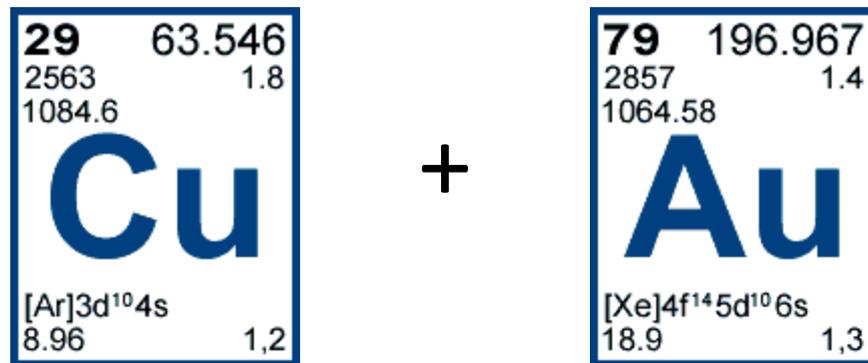


# PHENIX results on flow observables in asymmetric Cu+Au collisions



Brennan Schaefer for the PHENIX Collaboration  
Vanderbilt University  
28 Oct. 2015



# contents

- introduction and motivation
- detector details
- directed, elliptic, and triangular flow
  - charged particle
  - identified hadron
- viscous hydro, AMPT comparison
- conclusions



