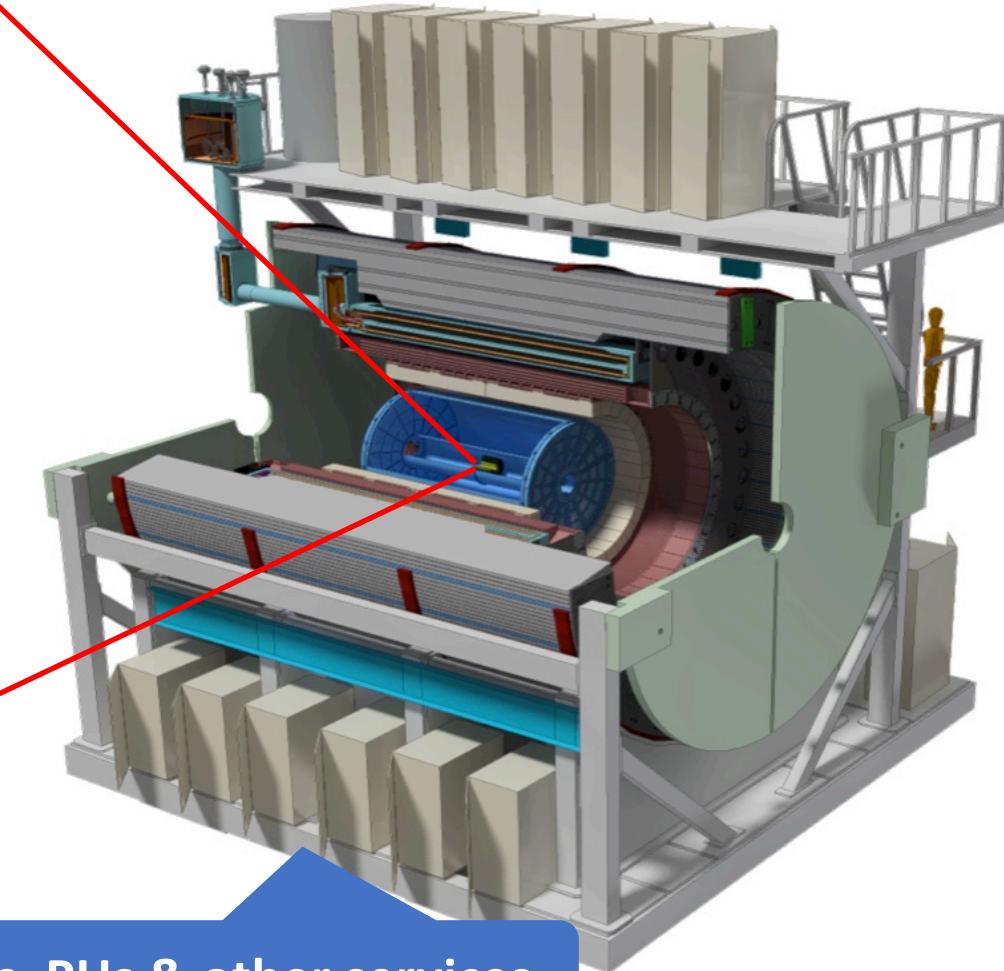
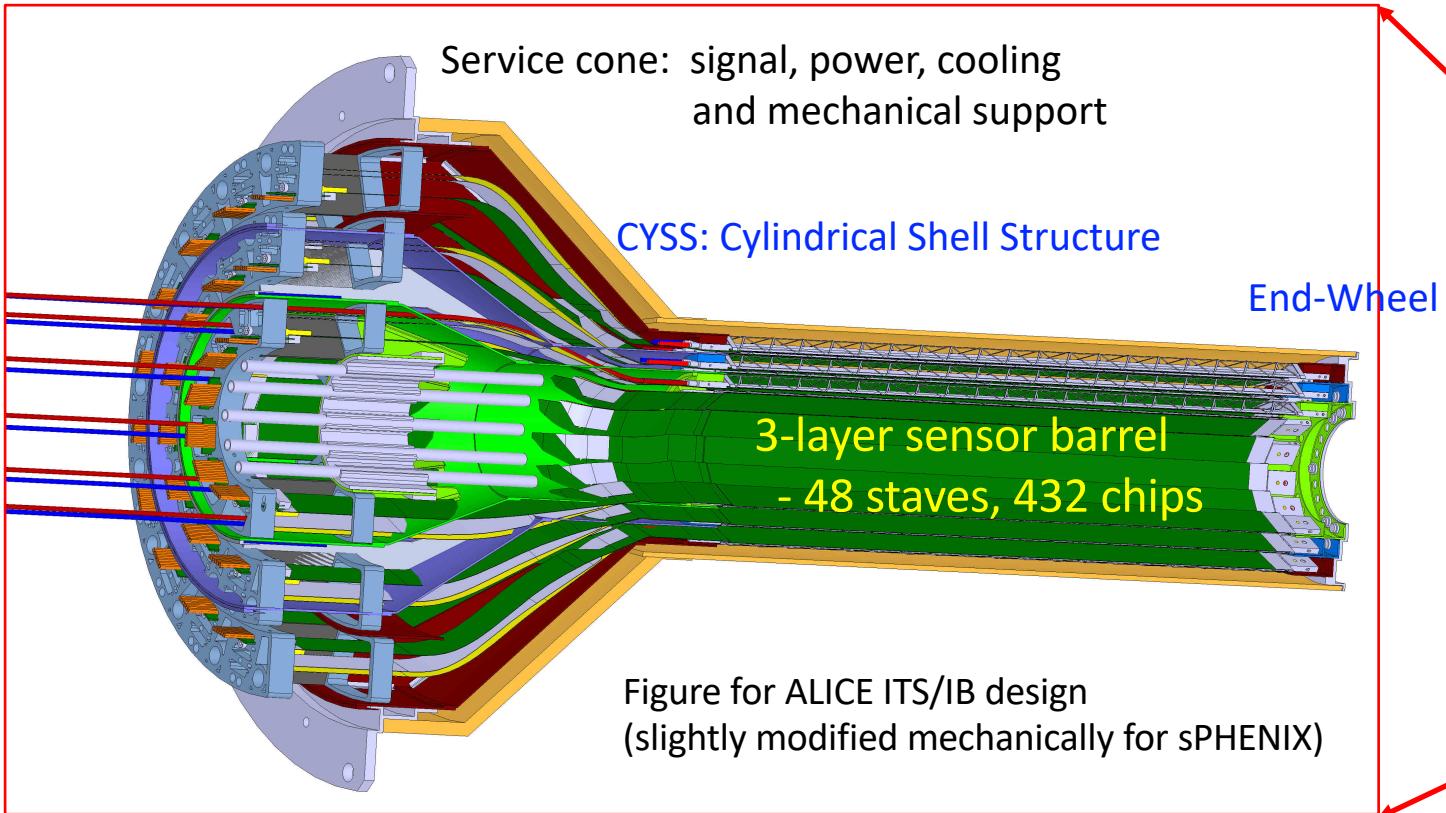


sPHENIX

Opportunities and Challenges

Ming Liu

sPHENIX MVTX Detector



MVTX
parameters

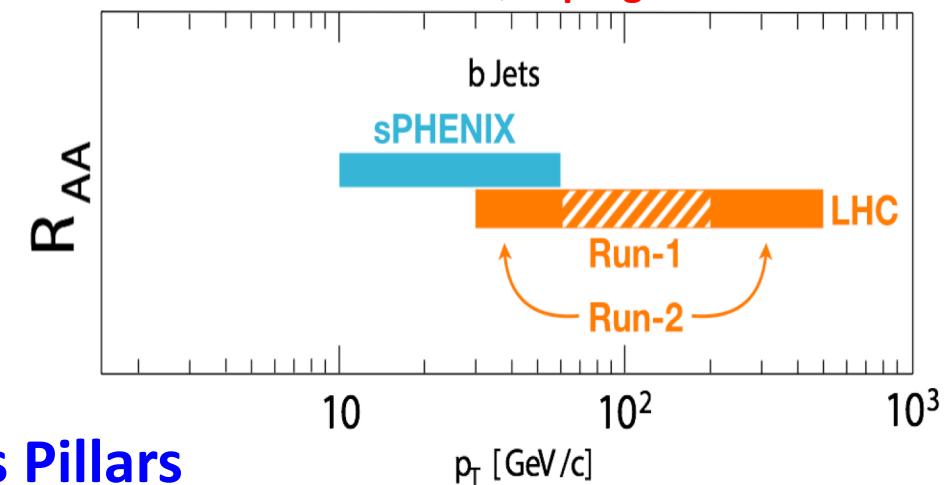
	Layer 0	Layer 1	Layer 2
Radial position (min.) (mm)	23.7	31.4	39.1
Radial position (max.) (mm)	28.0	35.9	43.4
Length (sensitive area) (mm)	271	271	271
Active area (cm ²)	421	562	702
Number of pixel chips	108	144	180
Number of staves	12	16	20

Exciting Science Enabled by MVTX @sPHENIX

– LANL's major long term NP program

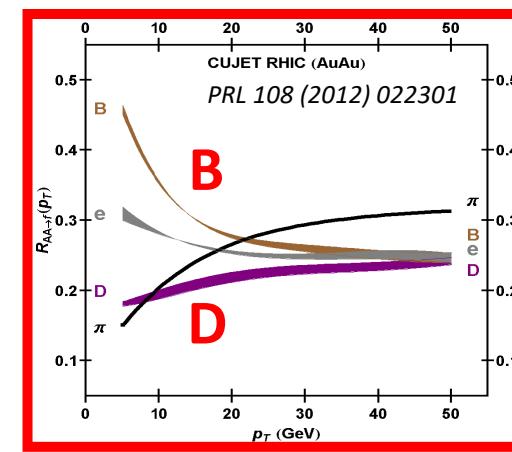
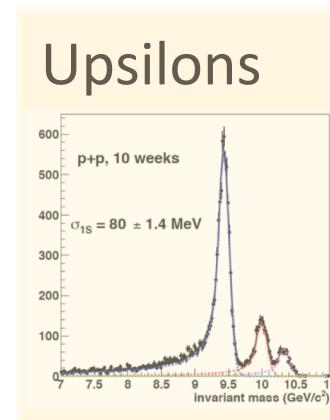
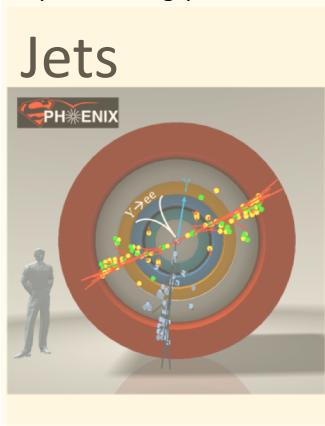
- sPHENIX is the next flagship heavy ion physics experiment in the US (NSAC LRP2015)
 - Jets
 - Upsilonons
 - B-jets and B hadrons
- MVTX will complete QGP heavy flavor physics
 - Precision study of the “inner workings of QGP”(LRP15)
 - Unambiguous determination of key parameters of QGP properties and interactions

