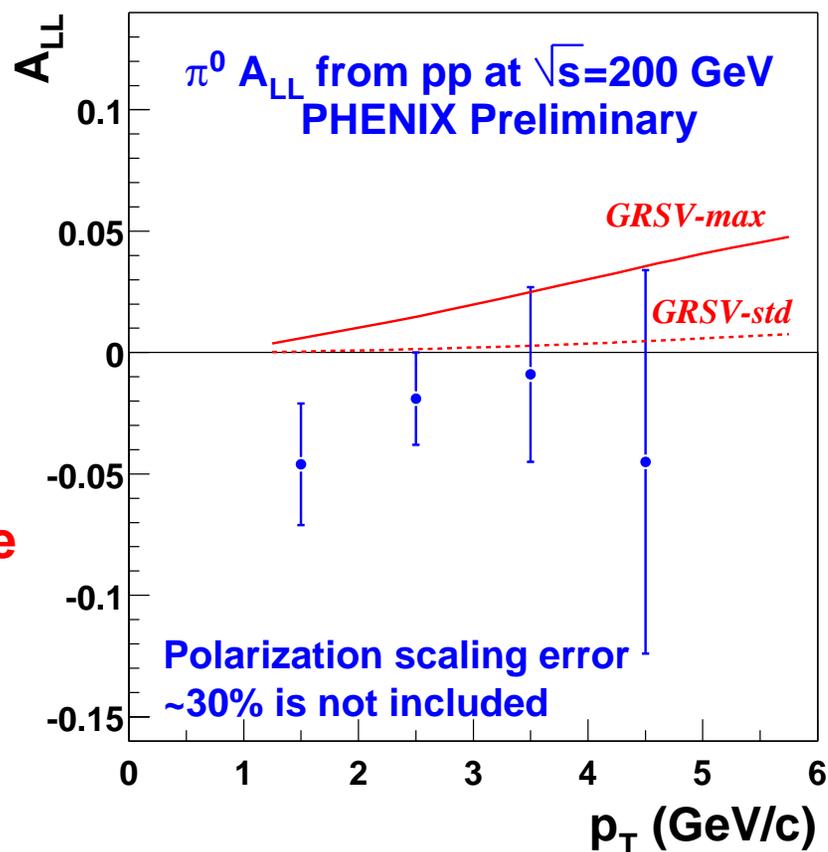
$P_B=37\%$



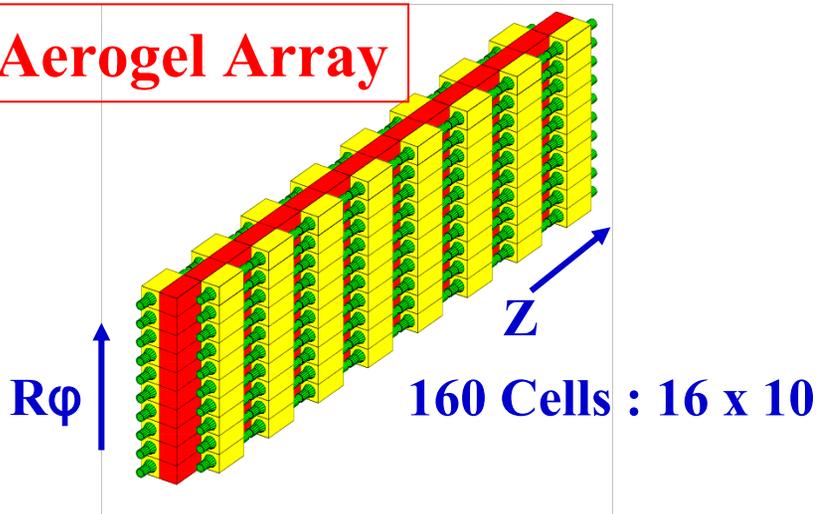
Essential to success of Run-3 spin physics!

- Presented this month at Dubna spin conference
- Extensive (ongoing) study of systematics
 - Bunch shuffling, background studies, A_L checks, ...
 - Relative luminosity precision $\sim 2.5 \times 10^{-4}$
 - ➔ Contribution to $A_{LL} < 0.2\%$
 - ➔ Dominated by statistical errors from 0.22 pb^{-1} sample
- A very important proof-of-principle for spin program!

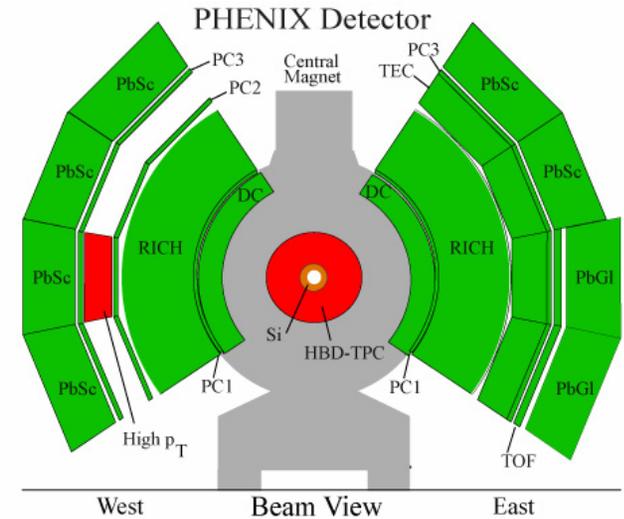
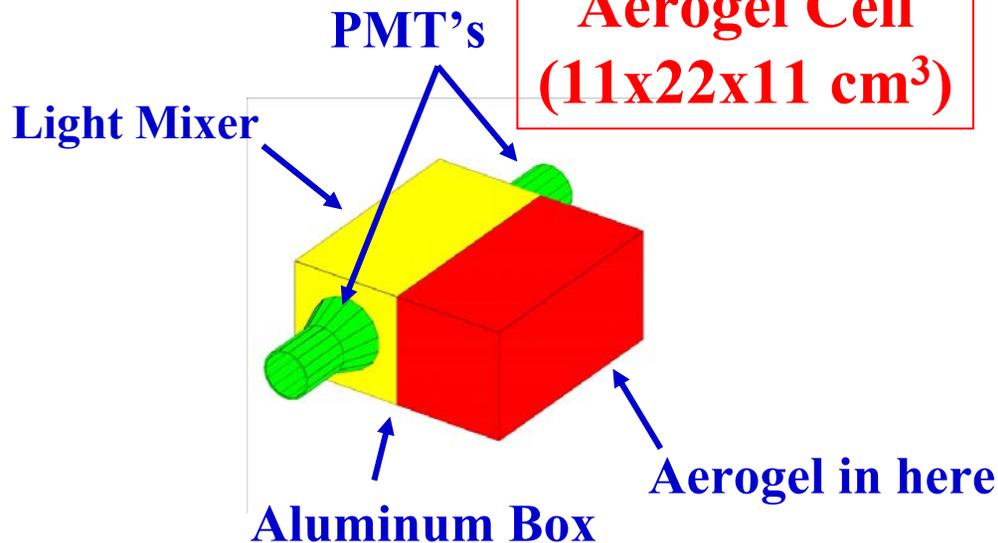
Calculations: B.Jäger *et al.*, PRD67, 054005 (2003)



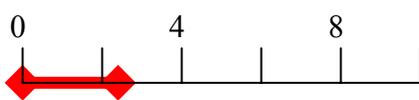
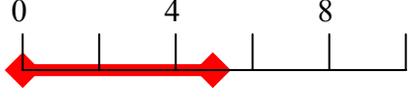
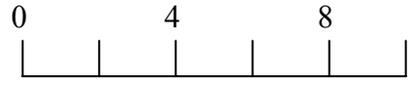
Aerogel Array



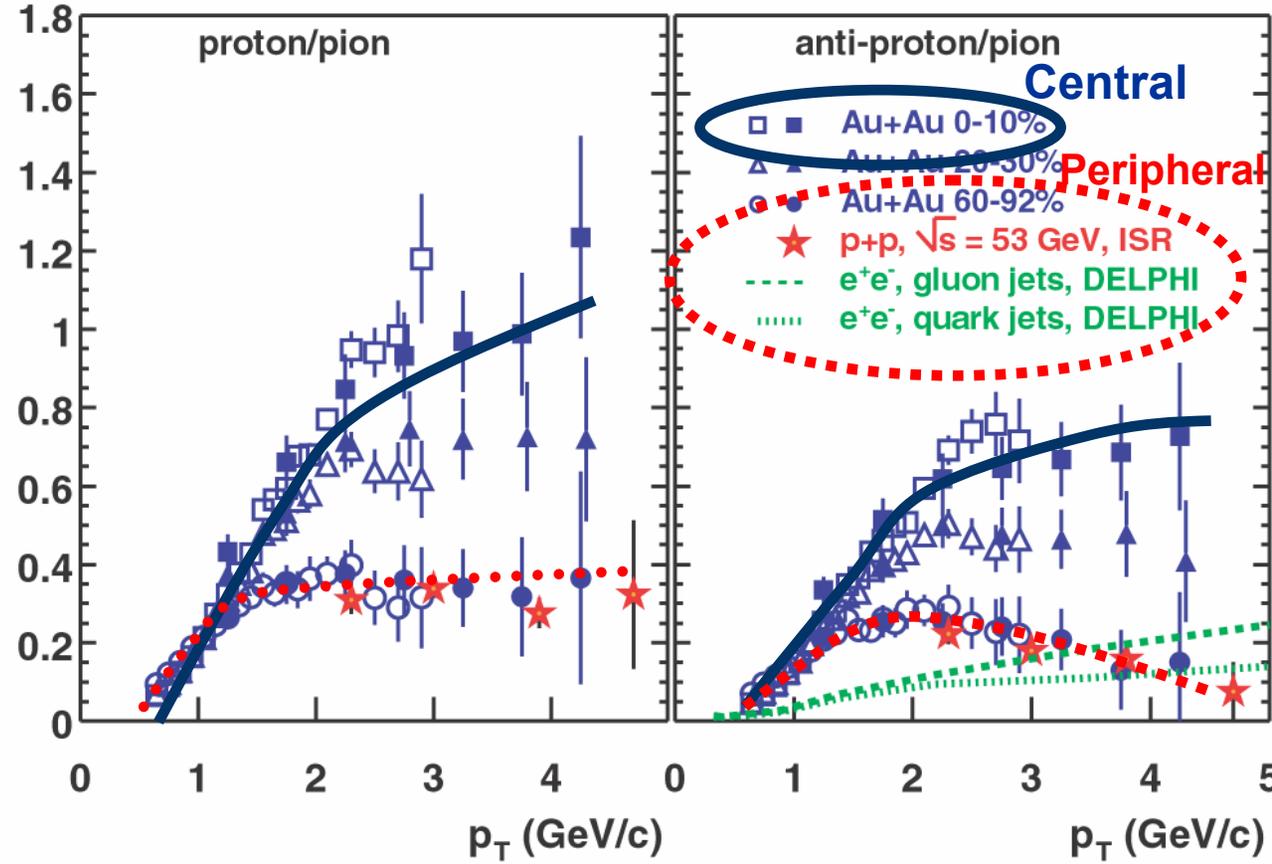
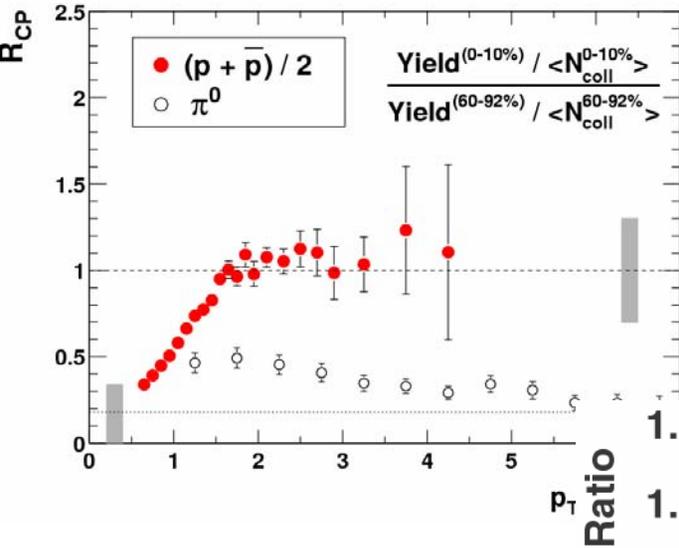
Aerogel Cell (11x22x11 cm³)



- The Aerogel detector is a threshold Cerenkov counter
- Aerogel is a very low density, SiO_2 – based solid
- Aerogel has index of refr. between gases & liquids.
- Ident. charged particles in a range inaccessible with other technologies.

