

Harmonic jet tomography at RHIC+LHC

Xilin Zhang (Ohio U)

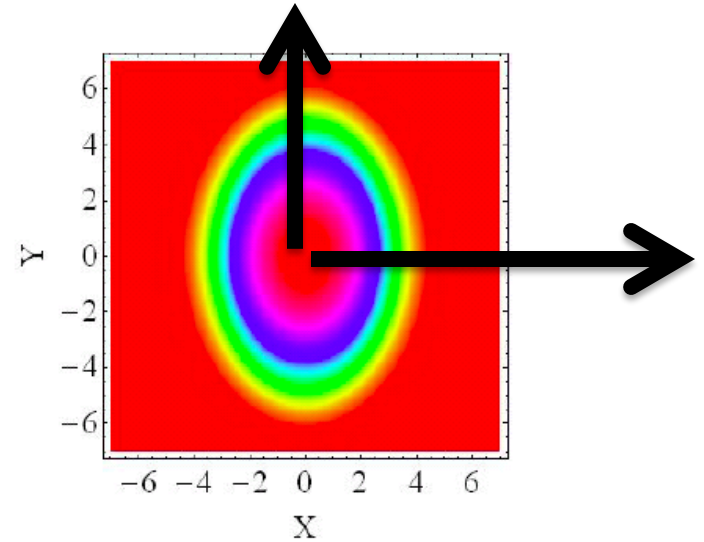
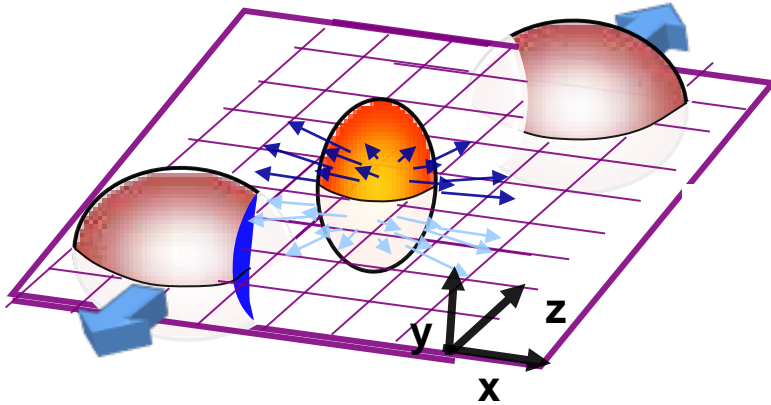
Jet Quenching Workshop, RIKEN BNL, April 2013

*X.Z. and Jinfeng Liao,
PLB 713, 35 (2012)
arXiv:1208.6361, 1210.1245.*

Outline

- Jet tomography: geometry and fluctuations; different jet energy loss models
- High-pt V_n at different centralities from RHIC to LHC
- Hard-soft correlation
- P-Pb case
- Conclusion and outlook

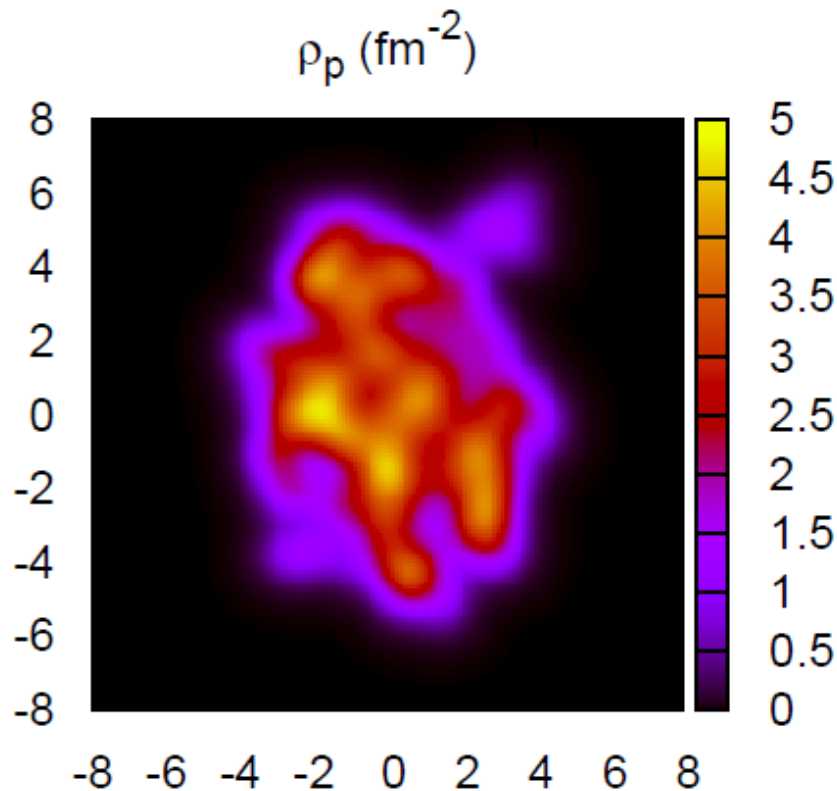
Jet tomography: geometry



$$\frac{dN^h}{d\phi} \sim R_{AA}(\phi) \sim 1 + 2v_2 \cos[2(\phi - \Psi_R)]$$

Can v_2 be understood in a consistent picture from RHIC to LHC?

Jet tomography: **High pt Vn!**



*Initial state, and
jet production
fluctuations*

Glauber model

$$R_{AA}(\phi) \sim 1 + 2 \sum_n \underbrace{v_n}_{\text{circled}} \cos[n(\phi - \Psi_n^J)]$$

- **Consistent picture and more information!**
- **Hard-soft correlation.**

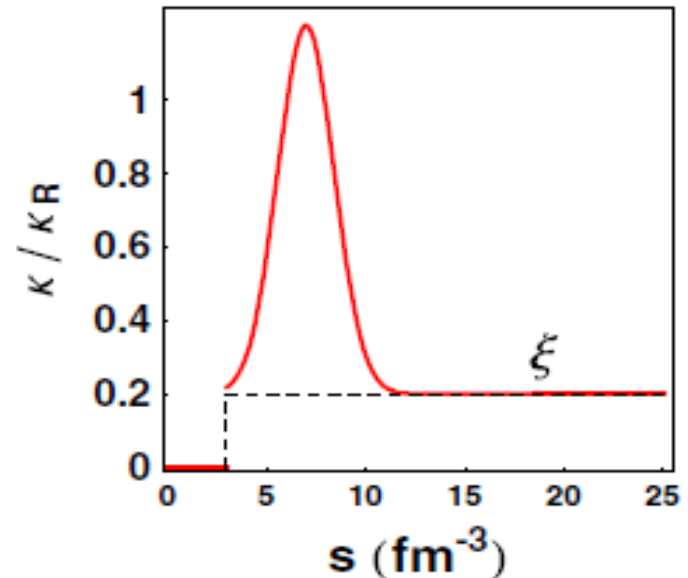
Jet energy loss

- Length dependence?
- Density dependence?

*J. Liao and E. Shuryak,
PRL **102**, 202302 (2009)*

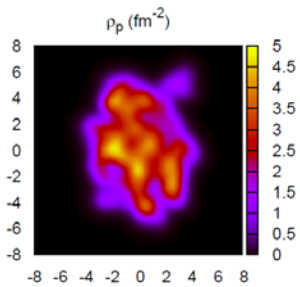
$$\Delta E = -E \kappa[s(l)] \times s(l) \times l^m \times \Delta l$$

- NTcE model: $m=1$.
(Nontrivial matter near T_c)
- L^2 model: $m=1$, \mathcal{K} const.
(pQCD)
- L^3 model: $m=2$, \mathcal{K} const.
(AdS/QCD)



*Barbara Betz et.al., PRC **84**, 024913 (2011)*

*W.A. Horowitz and M. Gyulassy, NPA **872**, 265 (2011)*

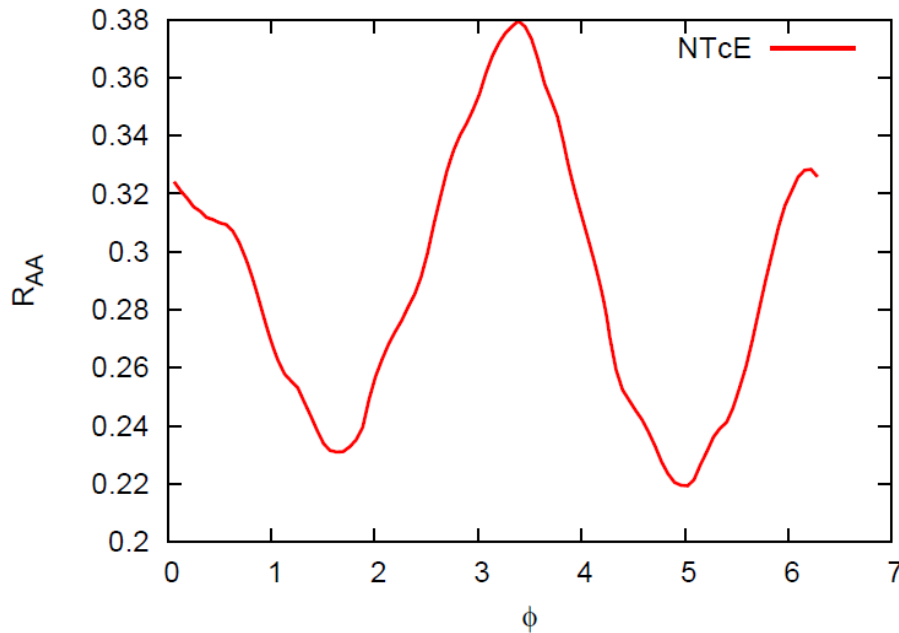


MC: one event

$$E_f = E_i \times f_{\vec{P}}$$

$$R_{AA} = \langle (f_{\vec{P}})^n \rangle_{\vec{P}}$$

$$g_{pp}(p_t) \propto \frac{1}{p_t^n}$$

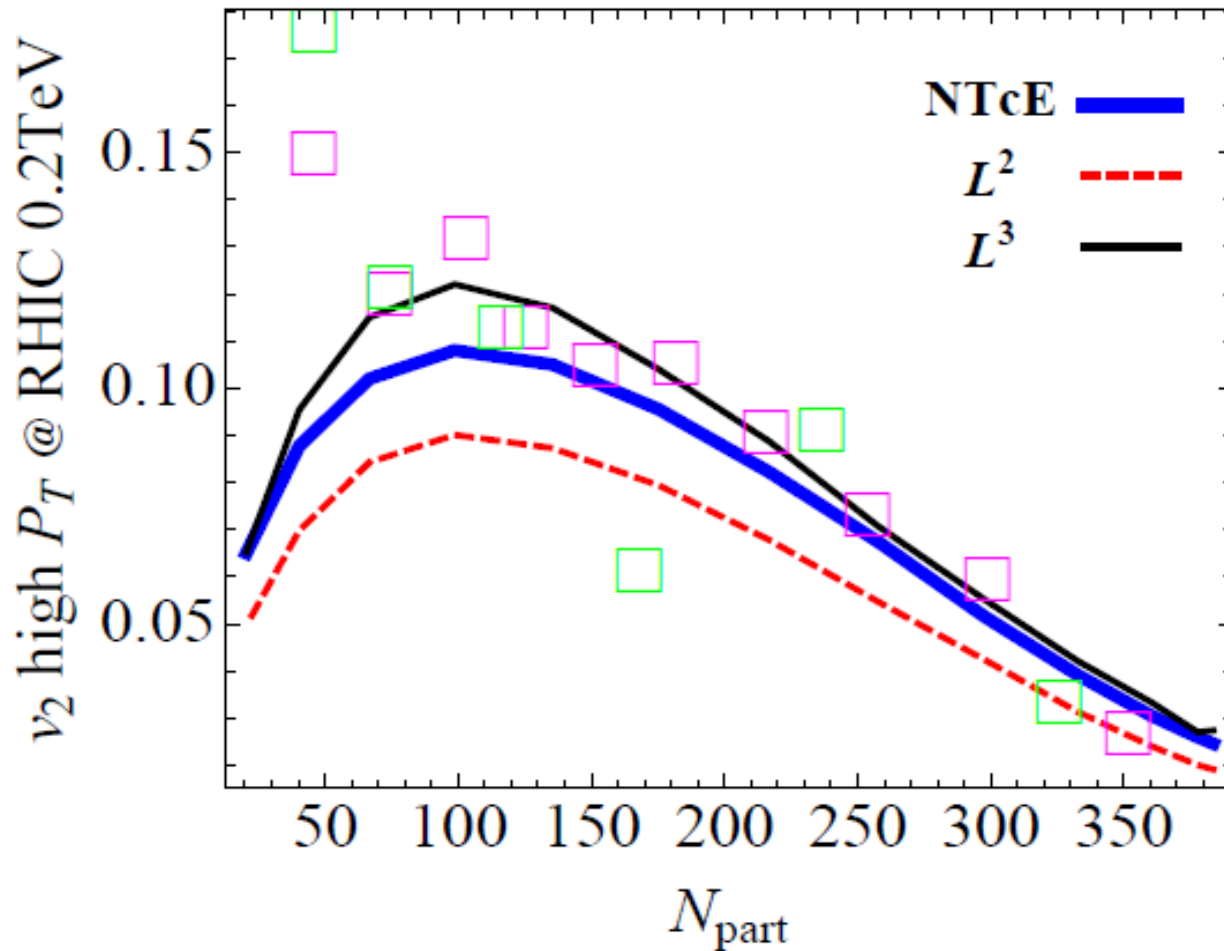


Sum over all the jet spots and jet paths

$n = 8.1$ (200 GeV),
 $n = 6.0$ (2.76 TeV)

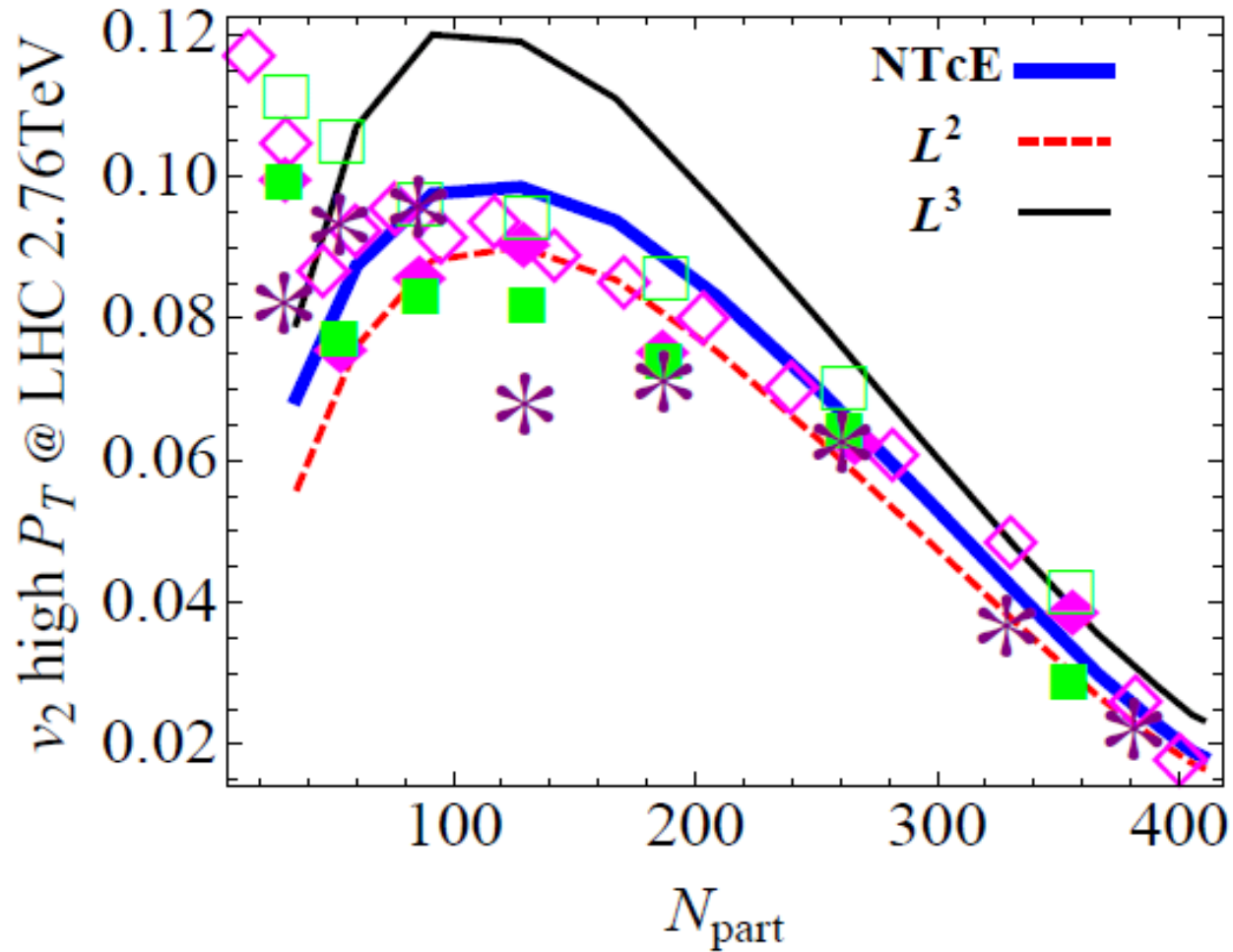
$$R_{AA}(\phi) \sim 1 + 2 \sum_n v_n \cos[n(\phi - \Psi_n^J)]$$