complement & extend current and future RHIC and LHC QGP programs



sPHENIX 3 Physics Pillars

<http://arxiv.org/pdf/1501.06197v1.pdf>



sPHENIX 5-Year Run Plan: 2023 – 2027+

<http://www.rhichome.bnl.gov/RHIC/Runs/RhicProjections.pdf>

sPH-TRG-2018-001

Year	Species	Energy [GeV]	Phys. Wks	Rec. Lum.	Samp. Lum.	Samp. Lum. All-Z
Year-1	Au+Au	200	16.0	7 nb ⁻¹	8.7 nb ⁻¹	34 nb ⁻¹
Year-2	p+p	200	11.5	—	48 pb ⁻¹	267 pb ⁻¹
Year-2	p+Au	200	11.5	—	0.33 pb ⁻¹	1.46 pb ⁻¹
Year-3	Au+Au	200	23.5	14 nb ⁻¹	26 nb ⁻¹	88 nb ⁻¹
Year-4	p+p	200	23.5	—	149 pb ⁻¹	783 pb ⁻¹
Year-5	Au+Au	200	23.5	14 nb ⁻¹	48 nb ⁻¹	92 nb ⁻¹

Projected sPHENIX integrated luminosities after 5-year operation

- AuAu: Lum. = 214 nb⁻¹ , Max collision rate ~200kHz
- pp+pAu: Lum. = 1340 pb⁻¹ , Max collision rate ~13MHz

A new proposal:

develop displaced tracker triggers for open heavy flavor in pp/pA
based on MVTX + INTT
- RU continues readout + trigger boards(FELIX based?)

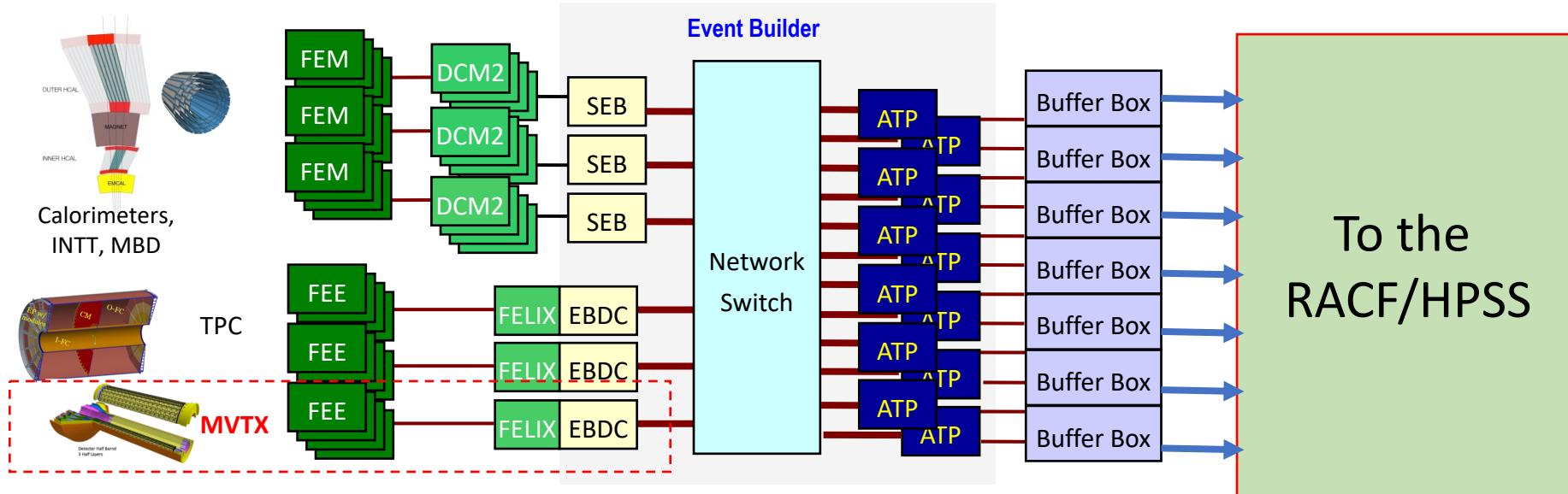
sPHENIX Trigger limit: <=15kHz

- AuAu: mostly MB w/ |Z| < 10cm
- p+p/A: high pT jet trigger, upsilons

Scope of the MVTX Project

- **MAPS Staves & Electronics**
 - Readout Integration R&D (**LANL LDRD**)
 - Frontend: ALICE/ITS, RU
 - Backend: ATLAS FELIX
 - Reprogram RU & FELIX for sPHENIX
 - Production:
 - **84 ALICE/ITS-IB staves from CERN**
 - Acceptance test @LBNL
48+spares(36)
 - **58 ALICE/ITS-RU from CERN**
 - Acceptance test @UT-Austin, 48+spares(10)
 - sPHENIX production, 8 ATLAS/FELIX
 - Acceptance test @LANL
 - Final detector assembly in US
 - LBNL and BNL
 - Ancillary systems, “adopt” ALICE system
- **Mechanics & Cooling**
 - **Changes** to ALICE/ITS inner tracker mechanical structures,
 - End Wheels
 - Cylindrical structure shells
 - Detector half barrels
 - Detector and Service half barrels
 - Mechanical Integration,
 - Conceptual design by LANL LDRD
 - Prototype by sPHENIX R&D, MIT/LANL
 - Design integration frames
 - Composite structures, LBNL
 - Installation tooling etc.
 - Adopt ALICE cooling plant design
 - Modifications to fit sPHENIX
 - Much smaller heat load than ALICE ITS

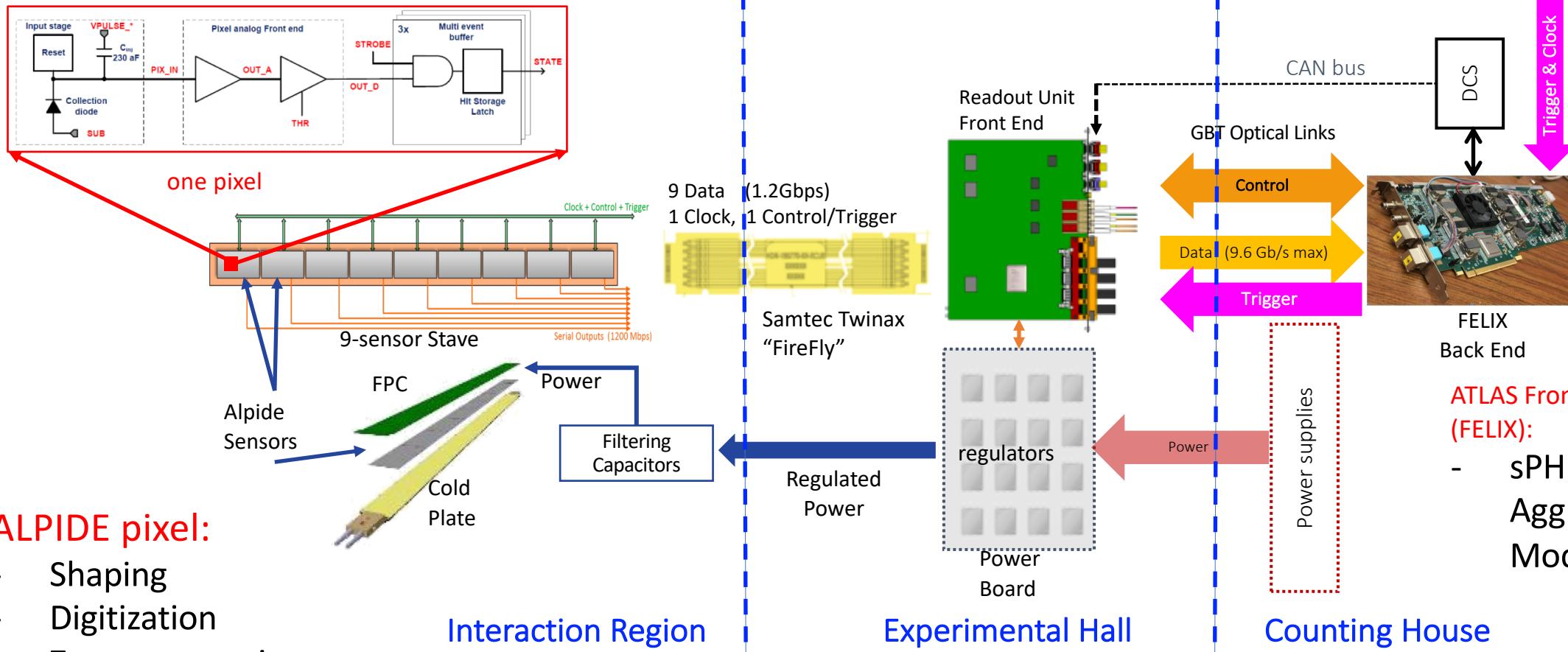
sPHENIX DAQ Architecture and MVTX Readout



- SEB Sub-Event Buffer
- EBDC Event Buffer and Data Compressor
- ATP Assembles events and compresses data
- Buffer Box Data interim storage before sending data to the computing center

MVTX Readout, Power and Controls

a key LDRD deliverable:
Demonstrate the full readout and control chain w/ "final" RU and FELIX



ALPIDE pixel:

- Shaping
- Digitization
- Zero-suppression
- 3x buffer

MVTX Detector Electronics consists of three parts

Sensor-Stave (9 ALPIDE chips)