# Collision Systems at BNL-RHIC

- Au+Au
- p+p
- d+Au
- Cu+Cu
- U+U
- **Cu+Au**
- He+Au
- p+Au
- p+Al

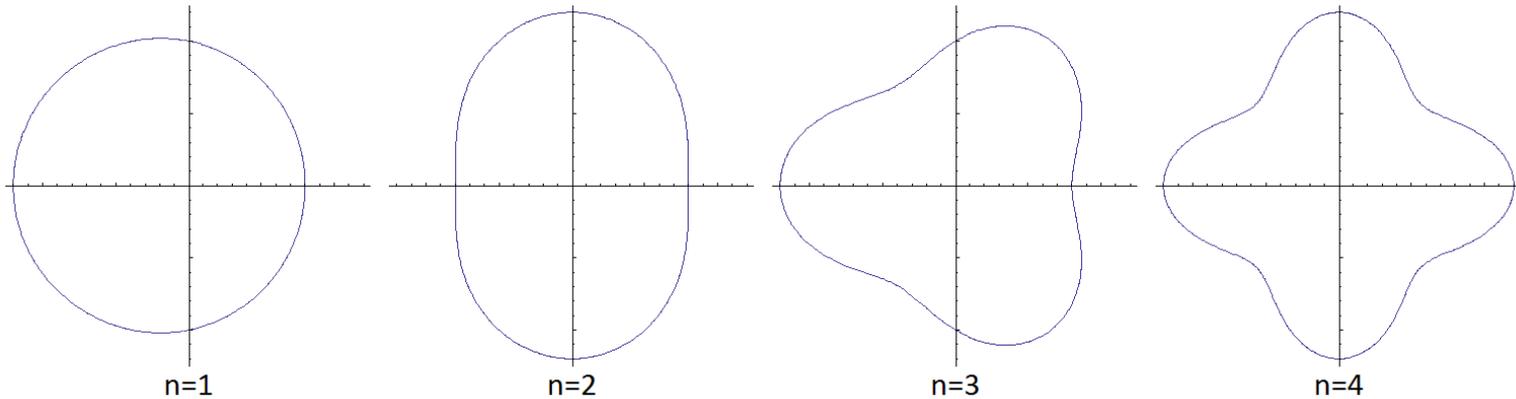


## PHENIX data in this analysis

- Run 12 (2012)
- 200 GeV
- 5 weeks
- 7.6 B events
- $|\eta| < 0.35$

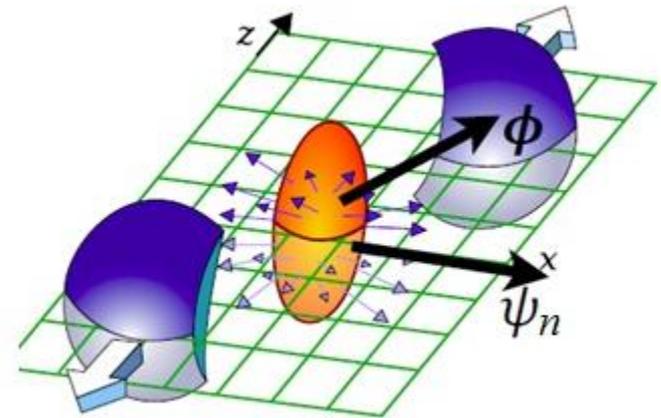