		Pion-Kaon separation	Kaon-Proton separation
TOF	$\sigma \sim 100$ ps	0 - 2.5 	0 - 5 
RICH	$n = 1.00044$ $\gamma_{th} \sim 34$	5 - 17 	17 - 

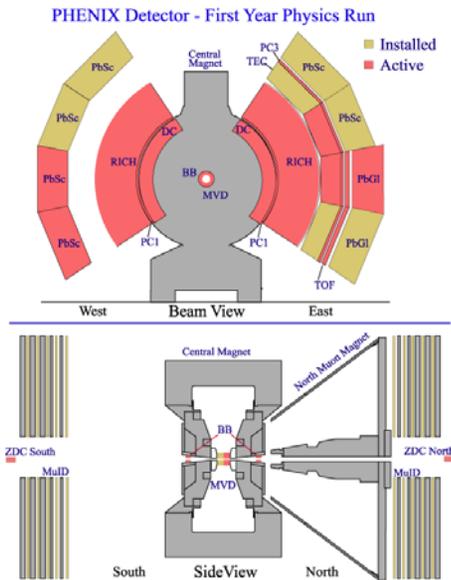
- Strong motivation given
 - Jet Quenching!?
 - Predictions of quark recombination models (and their provocative conclusions)



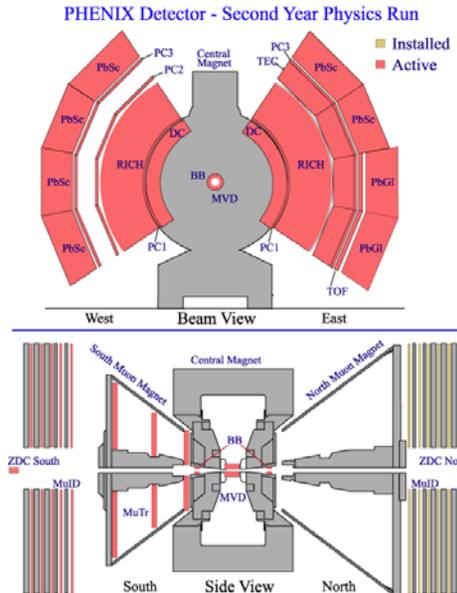
- Run-4 request should extend results for PID-ed K's and p's into the 5-7 GeV/c range

Run	Year	Species	$s^{1/2}$ [GeV]	$\int Ldt$	N_{tot}	p-p Equivalent	Data Size
01	2000	Au-Au	130	$1 \mu b^{-1}$	10M	$0.04 pb^{-1}$	3 TB
02	2001/2002	Au-Au	200	$24 \mu b^{-1}$	170M	$1.0 pb^{-1}$	10 TB
		p-p	200	$0.15 pb^{-1}$	3.7G	$0.15 pb^{-1}$	20 TB
03	2002/2003	d-Au	200	$2.74 nb^{-1}$	5.5G	$1.1 pb^{-1}$	46 TB
		p-p	200	$0.35 pb^{-1}$	6.6G	$0.35 pb^{-1}$	35 TB

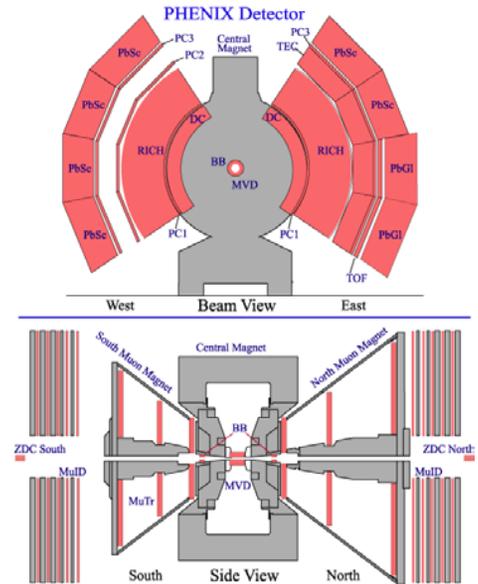
Run-1



Run-2



Run-3



- **Au+Au at 200 GeV, with goal of developing highest possible integrated luminosity**
- **An aggressive program of luminosity and polarization development for p+p, with the goal of the earliest practicable measurement of ΔG**
- **Light-ion running, to investigate dependence on system size**
- **A reduced energy run, again with emphasis on obtaining highest possible integrated luminosity**
- **High integrated luminosities achieved via minimal variations in species and energies, as per CAD guidance**

Table 2: The PHENIX Beam Use Proposal for 27 cryo weeks per year

RUN	SPECIES	$\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ (GeV)	PHYSICS WEEKS	$\int \mathcal{L} dt$ (delivered)	p+p Equivalent
4	Au+Au	200	14	$316 \mu\text{b}^{-1}$	12.3 pb^{-1}
	p+p	200	(5 development)	-	
5	Si+Si	200	9	5.5 nb^{-1}	4.3 pb^{-1}
	p+p	200	5	3.0 pb^{-1}	3.0 pb^{-1}
6	Au+Au	62.4	19	$117 \mu\text{b}^{-1}$	4.3 pb^{-1}
7	p+p	200	19	158 pb^{-1}	158 pb^{-1}
8	Au+Au	200	19	$2157 \mu\text{b}^{-1}$	84 pb^{-1}
9	p+p	500	19	540 pb^{-1}	540 pb^{-1}
10	d+Au	62.4	19	3.3 nb^{-1}	1.3 pb^{-1}

Table 3: The PHENIX Beam Use Proposal for 37 cryo weeks per year

RUN	SPECIES	$\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ (GeV)	PHYSICS WEEKS	$\int \mathcal{L} dt$ (delivered)	p+p Equivalent
4	Au+Au	200	19	$521 \mu\text{b}^{-1}$	20.2 pb^{-1}
	p+p	200	5	1.2 pb^{-1}	1.2 pb^{-1}
5	Si+Si	200	14	12 nb^{-1}	9.6 pb^{-1}
	p+p	200	10	10 pb^{-1}	10 pb^{-1}
6	Au+Au	62.4	19	$117 \mu\text{b}^{-1}$	4.3 pb^{-1}
	p+p	500	2	5.4 pb^{-1}	5.4 pb^{-1}
7	p+p	200	19	158 pb^{-1}	158 pb^{-1}
	p+p	62.4	5	7 pb^{-1}	7 pb^{-1}
8	Au+Au	200	29	$3855 \mu\text{b}^{-1}$	150 pb^{-1}
9	p+p	500	29	966 pb^{-1}	966 pb^{-1}
10	d+Au	62.4	29	5.9 nb^{-1}	2.3 pb^{-1}

- An quantitative, integrated, planning exercise:

- **Quantitative:**

- ◆ Direct implementation of CAD guidance

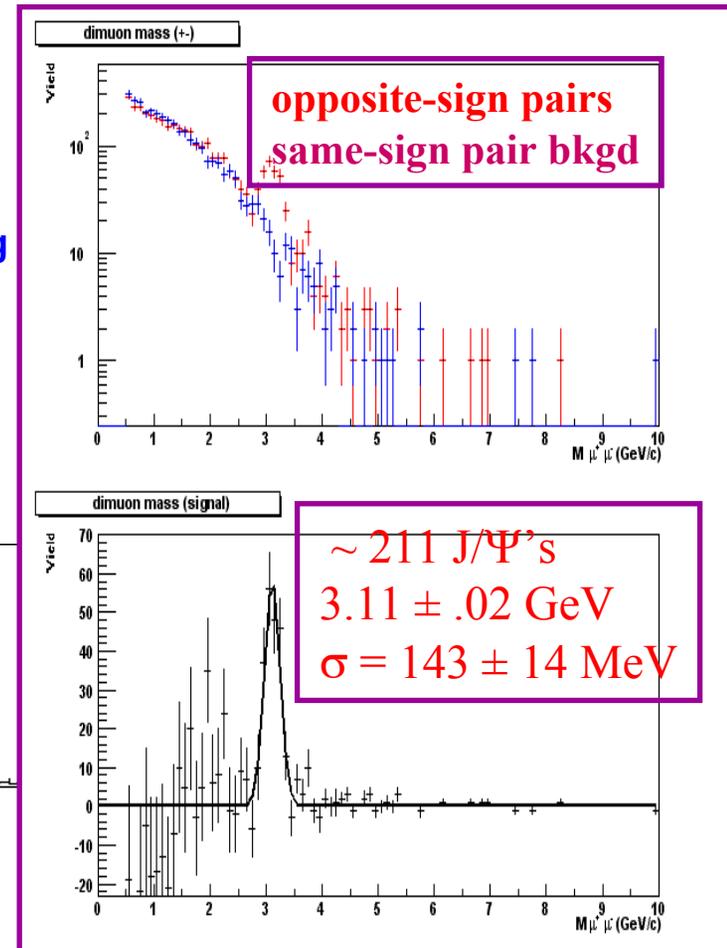
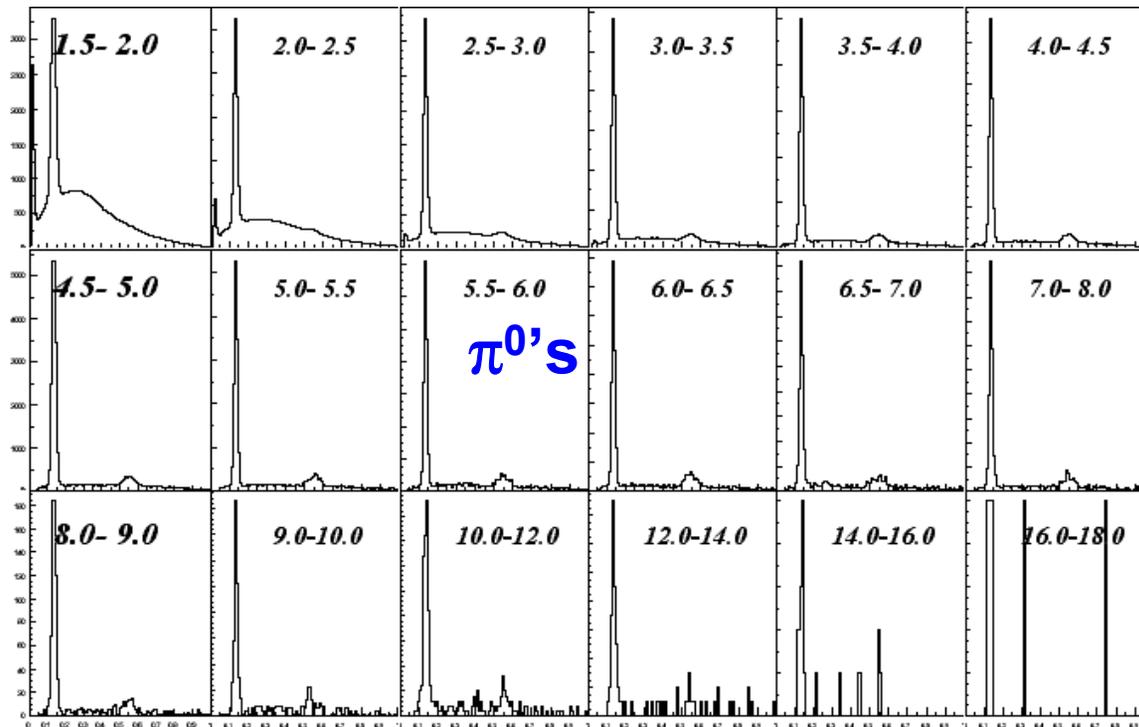
- ◆ Yield estimates (whenever possible) based on existing PHENIX measurements and known scaling laws

