

High p_T spectra: Experimental overview

**INT/RHIC Winter Workshop on
First Two Years of RHIC:
Theory versus Experiments**

Seattle, December 13-15, 2002

David d'Enterria

Nevis Labs, Columbia University, NY

High p_T particles @ RHIC. Motivation

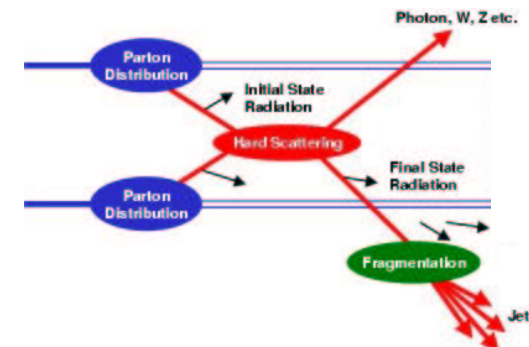
- Products of parton fragmentation (jet “leading particle”).
- Early production in parton-parton scatterings with large Q^2 .
- Direct probes of partonic phases of the reaction $\Rightarrow$ Sensitive to hot/dense medium: parton energy loss (“jet quenching”).
- Info on medium effects accessible through comparison to scaled “vacuum” (pp) yields (“binary scaling”):

Nucl. geom. scaling: $\sigma_{AB}^{hard} = \int d^2b \left[1 - e^{-\sigma_{NN}^{hard} T_{AB}(b)} \right] \approx \int d^2b \sigma_{NN}^{hard} T_{AB}(b)$

Since: $\langle N_{coll} \rangle(b) = \sigma_{NN} \cdot T_{AB}(b) \Rightarrow \frac{(d^2\sigma_{AB}^{hard})_{C_1-C_2}}{dp_T dy} = \langle N_{coll} \rangle_{C_1-C_2} \cdot \frac{\sigma_{AB}^{geo}}{\sigma_{NN}} \cdot \frac{d^2\sigma_{pp}^{hard}}{dp_T dy}$

- Production yields calculable via pQCD:

$$\sigma_{AB \rightarrow hX}^{hard} \propto f_{a/A}(x_a, Q_a^2) \otimes f_{b/B}(x_b, Q_b^2) \otimes \sigma_{ab \rightarrow cd} \otimes D_{h/c}(z_c, Q_c^2)$$



Measured Au+Au high p_T spectra @ RHIC

0. Foreword: “ high p_T ” $\equiv p_T > 1.5 \text{ GeV/c}$ @ mid-rapidity (*but $y \approx 2$. BRAHMS π*)

1. Unidentified charged-particles:

- 130 GeV ($p_T^{\text{max}} \approx 5. \text{ GeV/c}$): PHENIX, STAR (PRL 2001, PRL 2002)
- 200 GeV ($p_T^{\text{max}} \approx 12. \text{ GeV/c}$): BRAHMS, PHENIX, PHOBOS, STAR (QM 2002)

2. Identified baryons – $p, \bar{p}$:

- 130 GeV ($p_T^{\text{max}} \approx 3.5 \text{ GeV/c}$): PHENIX (PRL 2002)
- 200 GeV ($p_T^{\text{max}} \approx 4. \text{ GeV/c}$): PHENIX (QM 2002)

3. Identified mesons – $\pi^0, \pi^\pm$:

- 130 GeV ($p_T^{\text{max}} \approx 3.5 \text{ GeV/c}$): PHENIX (PRL 2001)
- 200 GeV ($p_T^{\text{max}} \approx 10. \text{ GeV/c}$): PHENIX, BRAHMS ($\pi^- < 4 \text{ GeV/c}$) (QM 2002)

4. Particles ratios ($p/\pi, \bar{p}/p, p/h$):

- 130 GeV ($p_T^{\text{max}} \approx 3.5 \text{ GeV/c}$): PHENIX (PRL 2002)
- 200 GeV ($p_T^{\text{max}} \approx 4. \text{ GeV/c}$): BRAHMS, PHENIX, STAR (QM 2002)

5. Electrons: 130, 200 GeV ($p_T^{\text{max}} \approx 4. \text{ GeV/c}$): PHENIX (PRL 2002, QM2002)



Talk by R.Averbeck

Summary of published high p_T observables

1. Inclusive p_T spectra ($h^\pm$, π^0 , p , $\bar{p}$, ...):

For different AuAu centrality classes (central $\rightarrow$ periph. + min. bias)

2. Nuclear modification factor vs p_T :

$$R_{AA}(p_T) = \frac{d^2 N_{AA} / d\eta dp_T}{\langle N_{coll} \rangle d^2 N_{pp} / d\eta dp_T}$$

$\rightarrow$ p_T dependence of medium effects

Numerator : Different AuAu centrality classes.

Denominator : - NN ref.: UA1 $p\bar{p}$, PHENIX $pp \rightarrow \pi^0 X$ @ 200 GeV

- $\langle N_{coll} \rangle$ ($\langle N_{part} \rangle$ for PHOBOS) from Glauber

3. Central/peripheral ratio vs p_T :

For diff. AuAu cent. class combinations.

$\rightarrow$ p_T dependence of medium effects

4. R_{AA} (p_T -integr.) vs centrality (N_{part}).

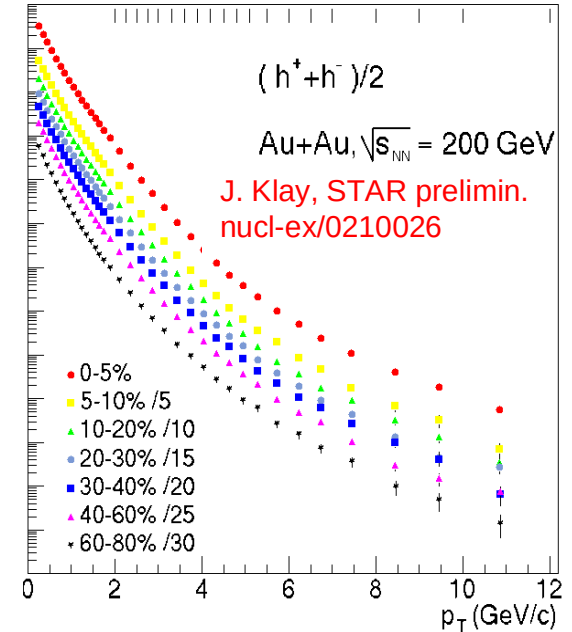
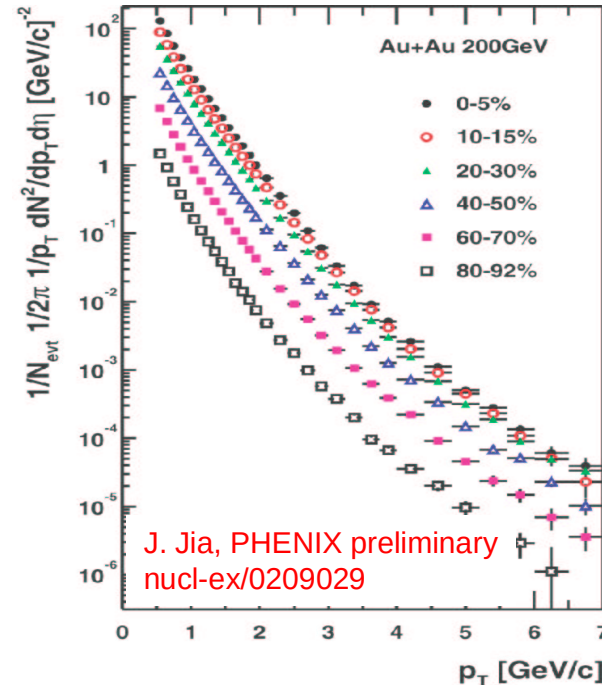
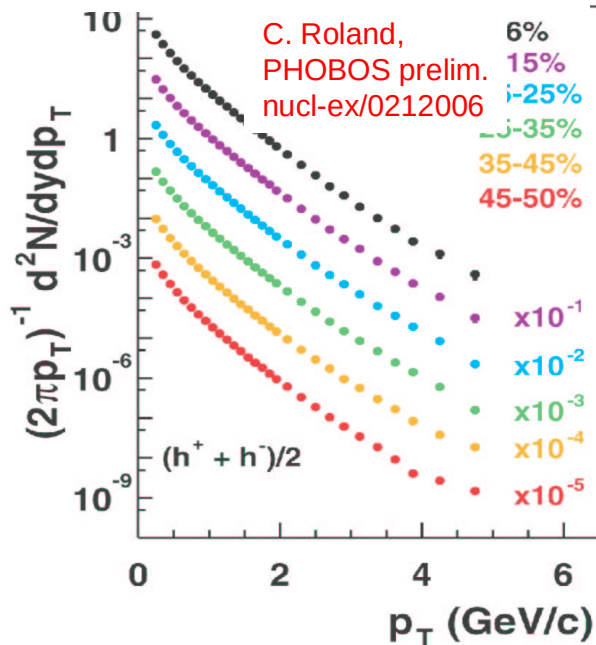
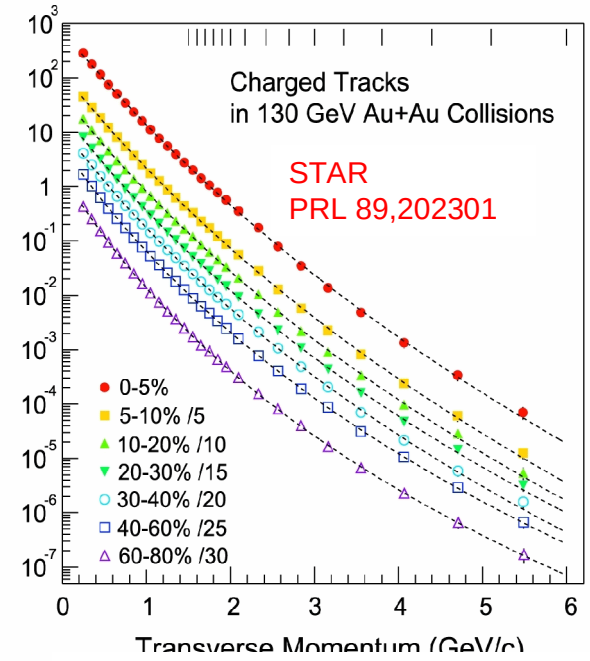
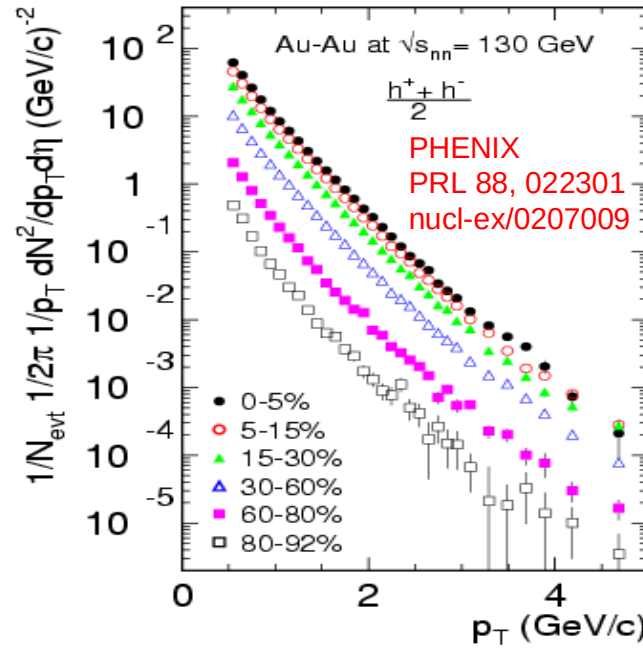
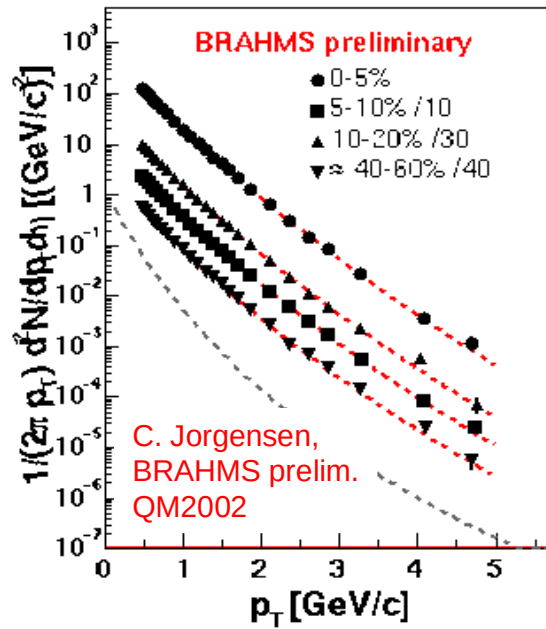
$\rightarrow$ Participant density dependence of medium eff.