Results: v_2 , RHIC 200 GeV



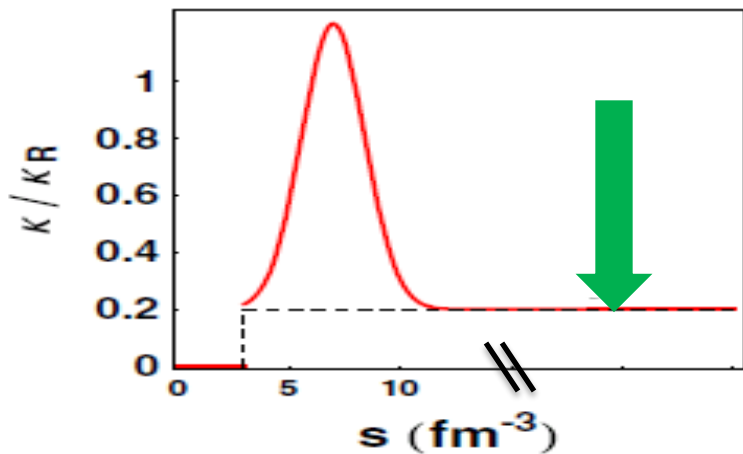
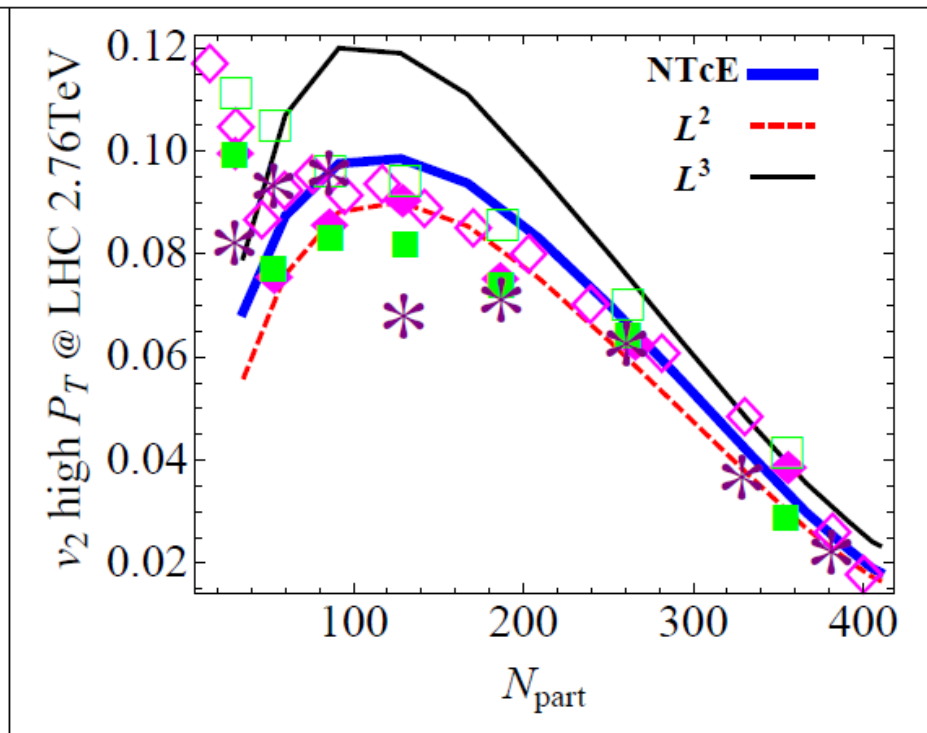
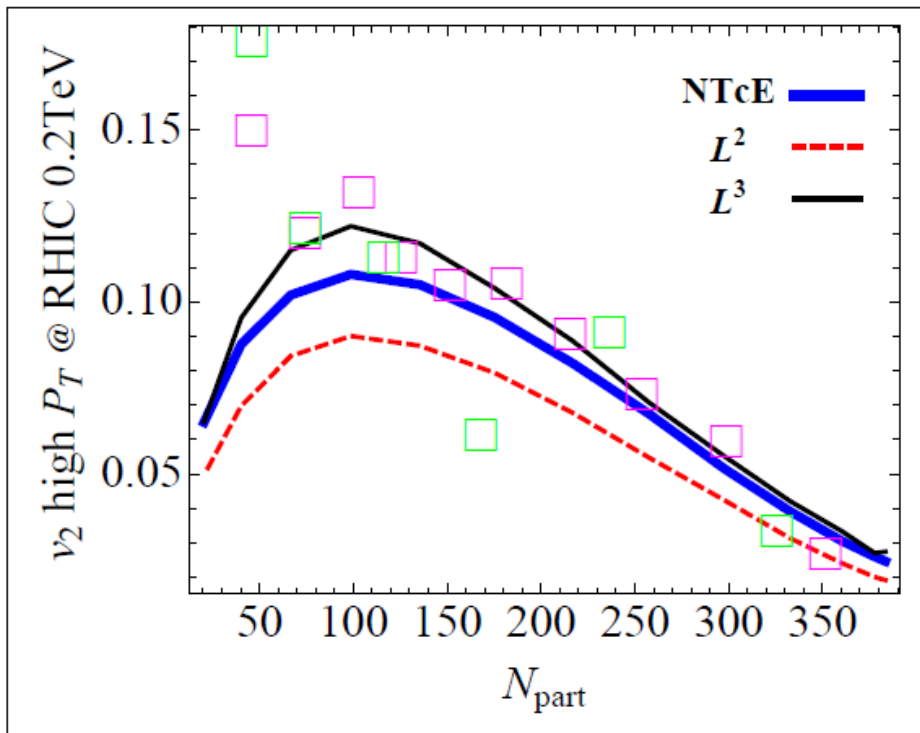
PHENIX, P_T : 6--9 GeV and > 9 GeV, PRL 105, 142301 (2010).

Results: V2, LHC 2.76 TeV



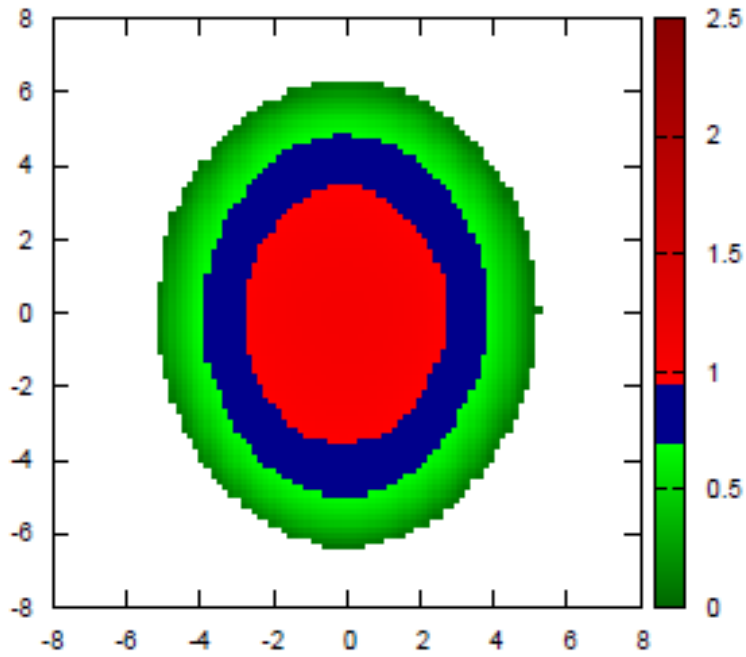
ATLAS, CMS, and ALICE, P_t : ~ 10 -- 20 GeV,
arXiv:1205.5761, 1204.1850, PLB 707, 330 (2012)

From RHIC to LHC

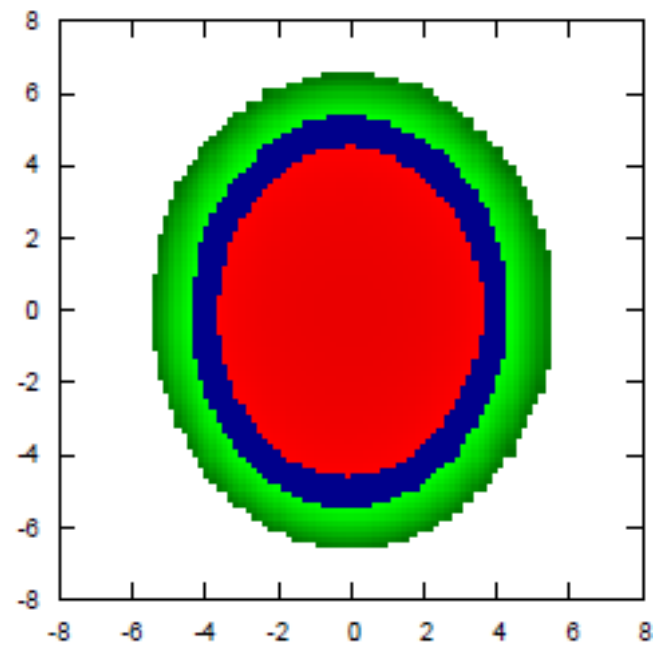


*X.Z. and J. Liao,
arXiv:1208.6361*

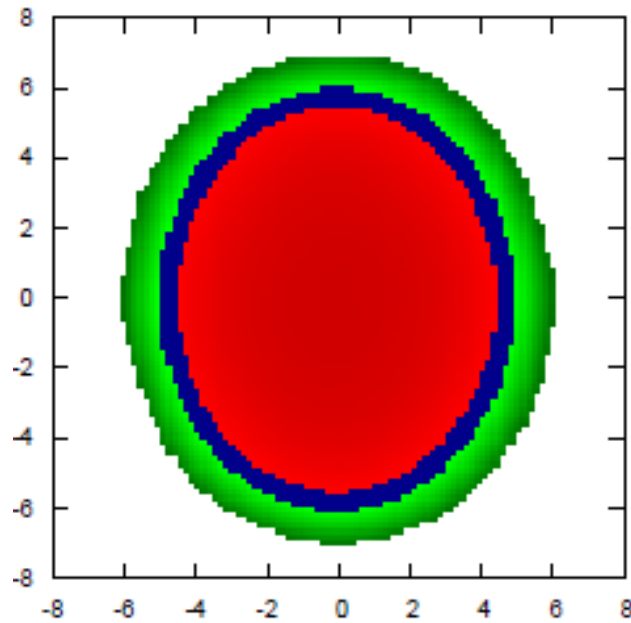
69GeV, $b=8\text{fm}$, $t=8\text{tau}$



200GeV, $b=8\text{fm}$, $t=8\text{tau}$

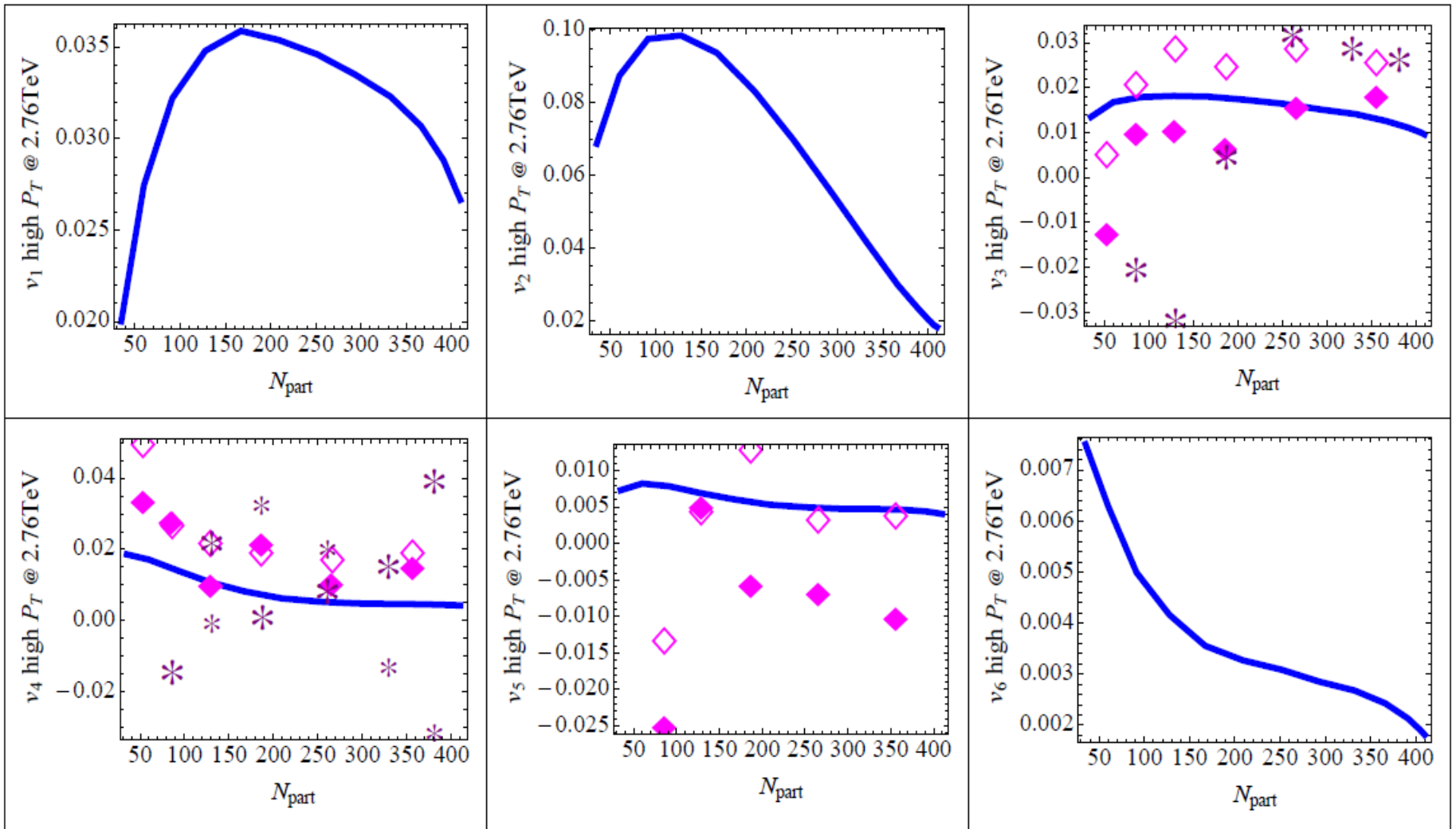


2.76TeV, $b=8\text{fm}$, $t=8\text{tau}$



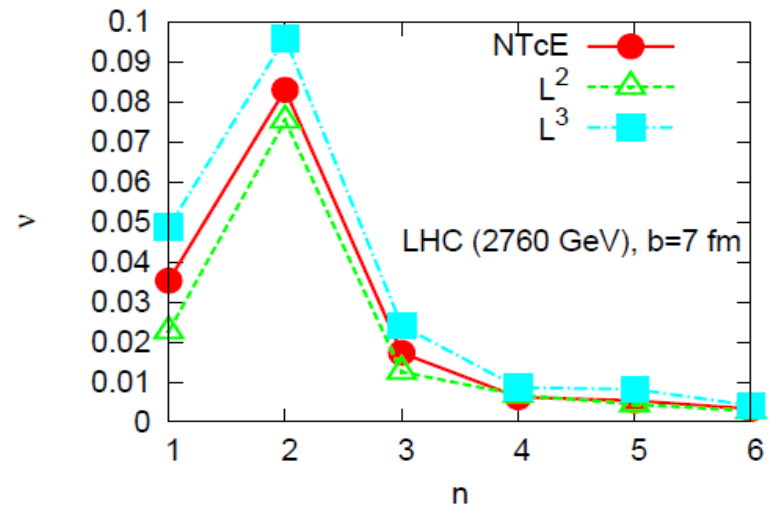
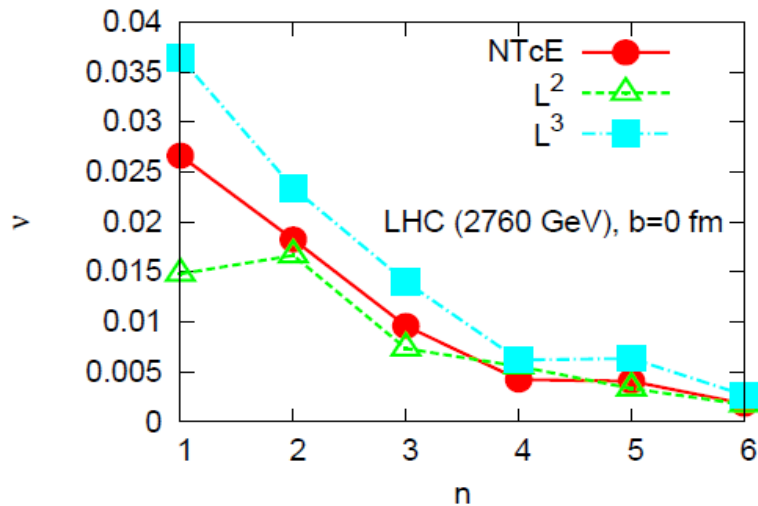
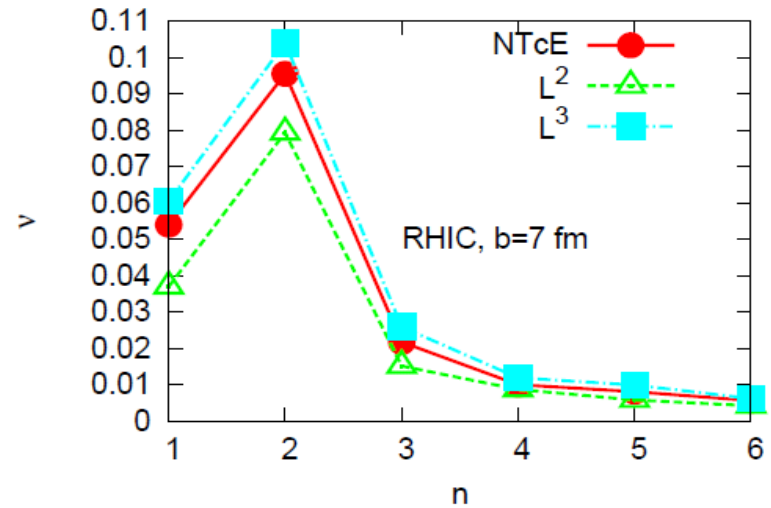
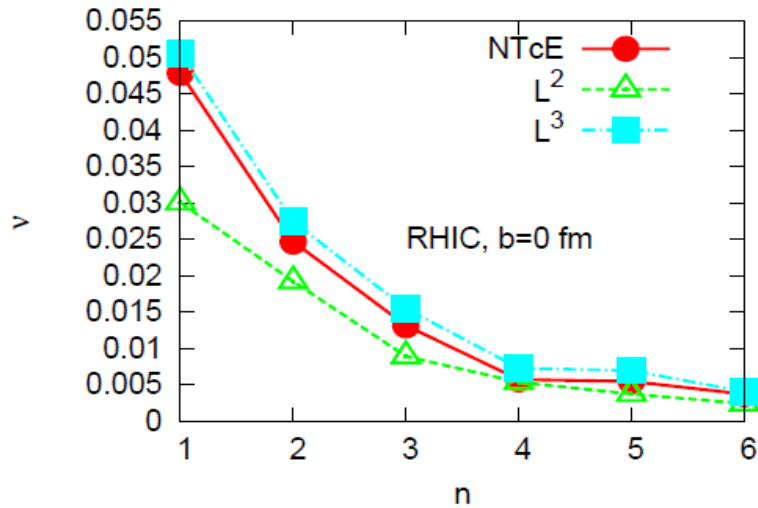
*Entropy
density*