		2004 (Run-4)		2005 (Run-5)		2006 (Run-6)		2007 (Run-7)		2008 (Run-8)		2009 (Run-9)		2010 (Run-10)	
Weeks	J/Ψ p _T (max) A _{UL} (K ⁺) p _T (max)	14 weeks Au+Au 200 GeV 197 197		9 weeks Si+Si 200 GeV 28 28		19 weeks Au+Au 62.4 GeV 197 197		0 weeks Au+Au 200 GeV 197 197		19 weeks Au+Au 200 GeV 197 197		0 weeks Au+Au 200 GeV 197 197		19 weeks d-Au 62.4 GeV 2 197	
		123 μb ⁻¹ 4.78 pb ⁻¹ 1641 J/Ψ's 17.8 GeV/c		2.2 nb ⁻¹ 1.69 pb ⁻¹ 1574 J/Ψ's 15.8 GeV/c		45 μb ⁻¹ 1.76 pb ⁻¹ 124 J/Ψ's 10.4 GeV/c		0 μb ⁻¹ 0.00 pb ⁻¹ 0 J/Ψ's 0.0 GeV/c		841 μb ⁻¹ 32.64 pb ⁻¹ 11213 J/Ψ's 22.5 GeV/c		0 μb ⁻¹ 0.00 pb ⁻¹ 0 J/Ψ's 0.0 GeV/c		1.3 nb ⁻¹ 0.51 pb ⁻¹ 102 J/Ψ's 9.0 GeV/c	
		0 weeks p+p 200 GeV		5 weeks p+p 200 GeV		0 weeks p+p 200 GeV		19 weeks p+p 200 GeV		0 weeks p+p 500 GeV		19 weeks p+p 500 GeV		0 weeks p+p 500 GeV	
Weeks	J/Ψ p _T (max) A _{UL} (K ⁺) p _T (max)	0.0 pb ⁻¹ 30% 0 J/Ψ's 0.0 GeV/c		1.2 pb ⁻¹ 50% 1864 J/Ψ's 15.1 GeV/c		0 pb ⁻¹ 50% 0 J/Ψ's 0.0 GeV/c		62 pb ⁻¹ 60% 98572 J/Ψ's 24.3 GeV/c		0 pb ⁻¹ 70% 0 J/Ψ's 0.0 GeV/c		211 pb ⁻¹ 70% 943740 J/Ψ's 39.1 GeV/c		0 pb ⁻¹ 70% 0 J/Ψ's 0.0 GeV/c	
		0.0 GeV/c		6.2 GeV/c		0.0 GeV/c		11.0 GeV/c		0.0 GeV/c		19.0 GeV/c		0.0 GeV/c	
		4.78 pb ⁻¹		7.64 pb ⁻¹		9.40 pb ⁻¹		71.01 pb ⁻¹		103.65 pb ⁻¹		314.41 pb ⁻¹		314.92 pb ⁻¹	
Weeks	J/Ψ p _T (max)	19 weeks Au+Au 200 GeV 197 197		14 weeks Si+Si 200 GeV 28 28		19 weeks Au+Au 62.4 GeV 197 197		5 weeks p-p 62.4 GeV 1 1		29 weeks Au+Au 200 GeV 197 197		0 weeks d-Au 62.4 GeV 2 197		29 weeks d-Au 62.4 GeV 2 197	
		203 μb ⁻¹ 7.88 pb ⁻¹ 2707 J/Ψ's 19.0 GeV/c		4.7 nb ⁻¹ 3.72 pb ⁻¹ 3459 J/Ψ's 17.3 GeV/c		45 μb ⁻¹ 1.76 pb ⁻¹ 124 J/Ψ's 10.4 GeV/c		2.7 pb ⁻¹ 2.70 pb ⁻¹ 682 J/Ψ's 11.0 GeV/c		1503 μb ⁻¹ 58.34 pb ⁻¹ 20043 J/Ψ's 24.1 GeV/c		0 nb ⁻¹ 0.00 pb ⁻¹ 0 J/Ψ's 0.0 GeV/c		2.3 nb ⁻¹ 0.91 pb ⁻¹ 182 J/Ψ's 9.6 GeV/c	
		5 weeks p+p 200 GeV		10 weeks p+p 200 GeV		2 weeks p+p 500 GeV		22 weeks p+p 200 GeV		0 weeks p+p 500 GeV		29 weeks p+p 500 GeV		0 weeks p+p 500 GeV	
Weeks	J/Ψ p _T (max) A _{UL} (K ⁺) p _T (max)	0.5 pb ⁻¹ 40% 746 J/Ψ's 13.5 GeV/c		3.8 pb ⁻¹ 50% 6025 J/Ψ's 17.3 GeV/c		2.1 pb ⁻¹ 50% 9391 J/Ψ's 22.4 GeV/c		76 pb ⁻¹ 60% 121857 J/Ψ's 24.9 GeV/c		0 pb ⁻¹ 70% 0 J/Ψ's 0.0 GeV/c		377 pb ⁻¹ 70% 1686843 J/Ψ's 41.3 GeV/c		0 pb ⁻¹ 70% 0 J/Ψ's 0.0 GeV/c	
		5.0 GeV/c		7.2 GeV/c		9.3 GeV/c		11.2 GeV/c		0.0 GeV/c		20.4 GeV/c		0.0 GeV/c	
		8.34 pb ⁻¹		15.83 pb ⁻¹		19.69 pb ⁻¹		98.55 pb ⁻¹		156.90 pb ⁻¹		533.61 pb ⁻¹		534.52 pb ⁻¹	

- **Integrated:** Sequential set of measurements designed to deliver comparable run sensitivities in ~ all channels

- **Planning:** Based on *current* knowledge of machine, detector, physics and future developments

- CAD guidance, “linear growth model” implemented in spreadsheet
- Physics yields for representative measurements *calibrated* based on PHENIX *measurements*
- Extensive “phase space” of options explored in the planning process
- Were led back to a position consistent with our previous multi-year proposals to PAC
- Exploits the *demonstrated* capabilities of PHENIX to use the full luminosity of RHIC to measure identified particles to the highest possible transverse momenta



• Conclusions:

□ ~All goals accomplished

◆ *As permitted by available integrated luminosity*

◆ For Au-Au (d-Au) only

□ Much remains

◆ Truly rare probes in Au-Au

◆ Species scans

◆ Energy variation

Table 3.1: Physics Variables to be Measured by the PHENIX Experiment

Quantity to be Measured	Category*	Physics Objective
$e^+e^-, \mu^+\mu^-$ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • $\rho \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^- / \rho \rightarrow \pi\pi, d\sigma/dp_\perp$ • $\omega \rightarrow e^+e^- / \omega \rightarrow \pi\pi, d\sigma/dp_\perp$ • ϕ-meson's width and $m_{\phi \rightarrow e^+e^-}$ ✓ $\phi \rightarrow e^+e^- / \phi \rightarrow K^+K^-$ • ϕ-meson yield (e^+e^-) ✓ $J/\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-, \mu^+\mu^-$ • $\psi' \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ • $\Upsilon, \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ • $1 < m_T(l^+l^-) < 3 \text{ GeV}$ (rate and shape) • $m_{l^+l^-} > 3 \text{ GeV} \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ • $\sigma \rightarrow \pi\pi, e^+e^-, \gamma\gamma$ 	BCD QGP QGP ES QGP, QCD ES, QGP QCD QGP QGP	Basic dynamics (T, τ , etc.) for a hot gas, transverse flow, etc. Mass shift due to chiral transition (C.T.) [2] Branching ratio change due to C.T. [3] Strangeness production ($gg \rightarrow ss$) Yield suppression and the distortion of p_T spectra due to Debye screening in deconfinement transition (D.T.) [4] Thermal radiation of hot gas, and effects of QGP [5, 6, 7] A -dependence of Drell-Yan, and thermal $\mu^+\mu^-$ [5, 6, 7, 8] Mass shift, narrow width due to C.T. [2]
$e\mu$ coincidence • $e\mu, e(p_T > 1 \text{ GeV}/c)$	QCD, QGP	$c\bar{c}$ background, charm cross section [9]
Photons <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • $0.5 < p_T < 3 \text{ GeV}/c \gamma$ (rate and shape) ✓ $p_T > 3 \text{ GeV}/c \gamma$ • π^0, η spectroscopy • $N(\pi^0)/N(\pi^+ + \pi^-)$ fluctuations ✓ High $p_T \pi^0, \eta$ from jet 	ES, QGP QCD BCD QGP QGP	Thermal radiation of hot gas, and effect of QGP [6, 7] A -dependence of QCD γ Basic dynamics of hot gas, strangeness in η Isospin correlations and fluctuations [10, 11] Reduced dE/dx of quarks in QGP [12]
Charged Hadrons <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ p_T spectra for $\pi^\pm, K^\pm, p, \bar{p}$ • $\phi \rightarrow K^+K^-$ ✓ K/π ratios ✓ $\pi\pi + KK$ HBT • Antinuclei ✓ high p_T hadrons from jet 	BCD QGP ES, QGP ES BCD QGP QGP QGP	Basic dynamics, flow, T , baryon density, stopping power, etc. Possible second rise of $\langle p_T \rangle$ [13] Branching ratio, mass width [3, 14] Strangeness production Evolution of the collision, R_\perp Long hadronization time ($R_{out} \gg R_{side}$) [15] High baryon susceptibility due to C.T.? [16] Reduced dE/dx of quarks in QGP [12]
Global <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ N_{tot} (total multiplicity) ✓ $dN/d\eta, d^2N/d\eta d\phi, dE_T/d\eta$ 	BCD BCD QGP	Centrality of the collision Local energy density, entropy Fluctuations, droplet sizes [17]

* BCD = Basic collisions dynamics. ES = Thermodynamics at early stages.
 QGP = Effect of QGP phase transition. QCD = Study of basic QCD processes.