5. Particle ratios vs p_T :

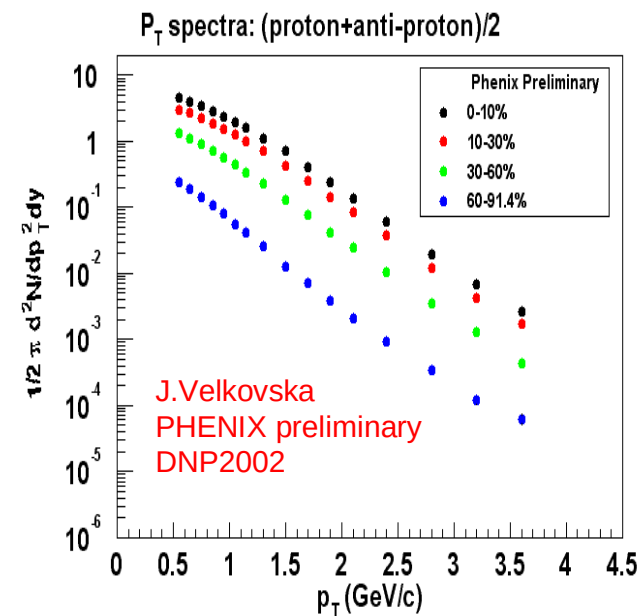
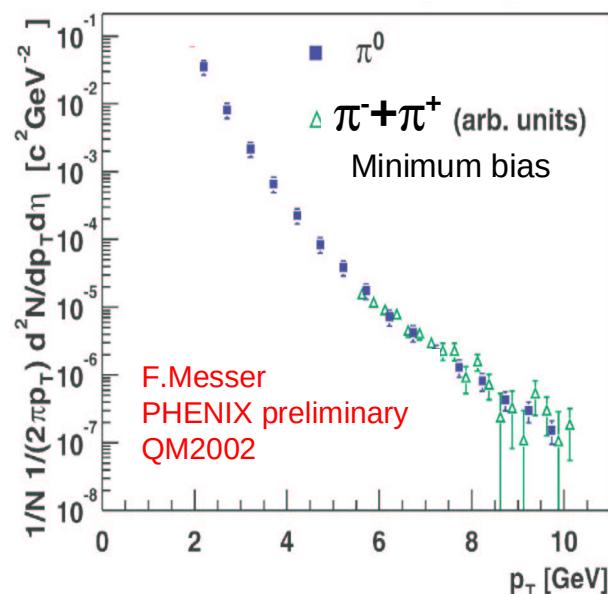
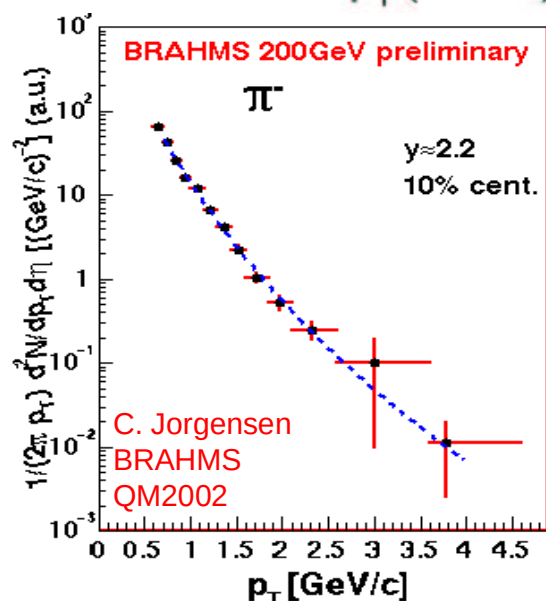
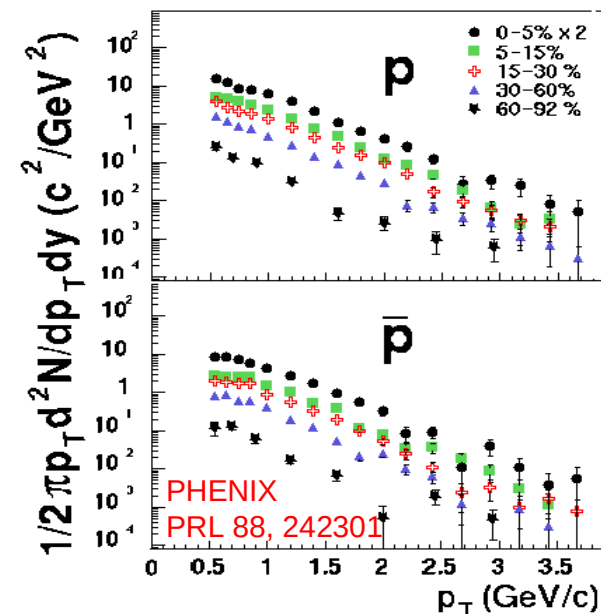
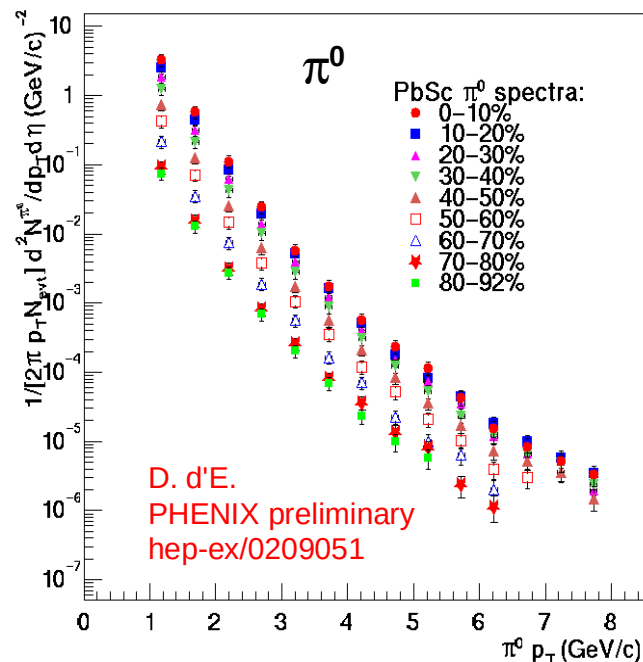
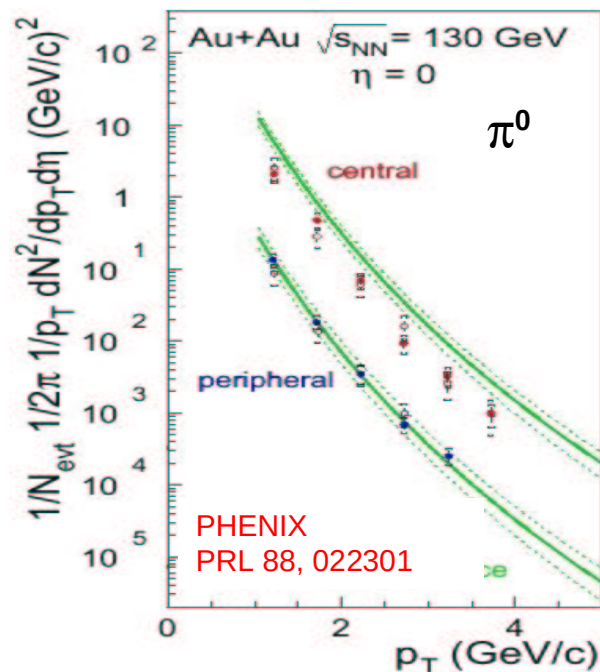
For different AuAu centrality classes.

$\rightarrow$ Flavor dependence of medium effects

Compilation I: Inclusive charged particle spectra

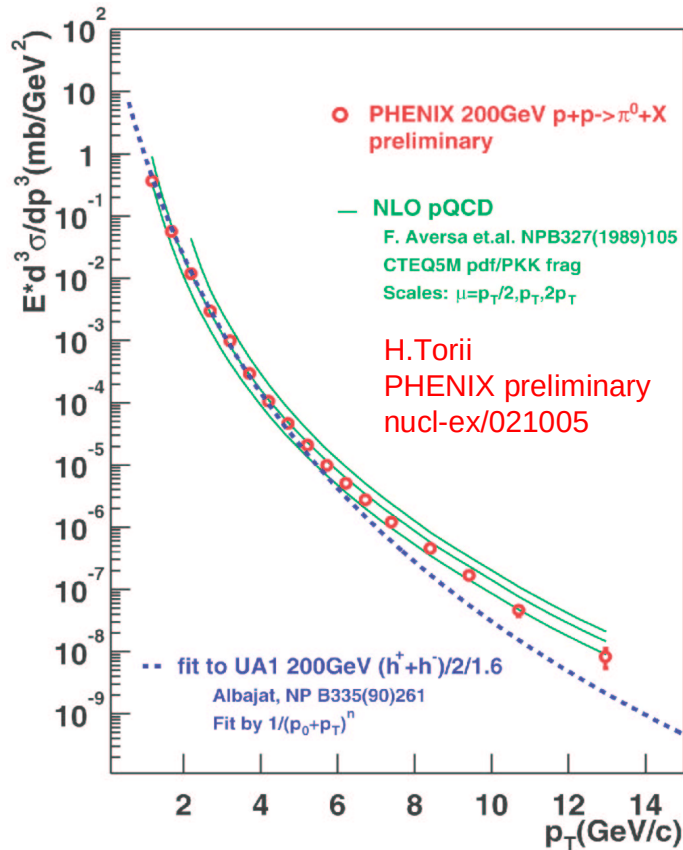


Compilation II: Identified high p_T spectra

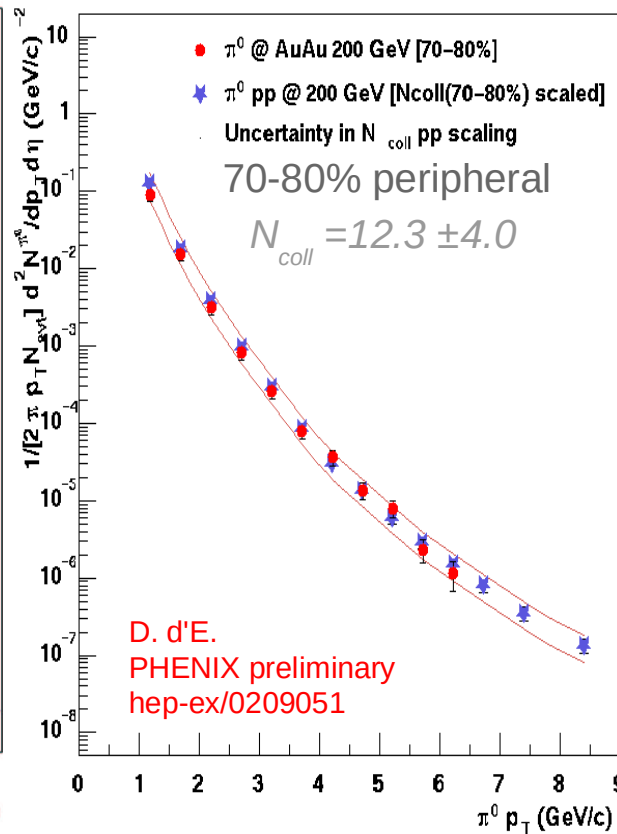


High- p_T AuAu vs pp (π^0 @ 200 GeV)

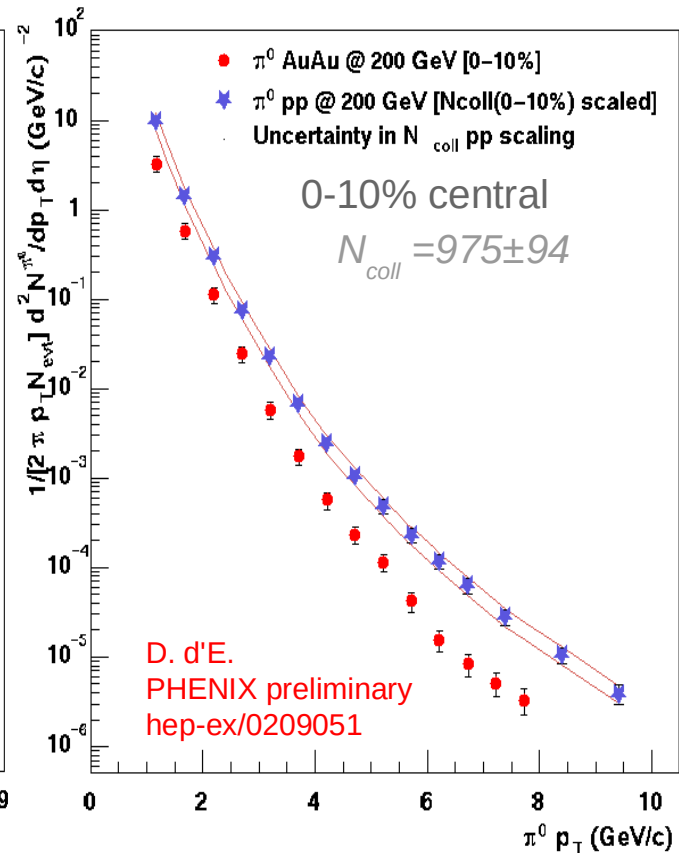
p+p $\rightarrow \pi^0 X$



Au+Au $\rightarrow \pi^0 X$ (periph)



Au+Au $\rightarrow \pi^0 X$ (central)