# anisotropic flow harmonics – event plane method

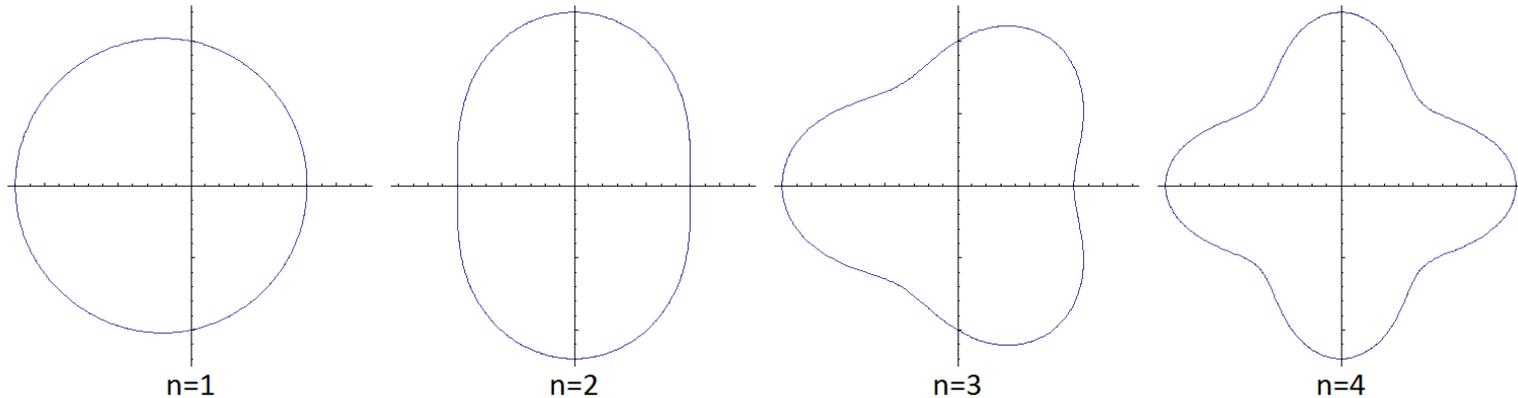


$$\frac{dN}{d\phi} \propto \left( 1 + 2 \sum_{n=1}^{+\infty} v_n \cos[n(\phi - \psi_n)] \right)$$

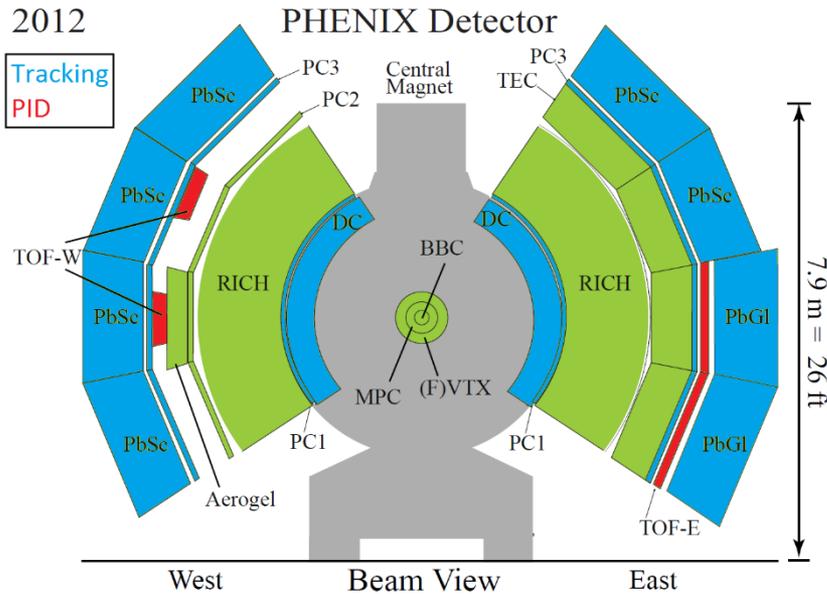
$$v_n = \left\langle \cos[n(\phi - \psi_n)] \right\rangle$$