Spectacular

- The machine achievements in the first 3 years of RHIC operations have been *spectacular* :
 - ❑ 3 different colliding species (p-p, p-Au, Au-Au)
 - ❑ 3.5 energies for Au-Au (19, 56, 130, 200) GeV
 - ❑ First ever polarized hadron collider
 - ❑ Design luminosity for Au-Au
 - ❑ (Etc.)
- Physics has been produced at “all” cross-sections:
 - ❑ Heavy Ions
 - ◆ barn: $dN_{ch}/d\eta$ vs N_{part} [PRL 86, 3500 \(2001\)](#)
 - ◆ mb : $v_2(p_T)$ [nucl-ex/0305013](#) (to appear in PRL)
 - ◆ μb : $R_{AA}(p_T)$ [PRL 88, 022301 \(2002\)](#)
 - ◆ nb : J/Ψ (limit) [nucl-ex/0305030](#) (to appear in PRC)
 - ❑ Spin
 - ◆ Life (for A_{LL}) begins at ~inverse pb
 - ◆ A start from Run-3? (0.35 pb^{-1})
- Future output of the program
 - ❑ Depends *crucially* on developing large integrated luminosities
 - ❑ Adversely affected by original 37 weeks \rightarrow 27 weeks per year
 - ❑ Enhanced by proposed program of upgrades

- 27 weeks

- Au+Au 200 GeV
 - ◆ 5+14 weeks
 - ◆ Many rare channels
- p+p 200 GeV
 - ◆ 5+0 weeks
 - ◆ Beam development

- 37 weeks

- Au+Au 200 GeV
 - ◆ 5+19 weeks
 - ◆ Many rare channels
- p+p 200 GeV
 - ◆ 5+5 weeks
 - ◆ Beam development
 - ◆ $A_{LL}(\pi^0)$

		2004 (Run-4)		
27 Weeks	J/ Ψ $p_T(\max)$	14 weeks		
		Au+Au 200 GeV	123 μb^{-1}	
		197 197	4.78 pb^{-1}	
			1641 J/ Ψ 's	
			17.8 GeV/c	
37 Weeks	J/ Ψ $p_T(\max)$ $A_{LL}(\pi^0) p_T(\max)$	0 weeks		
		p+p 200 GeV	0.0 pb^{-1} 30%	
			0 J/ Ψ 's	
			0.0 GeV/c	
			0.0 GeV/c	
			4.78 pb^{-1}	
37 Weeks	J/ Ψ $p_T(\max)$	19 weeks		
		Au+Au 200 GeV	203 μb^{-1}	
		197 197	7.88 pb^{-1}	
			2707 J/ Ψ 's	
			19.0 GeV/c	
37 Weeks	J/ Ψ $p_T(\max)$ $A_{LL}(\pi^0) p_T(\max)$	5 weeks		
		p+p 200 GeV	0.5 pb^{-1} 40%	
			746 J/ Ψ 's	
			13.5 GeV/c	
			5.0 GeV/c	
			8.34 pb^{-1}	

- A quest to develop *highest possible integrated luminosity* in full energy Au+Au running

- To eliminate statistical ambiguity in many production channels

- Example: J/Ψ production

- ◆ 27 week scenario:

- 2.6σ (e^+e^-)

- 3.2σ ($\mu^+\mu^-$)

(in 0-20% centrality bin)

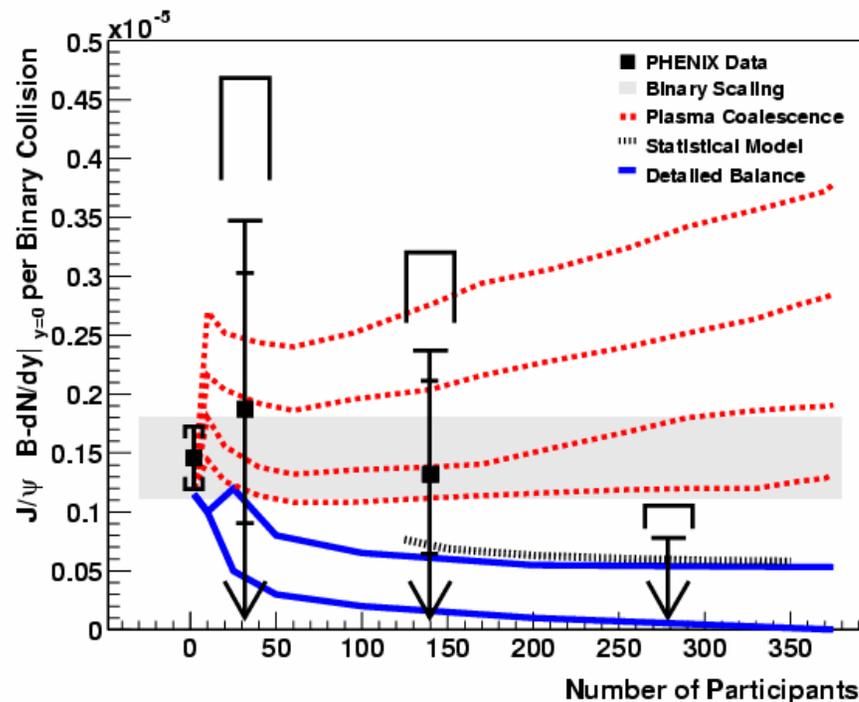


FIG. 6: (Color online) The J/ψ invariant yield per binary collision is shown from proton-proton reactions and three exclusive centrality ranges of Au-Au reactions all at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$ GeV. The lowest curve is a calculation including “normal” nuclear absorption in addition to substantial absorption in a high temperature quark-gluon plasma [16]. The curve above this is including backward reactions that recreate J/ψ . The statistical model [17] result is shown as a dotted curve for mid-central to central collisions just above that. The four highest dashed curves are from the plasma coalescence model [15] for a temperature parameter of $T = 400$ MeV and charm rapidity widths of $\Delta y = 1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 4.0$, from the highest to the lowest curve respectively.

PHENIX Run-4 Luminosity ($\phi \rightarrow e^+e^-$)

- A quest to develop *highest possible integrated luminosity in full energy Au+Au running*

- To eliminate statistical ambiguity in many production channels

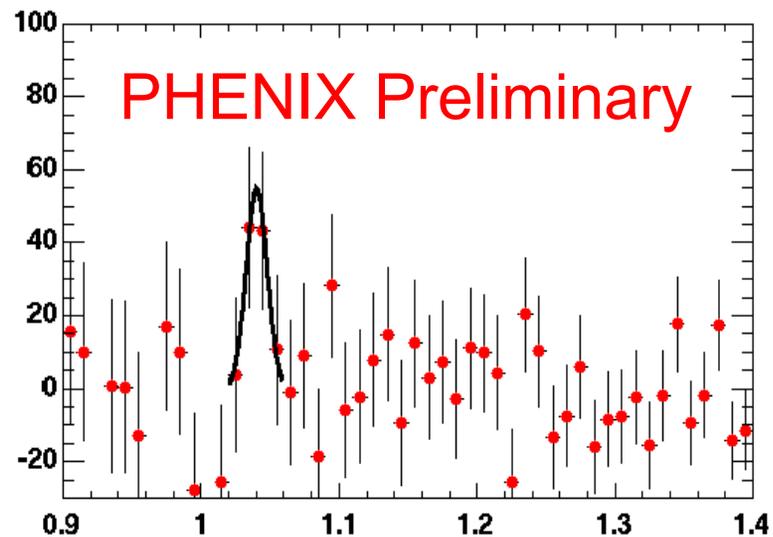
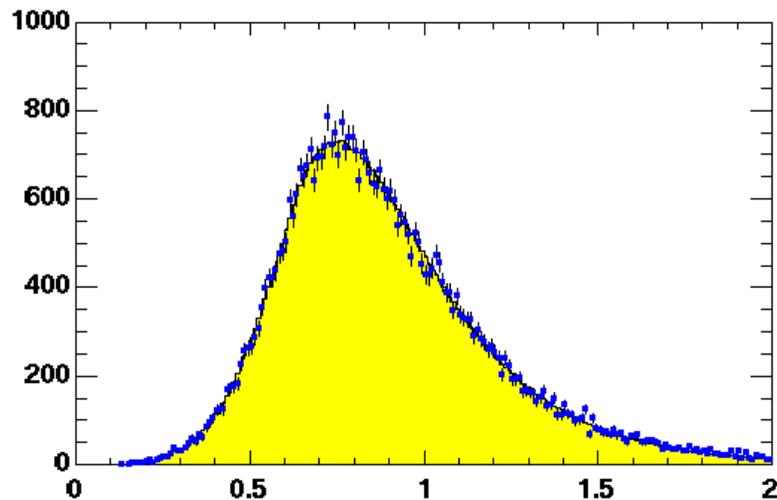
- Example: $\Phi \rightarrow e^+e^-$

- ◆ Run-2

$$\text{Signal} = 101 \pm 47 \text{ (stat)}_{-20}^{+56} \text{ (sys)}$$

- ◆ Run-4

- x10-15 yield
- Improved S/B



- A quest to develop *highest possible integrated luminosity* in full energy Au+Au running

- To eliminate statistical ambiguity in many production channels
- Example: Direct photons

◆ Run-2

- Statistics limited at $\sim 4 \text{ GeV}/c$

◆ Run-4

- Extend this to $\sim 10 \text{ GeV}/c$

HIGH-ENERGY PHOTONS FROM PASSAGE OF JETS THROUGH QUARK GLUON PLASMA.