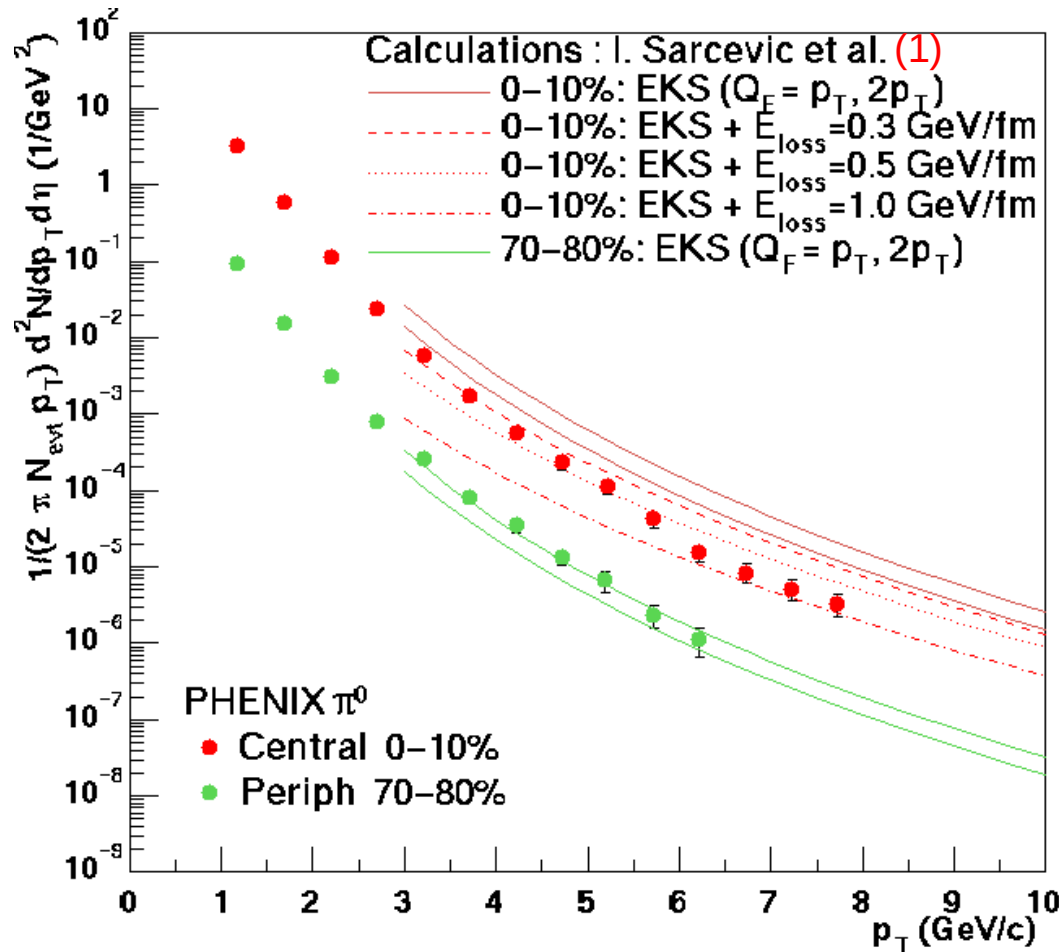


pp data agree with pQCD

Periph. data agree with pp
plus collision scaling

Strong suppression in
central AuAu collisions

High- p_T AuAu spectra vs pQCD (π^0 @ 200 GeV)



NLO pQCD

- PDFs: MRS99
- FFs: BKK

Medium effects:

- Shadowing: EKS98
- E_{loss} : Modified FFs (Wang, Huang, Sarcevic).

(1) S.Jeon, J. Jalilian- Marian, I.Sarcevic
hep- ph/0207120

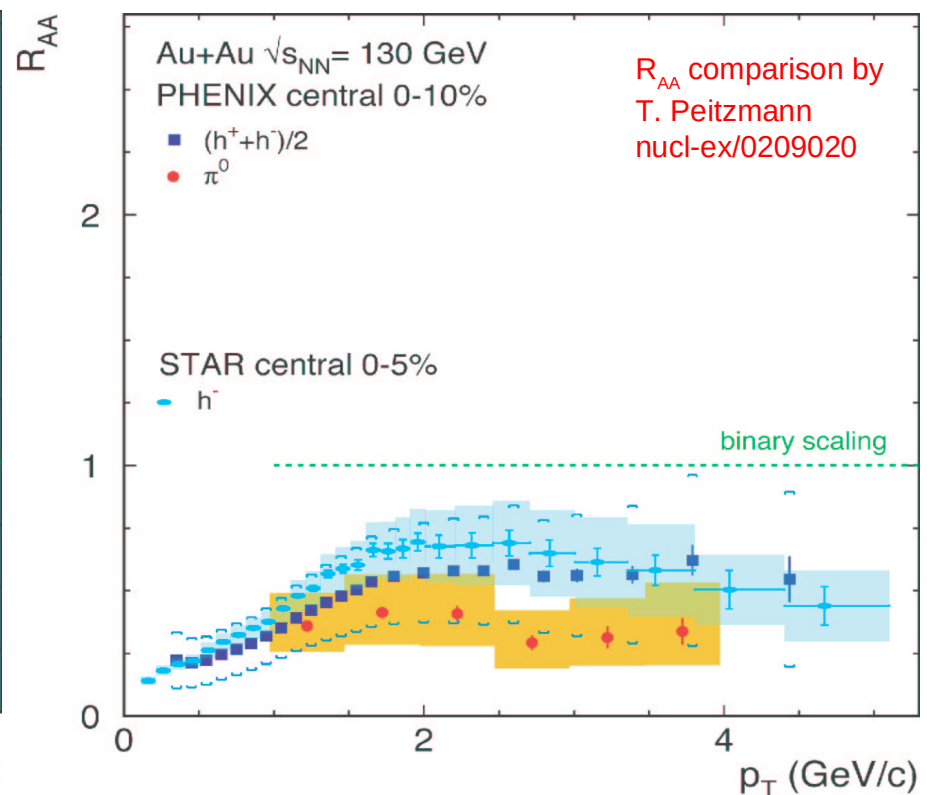
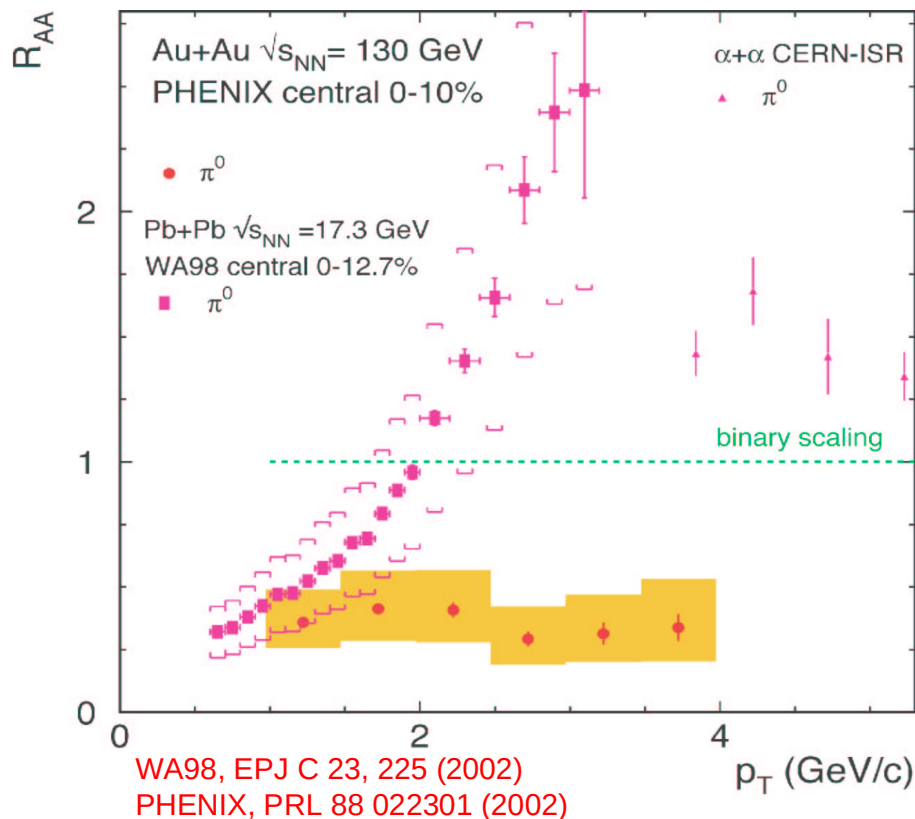
• **Peripheral:** Reproduced with no significant nuclear effects.

• **Central:** Well below predictions without energy loss.

Increasing suppr. with p_T (inconsistent with const. ϵ_{loss})

Hadron suppression: central AuAu (130 GeV)

- Strong suppression (from N_{coll} scaling) in π^0 : $R_{AA}(p_T=3.5 \text{ GeV/c}) \approx 0.25$
- Less suppression for charged hadrons: $R_{AA}(p_T = 5 \text{ GeV/c}) \approx 0.4$
- Significantly different behaviour than at lower energies: SPS Pb+Pb and ISR $\alpha+\alpha$ (Cronin enhancement: $R_{AA} > 1$ for $p_T > 2 \text{ GeV/c}$)



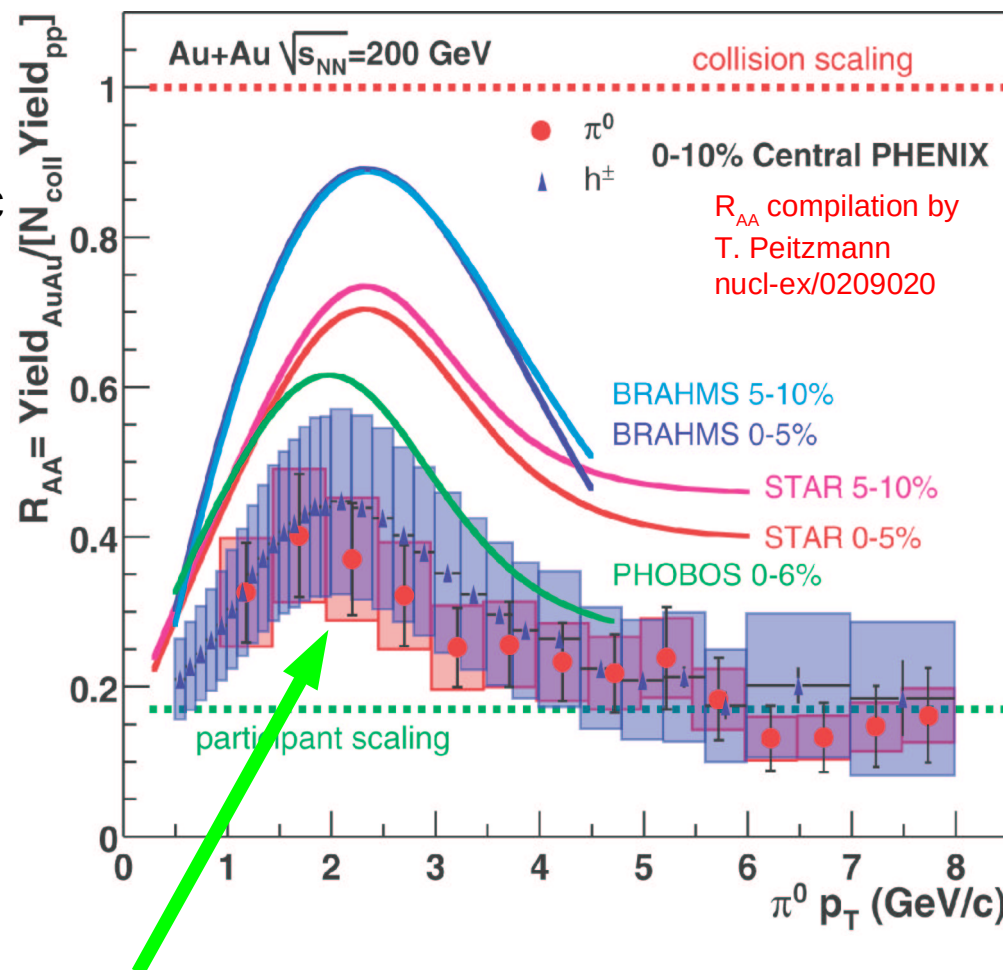
Hadron suppression: central AuAu (200 GeV)

• Neutral pions :

- ★ Similar suppression as @ 130 GeV
- ★ Increasing with p_T .
- ★ R_{AA} saturates at ~ 0.2 for $p_T > 5$ GeV/c
- ★ Diff. p_T (x_T) evolution than expected for nuclear shadowing.

• Charged hadrons :

- ★ Increasing with p_T and saturating at high p_T too: $R_{AA} \sim 0.35$
- ★ Less suppressed than π^0
- ★ BRAHMS > STAR > PHOBOS > PHENIX. Diffs. (within errors):
 Glauber + cent. trigger $\sim 10\%$
 pp ref. $\sim 10\%$
 Eff. corrections: $\sim 15\%$



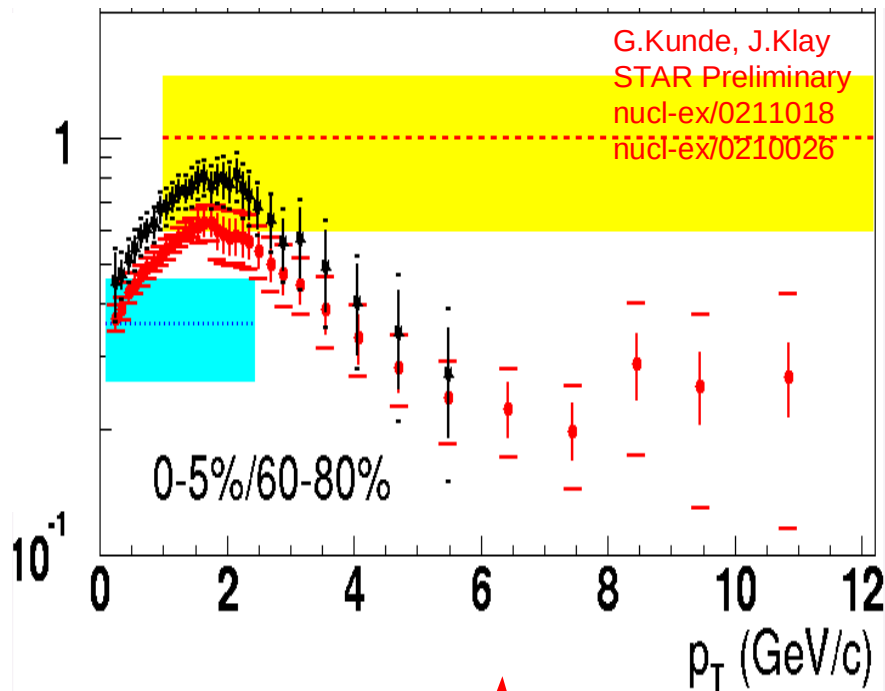
• Local maximum @ $p_T \approx 2$ GeV/c:

- ★ "Cronin enhancement" on top of N_{part} scaling ?