Results: V_n , LHC 2.76 TeV



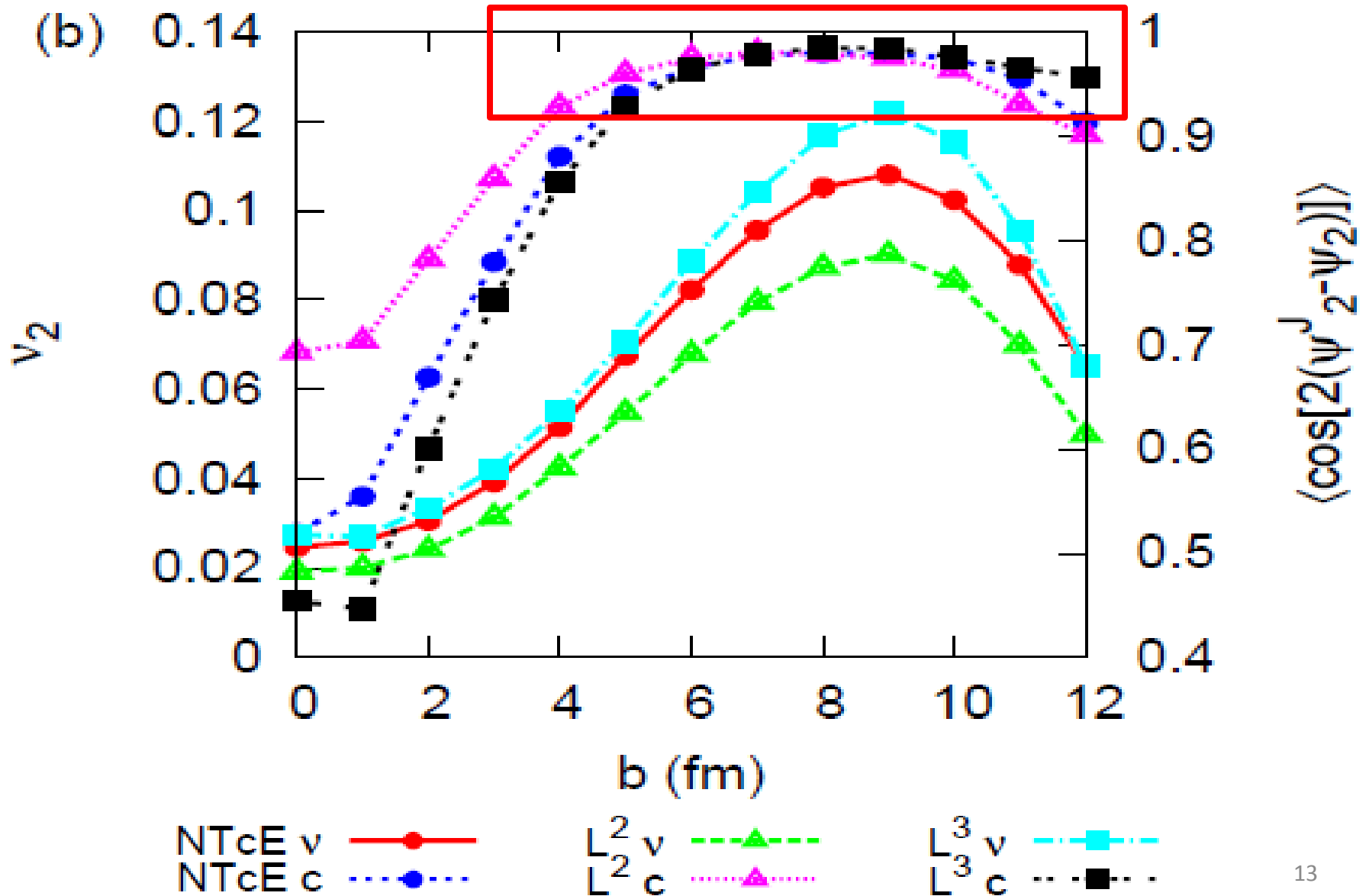
Based on NTcE model

Some details: V_n spectrum

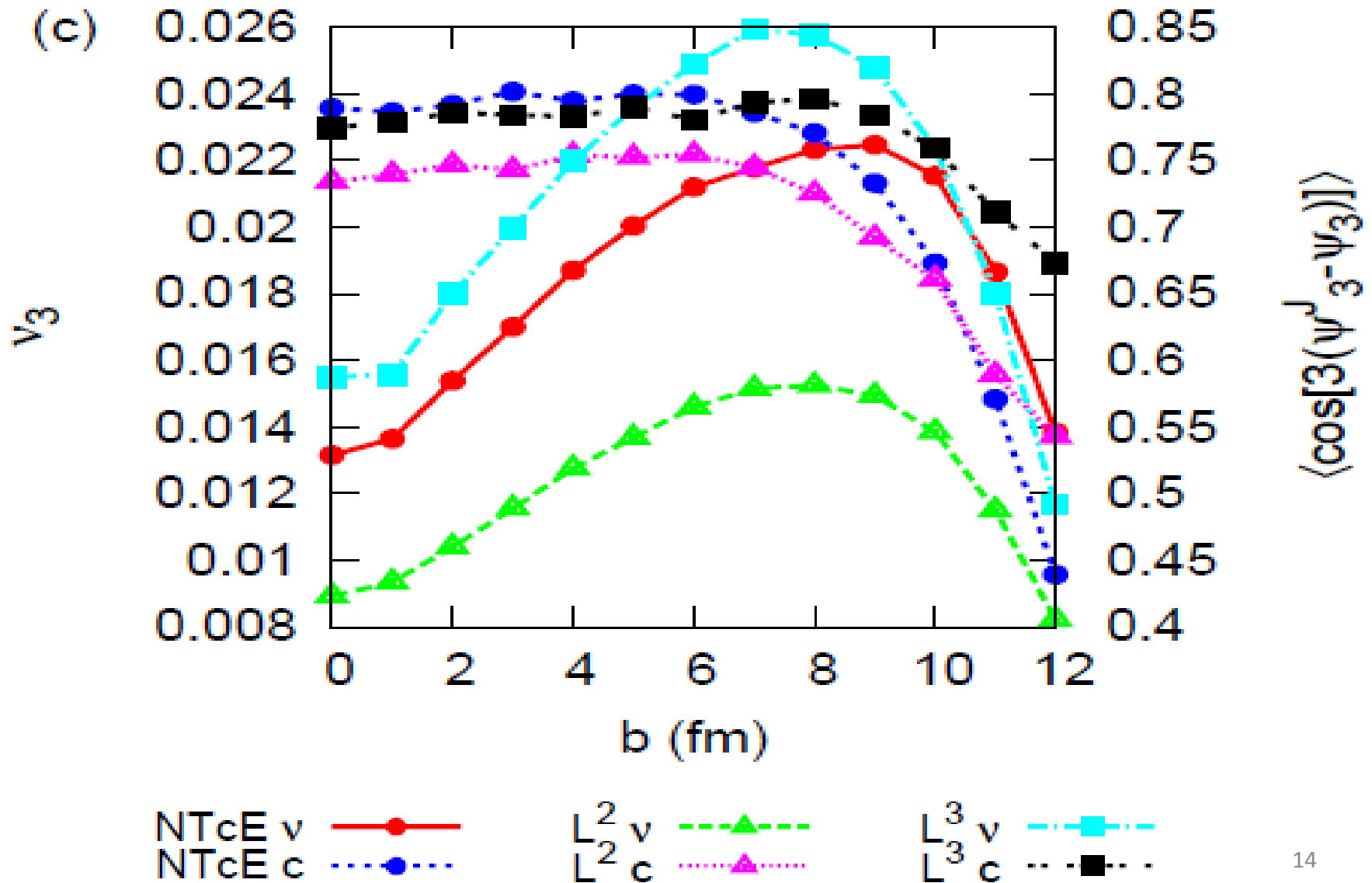


X.Z. and J. Liao, arXiv:1210.1245

Some details: angle dispersion

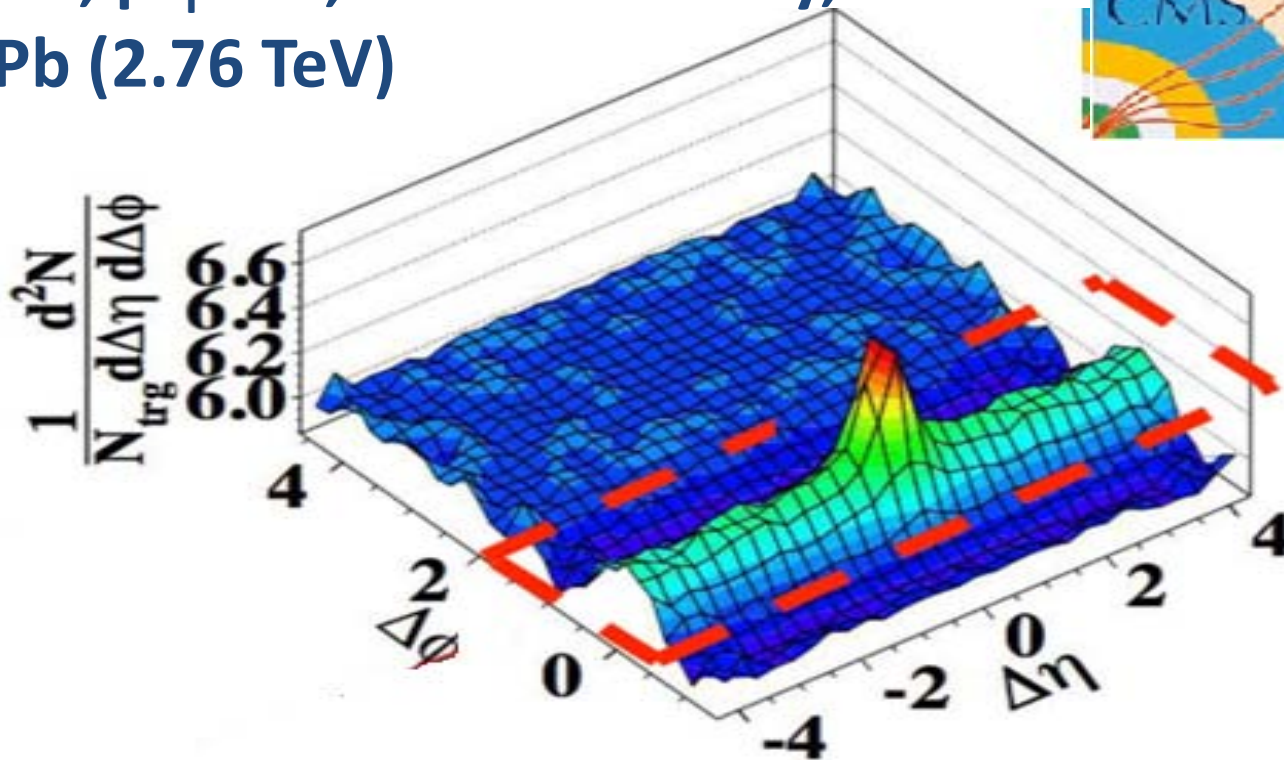


Some details: angle dispersion



Hard-soft Correlation

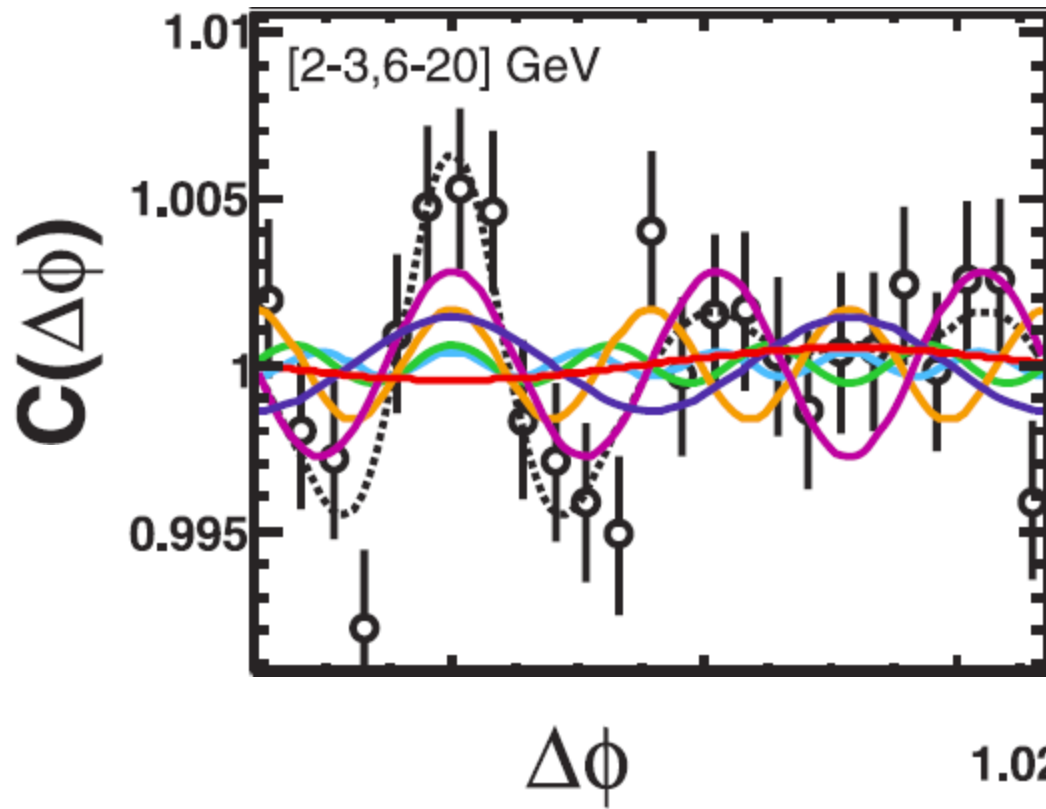
p_T^t 4-6, p_T^a 2-4, 0-5% centrality,
Pb-Pb (2.76 TeV)