# anisotropic flow harmonics – event plane method

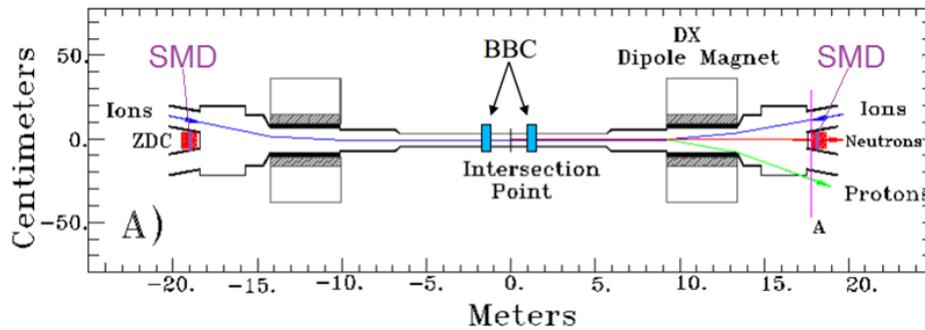


- reflect properties of initial state and evolution
- probe different length scales
- sensitive to EoS and  $\eta/s$



*tracks reconstructed with DC and matched to PC3, EMCal*

*PID: TOFE, TOFW*

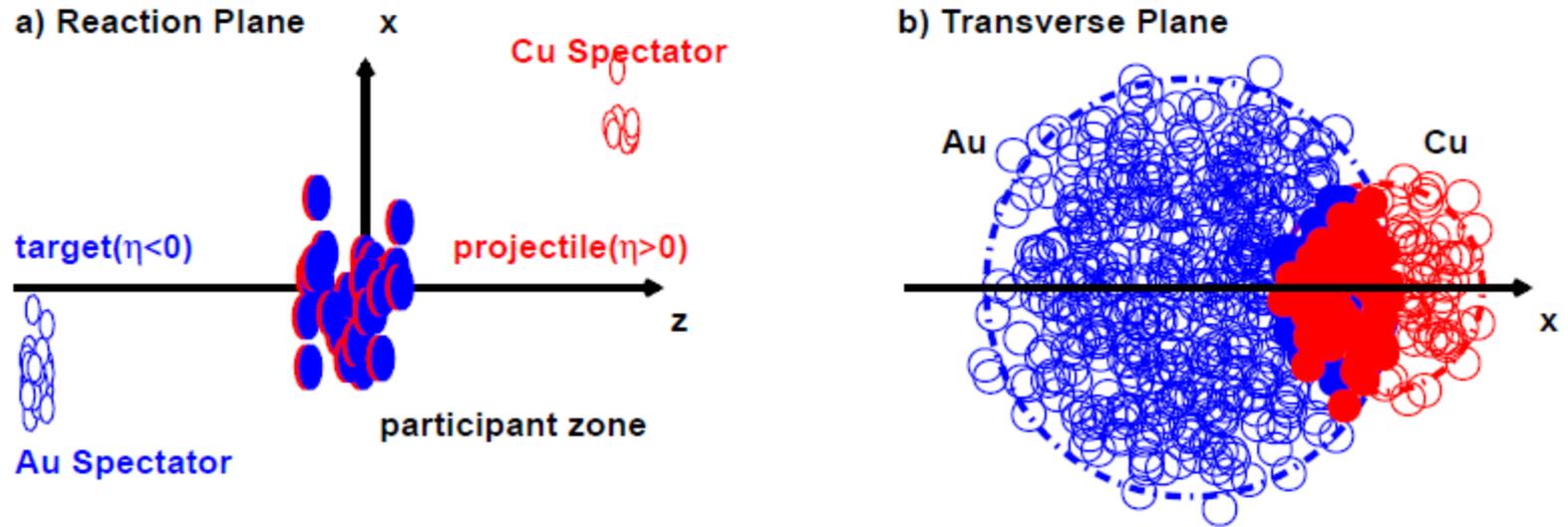


$\psi_1$  - Shower Maximum Detector spectator plane

$\psi_{2,3}$  - Beam Beam Counter participant plane

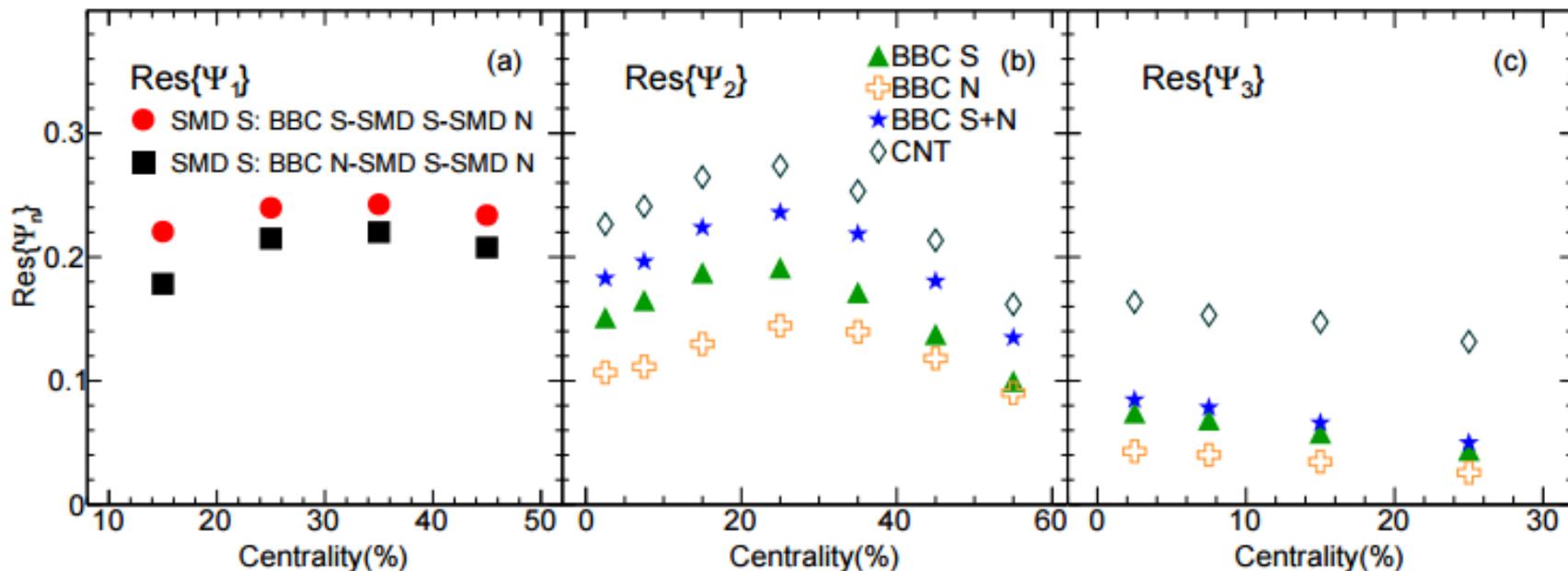


# $v_1$ sign conventions used



- $v_1$  is defined to be positive at positive  $\eta$  (Cu-going)
- $x$  is positive if spectators flow outwards
- measurements use Au spectators, signs are flipped