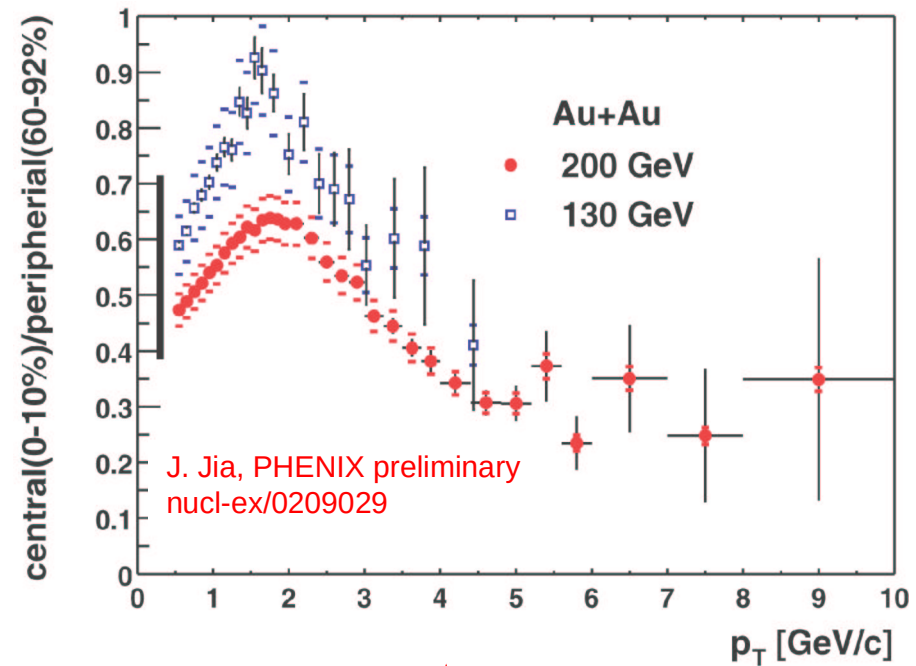
Hadron suppression: Central/peripheral

- Similar info than R_{AA} . But now: *No need of pp reference, & part of the exp. uncertainties cancels out (but larger N_{coll} errors).*

STAR $h^\pm$



PHENIX $h^\pm$



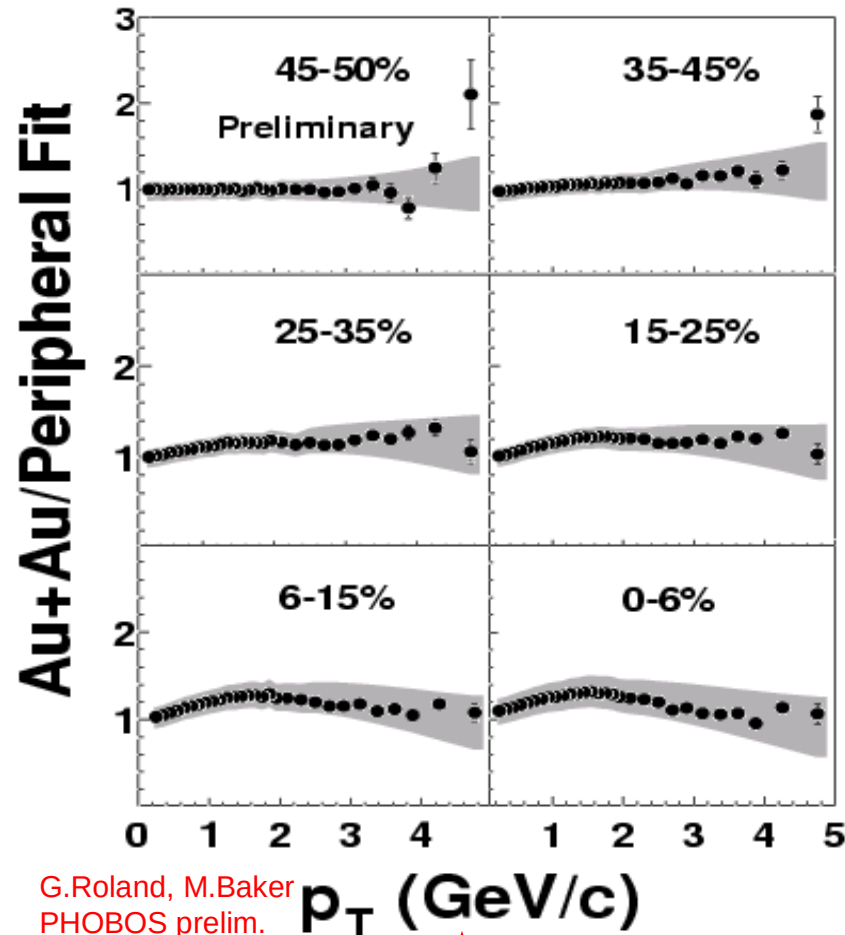
STAR $\approx$ PHENIX

- Stronger suppression than seen in R_{AA}
- Less suppression than seen in R_{AA}

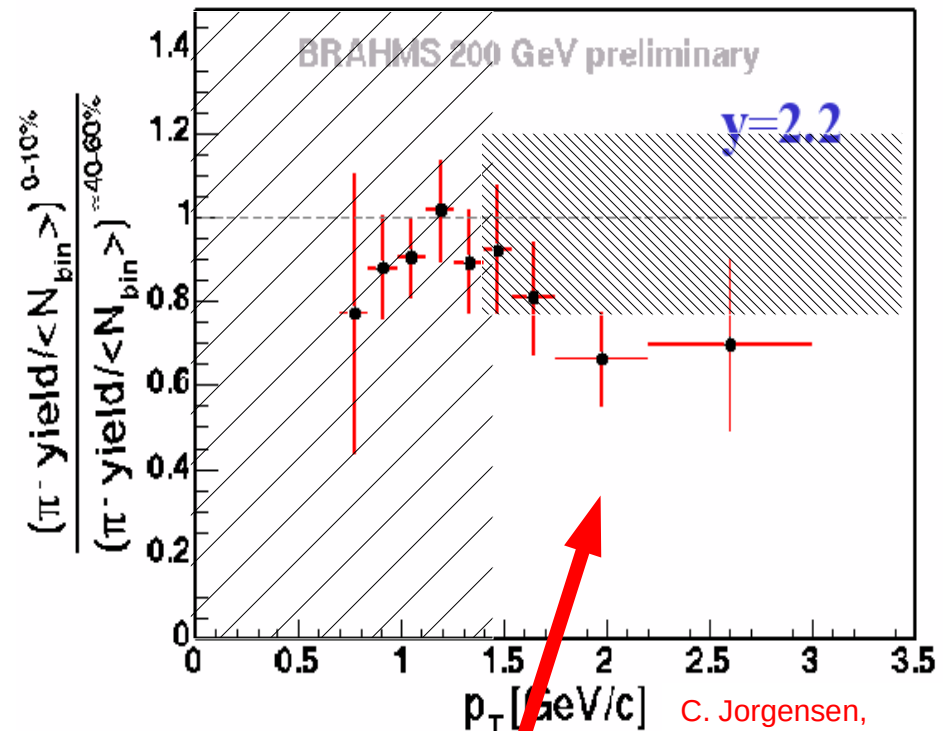
Hadron suppression: Central/mid-central

PHOBOS $h^\pm$ ($R_{AA}^{N_{part}/2}$)

BRAHMS $h^\pm$



G.Roland, M.Baker
PHOBOS prelim.
nucl-ex/0212006
nucl-ex/0212006



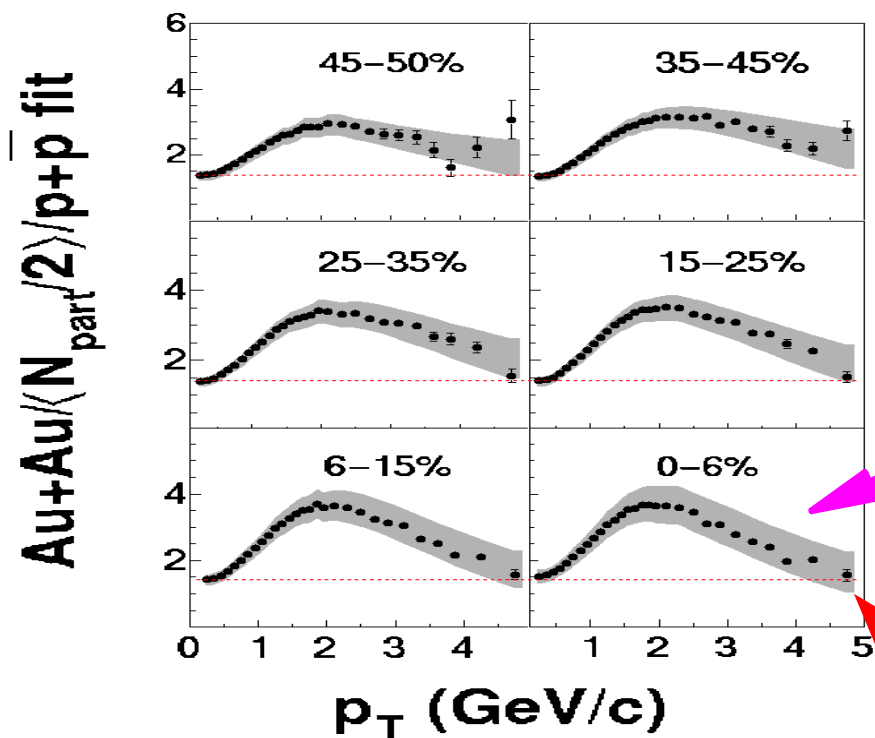
C. Jorgensen,
BRAHMS preliminary
QM2002

- First high p_T result **off mid-rapidity**
- Approx. N_{part} pairs **scaling** (when dividing by fit to 45-50% centrality)

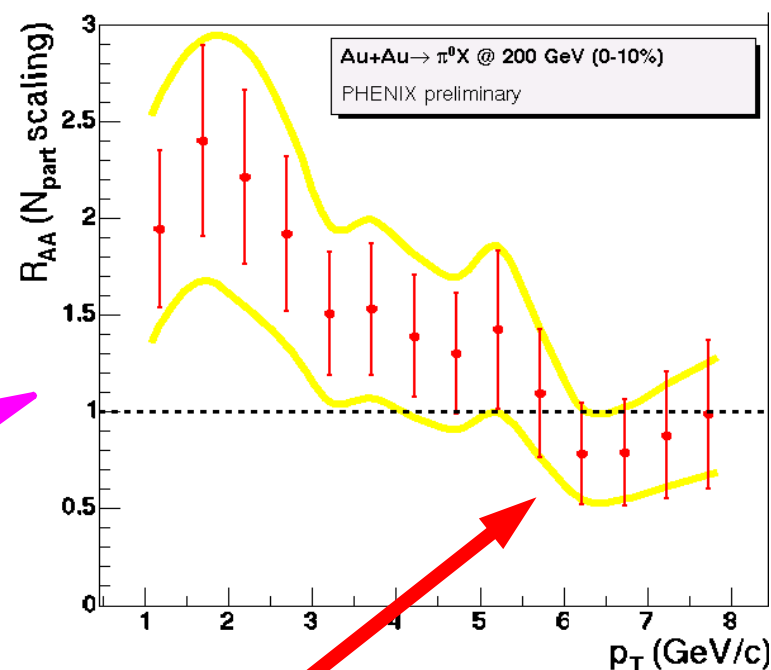
Suppression & N_{part} scaling ?

- R_{AA} using $N_{\text{part}} (/2)$ in the denominator:

PHOBOS $h^\pm$



PHENIX π^0



- Approx. N_{part} scaling, $R_{\text{AA}} \sim 1$, only for $p_T > 5$ GeV/c ?
- “Cronin enhancement” at ~ 2 GeV/c ?
- Clear N_{part} scaling signal in Run-3: $R_{\text{AA}} = \text{Yield}(\text{Au+Au}) / [N_{\text{part}} \times \text{Yield}(\text{d+Au})] \approx 1$

Hadron suppression: central AuAu (data vs theory)

- What does it tell us about the **medium** ?