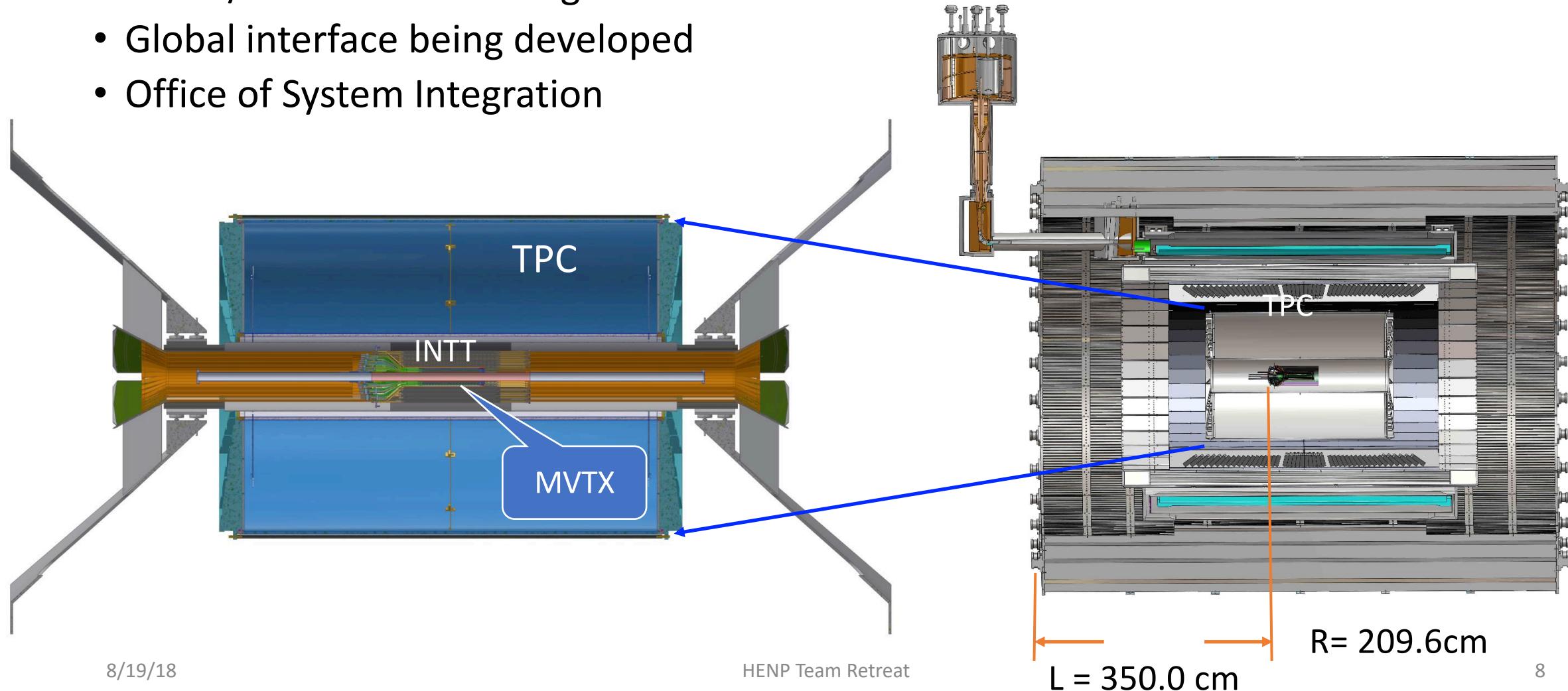
| **Front End**-Readout Unit

| **Back End**-FELIX/DAM

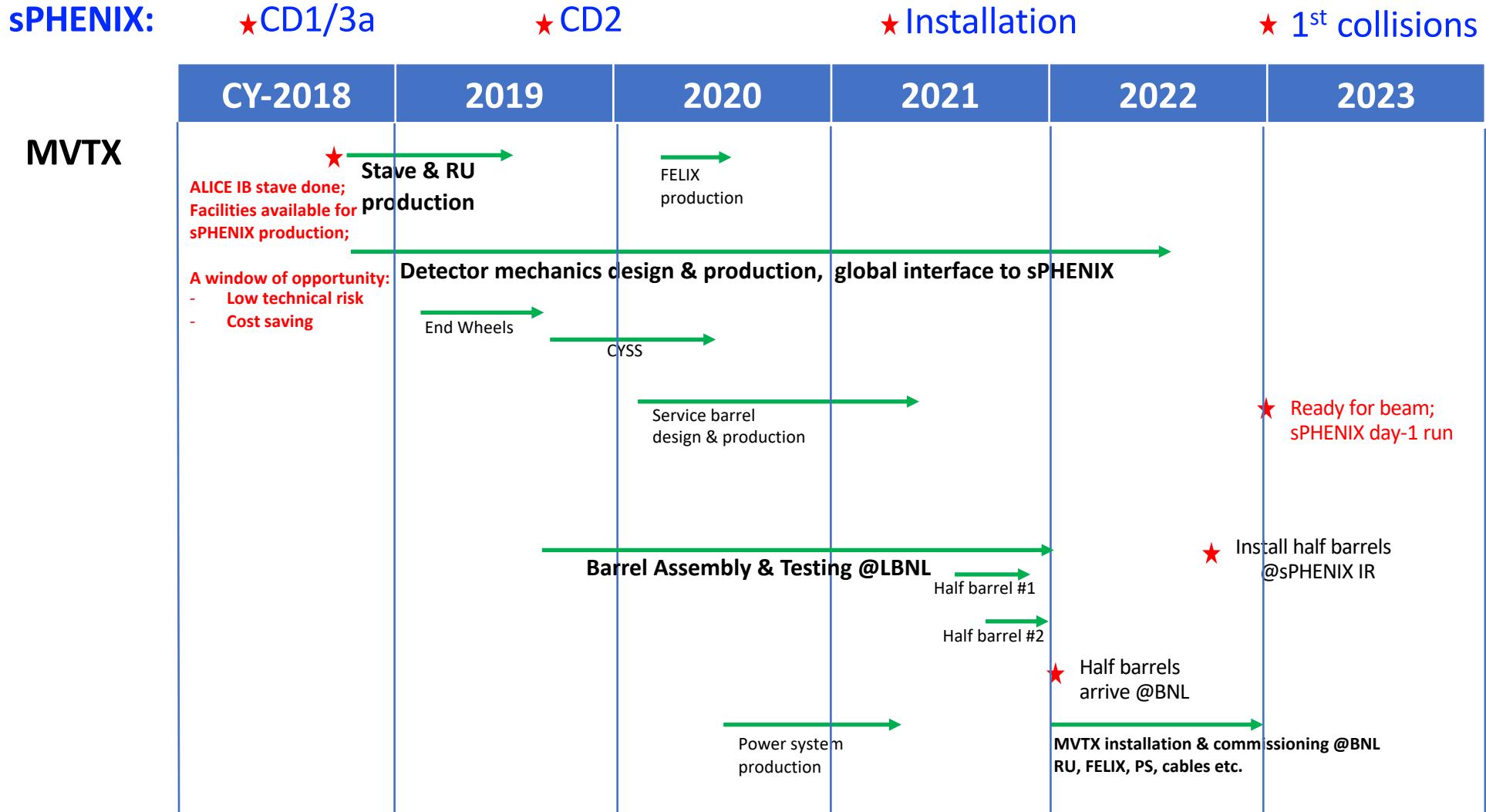
- ATLAS Front-End Link eXchange (FELIX):
- sPHENIX Data Aggregation Module(DAM)

sPHENIX Mechanical System Integration

- MVTX, INTT and TPC/HCal
 - MVTX/INTT detector designs modified
 - Global interface being developed
 - Office of System Integration

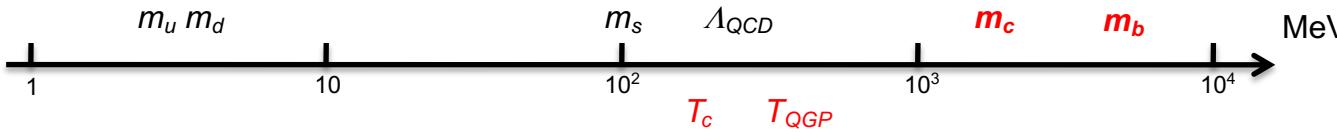


MVTX Schedules and Milestones



Key MVTX Physics Deliverables:~2027

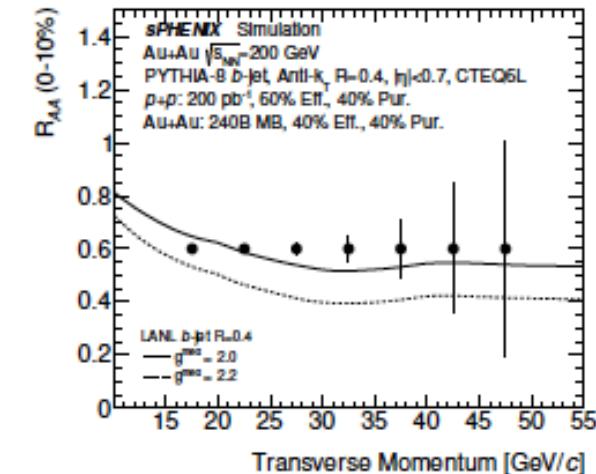
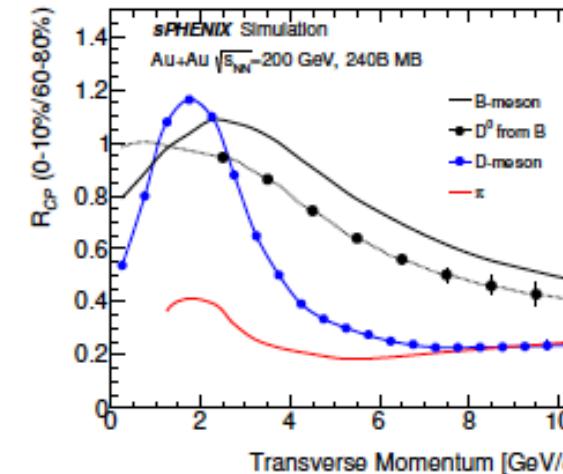
- Heavy quarks – unique probe of QGP w/ new scales, m_c , m_b
 - Study mass dependence
 - Jet quenching & energy loss
 - Flow – interaction with medium
 - Access QGP properties
 - Parton density, coupling, transport coefficients, viscosity etc.