# event plane resolution



three sub-event method used to determine the resolution:

$$\text{Res}(\Psi_n^A) = \sqrt{\frac{\langle \cos n (\Psi_n^A - \Psi_n^B) \rangle \langle \cos n (\Psi_n^A - \Psi_n^C) \rangle}{\langle \cos n (\Psi_n^B - \Psi_n^C) \rangle}}$$

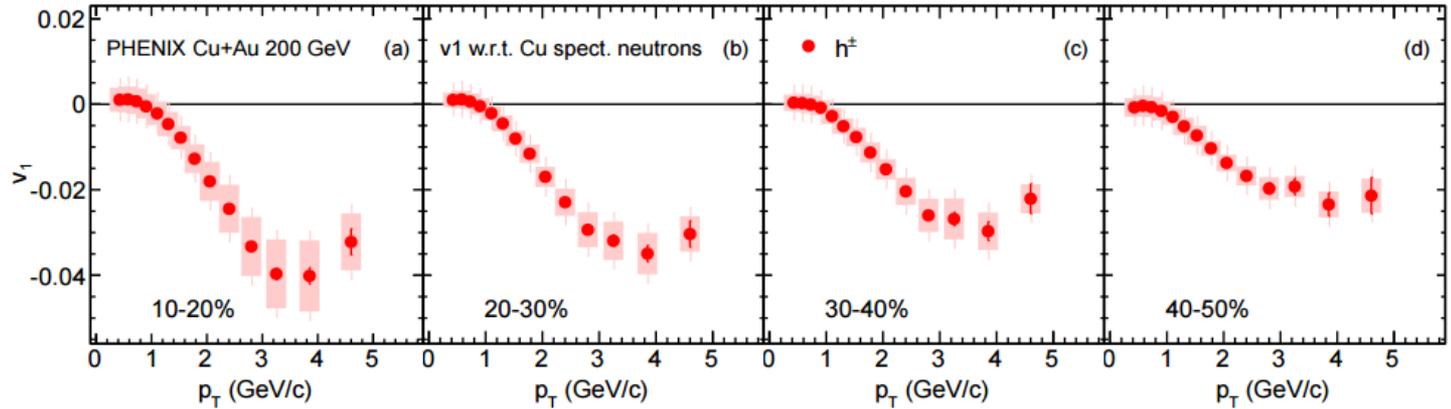
$\Psi_1$  : SMDS,  $\Psi_{2,3}$  : BBCS+BBSN