by R. J. Fries, B. Muller and

D. K. Srivastava, Phys.Rev.Lett.90:132301,2003

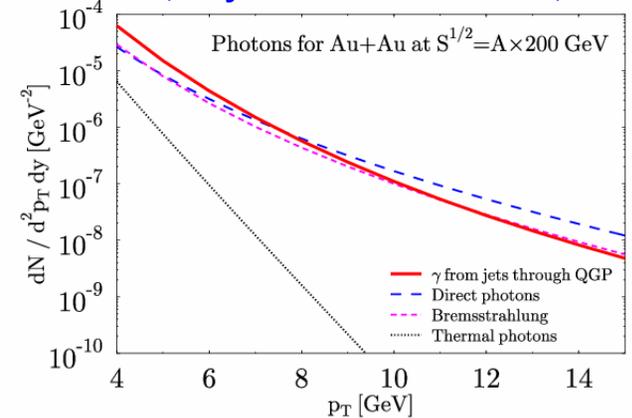
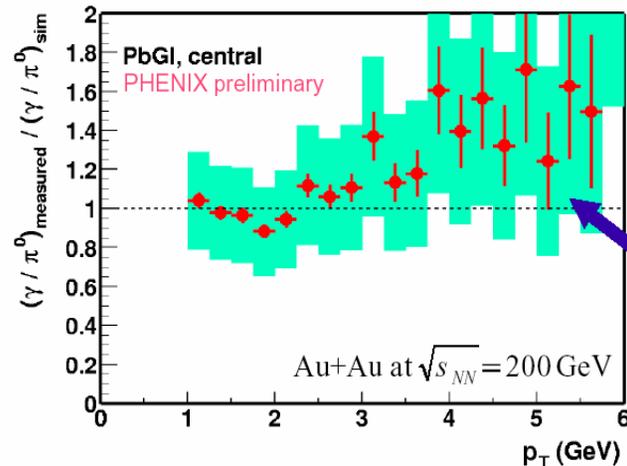
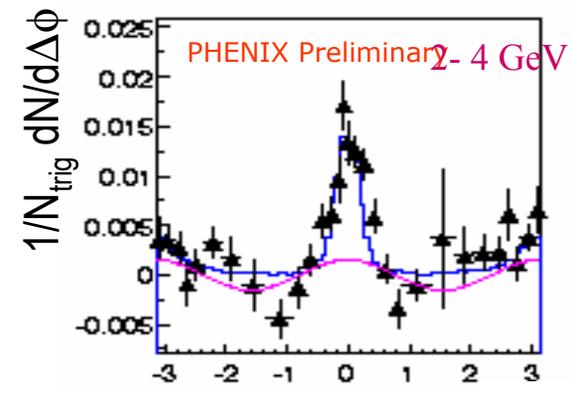
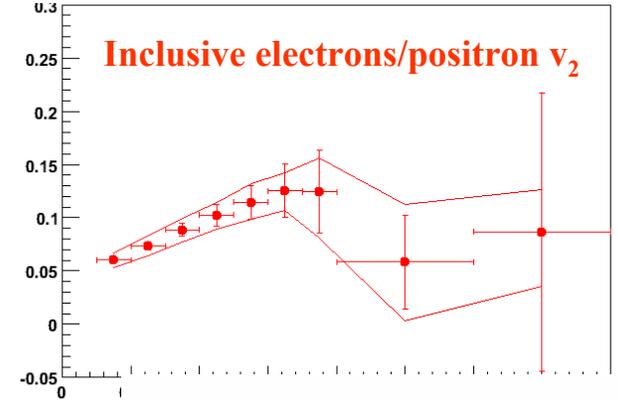
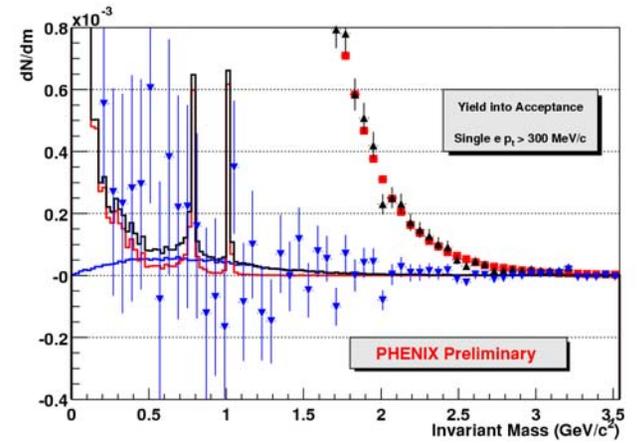


FIG. 1: Spectrum $dN/d^2 p_{\perp} dy$ of photons at $y = 0$ for central collision of gold nuclei at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200 \text{ GeV}$ at RHIC. We show the photons from jets interacting with the medium (solid line), direct hard photons (long dashed), bremsstrahlung photons (short dashed) and thermal photons (dotted).



- A quest to develop *highest possible integrated luminosity* in full energy Au+Au running

- To eliminate statistical ambiguity in many production channels
- Other examples:
 - ◆ Low-mass pairs
 - ◆ Charm flow
 - ◆ “Jet” correlations



PHENIX **Recombination Tested**

The *complicated* observed flow pattern in $v_2(p_T)$

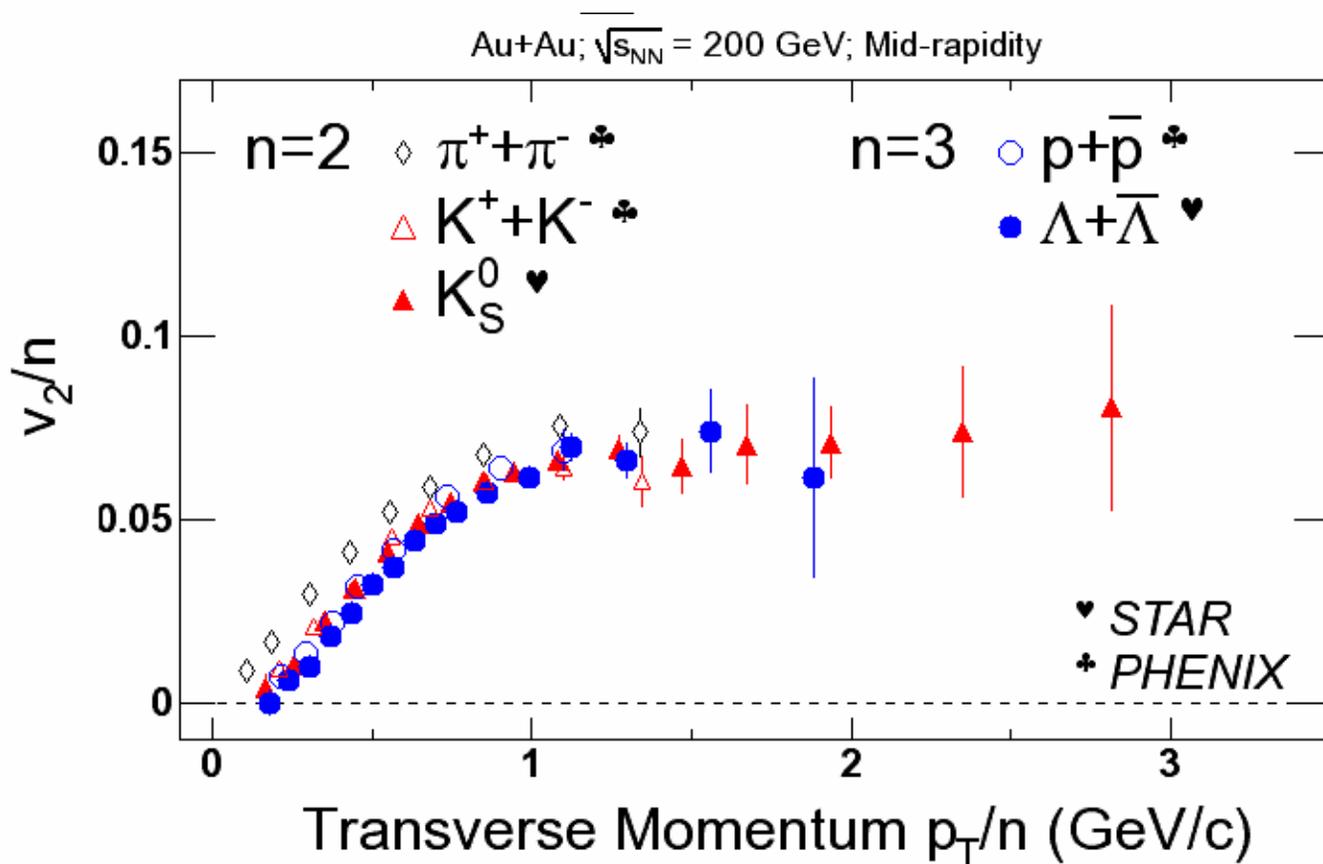
$$d^2n/dp_T d\phi \sim 1 + 2 v_2(p_T) \cos(2\phi)$$

is predicted to be *simple* at the quark level under

$$p_T \rightarrow p_T/n, v_2 \rightarrow v_2/n, n = 2, 3 \text{ for meson, baryon}$$