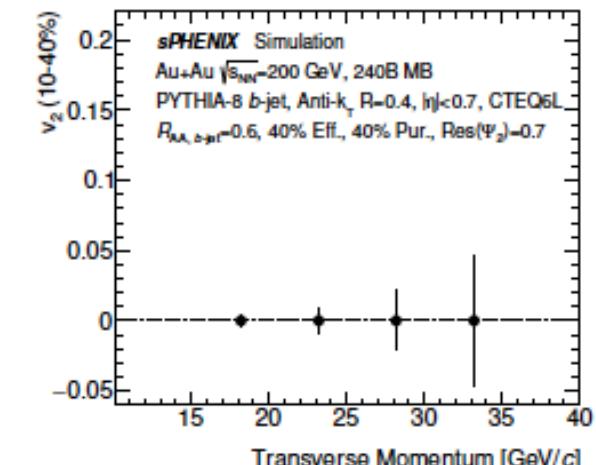
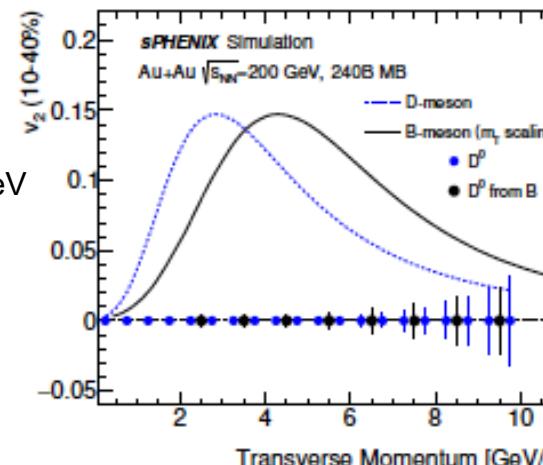
Note: B-hadron trigger desired for p+p/A, new physics capability

R_{AA} vs R_{CP} ; v_2 in p+p/A etc.

"B meson and b-jet modification"

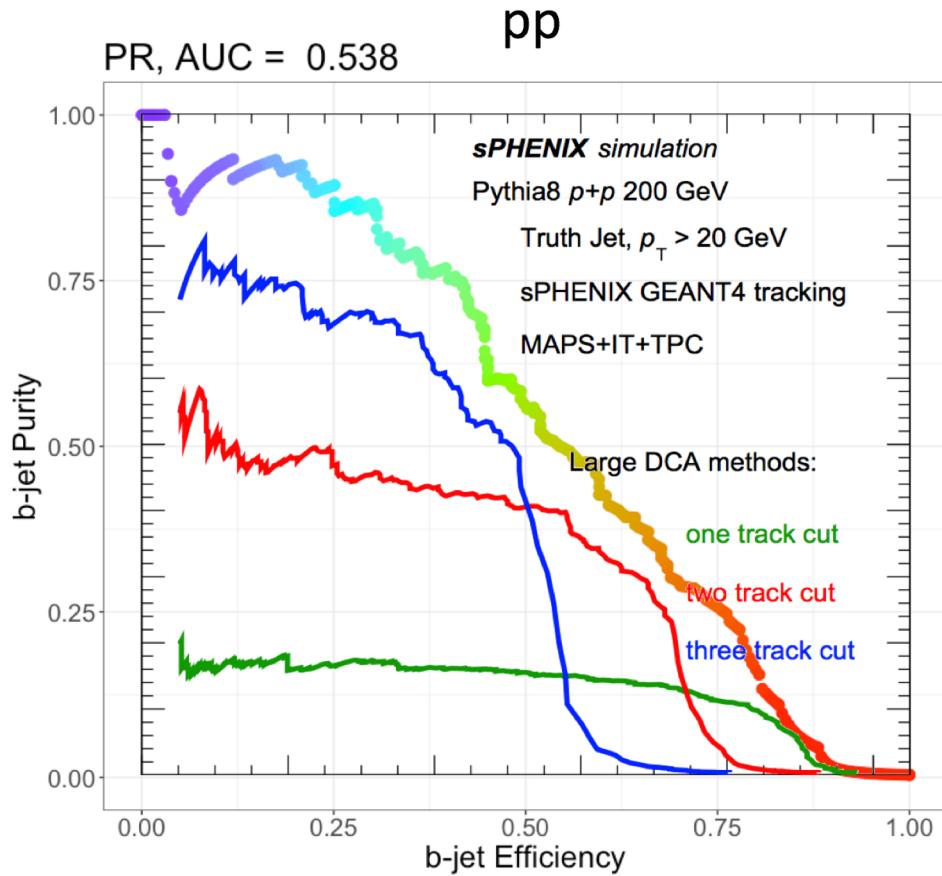


"B meson and b-jet flow"

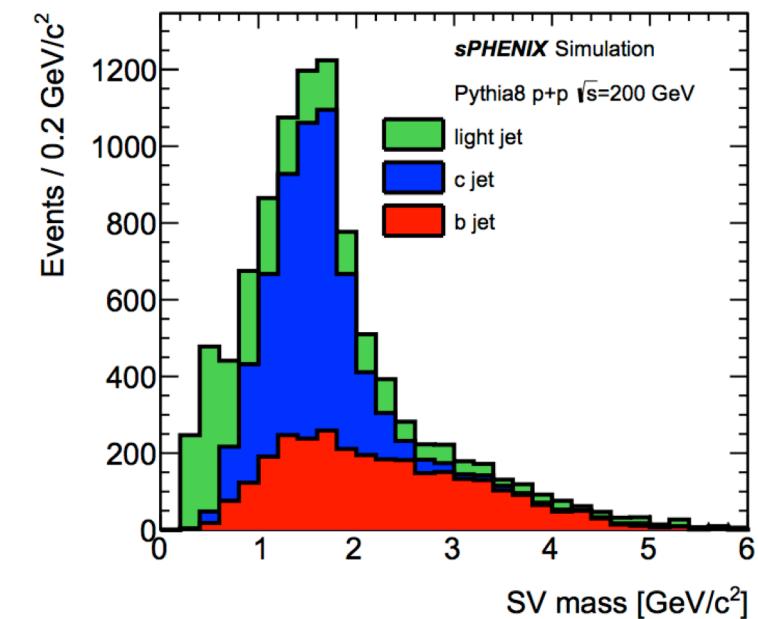
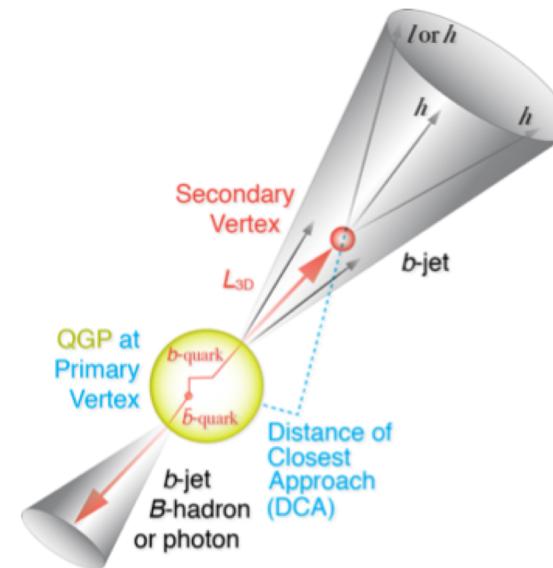


Analysis/Simulation Efforts: B-tagging 2019 – 2023+

Further improve the b-tagging (B-hadrons and b-jets) in p+p/A and A+A



Control of B-tagging methods' systematics
- DCA vs 2nd vtx mass



Beyond the Baseline sPHENIX: f/sPHENIX and EIC

- sPHENIX cold QCD – new TMD physics
 - Spin physics with f/sPHENIX
 - p+A and p+p,
 - Forward tracking detector R&D (aim for EIC/eRHIC)
- EIC/eRHIC physics program after sPHENIX, 2027+
 - EIC project:
 - Site selection: ~2019
 - CD-0 ~2019
 - LANL EIC program – 2019+
 - Define physics focus - TMD, saturation etc.
 - Detector R&D

Open HF Trigger for p+p/A: based on DCA & High Multiplicity

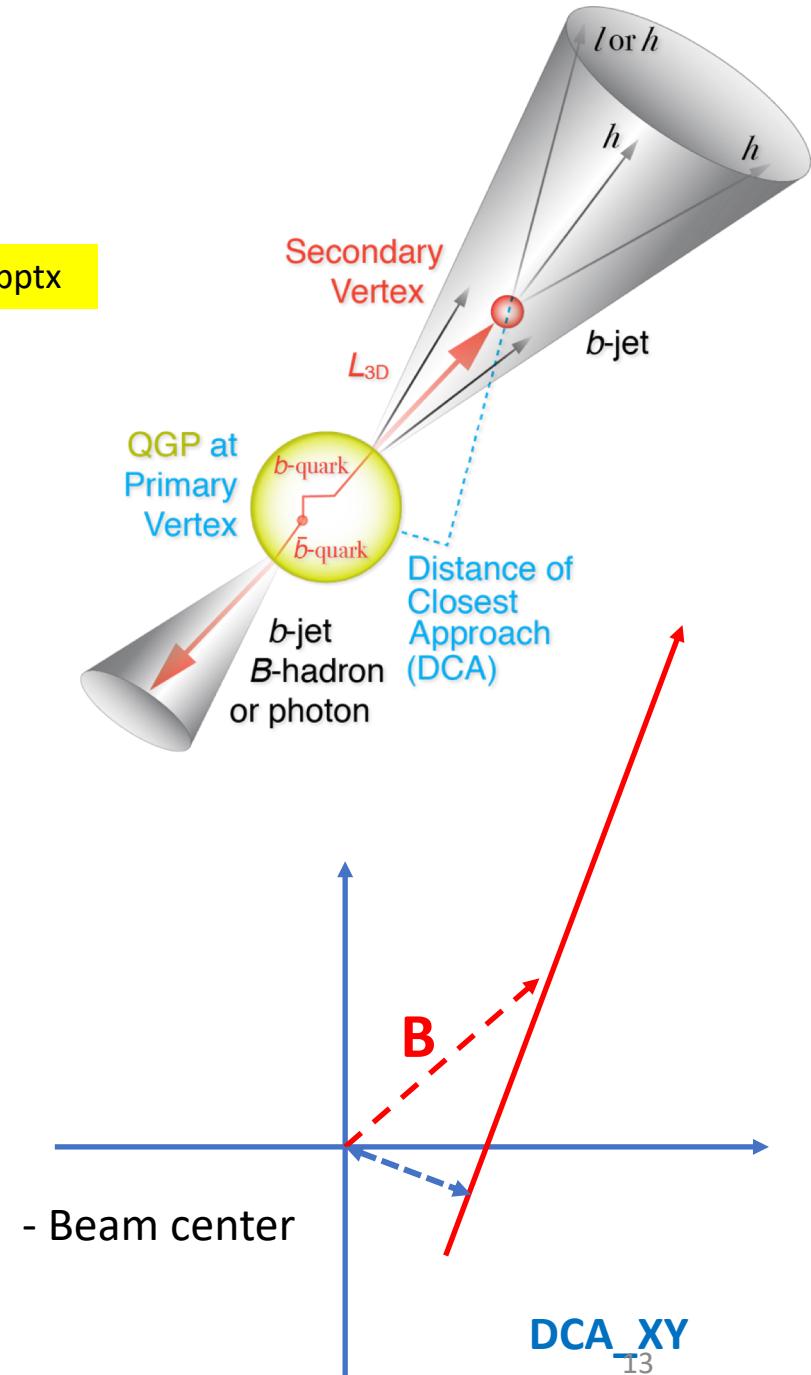
<https://www.phenix.bnl.gov/WWW/publish/mxliu/sPHENIX/HF-Trigger/sPHENIX-HF-Trigger-Study-042018.pptx>