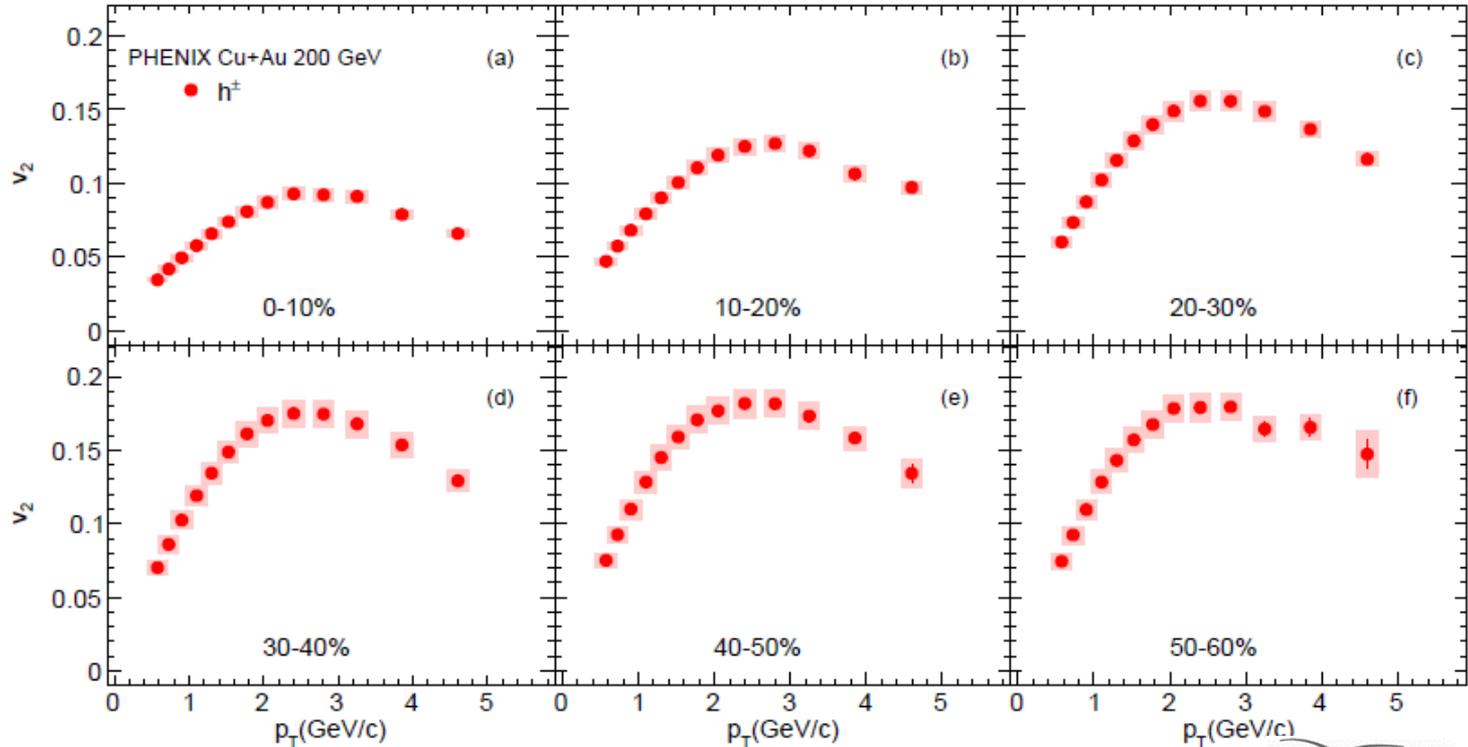
# centrality dependence



$V_1$   
magnitude  
decreases