Elliptic flow not subtracted

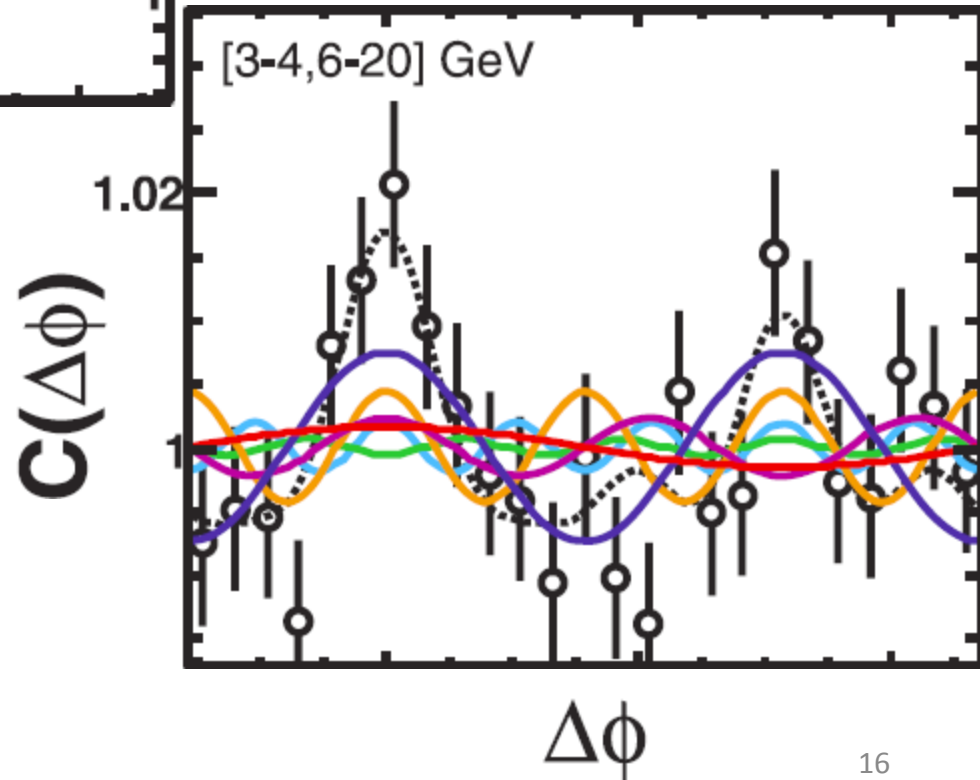
Hard-ridge phenomena

From Olga Evdokimov's talk at NNPSS2011

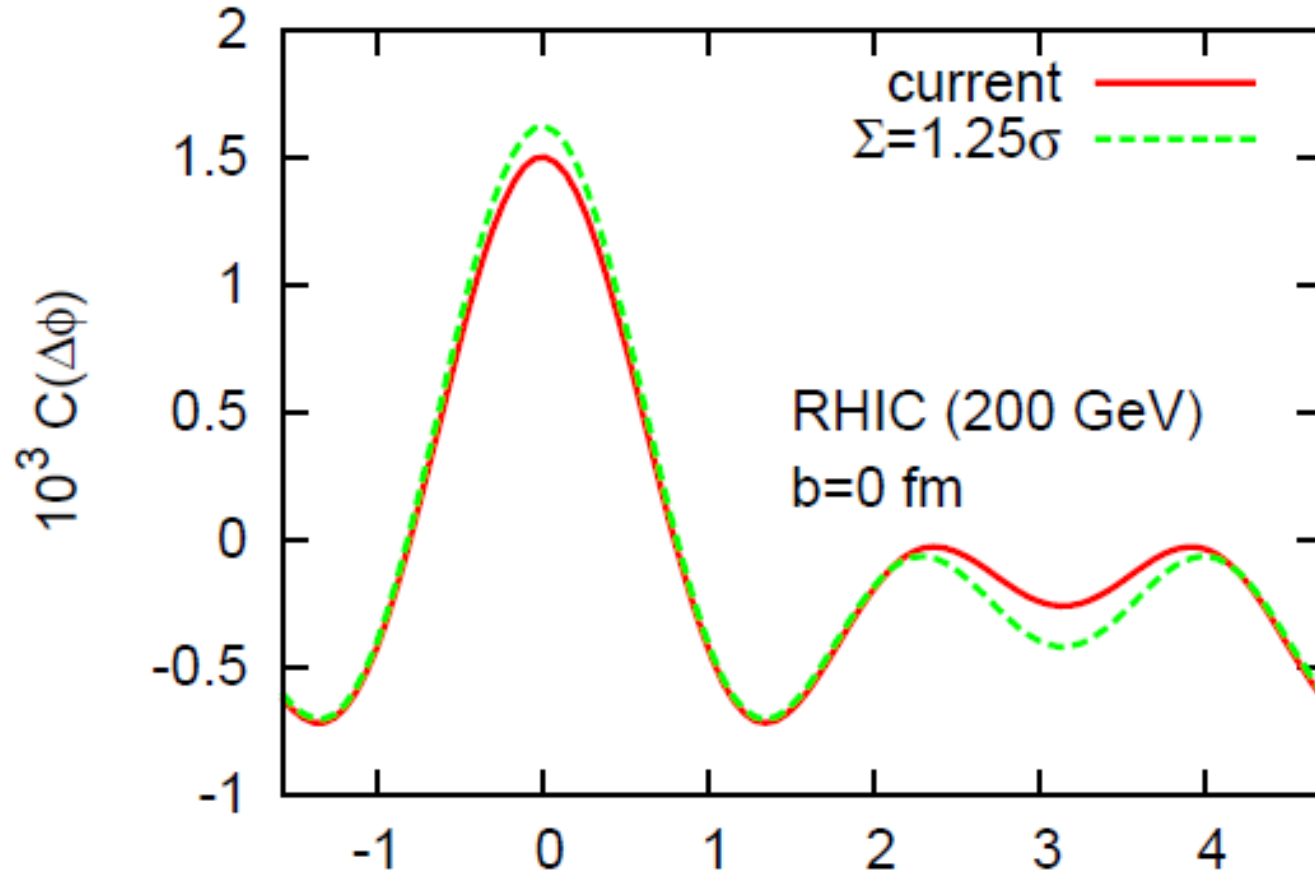


ATLAS,
PRC 86, 014907 (2012)

0-1% centrality,
 $2 < |\Delta\eta| < 5$



Hard-soft Correlation



$$\frac{dN^s}{d\phi^s} \sim 1 + 2 \sum_n \nu_n^s \cos[n(\phi^s - \psi_n^S)] ,$$

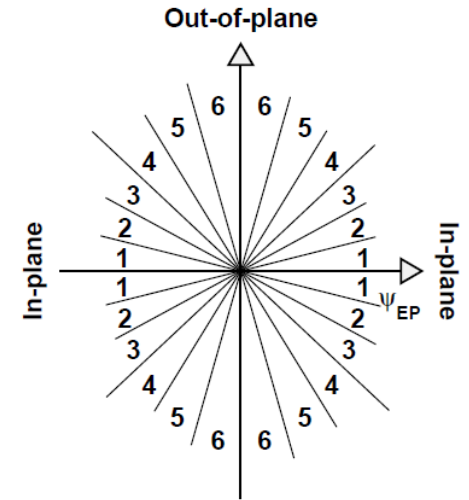
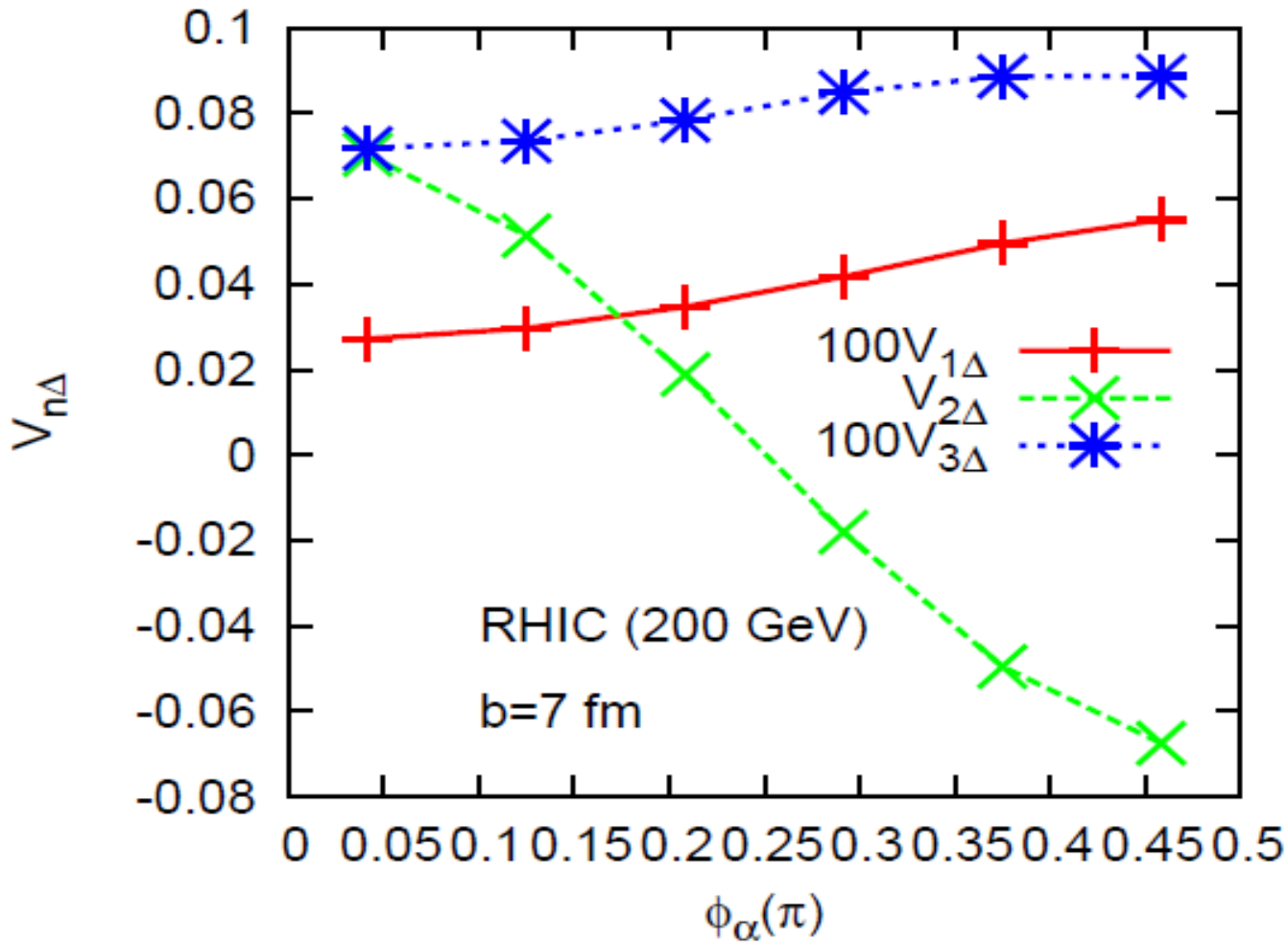
$$\frac{dN^h}{d\phi^h} \sim 1 + 2 \sum_m \nu_m^h \cos[m(\phi^h - \psi_m^J)]$$

$$\left\langle \frac{dN^{hard}}{dyd\phi_1} \frac{dN^{soft}}{dyd\phi_2} \right\rangle$$

$$\sim 1 + \sum_{n=1,2,3,\dots} 2 \langle \nu_n^h \nu_n^s \rangle \cos(n\Delta\phi)$$

X.Z. and J. Liao, PLB 713, 35 (2012).

Hard-soft Correlation

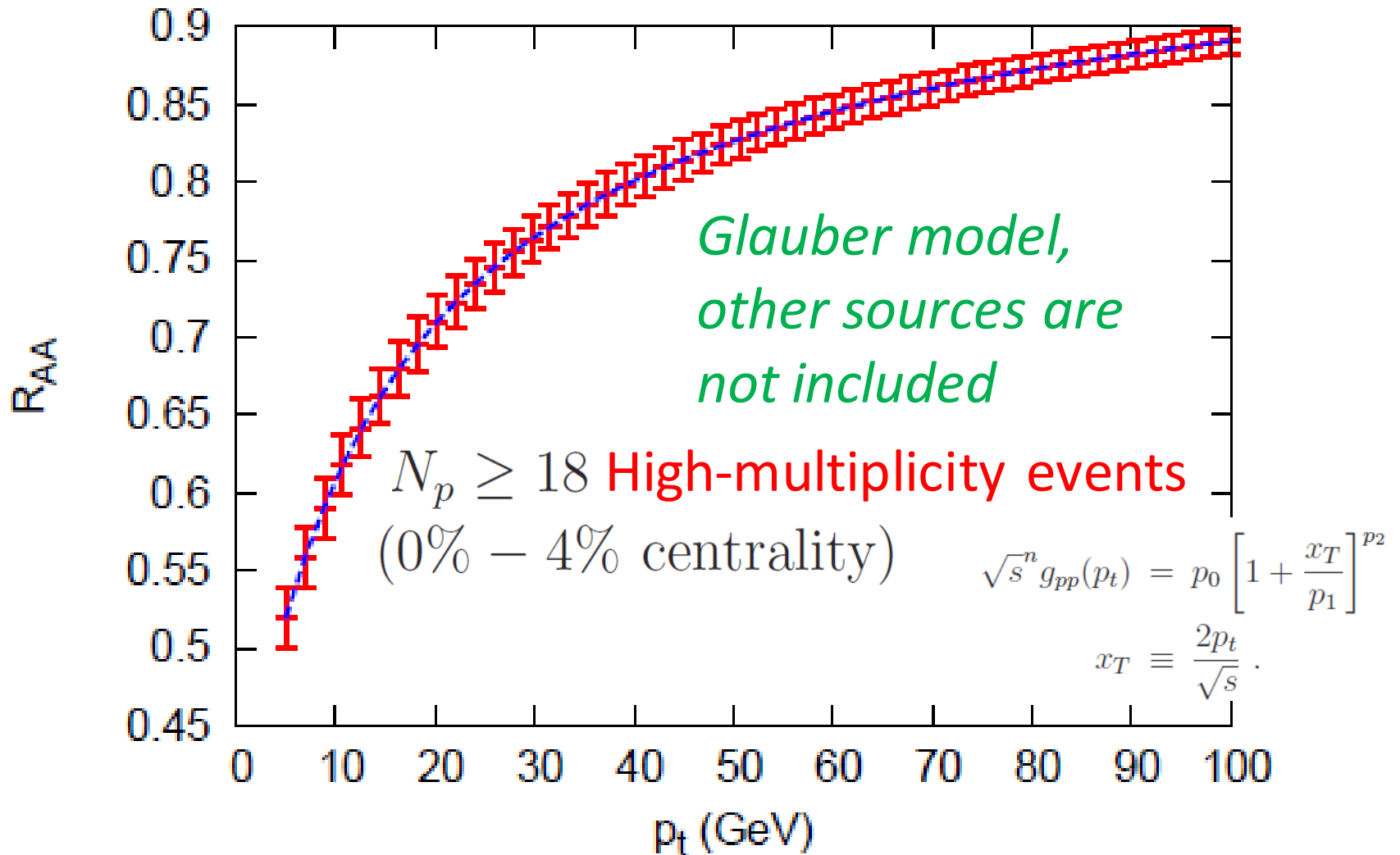


RHIC,
arXiv:1010.0690
M. Luzum,
PLB 696, 499
(2011)

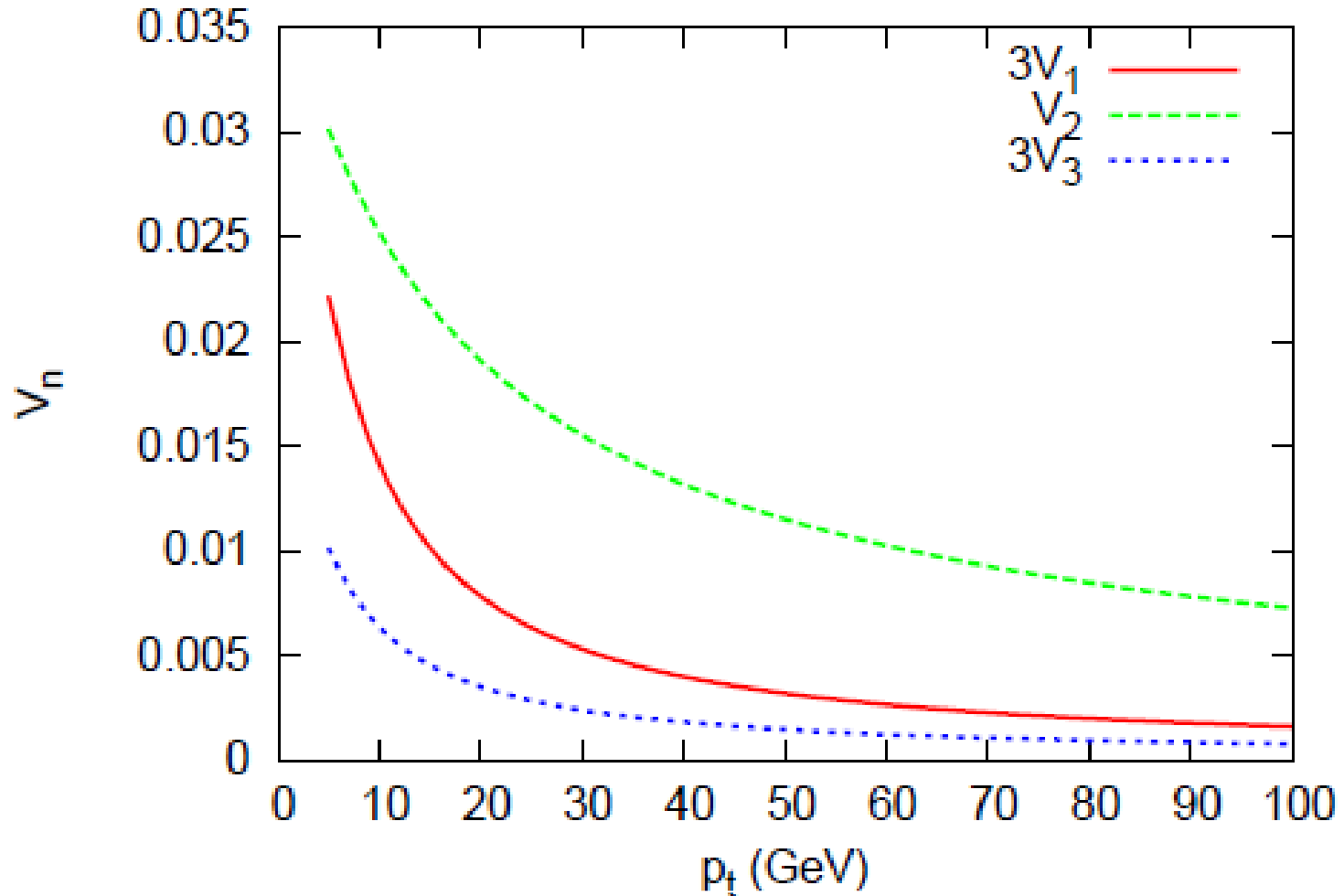
$$C(\Delta\phi) \equiv 2 \times \left[\sum_n V_{n\Delta} \cos(n\Delta\phi) \right]$$