3+4+5 RU \rightarrow 1 FELIX/Trigger in continuous readout mode,

ALPIDE readout: $\sim <5\mu\text{s}$,

ALPIDE->RU timing:

- rising time above threshold $\sim 1 \mu\text{s}$
- Strobe length = $0.1\mu\text{s}$
- Readout time = hits N_x per region $\times 80\text{bits} @ 1.2\text{Gbps} = 0.1 \times N_x \mu\text{s} < \sim 2\mu\text{s}$
- Readout frame gap $\sim 50\text{nS}$
- Direct passthrough data from RU to FELIX/Trigger board: $@ 1.2\text{Gbps}$, a few $\sim 0.1\mu\text{s}$
- Total delay @Trigger board: $\sim 3\mu\text{s}$
 - Can we get INTT hits?
- B-Trigger decision to be made at trigger board: $4 \sim 5\mu\text{s}$
 - Some kind of lookup table for DCA,
 - possibly for multiple tracks, $N >= 2$
- Very high multiplicity sum for fast trigger (INTT?), most $\sim 1\%$ central event



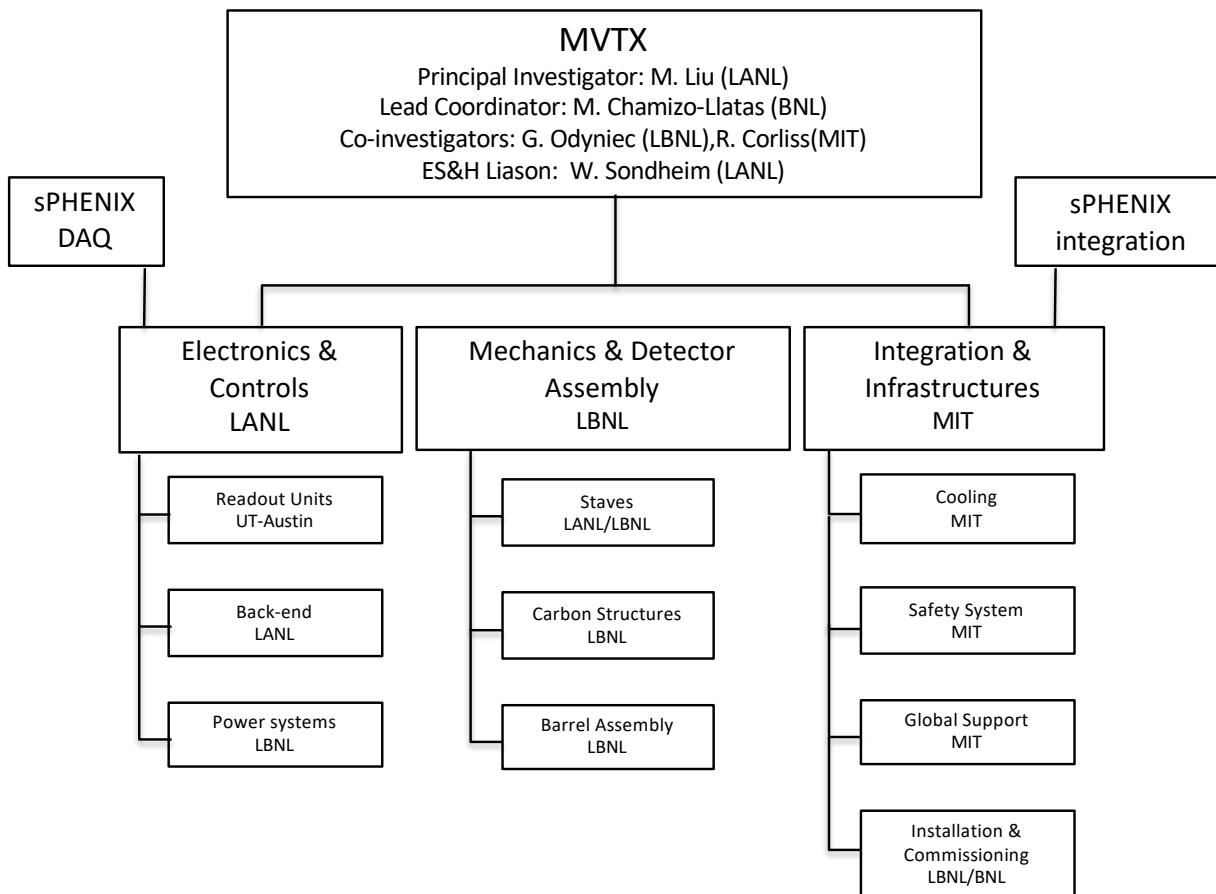
Summary: sPHENIX/MVTX Efforts at RHIC

- LDRD: FY19, (FTE= 1 staff + 1.5PD)
 - Sensor and readout R&D
 - Telescope & cooling
 - Transition into sPHENIX program
 - Open HF trigger R&D for p+p and p+A
 - sPHENIX MVTX detector construction: FY2019 - 2023
 - 3+ staff / 3+ postdoc
 - Electronics and mechanical integration
 - Detector installation and commissioning
 - Physics and detector simulations
 - Develop open HF trigger
 - sPHENIX operation & physics analysis: 2023 – 2027+
 - 3.5+ staff/3+ postdocs
 - MVTX operation and maintenance
 - Physics analysis and publication
 - Future f/sPHENIX & EIC program development
- Engineering support:
- 0.5FTE electronics
- 0.2FTE mechanical
- Engineering support:
- 0.5 FTE mechanical
- 0.5 FTE electronics
- Engineering support:
- 0.2FTE mechanical
- 0.2FTE electronics

Backup slides

sPHENIX MVTX Group: Institution Roles

- Growing number of institutions
 - Major institutions lead key tasks



Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL) : Overall readout electronics and mechanical system integration, project management.

Brookhaven National Laboratory (BNL) : Global system integration and services, safety and monitoring, project management.

Lawrence Berkley National Laboratory (LBNL) : Carbon structure production, LV and HV power system, full detector assembly and test, project management.

Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT/Bates) : Global mechanical system integration and cooling.

Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT) : Stave assembly and test at CERN.

University of California at Los Angeles (UCLA) : Simulation and readout testing.

University of California at Riverside (UCR) : Detector assembly and test, simulations.

Central China Normal University (CCNU/China): MAPS chip and stave test at CERN and/or CCNU.

Charles University (CU/Czech) : MAPS stave production and QA.

University of Colorado (UCol) : *b*-jet simulations and future hardware.

Czech Technical University (CTU/Czech) : MAPS stave production and QA at CERN.

Florida State University (FSU) : Offline software and simulations.

Georgia State University (GSU) : Online software and trigger development.

Iowa State University (ISU) : Detector assembly and test, simulations.

National Central University (NCU/Taiwan)* : Stave assembly and test, simulations.

University of New Mexico (UNM) : Cabling & connectors.

New Mexico State University (NMSU) : Tracking algorithm and physics simulations.

Purdue University (PU): Detector assembly and test, simulations.

Univ. of Science and Technology of China (USTC/China) : MAPS chip and stave test, simulations.

Sun Yat-Sen University (SYSU/China) : MVTX detector and physics simulations.

University of Texas at Austin (UTA) : MVTX readout electronics integration, Readout Units production and test.

Yonsei University (YSU/Korea) : MAPS chip production QA, readout electronics test and simulations

Stave and RU Production QA Plan

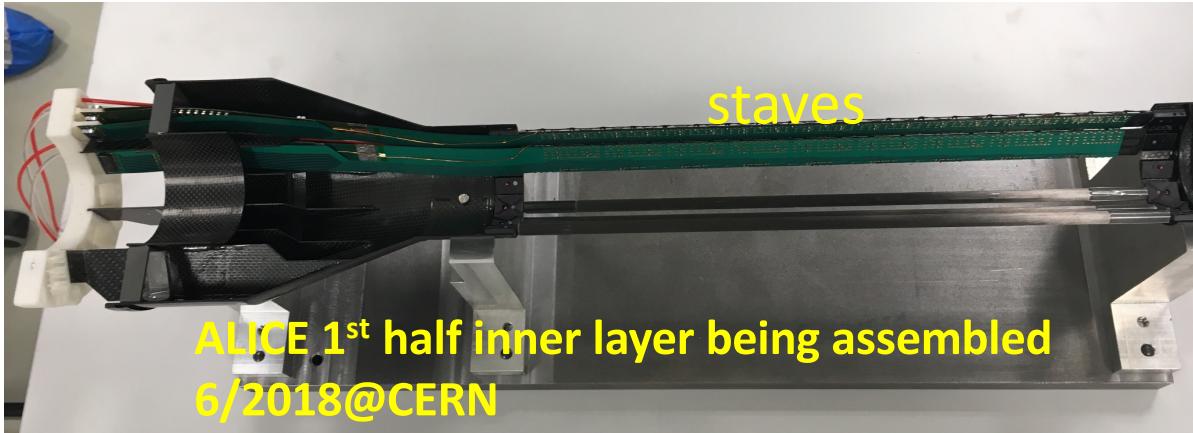
Staves

- Purchase 84 staves from ALICE/CERN
 - 48 + 28(spares for 2 inner layers) + 8 spares
 - Production following the completion of ALICE ITS/IB
 - Starting ~Oct. 2018, will last 6-12 months
 - Fully tested at CERN before shipping to US
 - All Gold/Silver staves (same as ALICE IB)
 - A LANL postdoc (Dr. Yasser Morales) oversees production QA at CERN
- Acceptance QA at LBNL
 - Full test and QA
 - Electrical
 - Mechanical
 - Detector assembly at LBNL