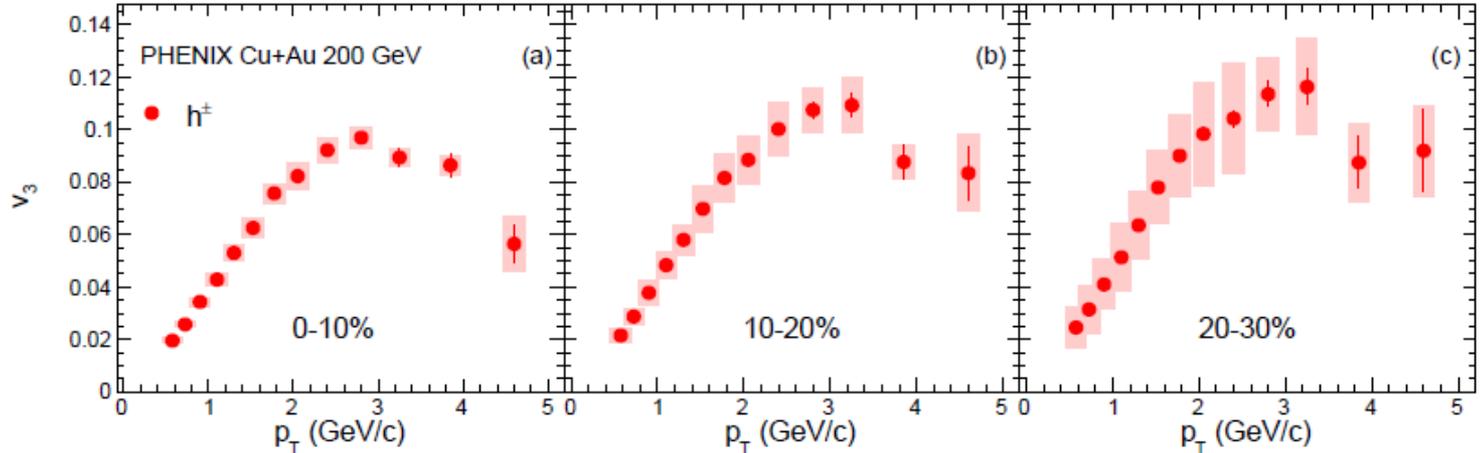
$V_2$   
magnitude  
increases



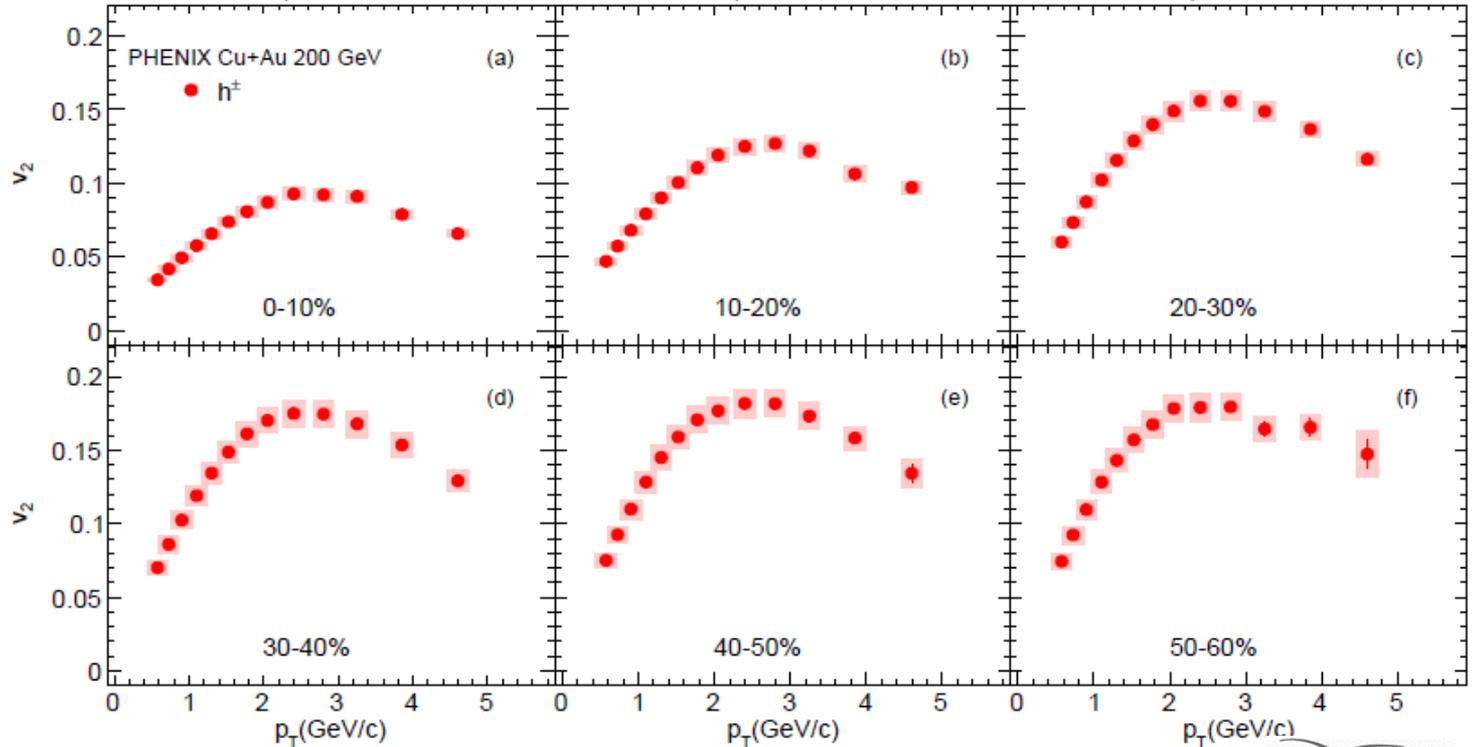