X.Z. and J. Liao, arXiv:1210.1245

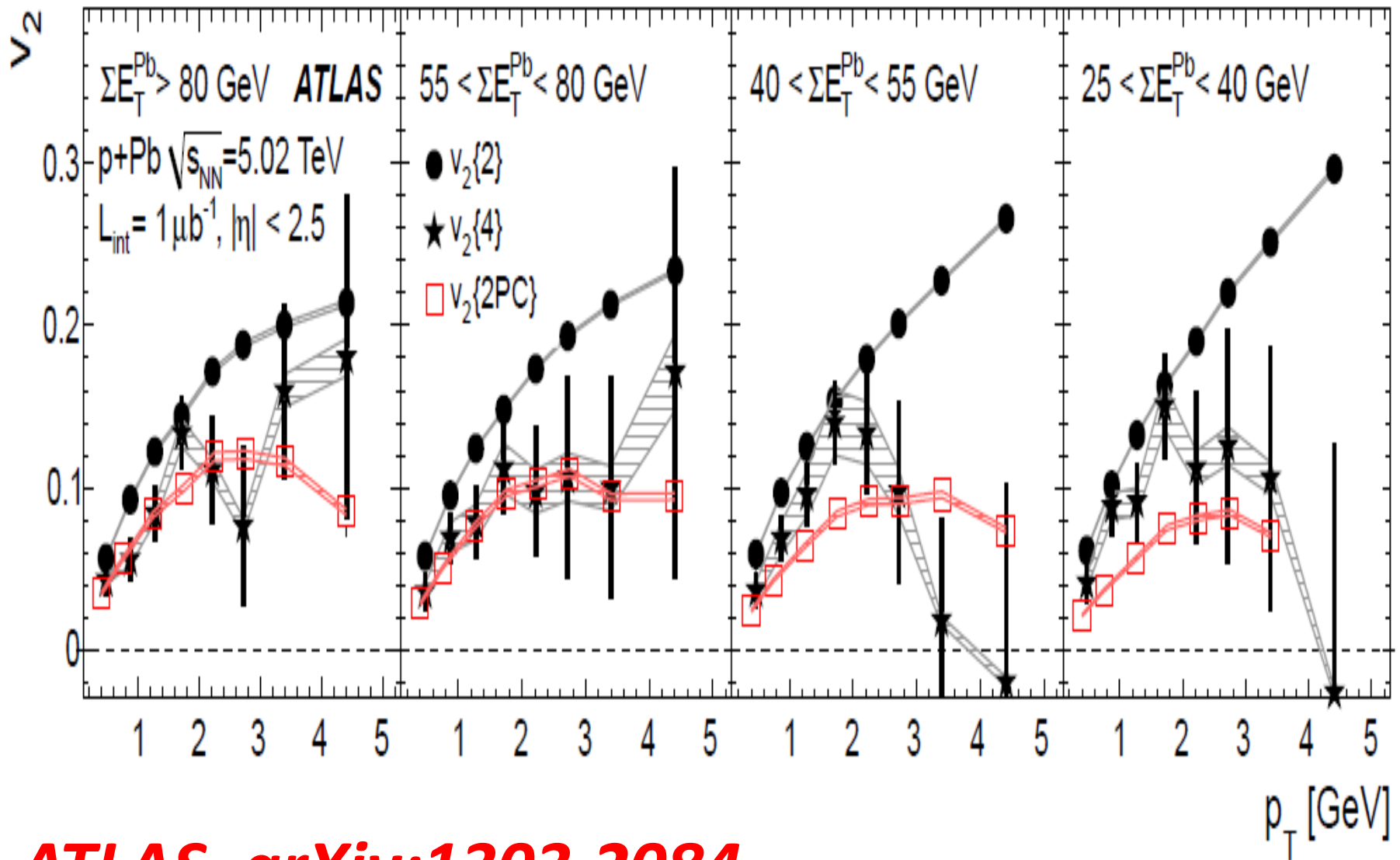
P-Pb case (5.02 TeV): a try



P-Pb case (5.02 TeV): a try

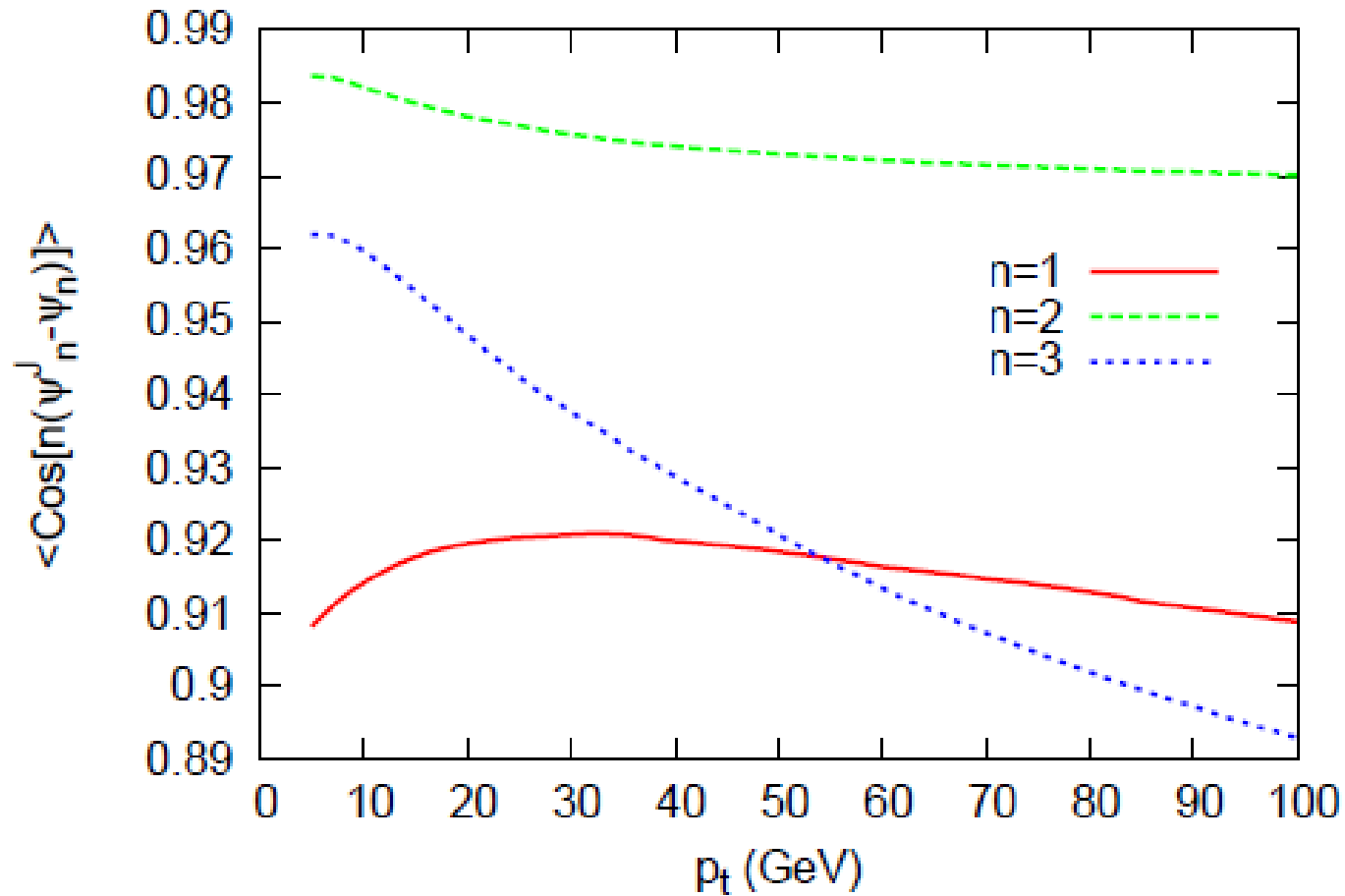


Final state interaction?



ATLAS, arXiv:1303.2084

P-Pb case (5.02 TeV): a try



Angle dispersion

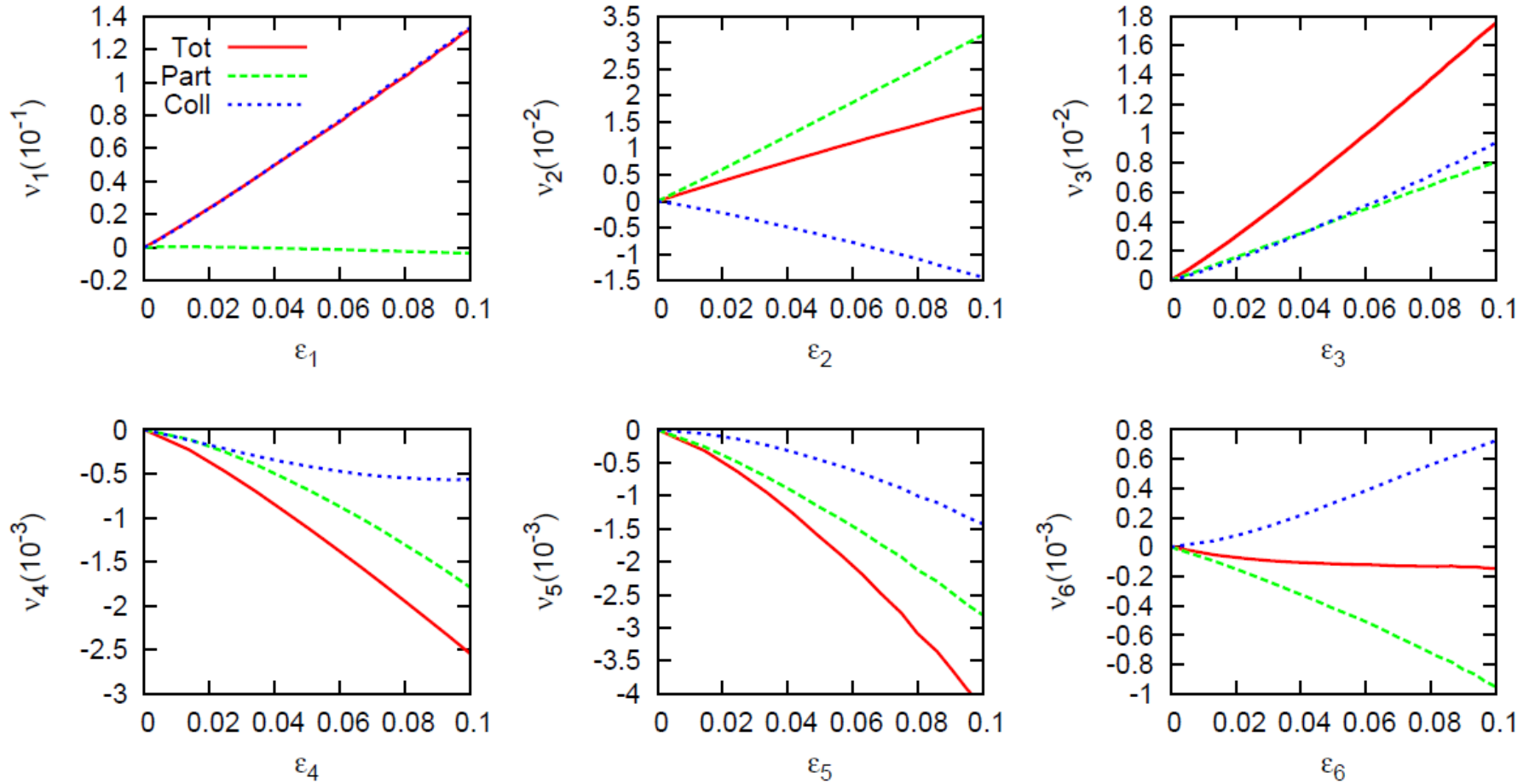
Conclusion and outlook

- NTcE explains well the **centrality-dependence** of high-pt V_2 from RHIC 200 GeV to LHC 2.76 TeV (V_n ?)
- Need more and better data on high-pt V_n
- V_n contribute to hard-soft correlation
- High-pt R_{AA} and anisotropy are explored for high multiplicity P-Pb events, data are needed
- Realistic matter evolution is needed (in progress)
- Connection between NTcE and QCD needs to be explored

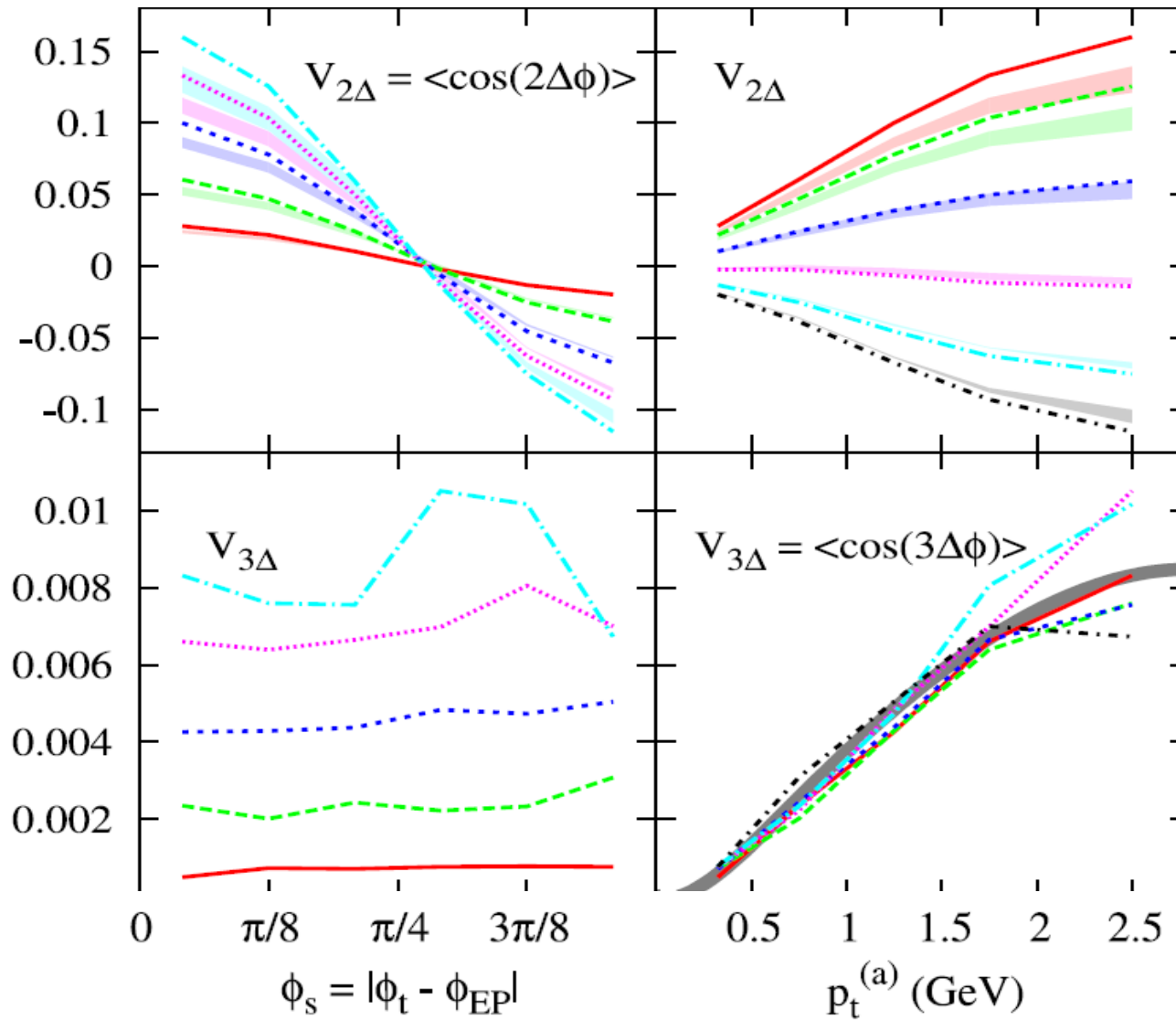
Back up

Jet response at $b=0$ fm

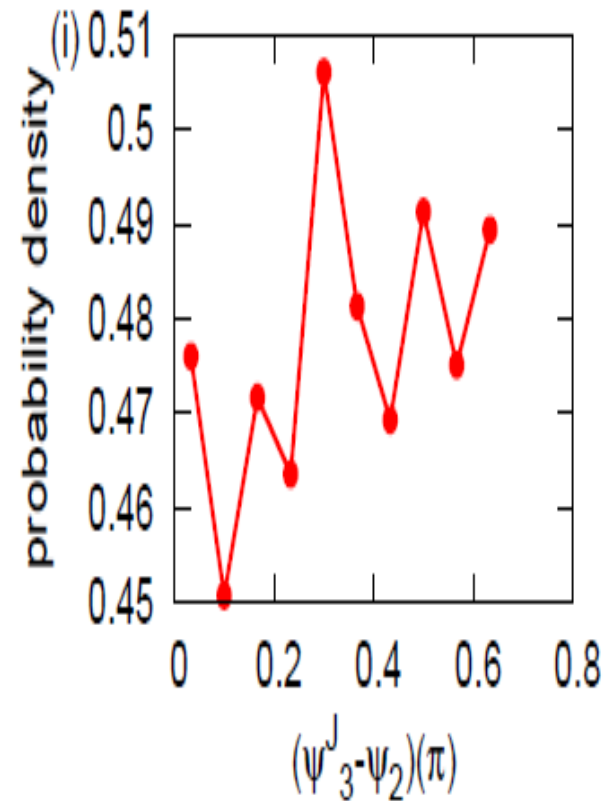
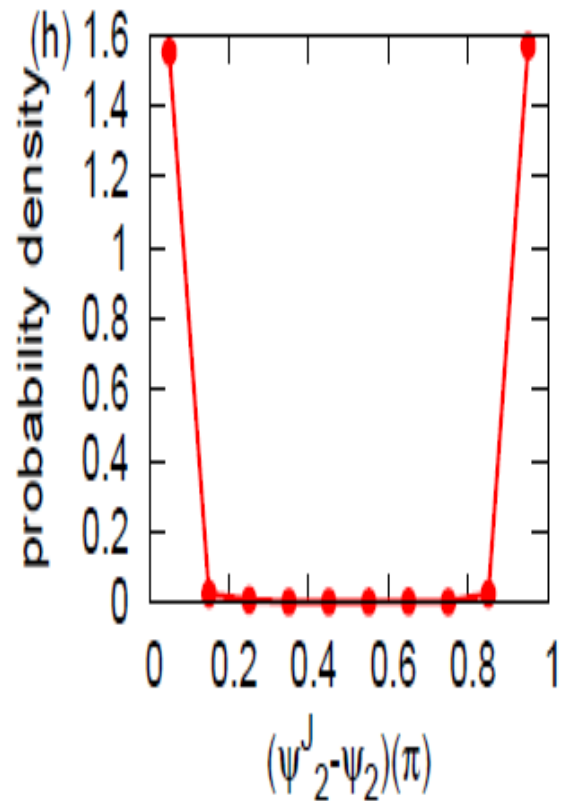
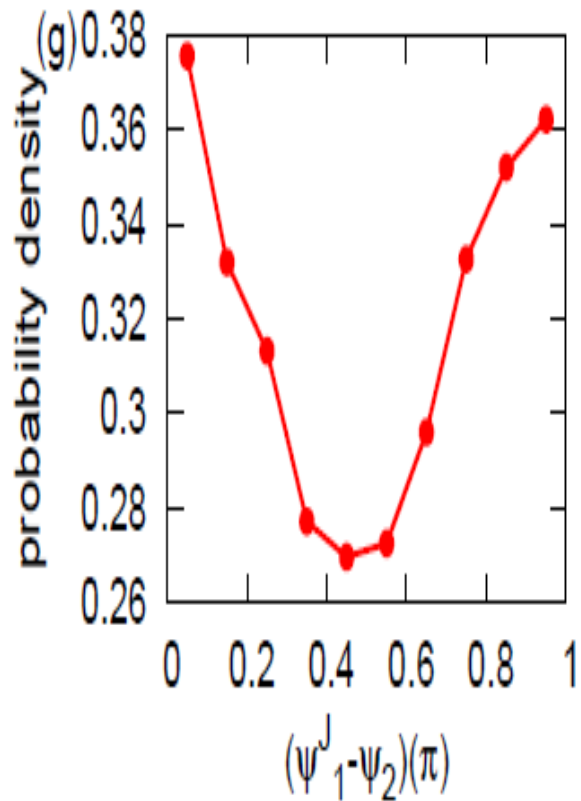
Simple estimate