if the flow pattern is established at the quark level

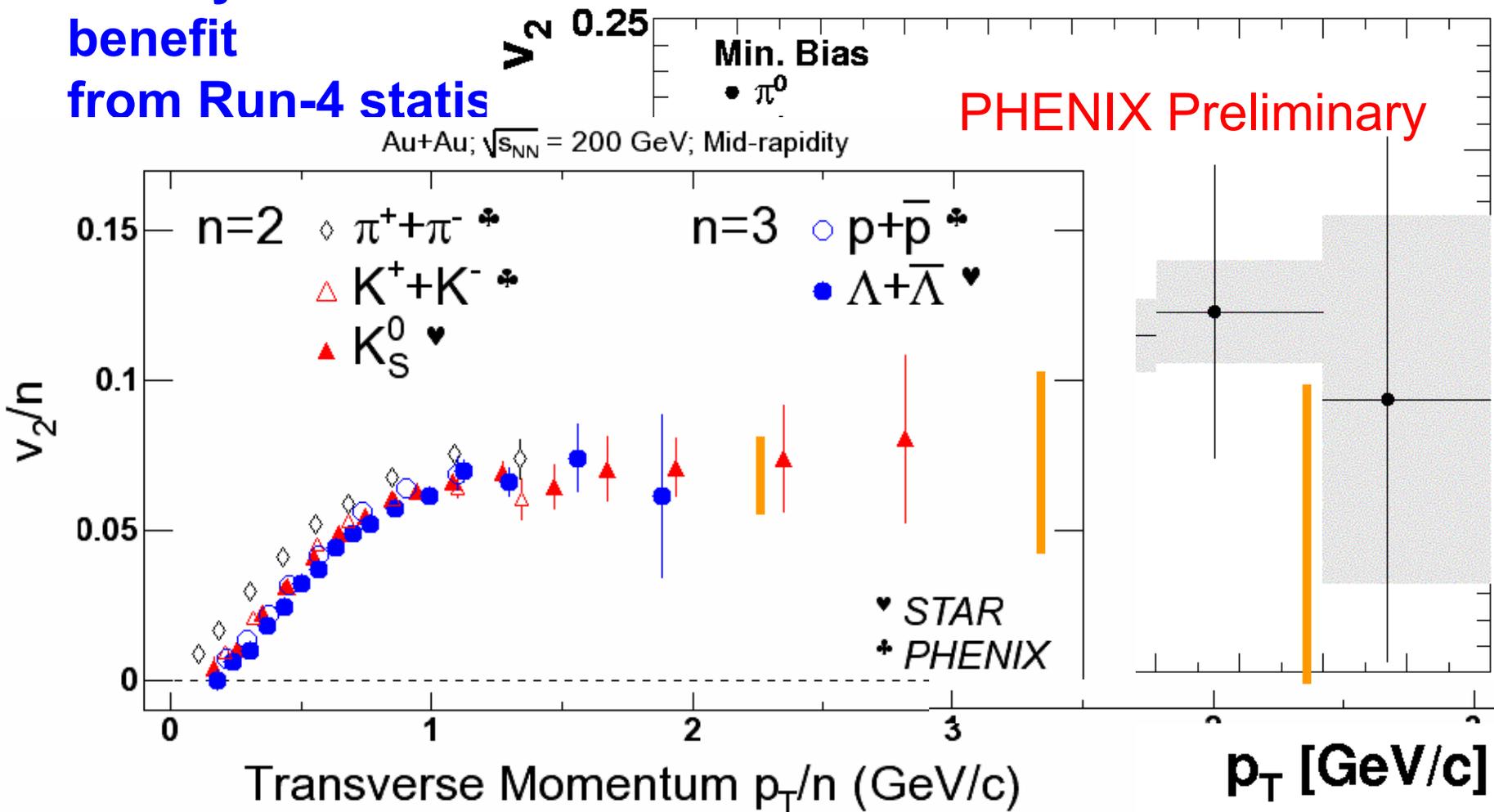
Compilation
courtesy of H.
Huang



PHENIX Yet Another Luminosity Limited Observable

- New PHENIX Run-2 result on v_2 of π^0 's:

- Clearly would benefit from Run-4 statis



- 27 weeks

- Si+Si 200 GeV

- ◆ 5+9 weeks

- ◆ Many rare channels

- p+p 200 GeV

- ◆ 5+5 weeks

- ◆ $A_{LL}(\pi^0)$

- 37 weeks

- Si+Si 200 GeV

- ◆ 5+14 weeks

- ◆ Many rare channels

- p+p 200 GeV

- ◆ 5+10 weeks

- ◆ Beam development

- ◆ Quality $A_{LL}(\pi^0)$

		2005 (Run-5)			
2 7 Weeks	J/ Ψ $p_T(\max)$	9 weeks			
		Si+Si	200 GeV	2.2 nb ⁻¹	
		28	28	1.69 pb ⁻¹	
				1574 J/ Ψ 's	
				15.8 GeV/c	
Weeks	J/ Ψ $p_T(\max)$ $A_{LL}(\pi^0) p_T(\max)$	5 weeks			
		p+p	200 GeV	1.2 pb ⁻¹	50%
				1864 J/ Ψ 's	
				15.1 GeV/c	
				6.2 GeV/c	
				7.64 pb ⁻¹	
3 7 Weeks	J/ Ψ $p_T(\max)$	14 weeks			
		Si+Si	200 GeV	4.7 nb ⁻¹	
		28	28	3.72 pb ⁻¹	
				3459 J/ Ψ 's	
				17.3 GeV/c	
Weeks	J/ Ψ $p_T(\max)$ $A_{LL}(\pi^0) p_T(\max)$	10 weeks			
		p+p	200 GeV	3.8 pb ⁻¹	50%
				6025 J/ Ψ 's	
				17.3 GeV/c	
				7.2 GeV/c	
				15.83 pb ⁻¹	

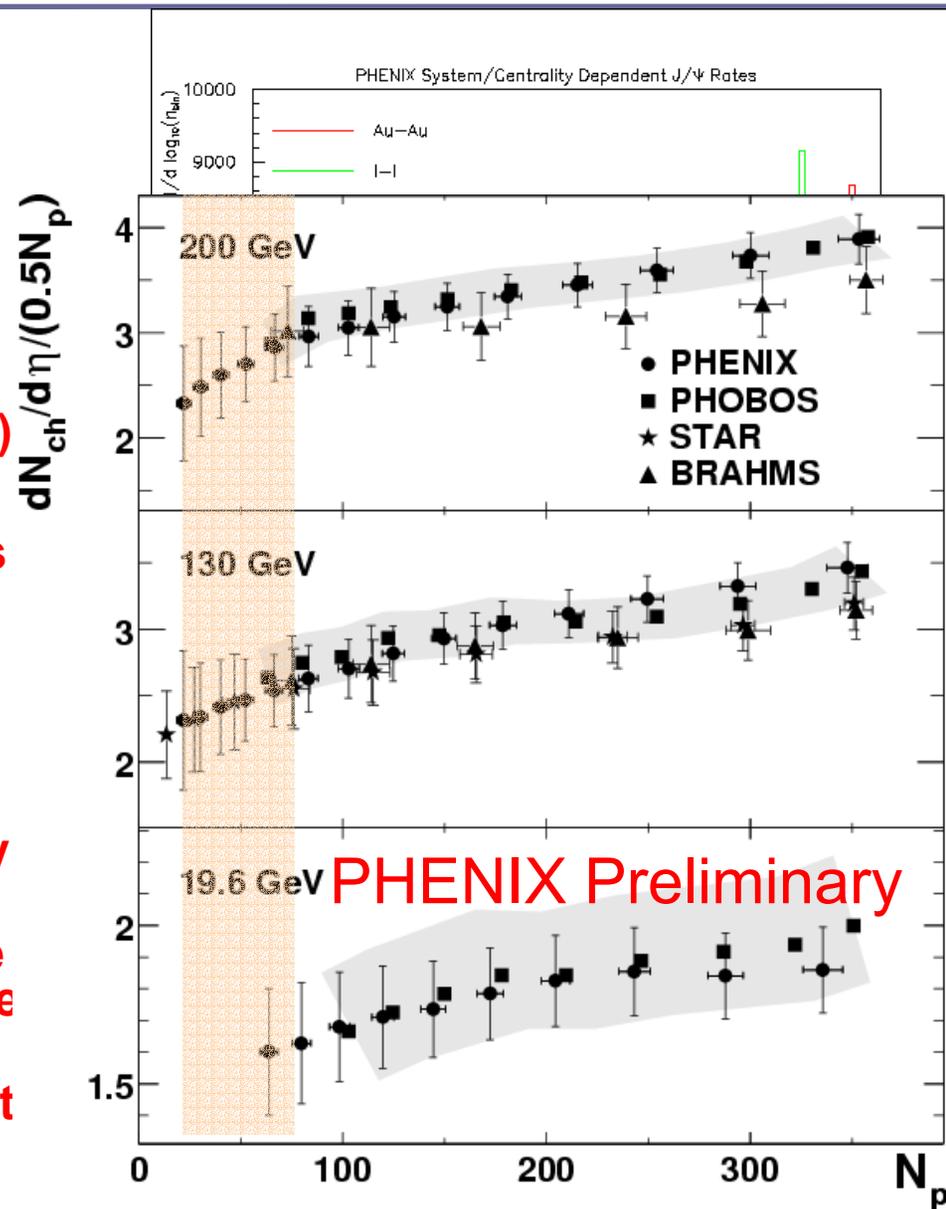
- 0-th order:

- We desire the species that will lead to highest possible integrated (parton-parton) luminosities
- CAD guidance neutral in this respect (but perhaps Si set-up is easier?)

- 1st-order:

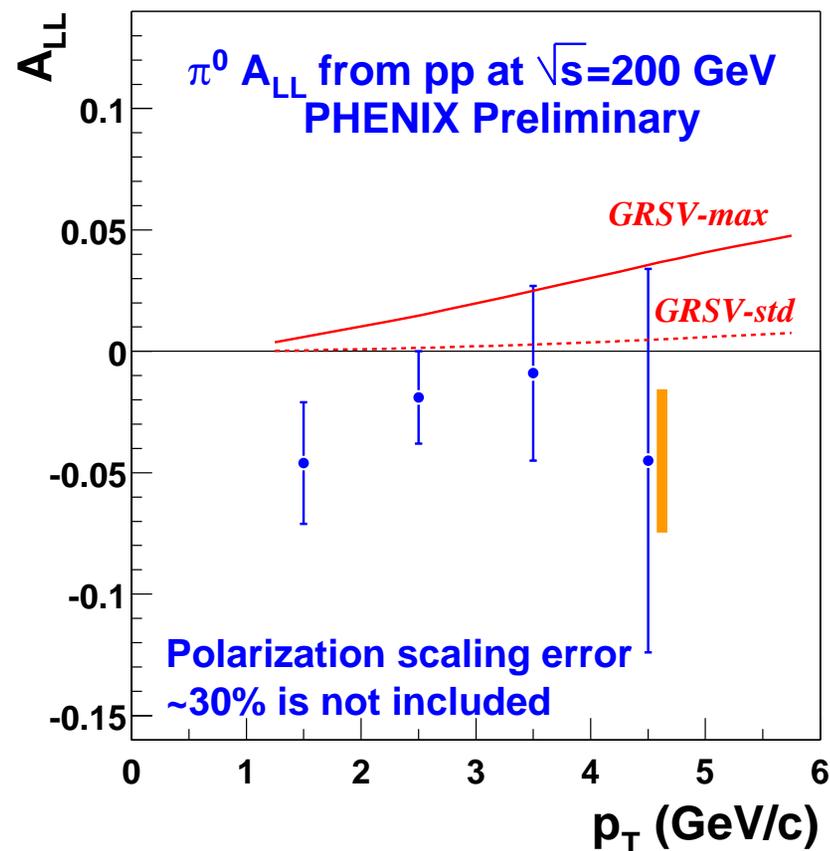
- Clearly depends on assumptions regarding (length, surface, volume) effects
- We have consistently requested a spectrum of species (Run-2, 3 Beam Use Proposals)
- This is now tempered with reality from CAD guidance
- Makes choice of “A” all the more important, since you get only one per running period
- Concern is that we will not vary it enough:

☞ All of the action seems to be at low N_{part}



PHENIX Spin Prospects in Run-5

- Run-3 Preliminary result based on
 - ❑ $\langle P \rangle = 26\%$
 - ❑ 0.35 pb^{-1} recorded
- For future projections:
- Run-4 (37 weeks only)
 - ❑ $\langle P \rangle = 40\%$
 - ❑ 0.5 pb^{-1} recorded
 - ❑ Factor 2.8 improvement in statistical error
- Run-5 (27 weeks scenario)
 - ❑ $\langle P \rangle = 50\%$
 - ❑ 1.2 pb^{-1} recorded
 - ❑ Factor 6.8 improvement in statistical error