- ★ Parton **energy loss** :

$$dE/dx \approx 0.25 \text{ GeV/fm (expanding)}$$
$$dE/dx|_{\text{eff}} \approx 7 \text{ GeV/fm (static source)}$$

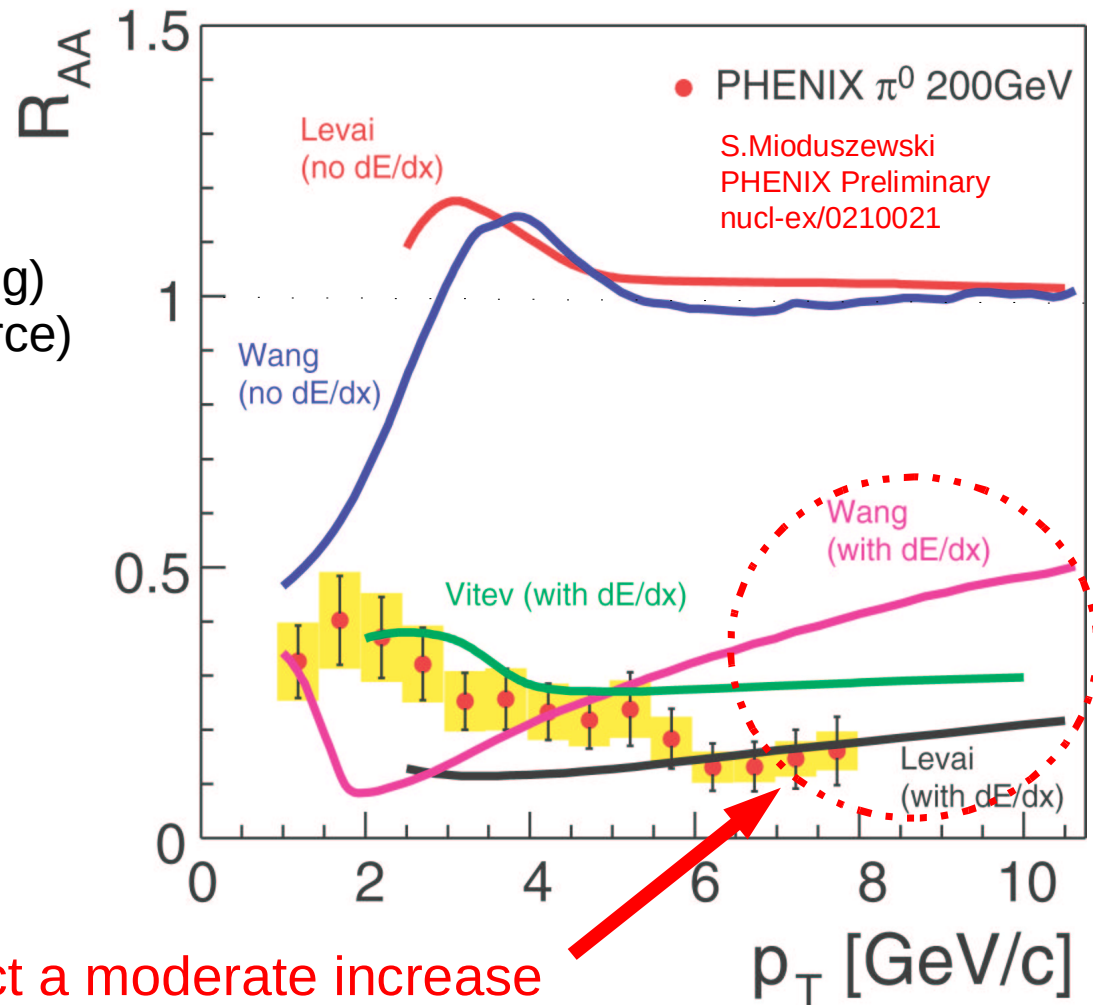
- ★ Opacities:

$$\langle n \rangle = L/\lambda \approx 3 - 4$$

- ★ Gluon densities:

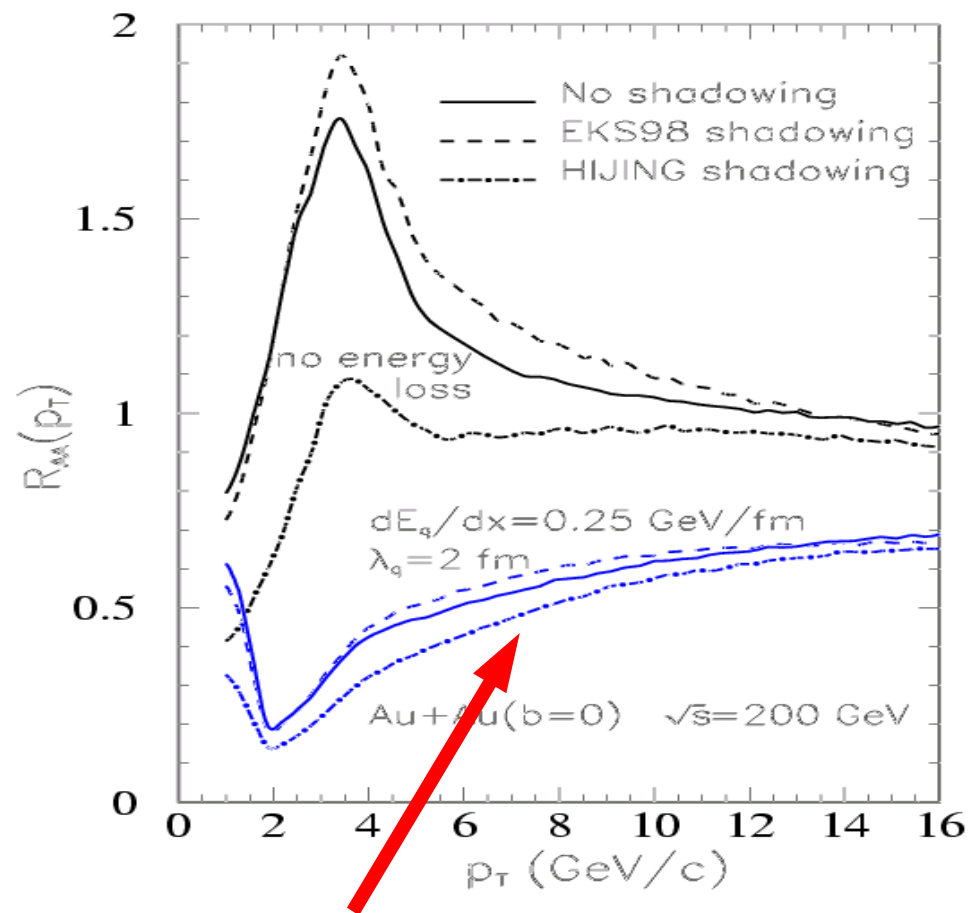
$$dN^g/dy \sim 900$$

- All models (LPM ϵ_{loss}) expect a moderate increase of R_{AA} at higher p_T (final PHENIX Run-2 π^0 data soon)



1999 “Last Call for RHIC predictions”

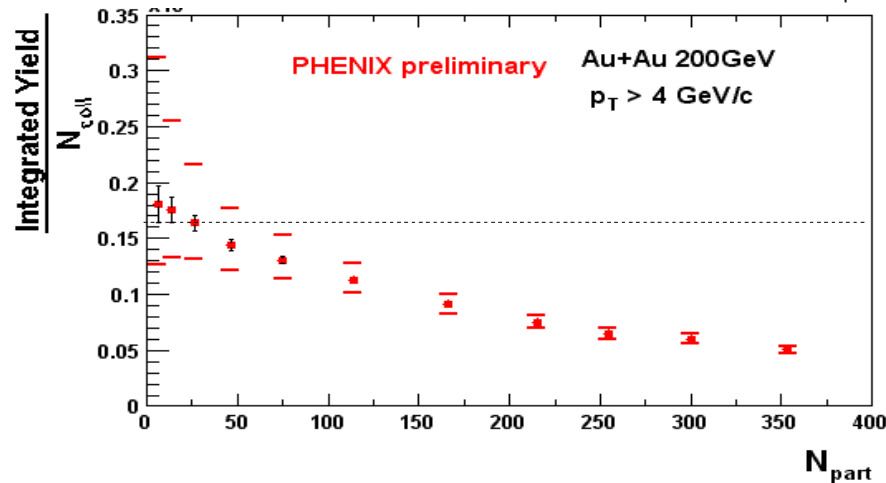
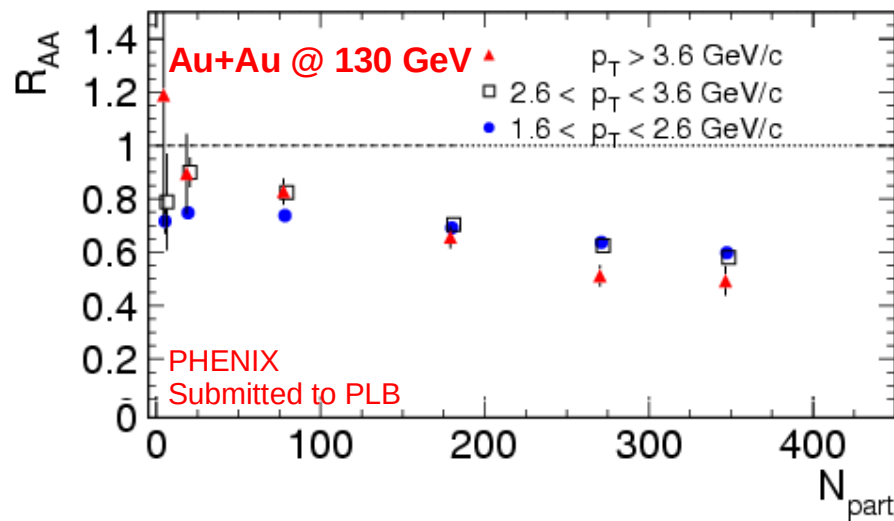
- X.N. Wang's nuclear modification factor:



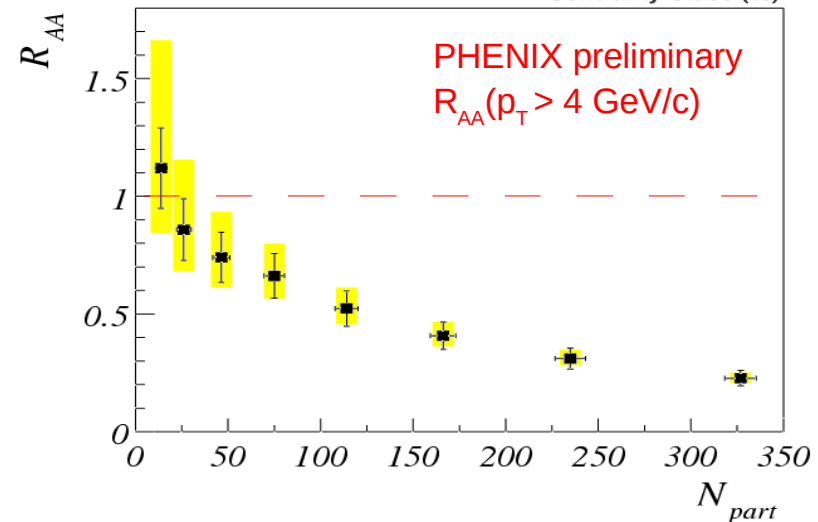
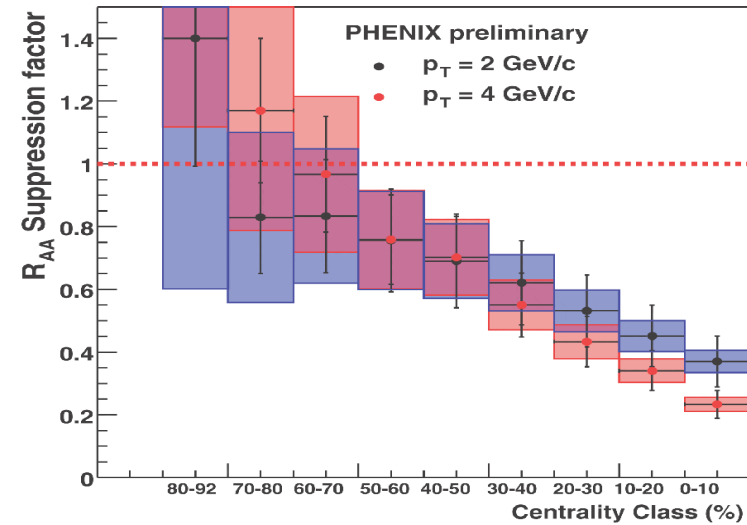
- Factor ~ 2 suppression @ high p_T (also prediction by I.Vitev).

Centrality dependence of hadron suppression

PHENIX $h^\pm$



PHENIX π^0



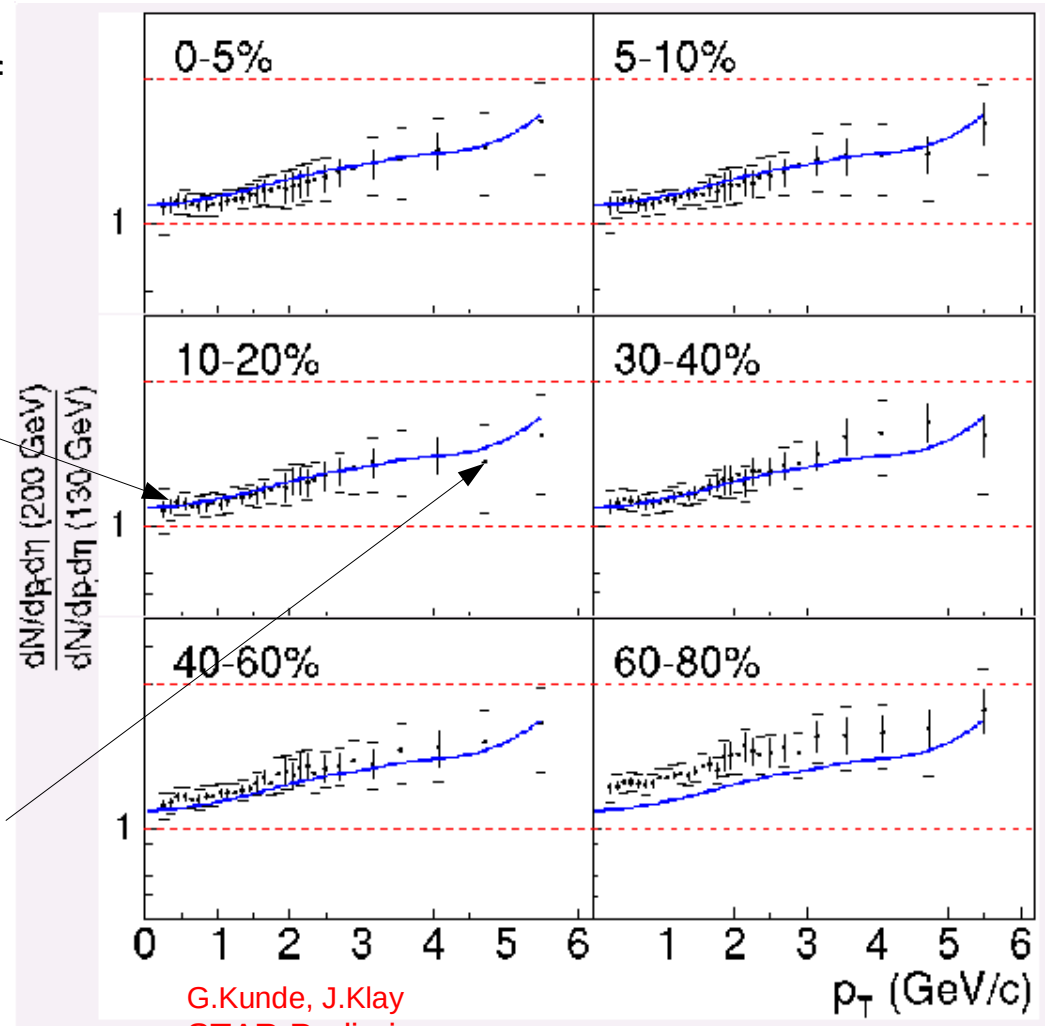
● Gradual suppression: $R_{AA} < 1$ cross for 40-70% centrality ($N_{part} \sim 50 \pm 25$)

pQCD-compatible high- p_T yield increase (130 $\rightarrow$ 200 GeV)

- $N_{ch}(200/130) \sim$ independent of centrality: roughly the same amount suppression per centrality at both energies.