X.Z. and J. Liao, 2012



M. Luzum, PLB 696, 499 (2011)



RHIC (200 GeV), $b=7$ fm

Weak-coupling pQCD (Baier et al.):

$$\hat{q}_{pQCD} = \frac{8\zeta(3)}{\pi} \alpha_S^2 N_{color}^2 T^3 \sim 0.94 \frac{GeV^2}{fm} \text{ at } T = 300 \text{ MeV}$$

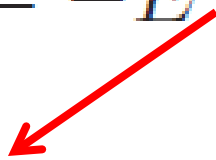
Strong-coupling $N=4$ SYM (Liu, Rajagopal and Wiedemann):

$$\hat{q}_{AdS/CFT} = \frac{\pi^{\frac{3}{2}} \Gamma(\frac{3}{4})}{\Gamma(\frac{5}{4})} \sqrt{\alpha_{SYM} N_{color}} T^3 \sim 4.5 \frac{GeV^2}{fm} \text{ at } T = 300 \text{ MeV}$$

From P. Jacob's NNPS2011 lecture

Jet tomography: pt dependence

$$dE = -E^\delta \kappa[s(l)] l^m dl$$



Two para.
fitted to
central Raa

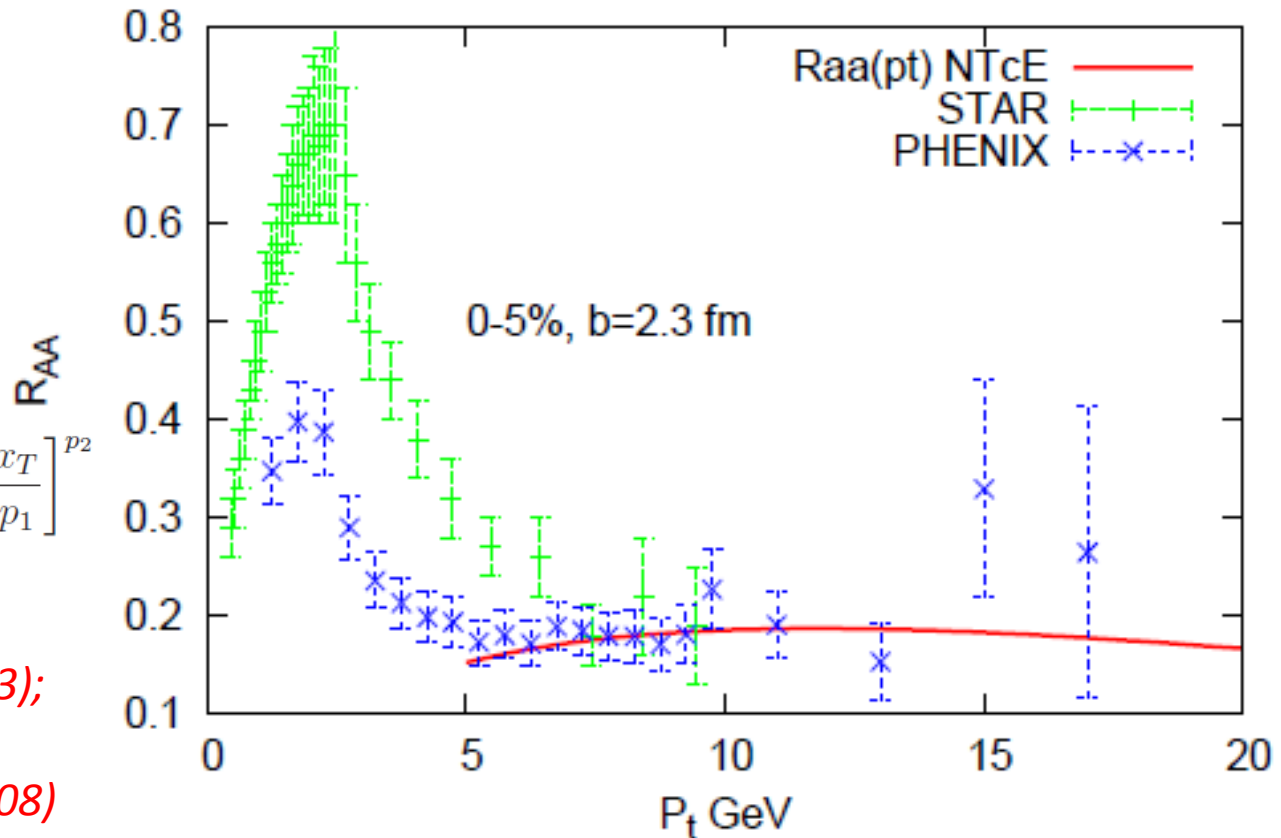
$$\sqrt{s}^n g_{pp}(p_t) = p_0 \left[1 + \frac{x_T}{p_1} \right]^{p_2}$$

$$x_T \equiv \frac{2p_t}{\sqrt{s}}$$

STAR,
PRL 91, 172302 (2003);
PHENIX,
PRL 101, 232301 (2008)

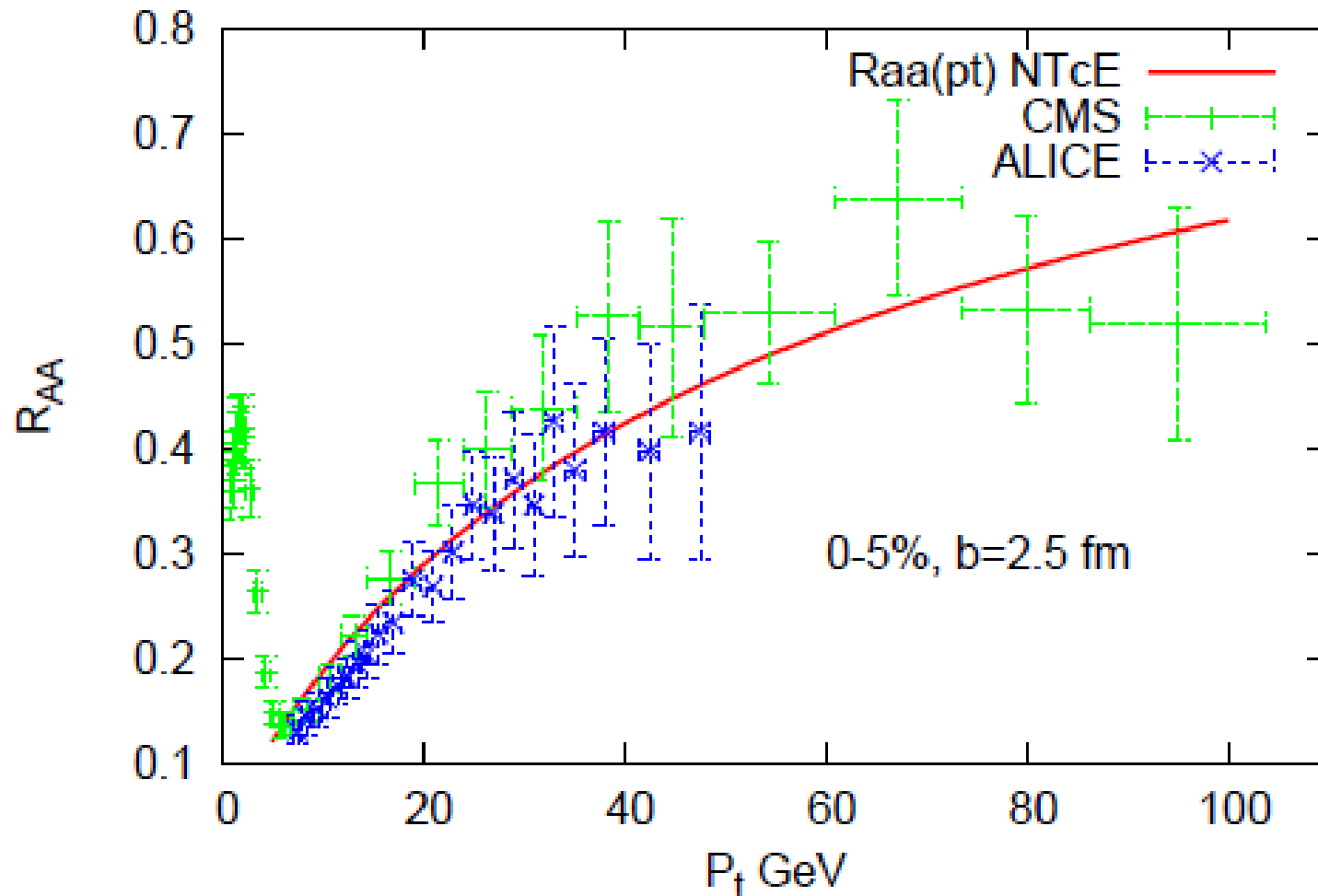
*P-P effective spectrum
index is energy dependent.*

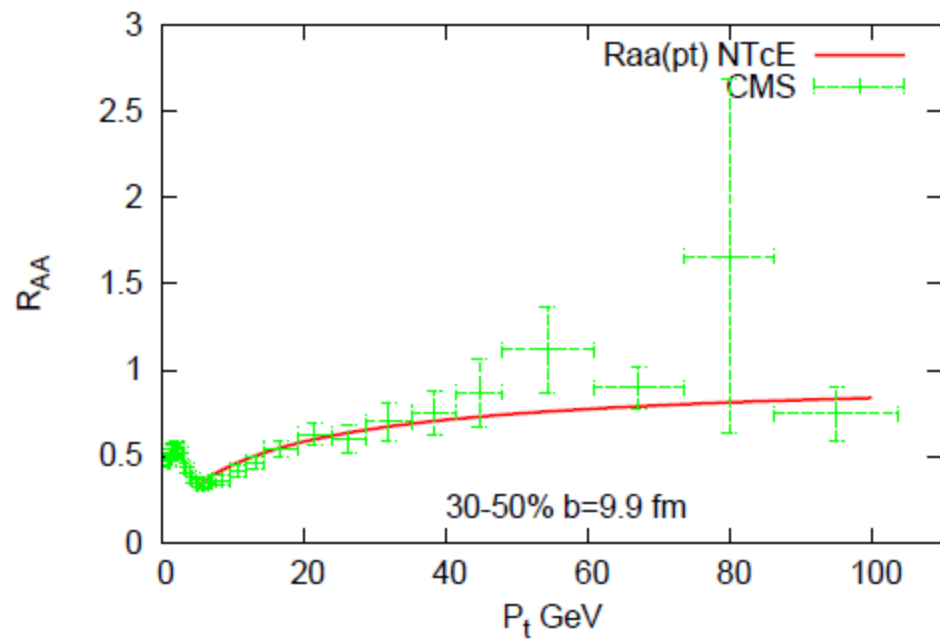
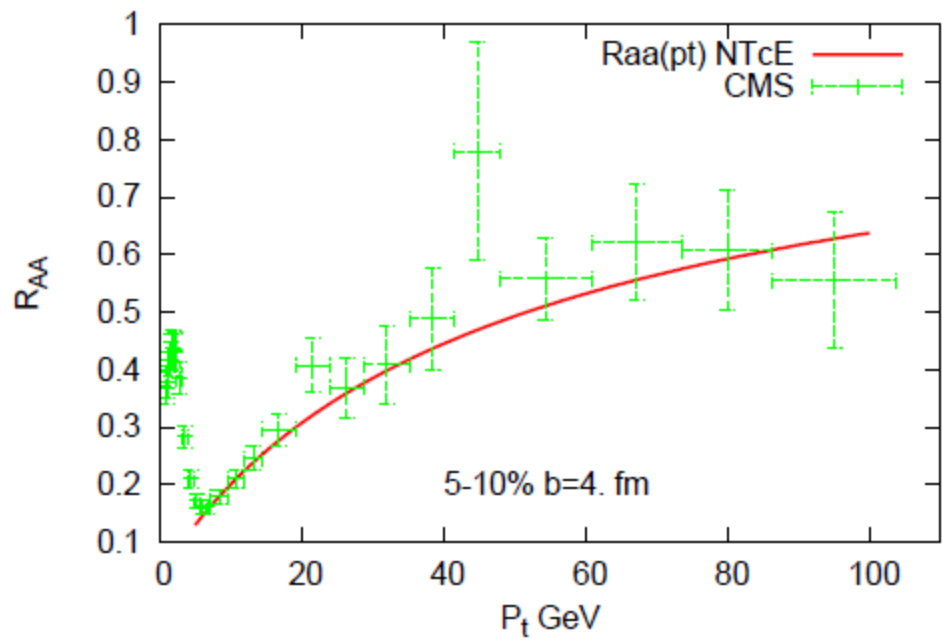
W. A. Horowitz and M. Gyulassy,
NPA 872, 265 (2011).

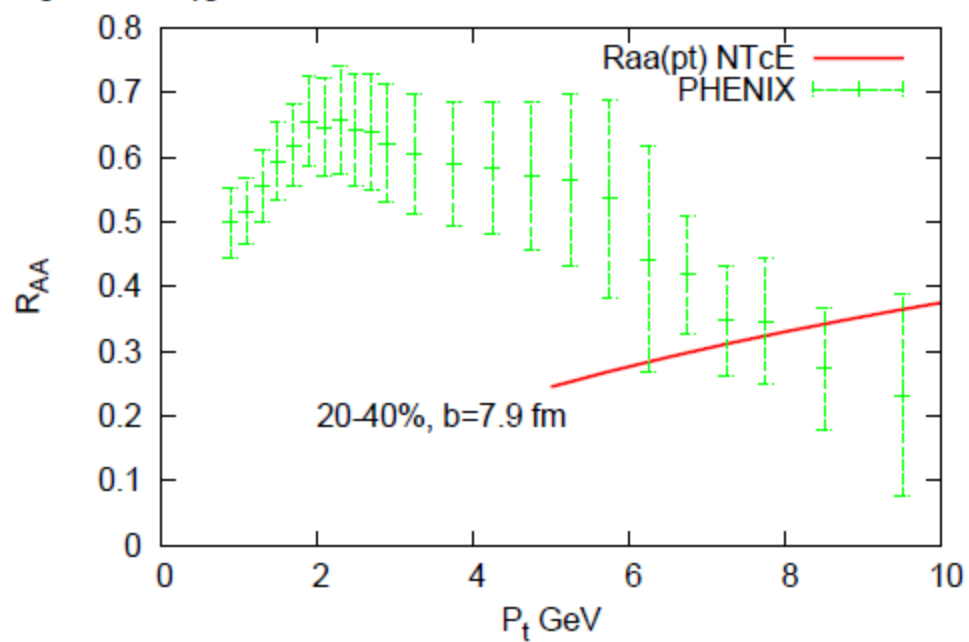
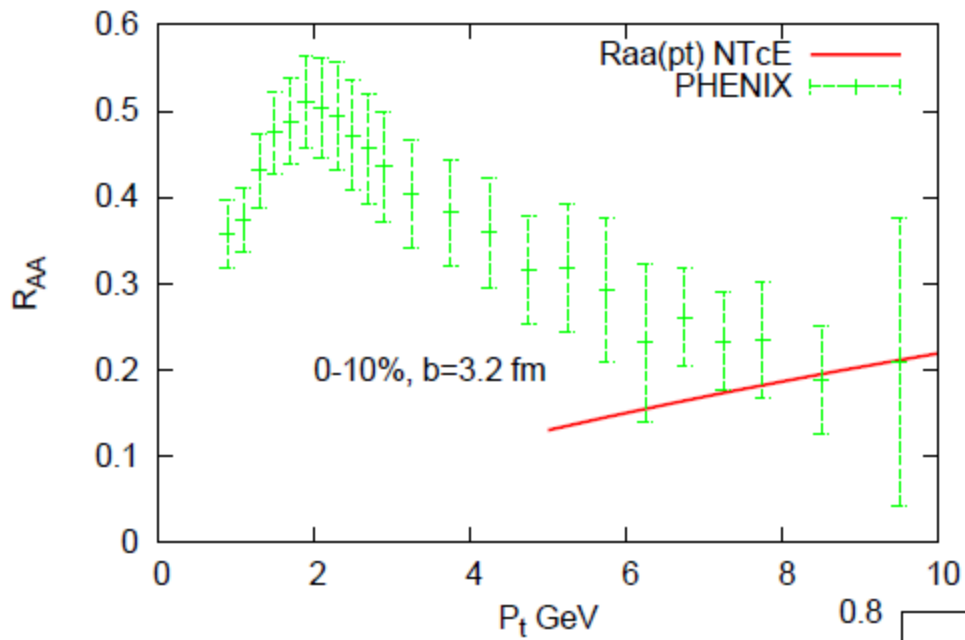