- 27 weeks

- Au+Au 62.4 GeV

- ◆ 5+19 weeks

- ◆ Some rare channels

- ◆ ISR comparison

- 37 weeks

- Au+Au 62.4 GeV

- ◆ 5+19 weeks

- ◆ Some rare channels

- ◆ ISR comparison

- p+p 500 GeV

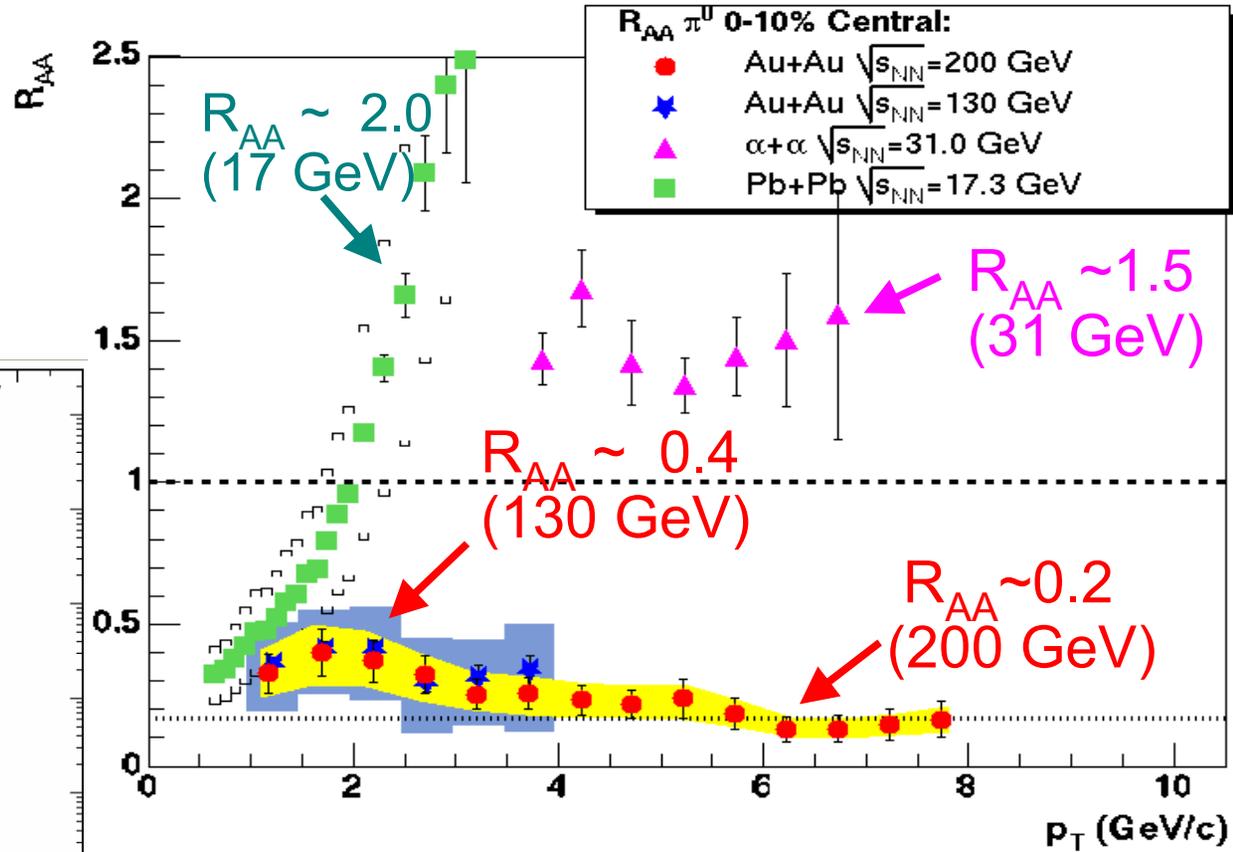
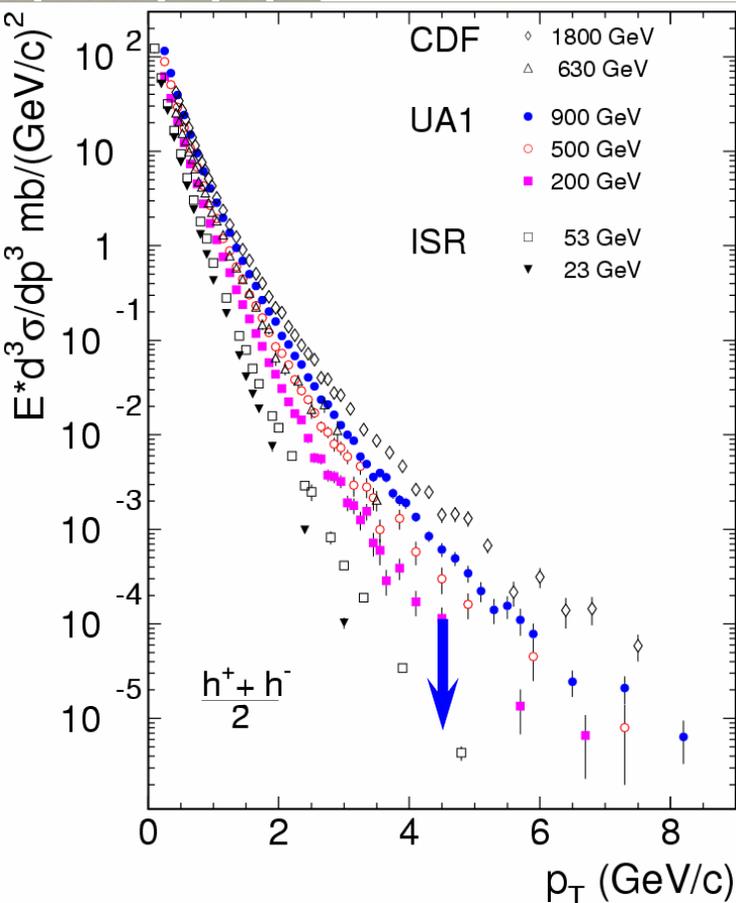
- ◆ 5+2 weeks

- ◆ Beam development

- ◆ New $A_{LL}(\pi^0)$

		2006 (Run-6)		
27 Weeks	Au+Au J/Ψ $p_T(\text{max})$	19 weeks		
		Au+Au	62.4 GeV	45 μb^{-1}
		197	197	1.76 pb^{-1}
				124 J/Ψ 's
				10.4 GeV/c
37 Weeks	Au+Au J/Ψ $p_T(\text{max})$ $A_{LL}(\pi^0) p_T(\text{max})$	0 weeks		
		p+p	200 GeV	0 pb^{-1} 50%
				0 J/Ψ 's
				0.0 GeV/c
				0.0 GeV/c
				9.40 pb^{-1}
27 Weeks	Au+Au J/Ψ $p_T(\text{max})$	19 weeks		
		Au+Au	62.4 GeV	45 μb^{-1}
		197	197	1.76 pb^{-1}
				124 J/Ψ 's
				10.4 GeV/c
37 Weeks	Au+Au J/Ψ $p_T(\text{max})$ $A_{LL}(\pi^0) p_T(\text{max})$	2 weeks		
		p+p	500 GeV	2.1 pb^{-1} 50%
				9391 J/Ψ 's
				22.4 GeV/c
				9.3 GeV/c
				19.69 pb^{-1}

- Select an energy to make the suppression go away



- At a \sqrt{s} that still allows “full” coverage in p_T .
- Nota Bene:
 - RHIC luminosity scales as s (i.e., E^2)
 - ISR p+p comparison data

- 27 weeks

- p+p 200 GeV

- ◆ 5+19 weeks
 - ◆ Spin production run
 - ◆ “Ultimate” comparison set

- 37 weeks

- p+p 62.4 GeV

- ◆ 5+5 weeks
 - ◆ Some rare channels
 - ◆ ISR extension
 - ◆ (No species change)

- p+p 200 GeV

- ◆ 5+22 weeks
 - ◆ Spin production run
 - ◆ “Ultimate” comparison set

		2007 (Run-7)		
27 Weeks	J/Ψ p _T (max)	0 weeks		
		Au+Au 200 GeV	0 μb ⁻¹	
		197 197	0.00 pb ⁻¹	0 J/Ψ's
			0.0 GeV/c	
37 Weeks	J/Ψ p _T (max) A _{LL} (π ⁰) p _T (max)	19 weeks		
		p+p 200 GeV	62 pb ⁻¹ 60%	
			98572 J/Ψ's	
			24.3 GeV/c	
			11.0 GeV/c	
			71.01 pb ⁻¹	
37 Weeks	J/Ψ p _T (max)	5 weeks		
		p-p 62.4 GeV	2.7 pb ⁻¹	
		1 1	2.70 pb ⁻¹	
			882 J/Ψ's	
			11.0 GeV/c	
37 Weeks	J/Ψ p _T (max) A _{LL} (π ⁰) p _T (max)	22 weeks		
		p+p 200 GeV	76 pb ⁻¹ 60%	
			121857 J/Ψ's	
			24.9 GeV/c	
			11.2 GeV/c	
			98.55 pb ⁻¹	

- 27 weeks

- Au+Au 200 GeV

- ◆ 5+19 weeks

- ◆ “Penultimate” Au+Au run

- ◆ Needed to access Upsilon

- 37 weeks

- Au+Au 200 GeV

- ◆ 5+29 weeks

- ◆ “Ultimate” Au+Au run

- ◆ Needed to access Upsilon

		2008 (Run-8)			
27 Weeks	J/Ψ p _T (max)	19 weeks			
		Au+Au 200 GeV	841 μb ⁻¹		
		197	197	32.64 pb ⁻¹	11213 J/Ψ's
					22.5 GeV/c
37 Weeks	J/Ψ p _T (max) A _{LL} (π ⁰) p _T (max)	0 weeks			
		p+p 500 GeV	0 pb ⁻¹ 70%		
				0 J/Ψ's	0.0 GeV/c
				0.0 GeV/c	
					103.65 pb ⁻¹
27 Weeks	J/Ψ p _T (max)	29 weeks			
		Au+Au 200 GeV	1503 μb ⁻¹		
		197	197	58.34 pb ⁻¹	20043 J/Ψ's
					24.1 GeV/c
37 Weeks	J/Ψ p _T (max) A _{LL} (π ⁰) p _T (max)	0 weeks			
		p+p 500 GeV	0 pb ⁻¹ 70%		
				0 J/Ψ's	0.0 GeV/c
				0.0 GeV/c	
					156.90 pb ⁻¹

- 27 weeks

- p+p 500 GeV

- ◆ 5+19 weeks
 - ◆ “Penultimate” spin run

- 37 weeks

- p+p 500 GeV

- ◆ 5+29 weeks
 - ◆ “Ultimate” spin run
 - ◆ Approaches original RSC goal of 800 pb⁻¹
 - ◆ (Modulo CAD remarks re optimistic out-year projections in PHENIX Beam Use Proposal..)