★ $\Delta N_{ch}(130 \rightarrow 200)_{\text{soft}} \approx +15\%$
at low p_T in agreement with
global multiplicity increase.

★ $\Delta N_{ch}(130 \rightarrow 200)_{\text{hard}} \approx +15\%$
 $\rightarrow +100\%$ increase at high p_T
in agreement with pQCD
predictions (mini-jet
production).

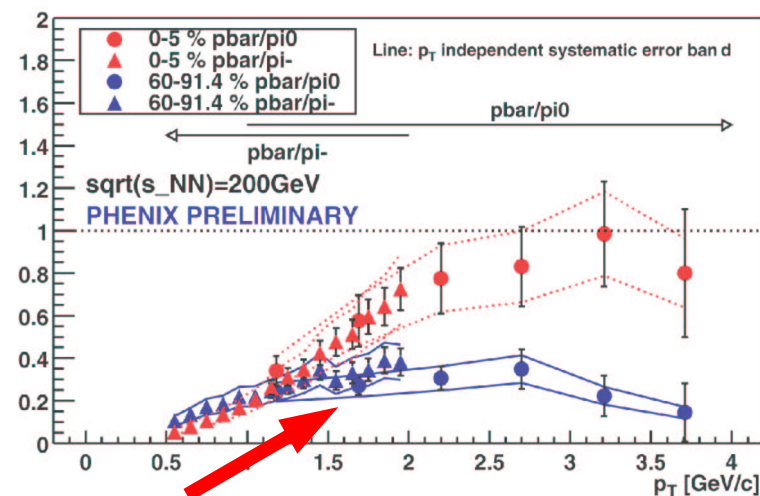
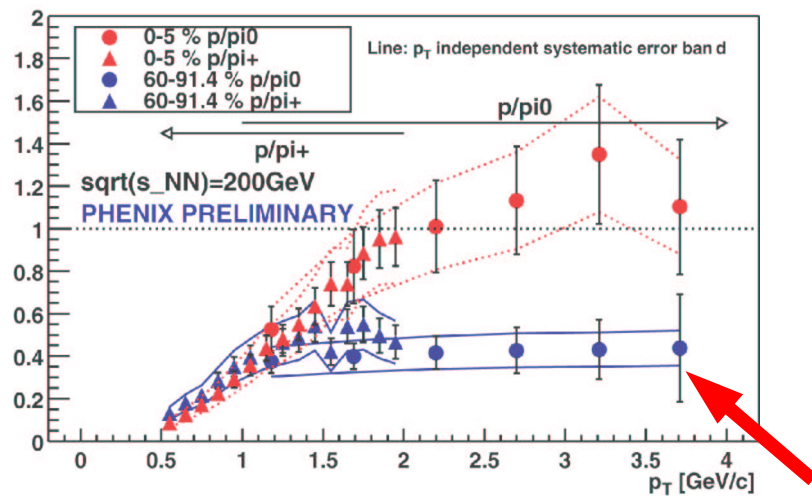
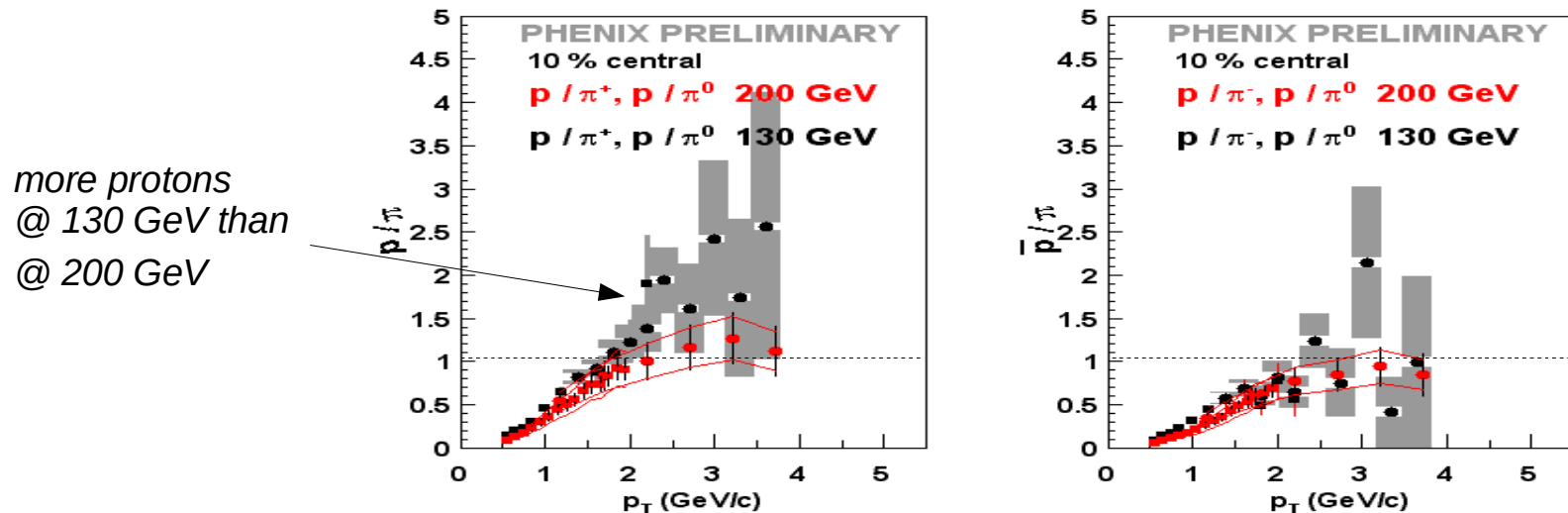


G.Kunde, J.Klay
STAR Preliminary
nucl-ex/0211018
nucl-ex/0210026

Hadron composition at high- p_T : p/π ratios

Strong non-perturbative (anti)baryon enhancement

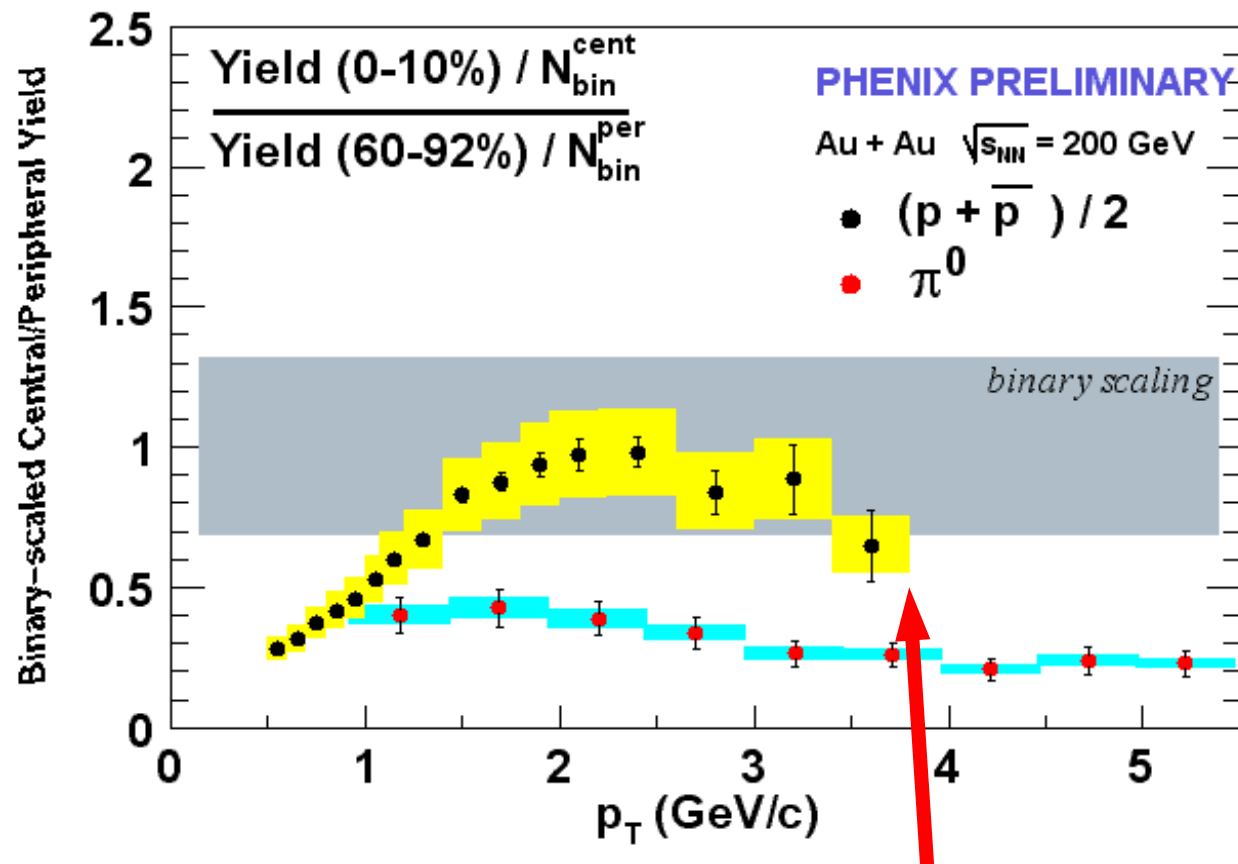
- Central colls.: Baryon yield $\approx$ pion yield for $p_T > 2$ GeV/c ($\neq$ jet fragmentation)



- Periph. colls.: baryon/meson ratio ~ 0.3 as in $p+p, \bar{p}$ (ISR, FNAL)

Hadron composition at high- p_T : $R_{AA}(p)$ vs $R_{AA}(\pi)$

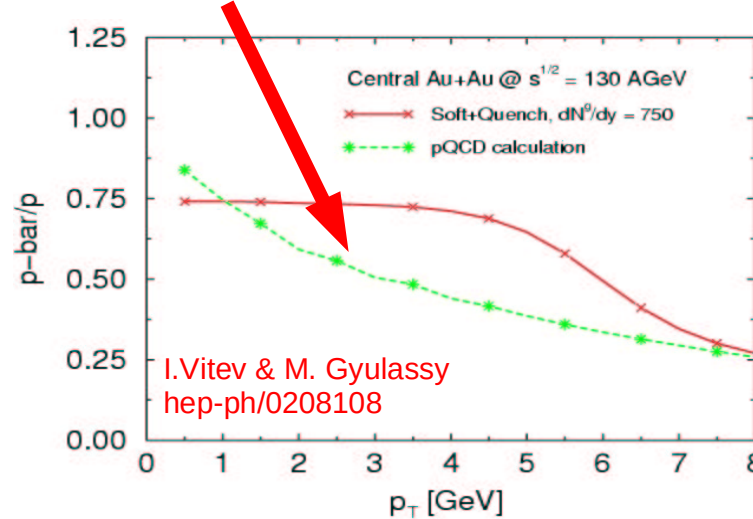
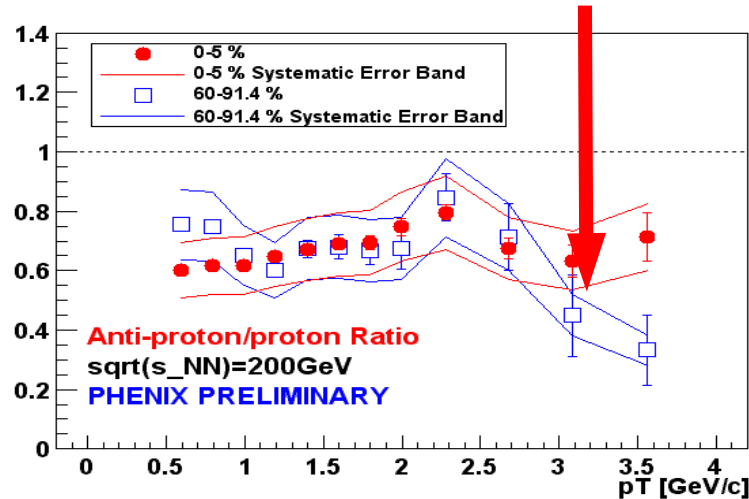
- Protons/antiprotons not suppressed for $p_T=1.5 - 3.5$ GeV/c :
 - ★ Flow ? quenching+ baryon junctions ? different (medium) fragmentation for mesons than for baryons ? parton recombination ?