Readout Units

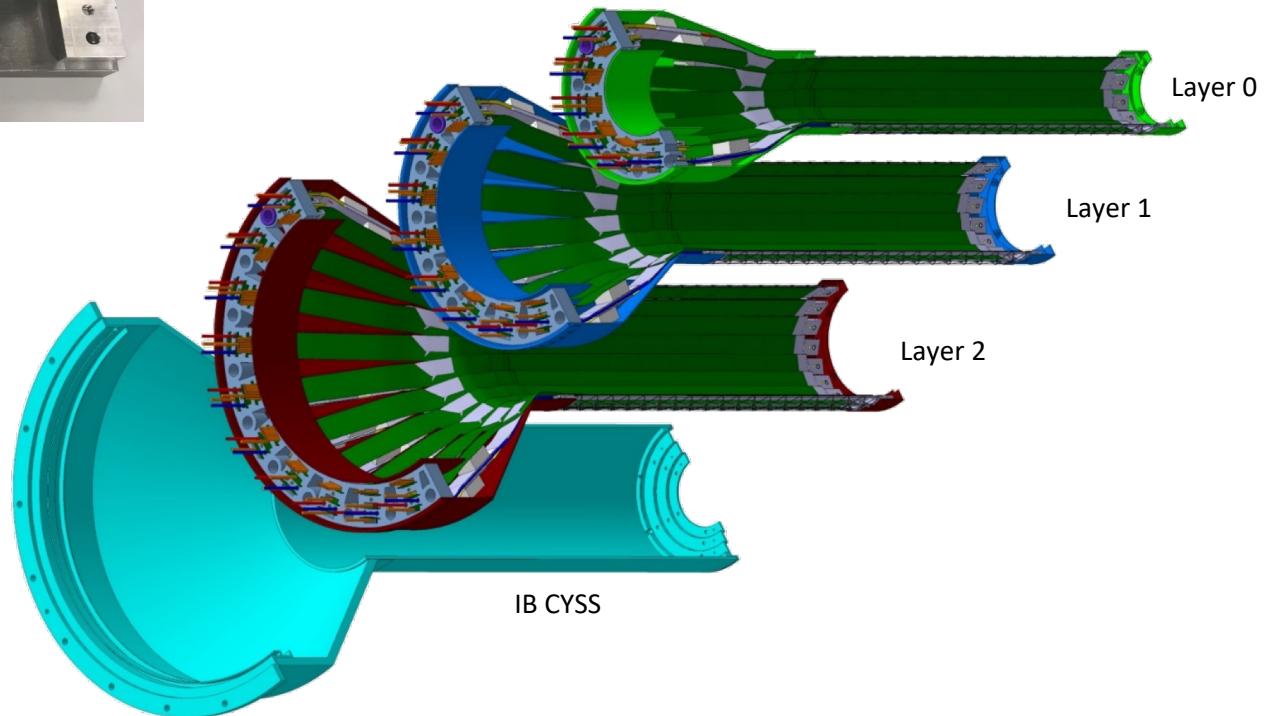
- Purchase 58 RUs from ALICE/CERN
 - 48 + 10 spares(20%)
 - To be part of ALICE production
 - Cost saving
 - Minimize technical risks
 - Initial test at CERN
- Acceptance QA at UT-Austin
 - Full test
 - LANL as the 2nd test site

Detector Assembly Plan at LBNL



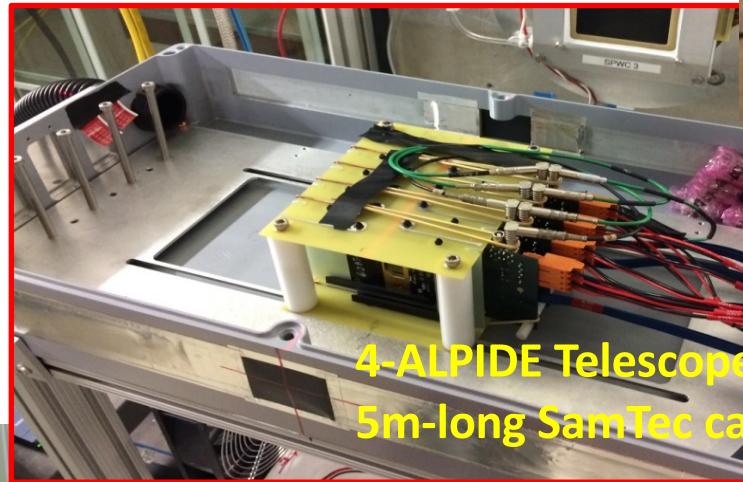
Precision positioning and installation
of staves on end-wheels

- Follow ALICE IB assembly procedures to build half-detectors for MVTX
- QA records in DB, travelers
- Modified jigs for MVTX

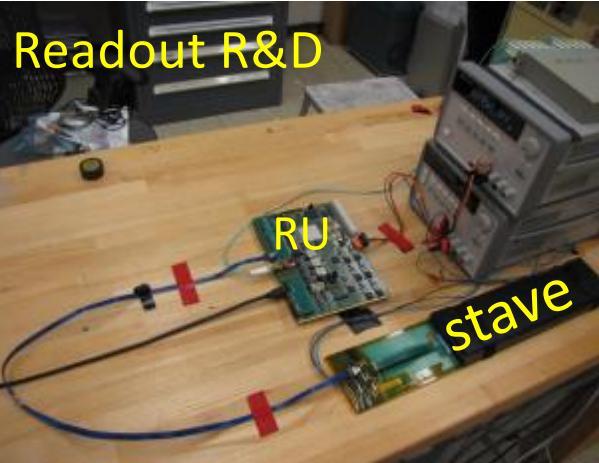


LANL LDRD Activity Highlights

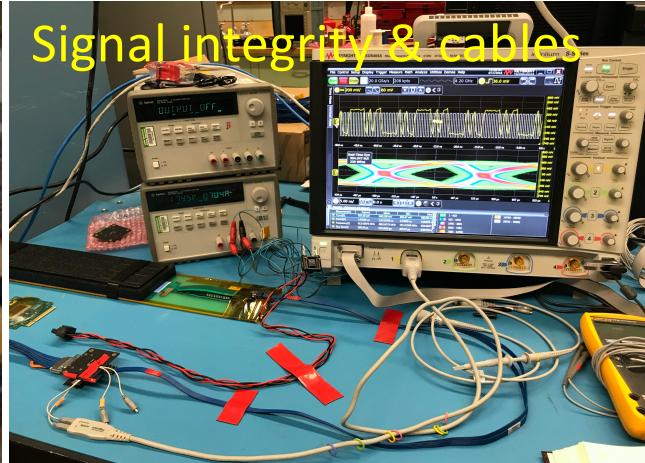
- MAPS evaluation
- Readout integration
- 4-sensor telescope
- Test beam at Fermilab
- Mechanical & cooling



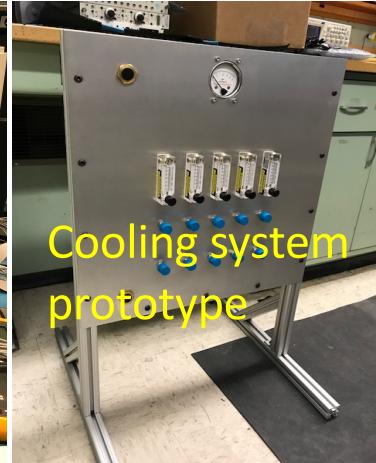
4-ALPIDE Telescope;
5m-long SamTec cables