Jet tomography: pt dependence

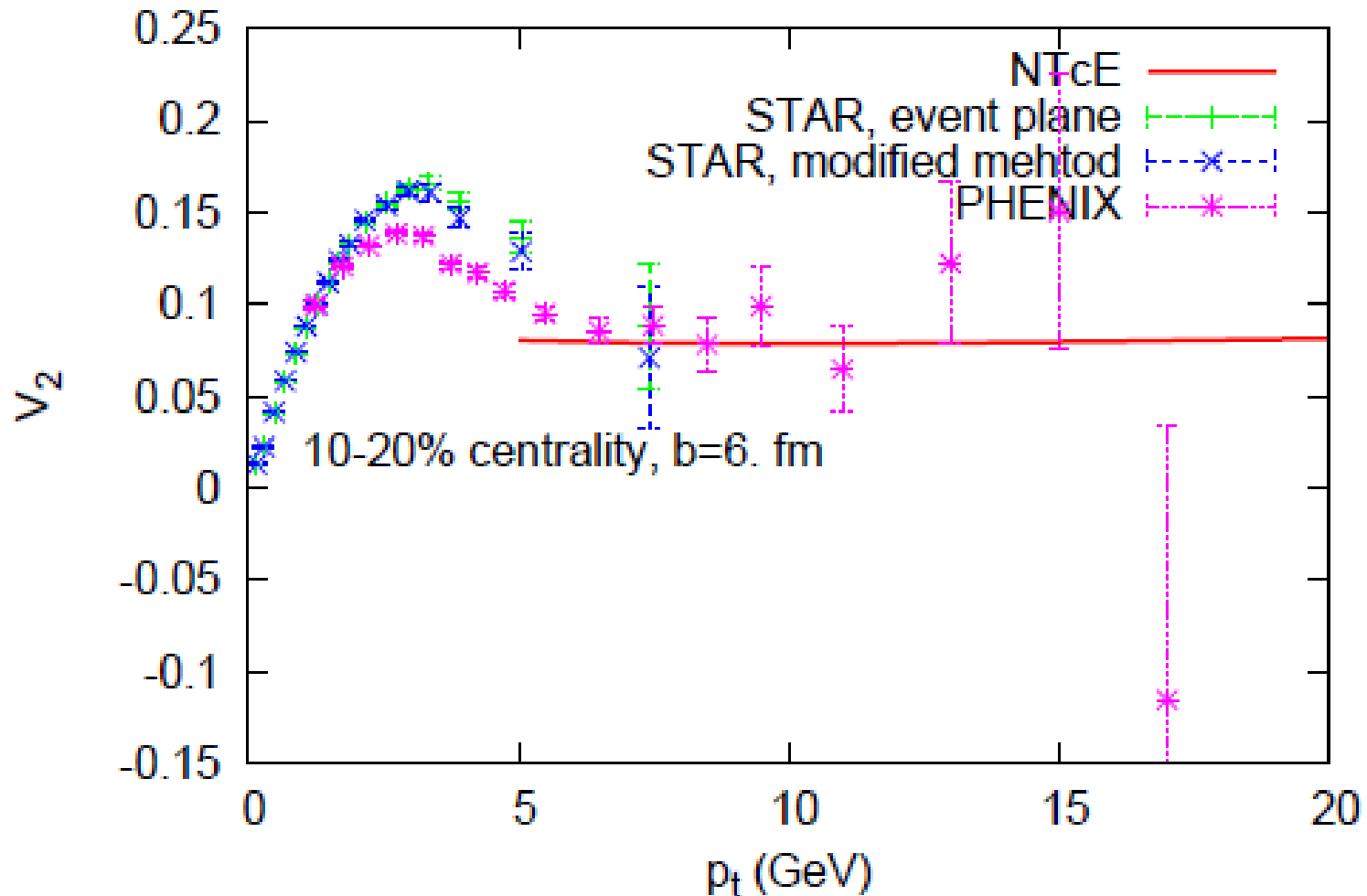
P-P spectrum: QCD scaling formula.





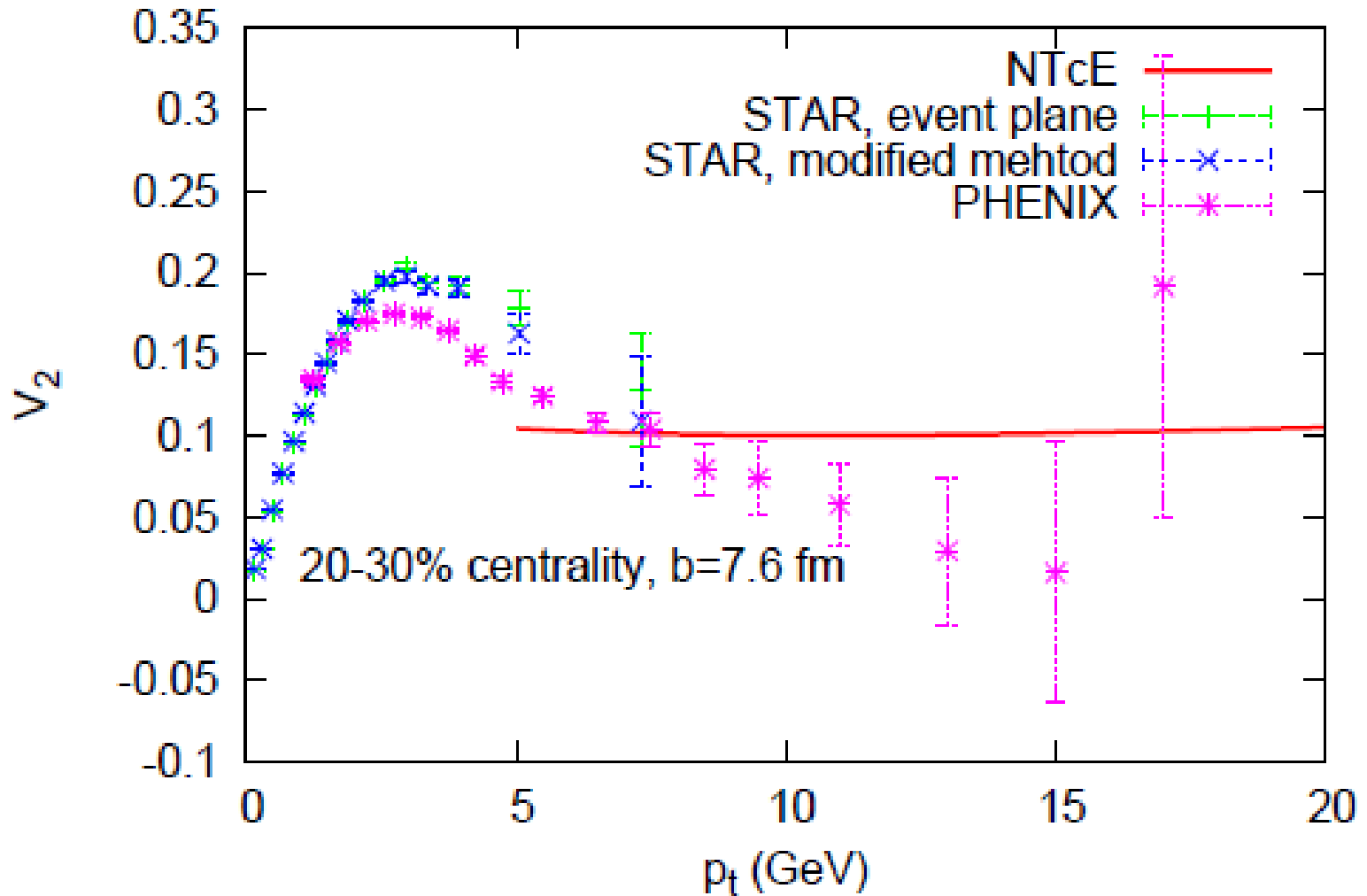


Jet tomography: p_t dependence

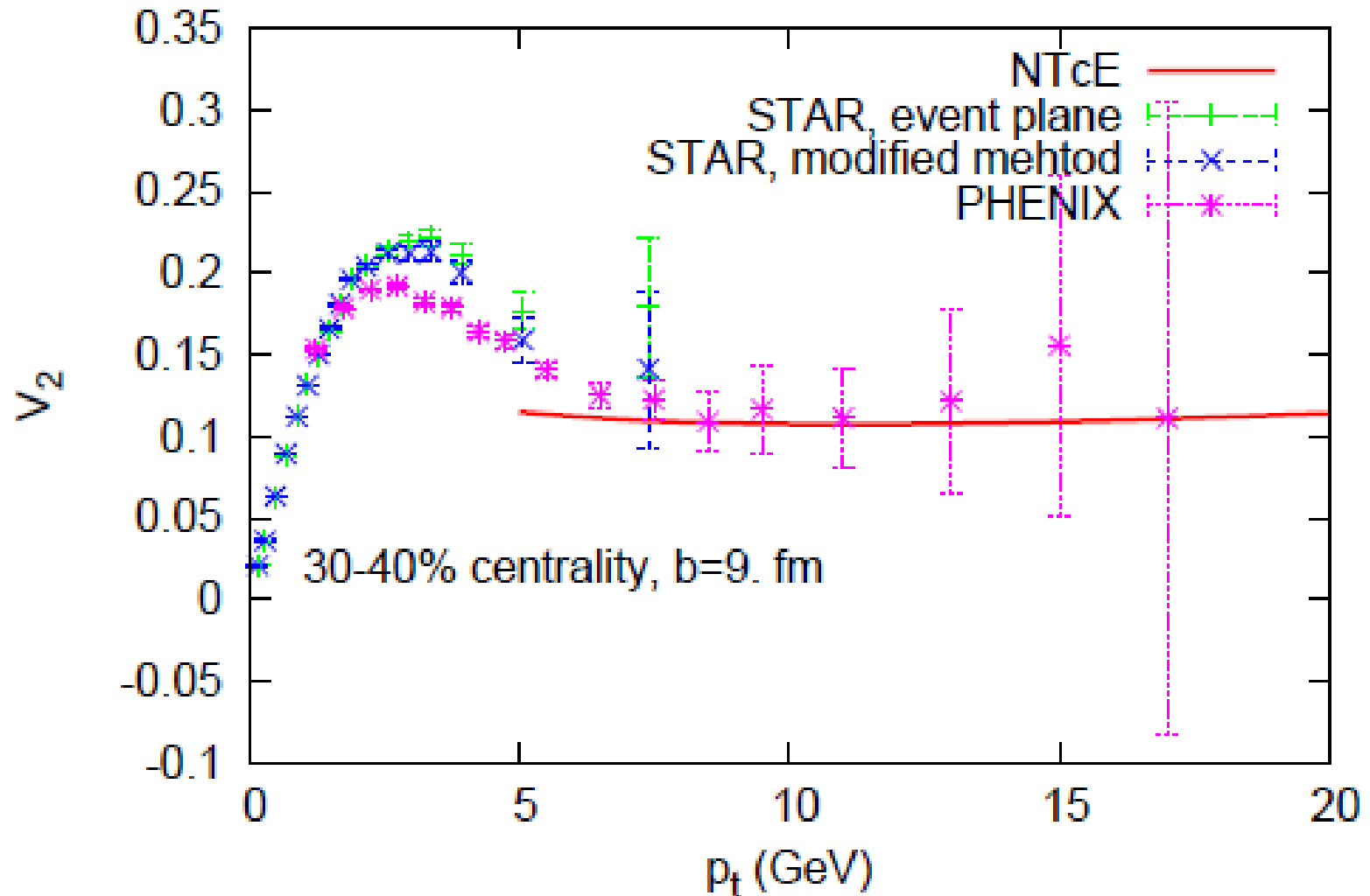


STAR, PRC **72**, 014904 (2005); PHENIX, PRL **105**, 142301 (2010).