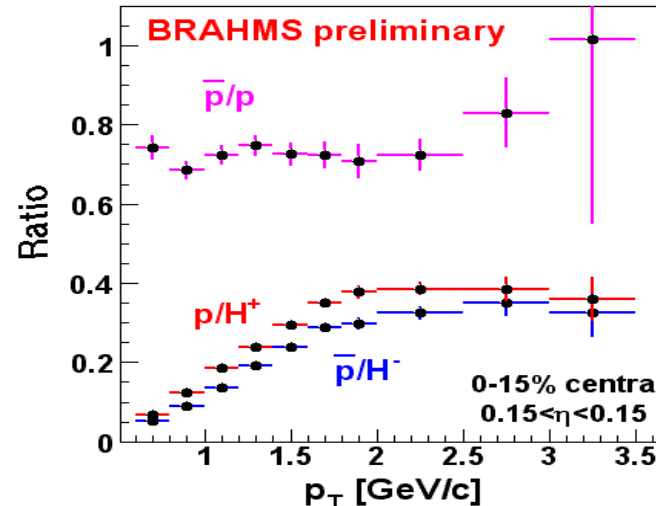
- ★ Start of proton quenching at higher p_T ?

Hadron composition at high- p_T : $\bar{p}/p$ ratios

- Peripheral $\bar{p}/p$: Decreases with p_T (perturbative behaviour)



- Central $\bar{p}/p$: ~ 0.7 const. up to 3.5 GeV/c (PHENIX, STAR, BRAHMS) decreasing trend above 4 GeV/c (STAR).



High p_T @ RHIC: Summary (I)

- Large amount of high quality data after 2 years of RHIC: Results globally consistent within errors among the 4 experiments.
- Central AuAu collisions:
 - ★ Strong suppression (factor ~ 5) of π^0 with respect to N_{coll} scaling.
 - ★ Suppression (factor ~ 3.5) of unidentified charged hadrons.
 - ★ No apparent suppression of (anti)protons up to ~ 4 GeV/c (“anomalous” p/π).
 - ★ Approx. N_{part} scaling of hadrons above ~ 5 GeV/c.
 - ★ Magnitude of suppression in agreement with parton energy loss scenarios assuming opaque medium formation ($dN^g/dy \sim 900$, $\lambda/L \sim 3-4$).
 - ★ Flat p_T dependence (so far) of suppression not described with LPM energy loss alone.
- Peripheral AuAu collisions:
 - ★ Behave effectively as pp collisions (i.e. as pQCD predicts) for all species.
- Suppression sets in over 40-70% centrality class ($N_{\text{part}} \sim 50$).
- Relative increase of high p_T yields (130 to 200 GeV) in agreement with pQCD: particle production from (mini)jets.

Summary (II)

- Two **most interesting** physical “discoveries” @ RHIC:

1. High p_T suppression.
2. High p_T baryon/meson enhancement.

“Clear signals of strong medium effects at work !”

- What do we learn about the medium properties ? QGP yes/no ?

- ➔ Final-state **partonic jet quenching** ? (QGP)
- ➔ Initial-state **saturation** of nuclear wave functions ? (CGC)
- ➔ Final-state **hadronic** absorption ? (very dense hadron medium)
- ➔ other ... ?

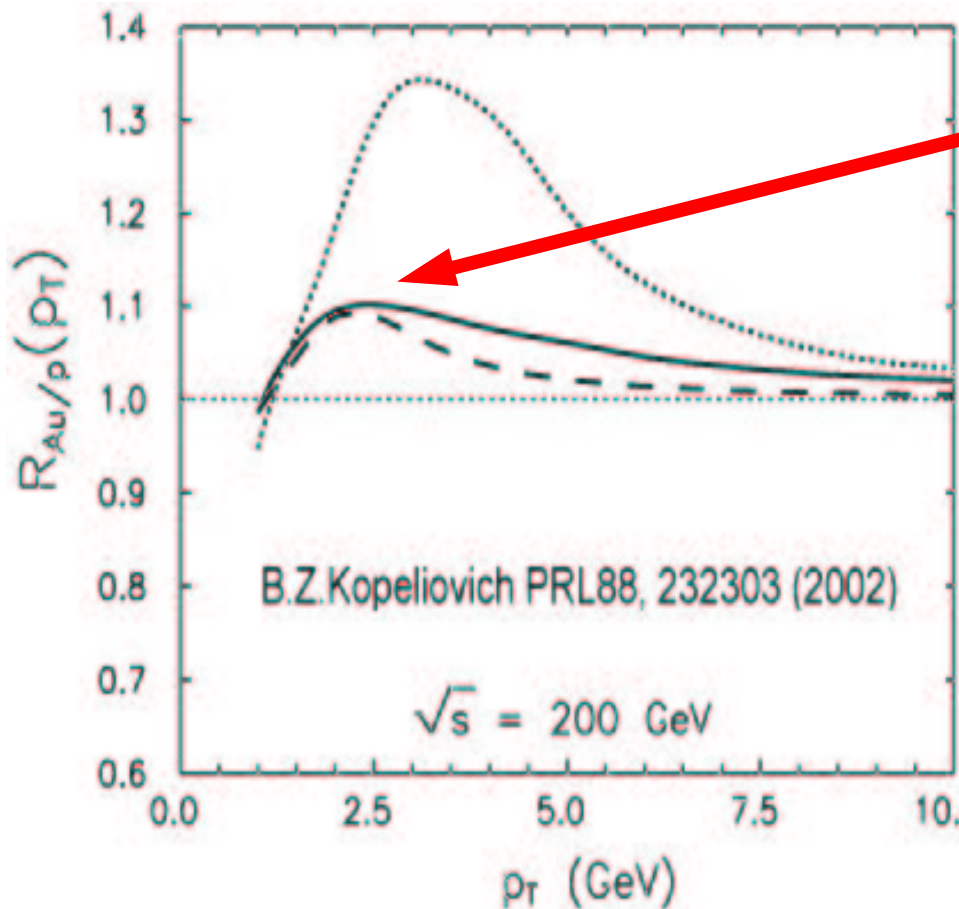
- Answers:

- ★ Experimental: **d+Au ...**

- ★ Theoretical: Does scenario “X” **consistently explains**: the magnitude, p_T dependence, centrality evolution, and flavor behaviour of RHIC high- p_T suppression ?