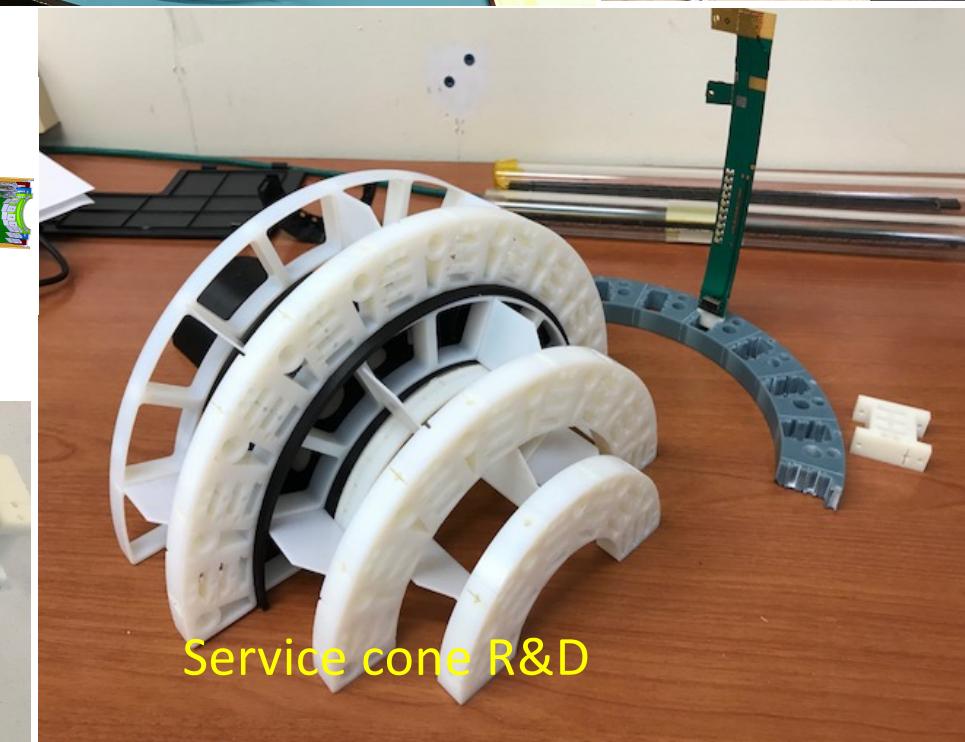
Readout R&D



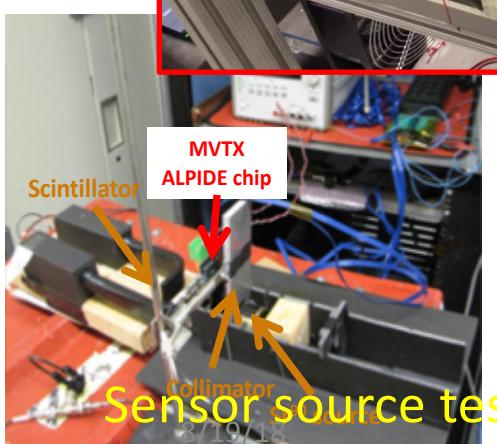
Signal integrity & cables



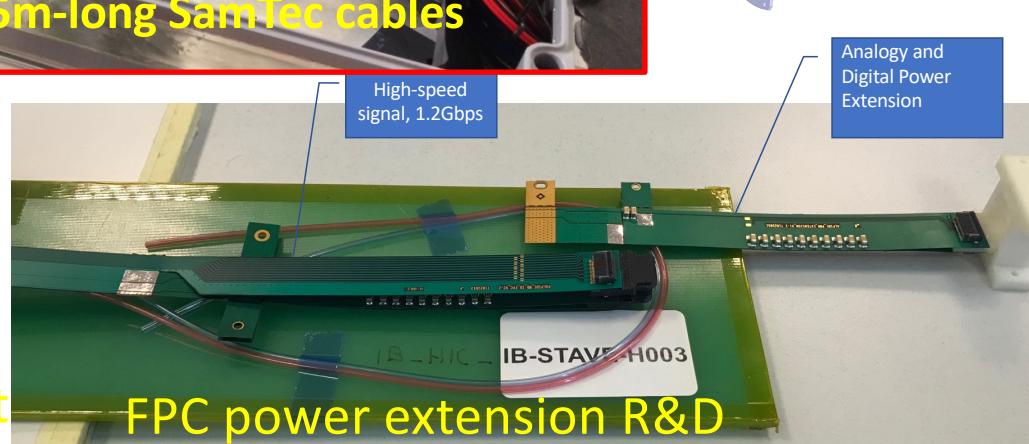
Cooling system
prototype



Service cone R&D



Sensor source test



FPC power extension R&D

sPHENIX LDRD Manpower in general for FY19

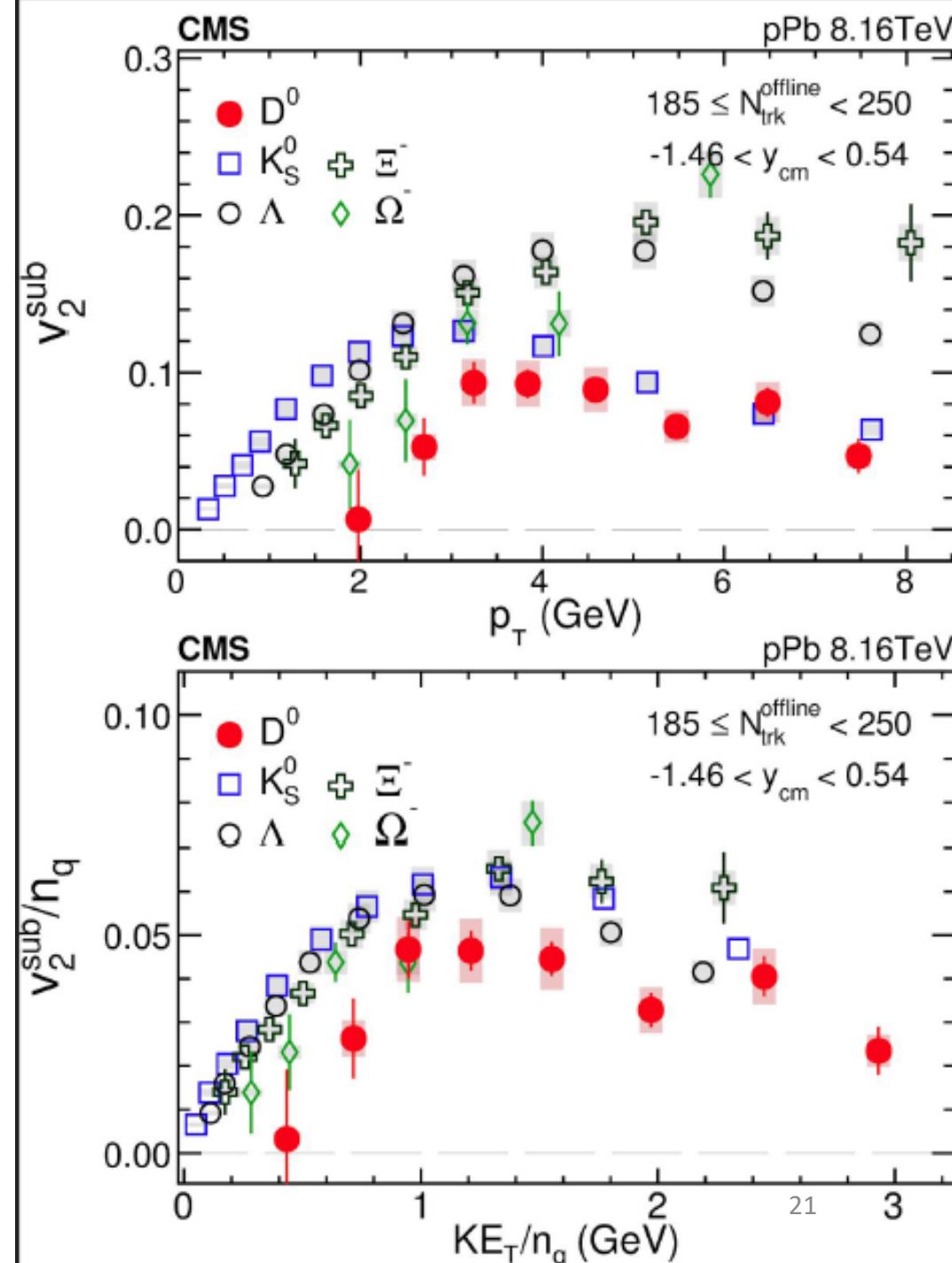
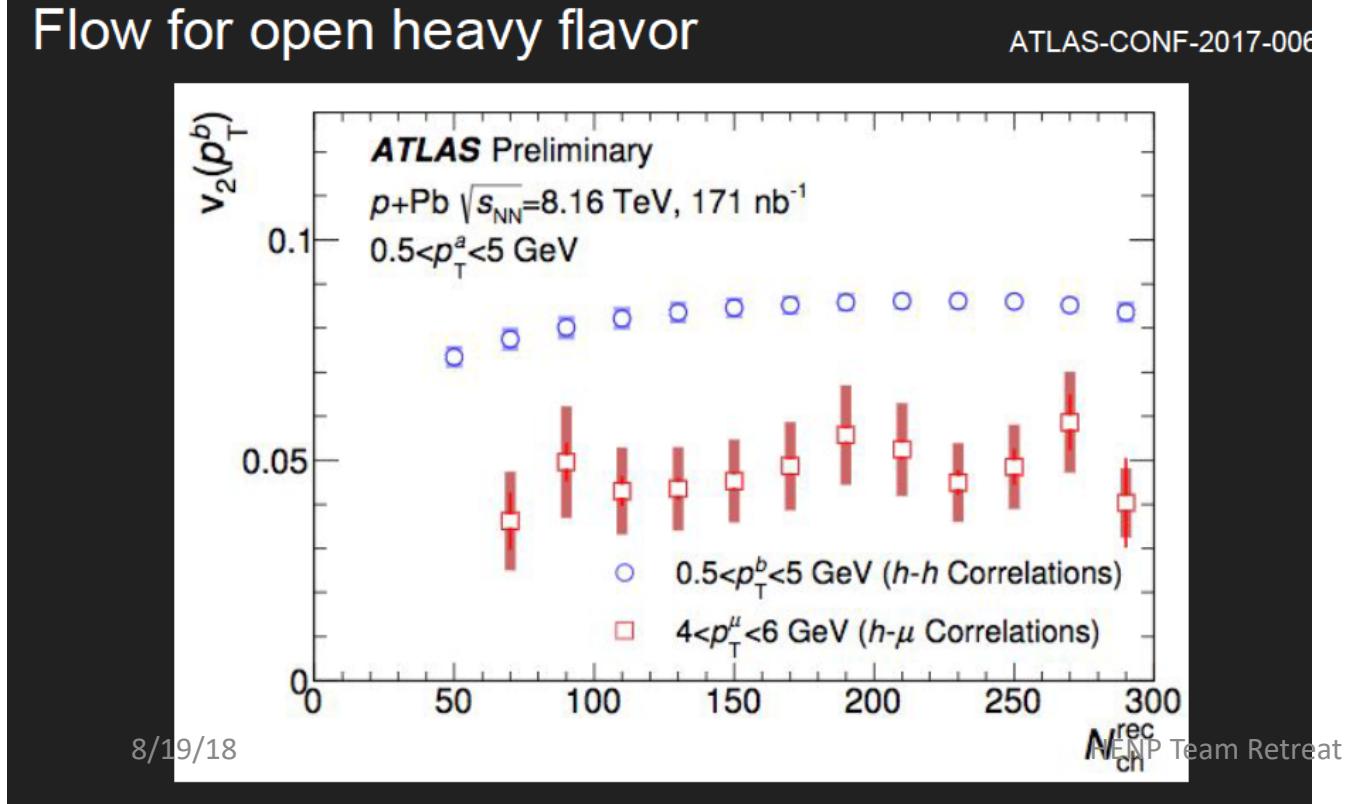
- Ming
 - 0.3, overall, readout & integration
- Cesar
 - 0.1, slow control, stave production
- Walt/Chris
 - 0.2, mechanical
- AlexT.
 - 0.5, readout
- Sho
 - 0.5, readout & controls
- Yasser
 - 1.0, stave production, offline simulation
- Hubert
 - 0.1, mechanical mockup
- Xuan
 - 0.1, ALPIDE evaluation
- AlexW
 - 0.5, testing & simulation
- Mark
 - 0.2, readout
- T-2/CCS etc.
 - Theory modeling
- Exp. FTEs & Budget:
 - Staff: 1.0
 - PD/Students: 2.0
 - Engineer/contractor: 0.5
 - Budget: \$1054K, w/ \$330K for M&S