		2009 (Run-9)		
2 7	J/Ψ	0 weeks		
		Au+Au	200 GeV	0 μb ⁻¹
		197	197	0.00 pb ⁻¹
		0 J/Ψ's		

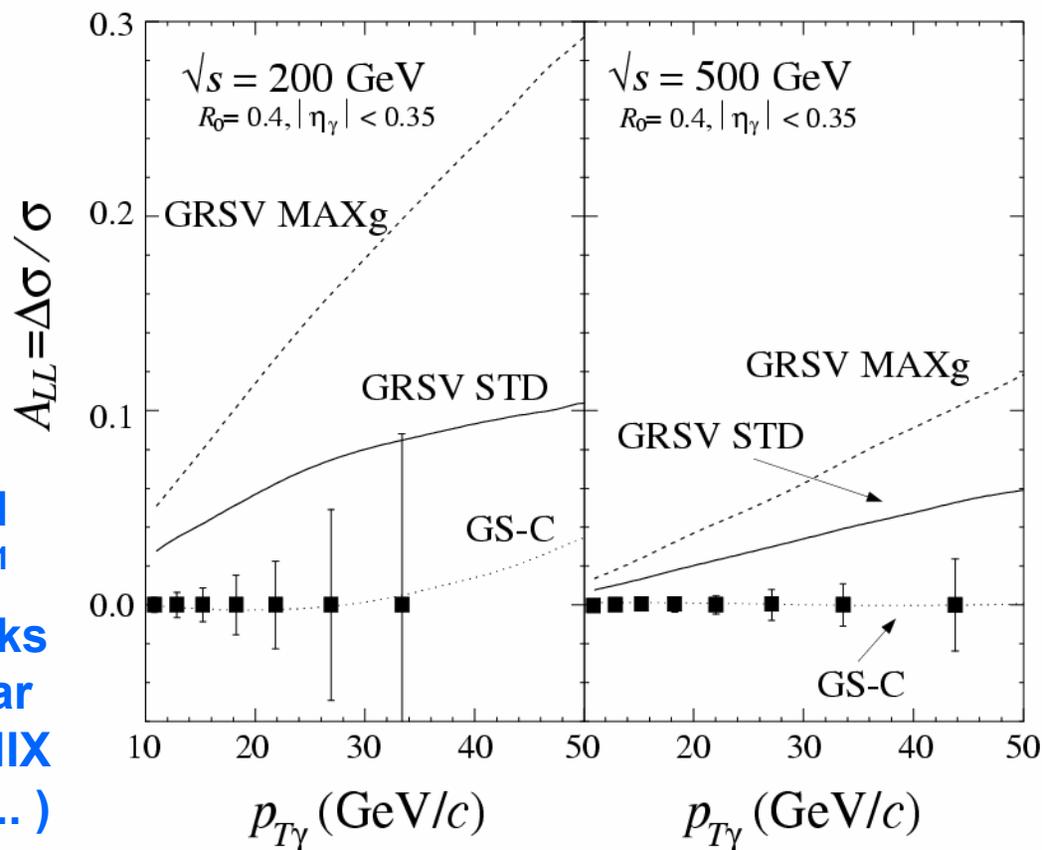
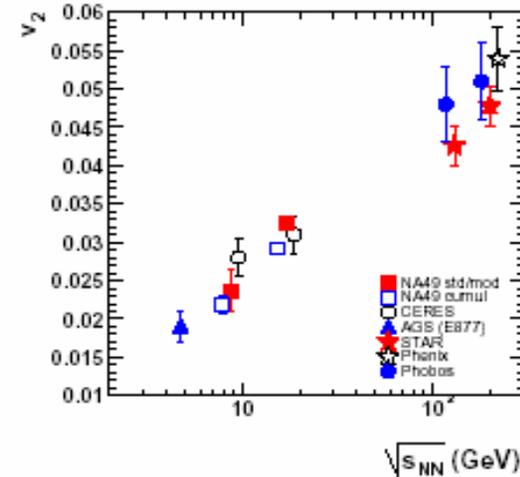
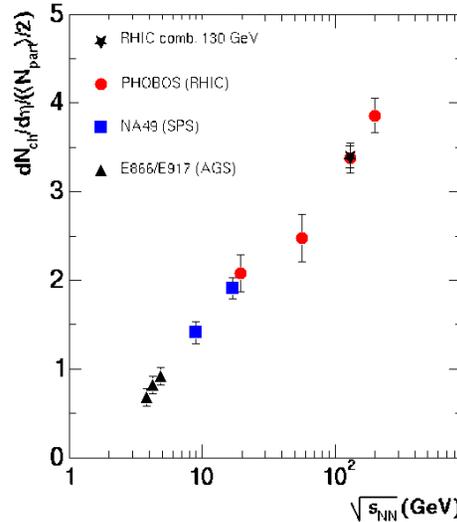
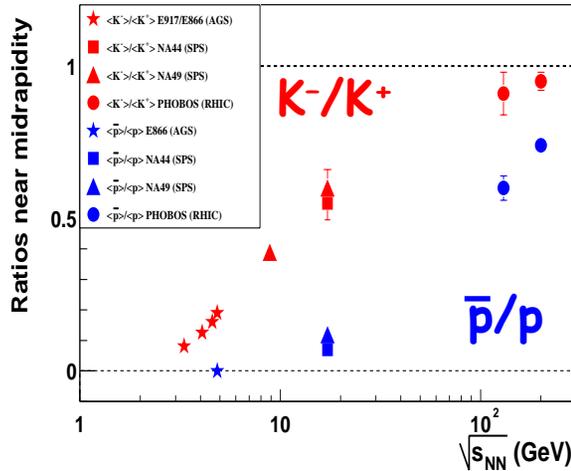


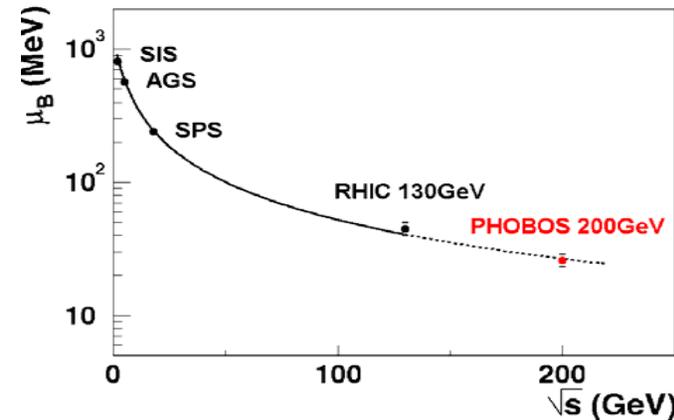
Figure 9: Asymmetry as a function of transverse momentum, for various polarized parton densities, at different cms energies [60]. The expected statistical errors for the PHENIX experiment are also shown.

- PHENIX successes in Runs 1-3 have paralleled those of the accelerator
- Ongoing, productive enterprise engaged in timely publication of an extraordinarily broad spectrum of results (Au+Au, p+p, d+Au)
- Proposed program will extend
 - ❑ Investigation of rare processes to address fundamental questions in heavy ion physics
 - ❑ Demonstrated spin physics capabilities to higher p_T and to new channels
- Proposed program depends critically on timely development of luminosity and polarization through extended periods of beam development and steady running
- Immense benefit from incremental cost of additional weeks of running time

- Nearly all phenomena measured thus far exhibit smooth variation with energy:



- Those that don't(?) (e.g., kaon slopes) already present in pp data (next slide)
- Absent compelling arguments, and given
 - Natural smearing from Fermi momentum
 - Scarce beam hours



- Give higher priority to investigating with highest possible sensitivity the signals that are new at RHIC

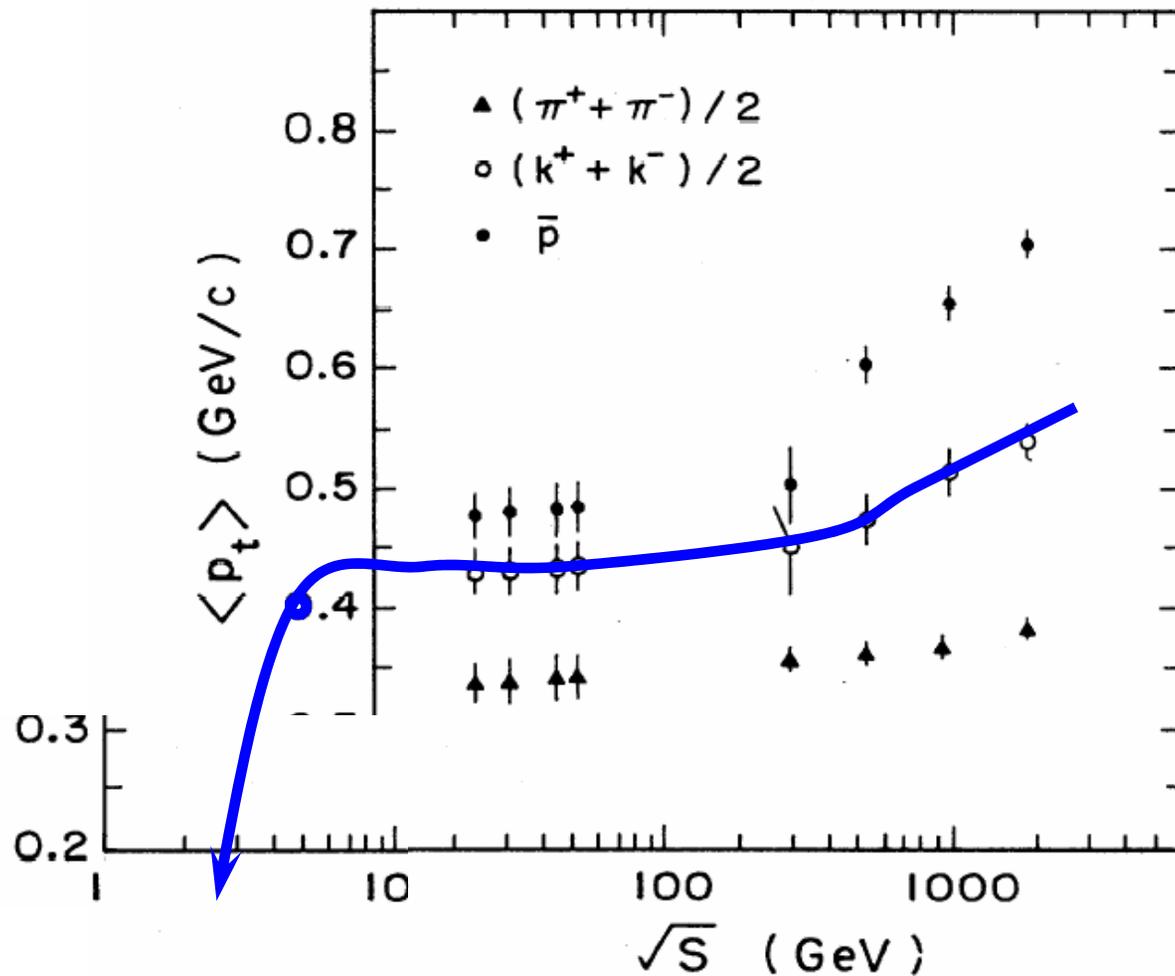


FIG. 13. Plot of $\langle p_t \rangle$ as a function of \sqrt{s} ; the data for $\sqrt{s} < 100$ GeV are from Ref. [18].