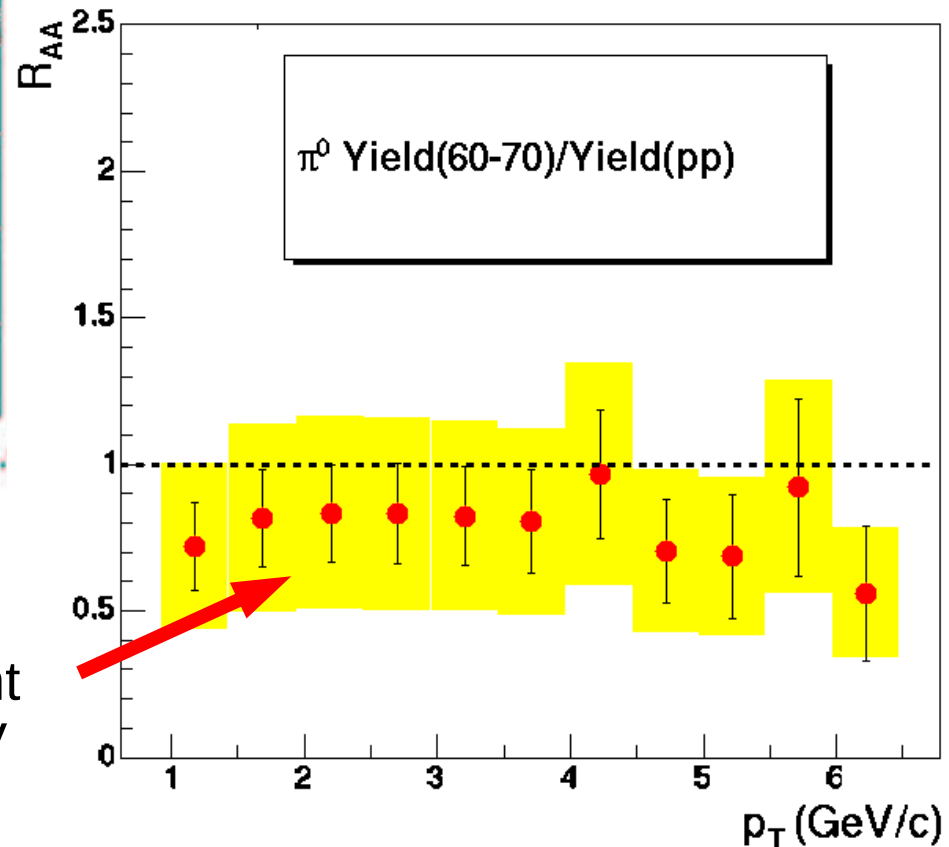
Backup slides

Cronin enhancement

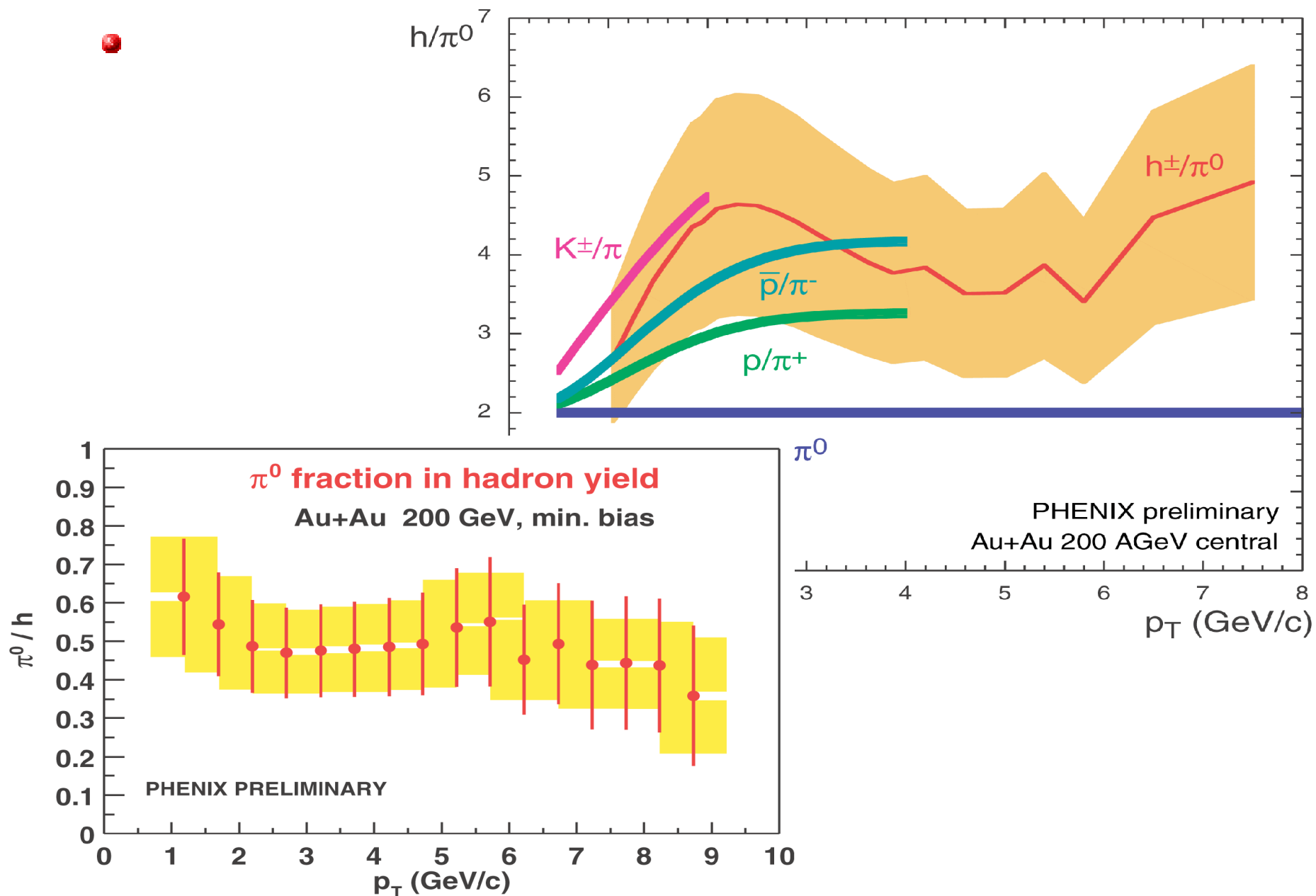


Prediction in pA @ 200 GeV:
Cronin peak @ $p_T = 2.5$ GeV/c

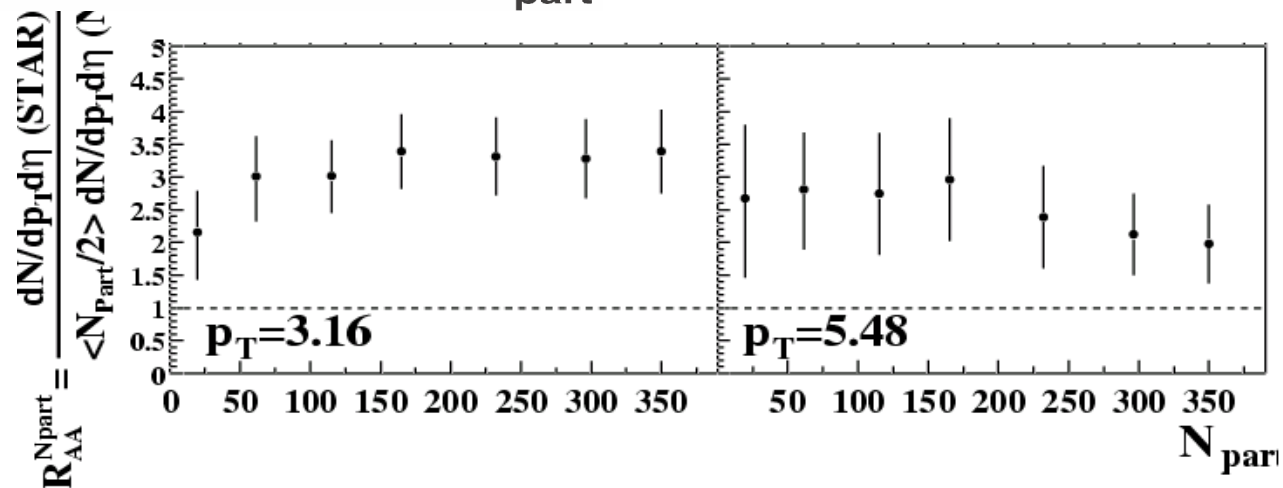
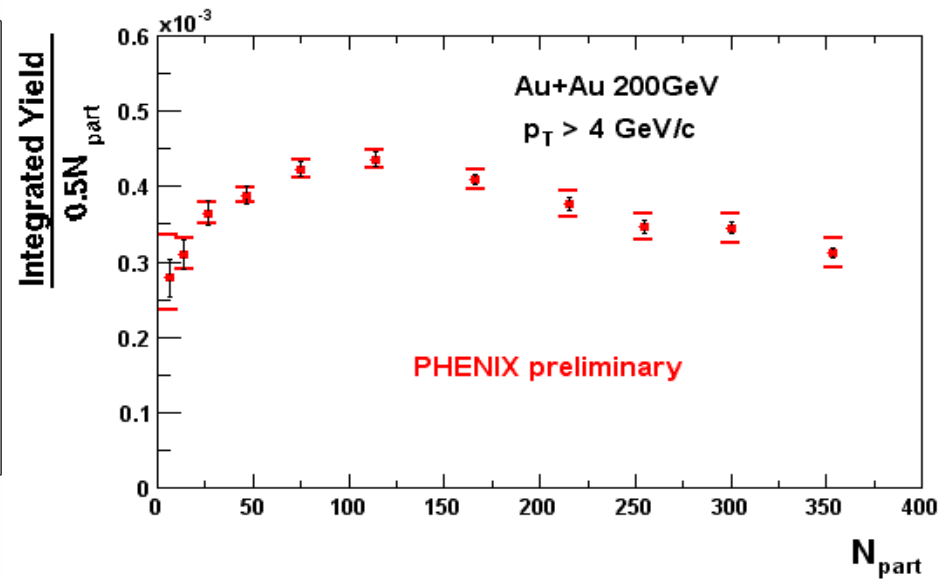
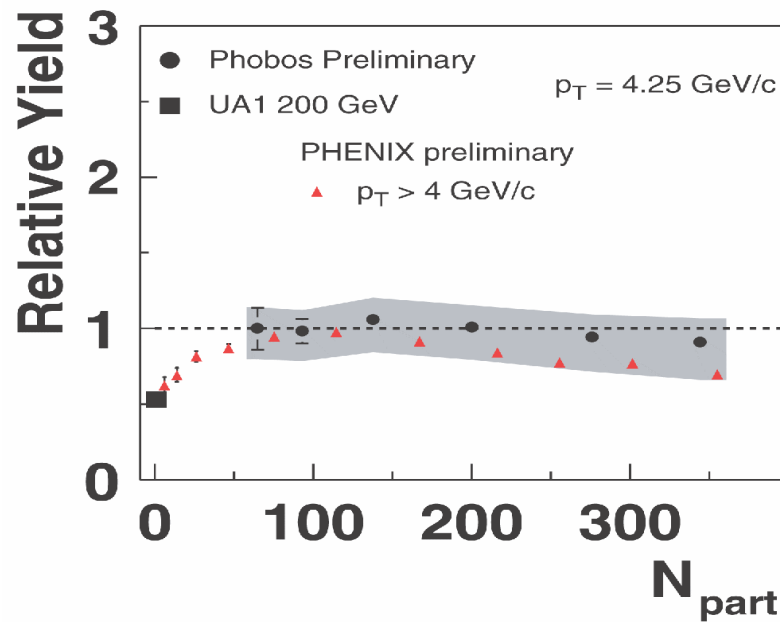
But no apparent Cronin enhancement
in most peripheral AuAu @ 200 GeV



Hadron composition at high- p_T : Summary

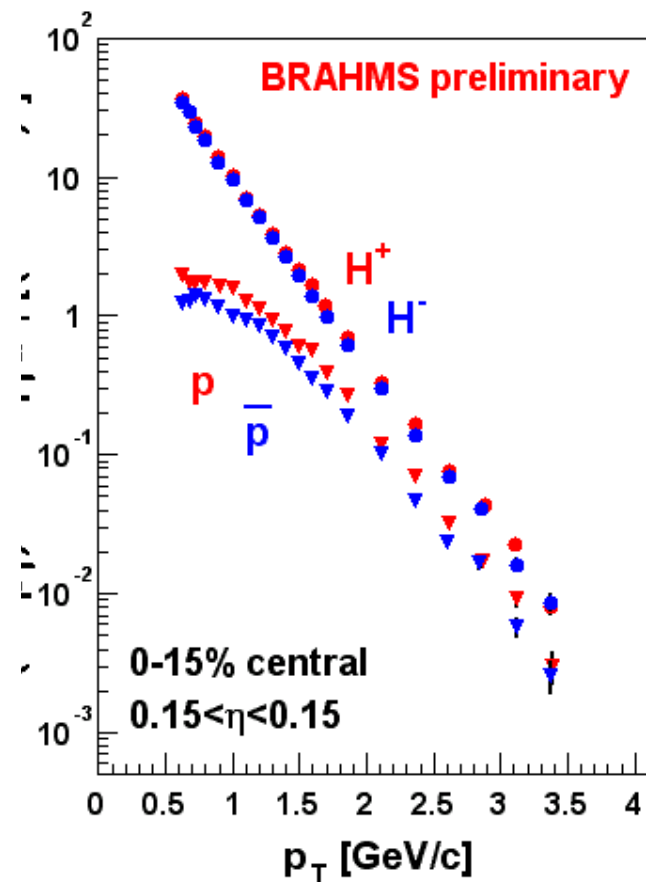
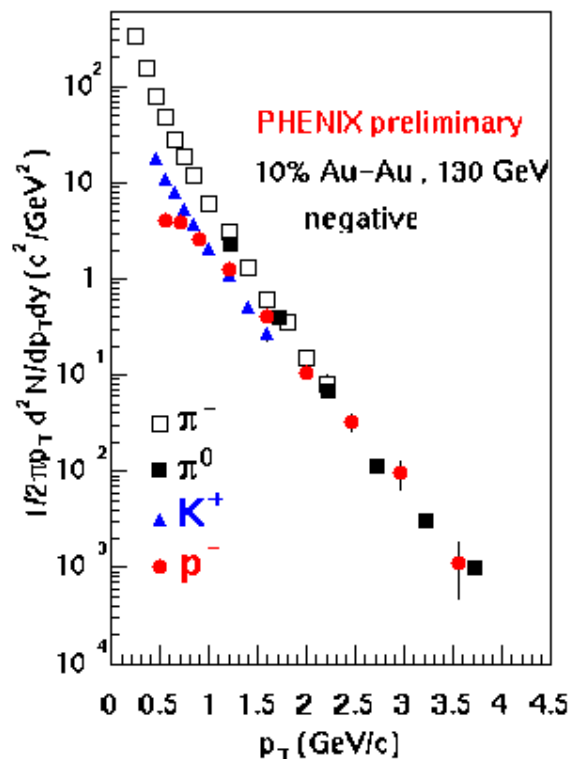
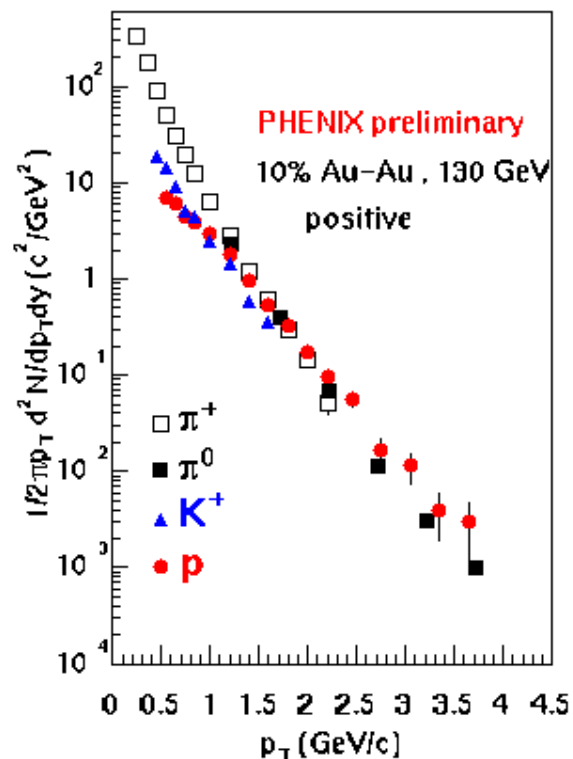


Centrality dependence of hadron suppression (R_{AA} for N_{part} scaling)



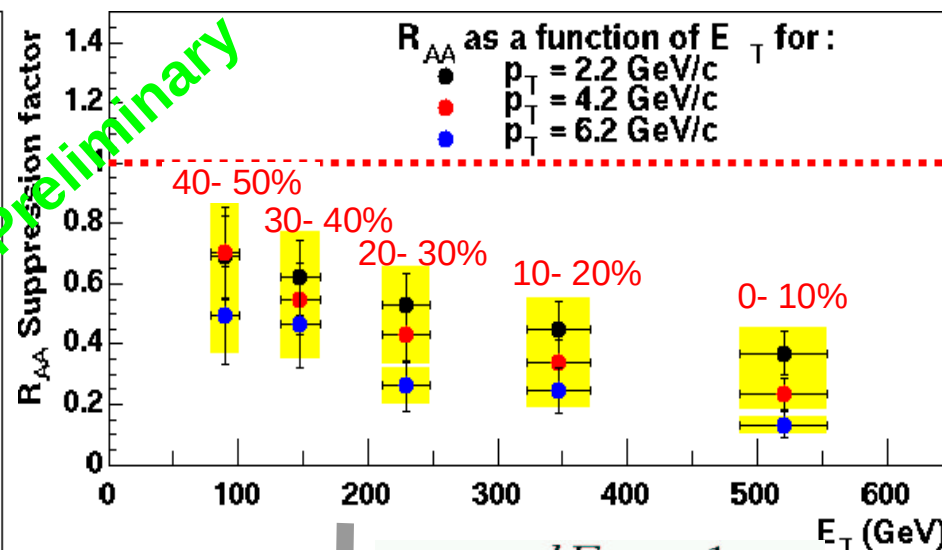
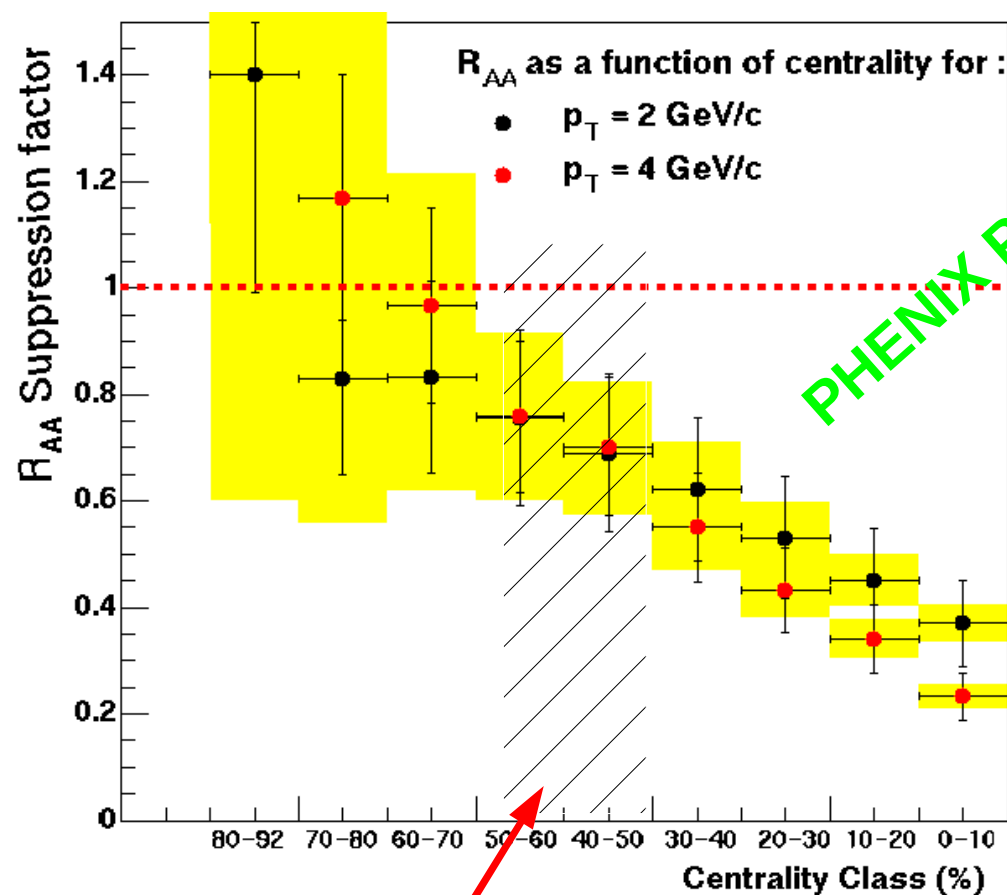
Hadron composition at high- p_T

- Baryon yield $\approx$ pion yield for $p_T > 2$ GeV/c in central colls.



Onset of suppression ?

- R_{AA} plotted as a function of centrality $\sim$ transverse energy ($\sim \epsilon_{Bjorken}$):



$$\epsilon_{Bj} = \frac{dE_T}{dy} \frac{1}{\tau_0 \pi R^2}$$