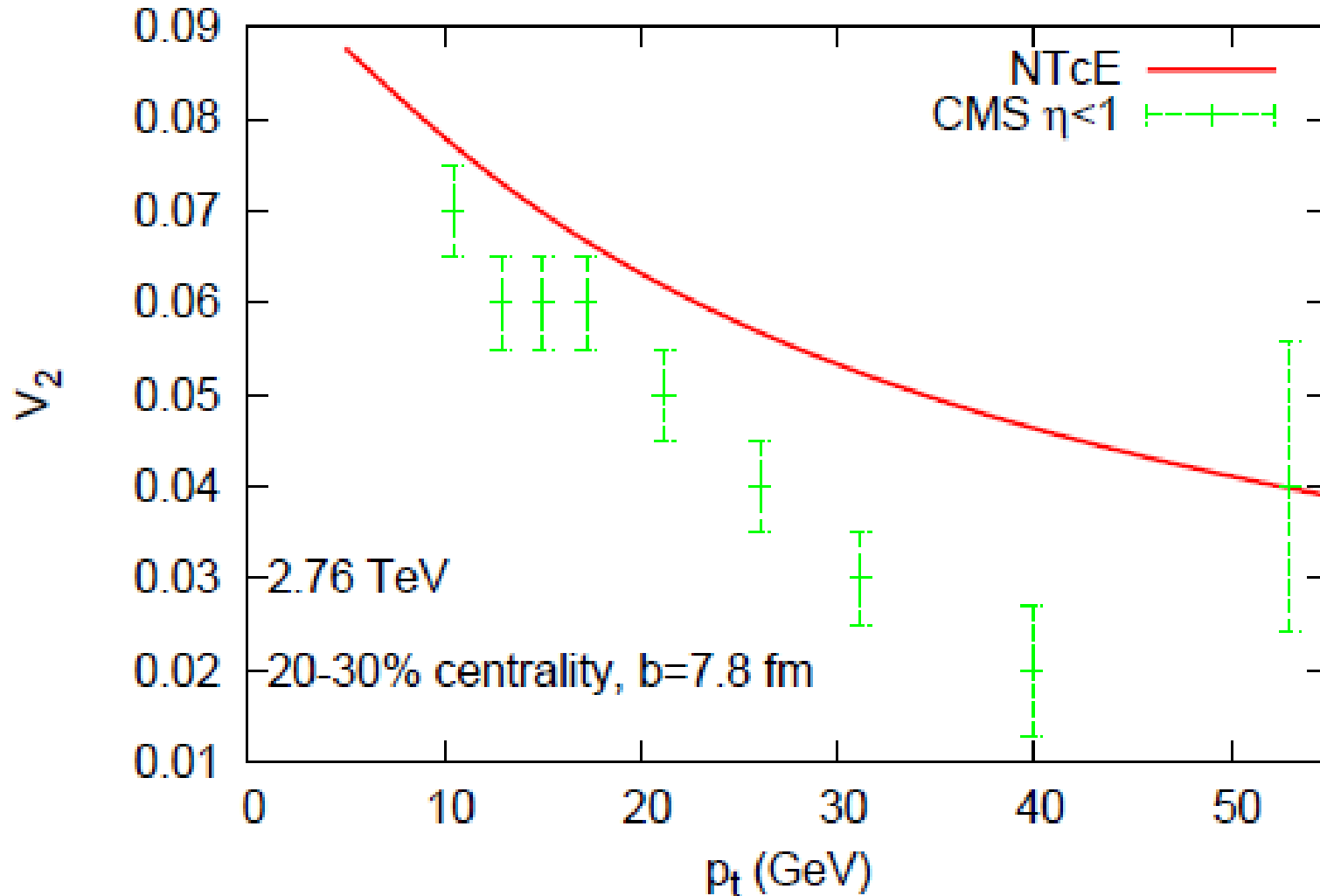
Jet tomography: p_t dependence



Jet tomography: p_t dependence

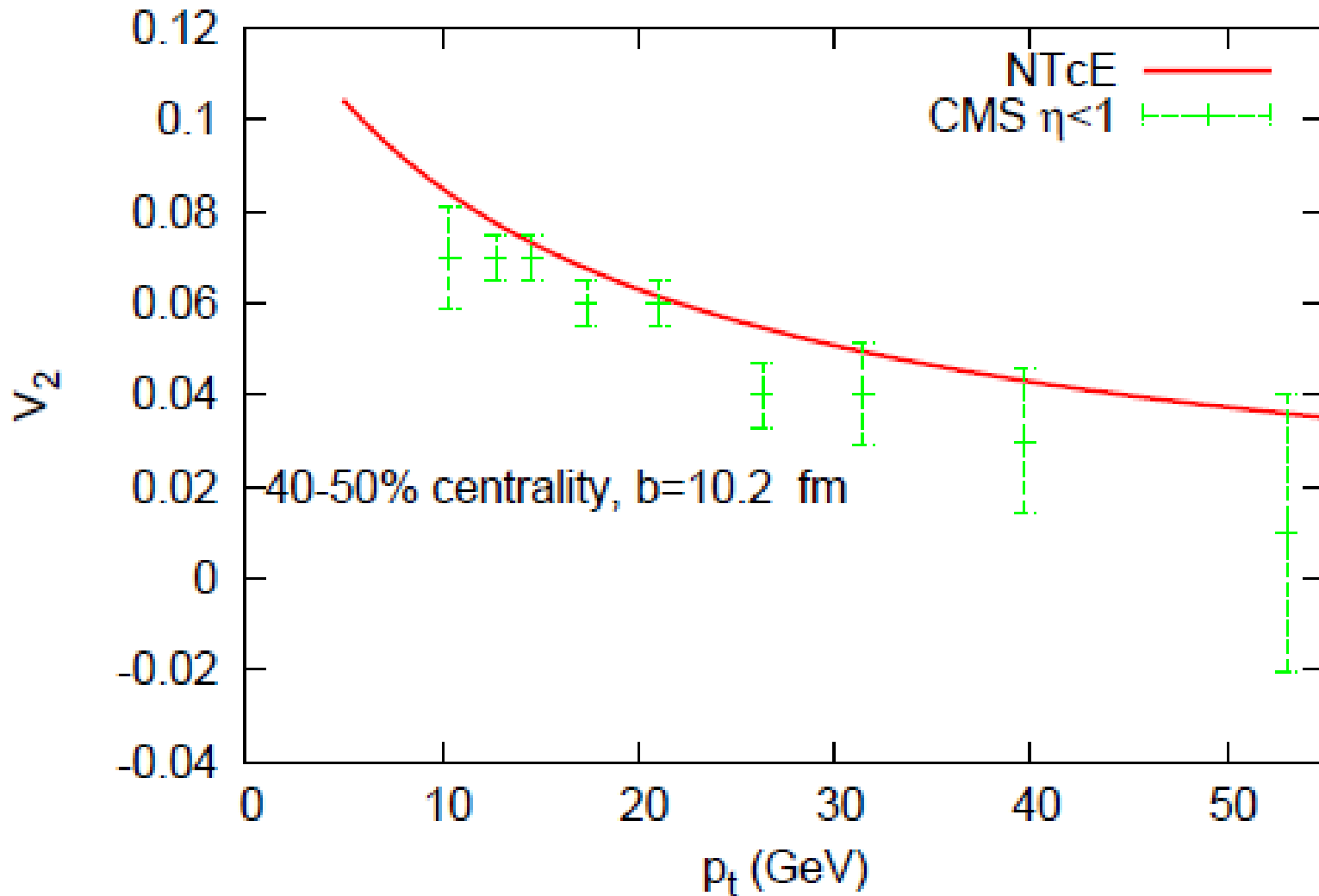


Jet tomography: p_t dependence

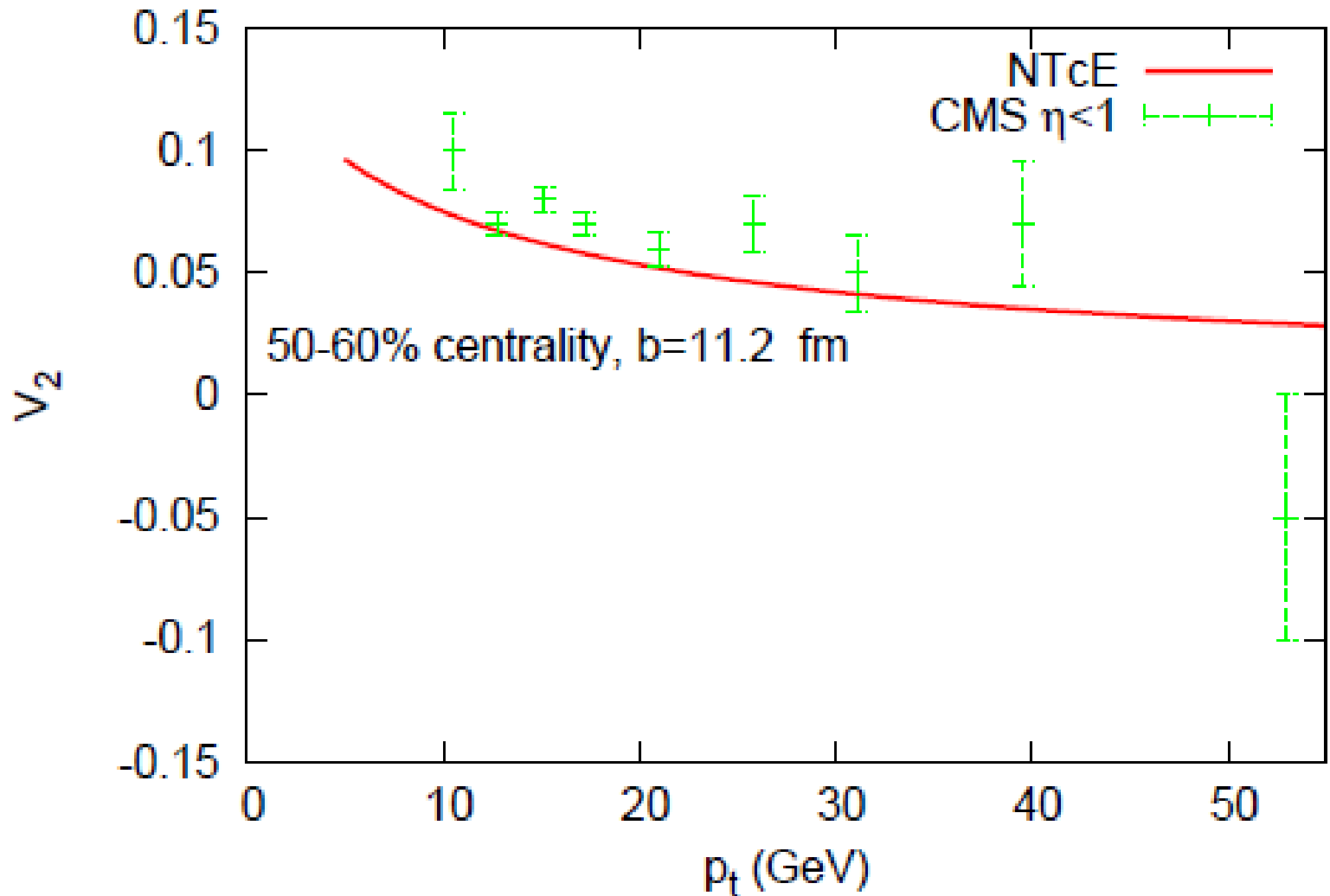


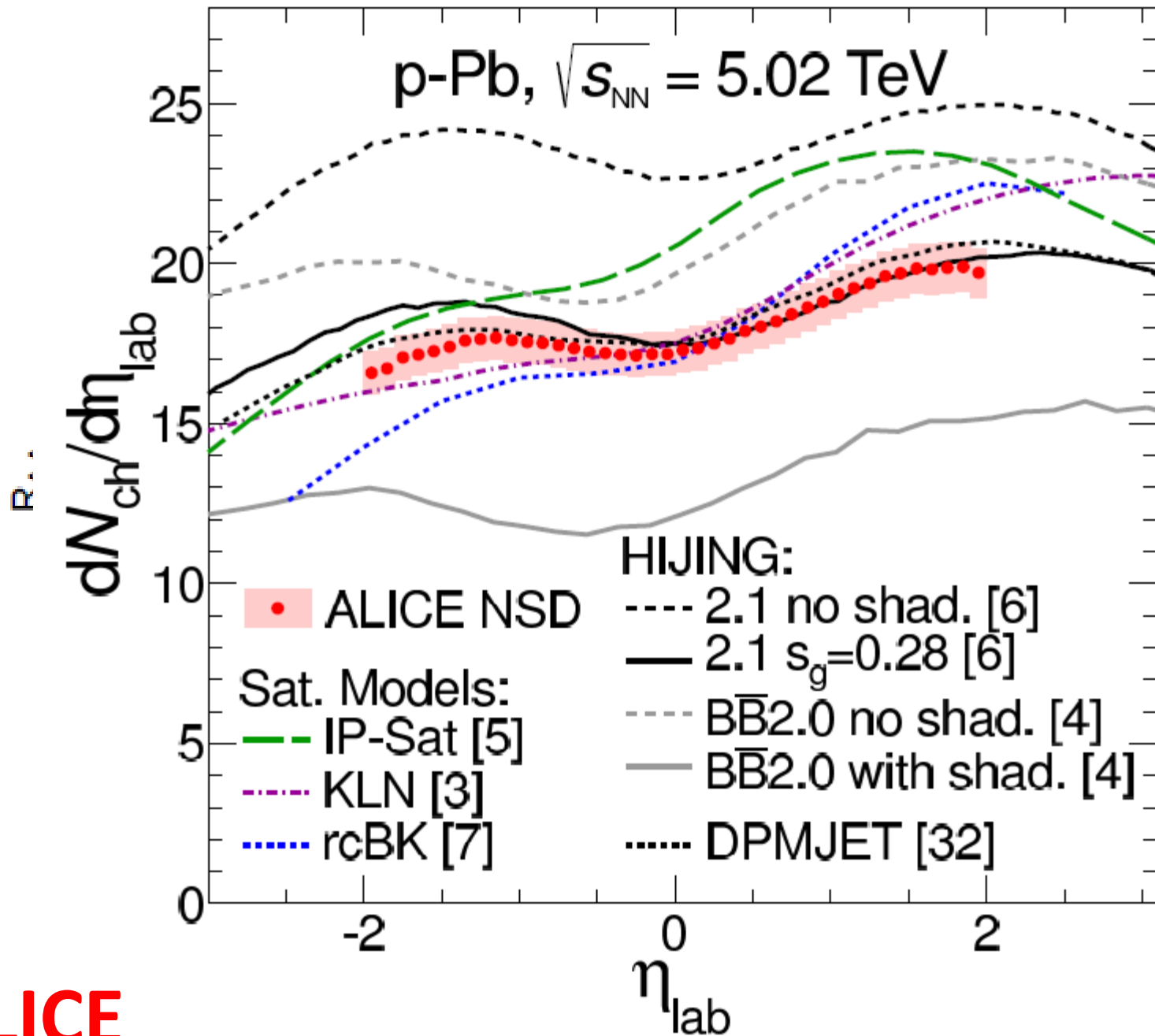
CMS, arXiv:1204.1850

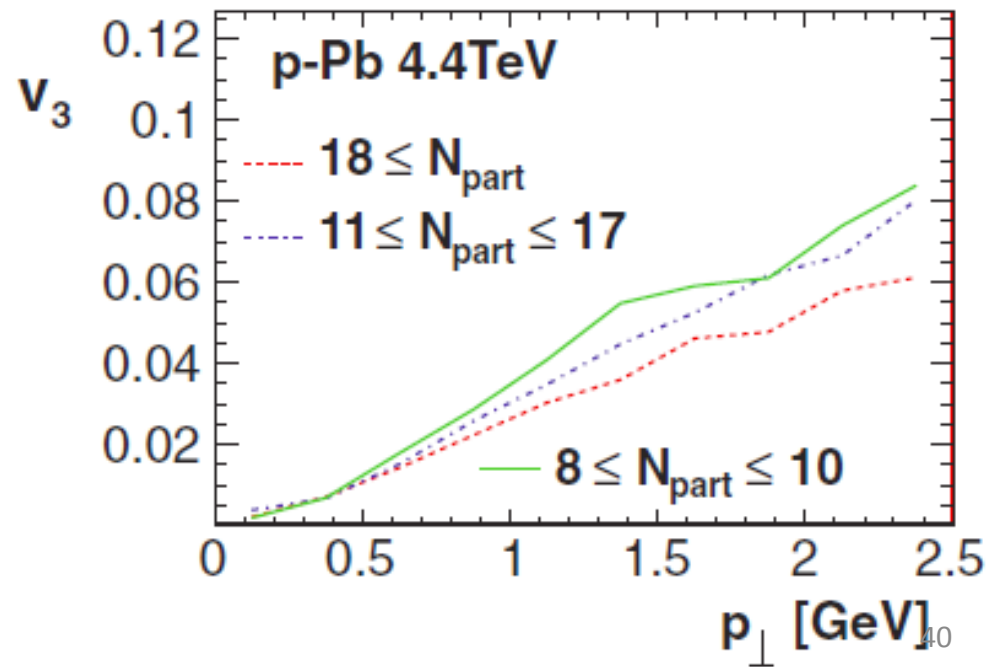
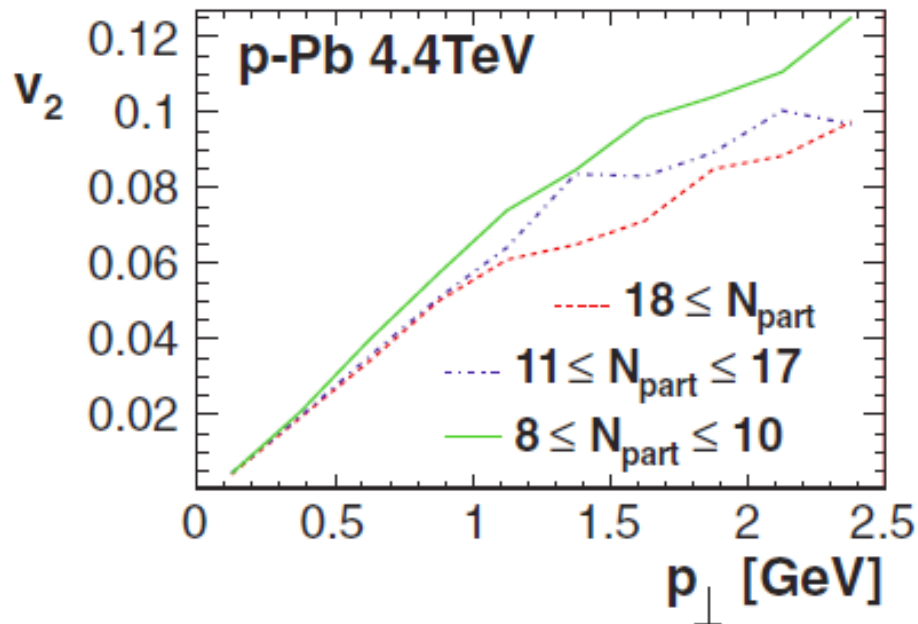
Jet tomography: p_t dependence



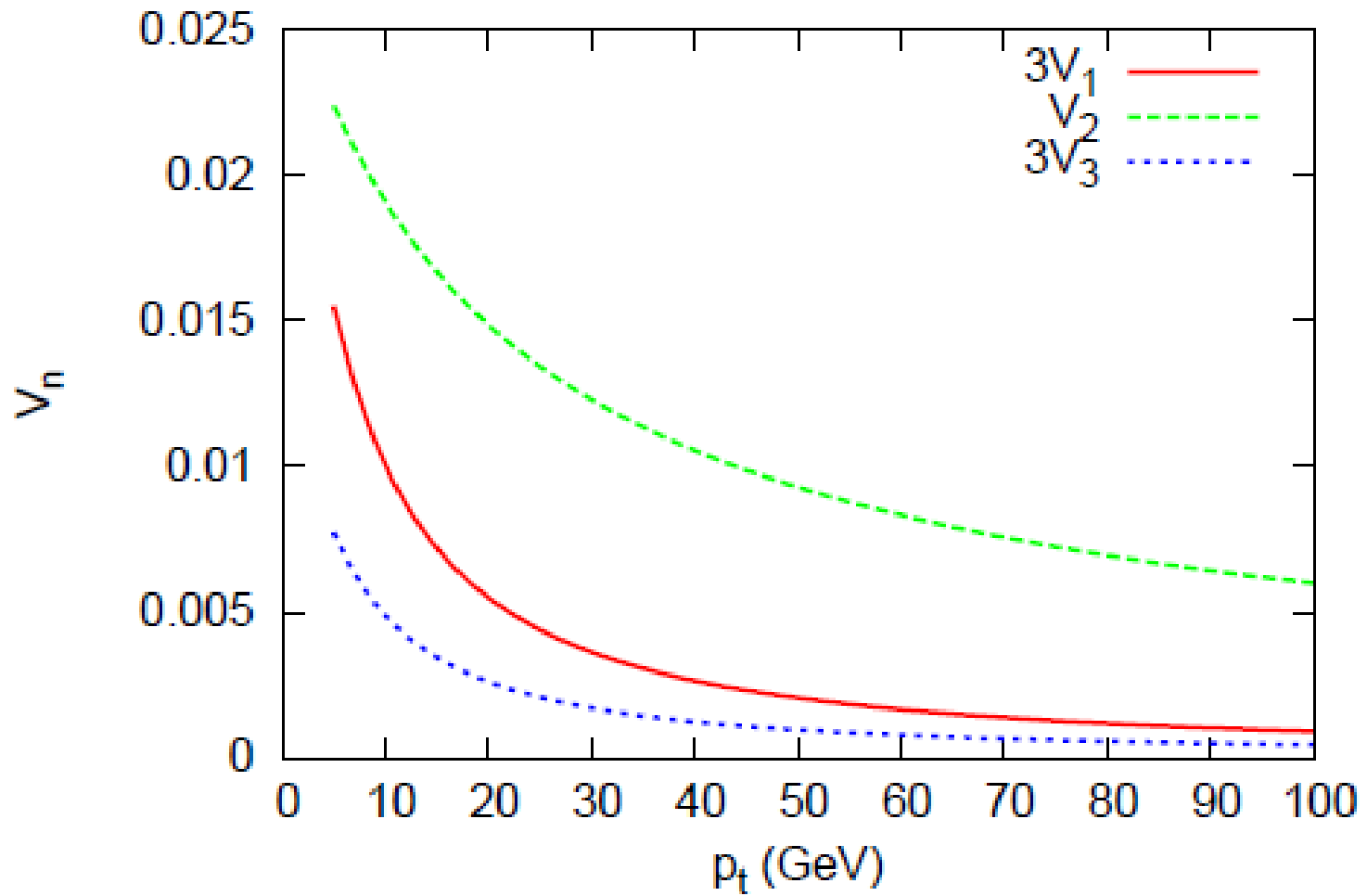
Jet tomography: p_t dependence







Smaller profile



Smaller profile