B-hadron trigger: pp and pA

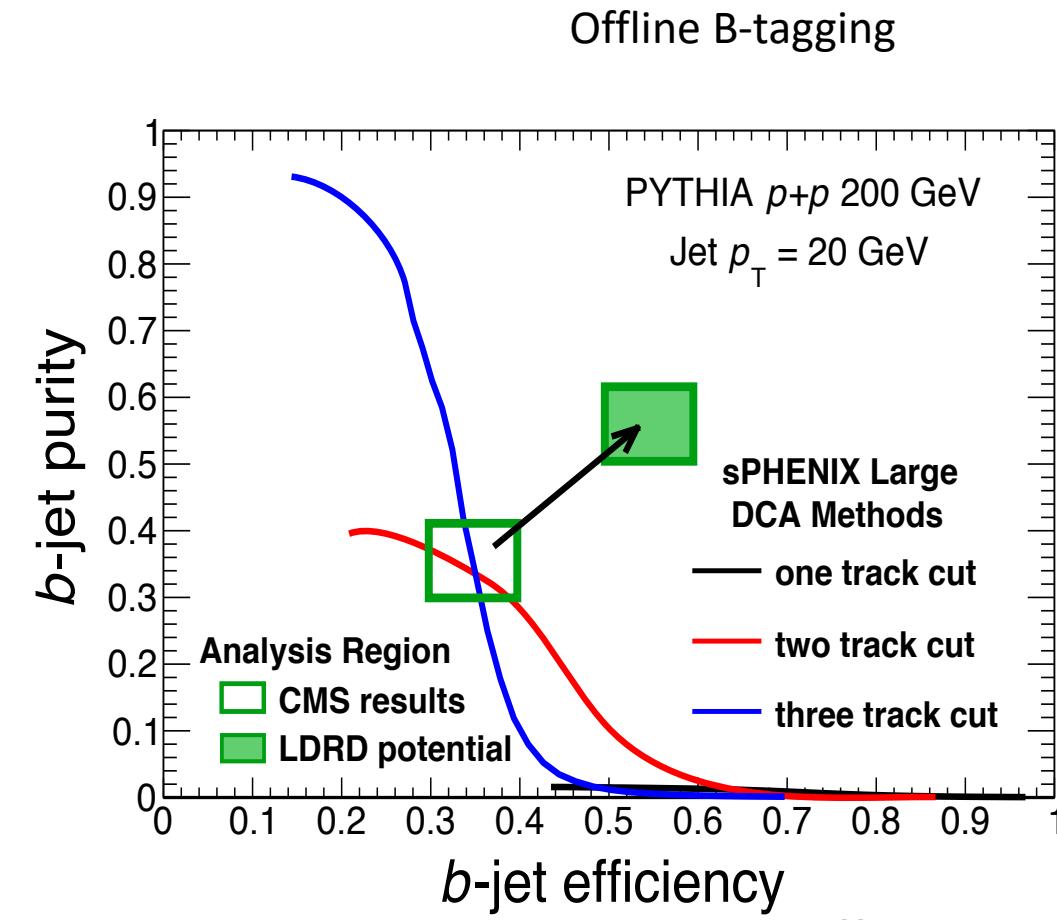
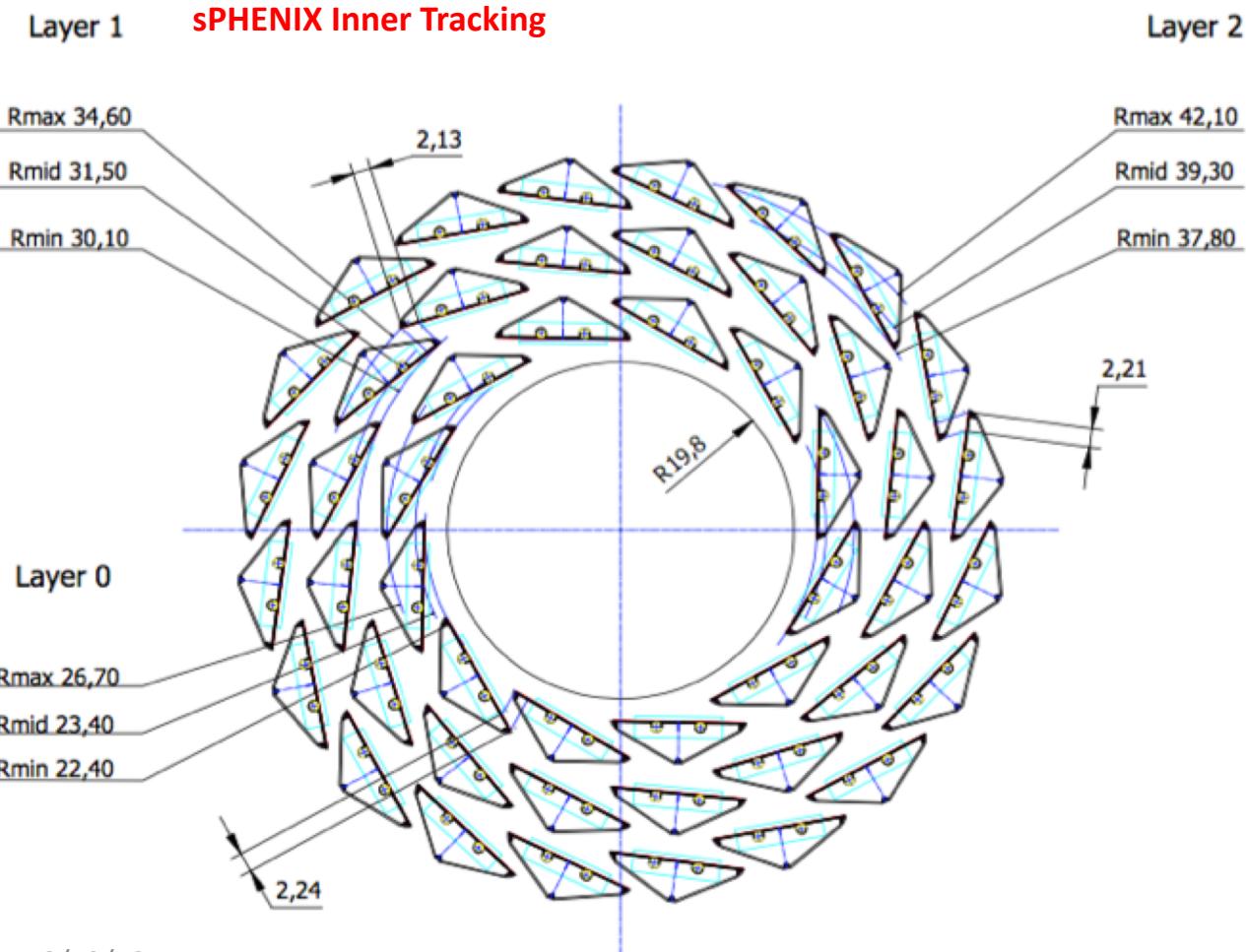
<https://www.phenix.bnl.gov/WWW/publish/mxliu/sPHENIX/HF-Trigger/sPHENIX-HF-Trigger-Study-042018.pptx>

- STAR can't do it, no trigger
- sPHENIX, needs HF trigger for full D/B reconstruction
- Track-based trigger MVTX+INTT+TPC, B-hadron measurements

Very high event multiplicity $\sim <1\%$



Quadrant based trigger logic: 3+4+5 RUs feed 1 FELIX/Trigger baord



Expected beam spot size

obtained parameters from CAD's web page: <http://www.rhichome.bnl.gov/RHIC/Runs/>

Mode 2B: $^{197}\text{Au}^{79+}$ on $^{197}\text{Au}^{79+}$ at 100.0 GeV/nucleon particle energy [Run-11 Au-Au web site]

Summary paper: Summary paper: G. Marr, L. Ahrens, M. Bai, J. Beebe-Wang, I. Blackler, M. Blaskiewicz, J.M. Brennan, K.A. Brown, D. Bruno, J. Butler, C. Carlson, R. Connolly, T. D'Onatio, K.A. Drees, A.V. Fedotov, W. Fischer, W. Fu, C.J. Gardner, D.M. Gassner, J.W. Glenn, X. Gu, M. Harvey, T. Hayes, L.T. Hoff, H. Huang, P.F. Ingrassia, J.P. Jamilkowski, N. Kling, M. Lafky, J.S. Laster, C. Liu, Y. Luo, M. Mapes, A. Marusic, K. Merrick, R.J. Michnoch, M.G. Minty, C. Montag, J. Morris, C. Naylor, S. Nemours, S. Polizzo, V. Ptitsyn, G. Robert-Demolize, T. Roser, P. Sampson, J. Sandberg, V. Schoefer, C. Schultheiss, F. Severino, T. Shrey, K. Smith, D. Steski, S. Tepikian, P. Thieberger, D. Trbojevic, N. Tsoupas, J.E. Tuozzolo, B. Van Kuik, G. Wang, M. Wilinski, A. Zaltsman, K. Zeno, and S.Y. Zhang, "RHIC performance for FY2011 Au+Au heavy ion run", proceedings International Particle Accelerator Conference 2011, San Sebastian, Spain, pp. 1894-1896 (2011).

Beam operation: 05/02/2011 - 06/20/2011 [49 days total, 45 days for physics]

Run Coordinator: Greg Marr

Major accomplishments and events: changed frequency of Blue vertical stochastic cooling system to avoid cross-talk between Blue and Yellow vertical systems; Yellow longitudinal stochastic cooling kicker repaired (became stuck in Run-10); installed new horizontal stochastic cooling pick-up; 4 days setup to physics; 4 h store length; EBIS Au beam tested in Booster

Achieved beam parameters:

no of bunches	ions/bunch [10^9]	β^* [m]	emittance [μm]	L_{peak} [$\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$]	$L_{\text{store avg}}$ [$\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$]	L_{week} [nb $^{-1}$]
111	1.30	0.75	15 → 10	50×10^{26}	30×10^{26}	1.0

injection: $\gamma = 10.52$ store: $\gamma = 107.396$

Total delivered integrated luminosities:

experiment	β^* [m]	luminosity [nb $^{-1}$]	luminosity [rel. to Run-10]
PHENIX	0.75	4.97	1.0 ×
STAR	0.75	4.82	0.9 ×

Time in store: 59% of calendar time

definition of emittance

$$\varepsilon = (\beta\gamma) * (6\sigma^2)/\beta^*$$

($\beta\gamma$) : relativistic factors

σ : RMS beam size

β^* : amplitude function

ε : 95% normalized
emittance

RUN11 AuAu 200GeV

$$\beta^* = 0.75 \text{ m (PHENIX)}$$

$$\sigma^{\text{lumi}} = \frac{\sigma^{\text{beam}}}{\sqrt{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{\epsilon\beta^*}{2*6\gamma}} = 76 \mu\text{m } (\varepsilon = 10 \mu\text{m}) \\ = 93 \mu\text{m } (\varepsilon = 15 \mu\text{m})$$

RUN12 pp 200GeV

$$\beta^* = 0.85 \text{ m (PHENIX)}$$

$$\sigma^{\text{lumi}} = \frac{\sigma^{\text{beam}}}{\sqrt{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{\epsilon\beta^*}{2*6\gamma}} = 115 \mu\text{m } (\varepsilon = 20 \mu\text{m}) \\ = 129 \mu\text{m } (\varepsilon = 25 \mu\text{m})$$

Average 122um

ASANO 2012/07/17