# centrality dependence



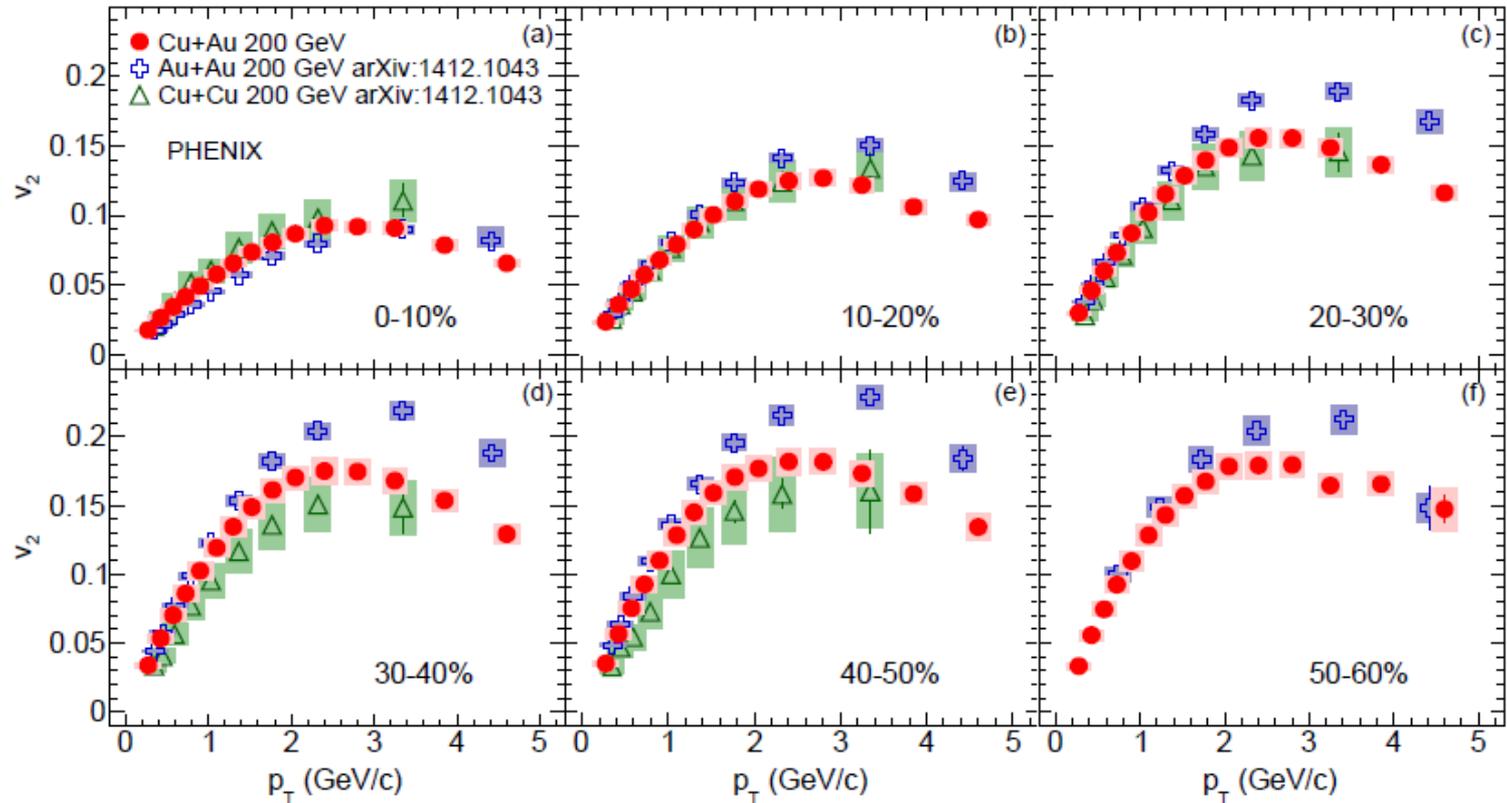
$V_3$   
weak  
dependence



$V_2$   
magnitude  
increases



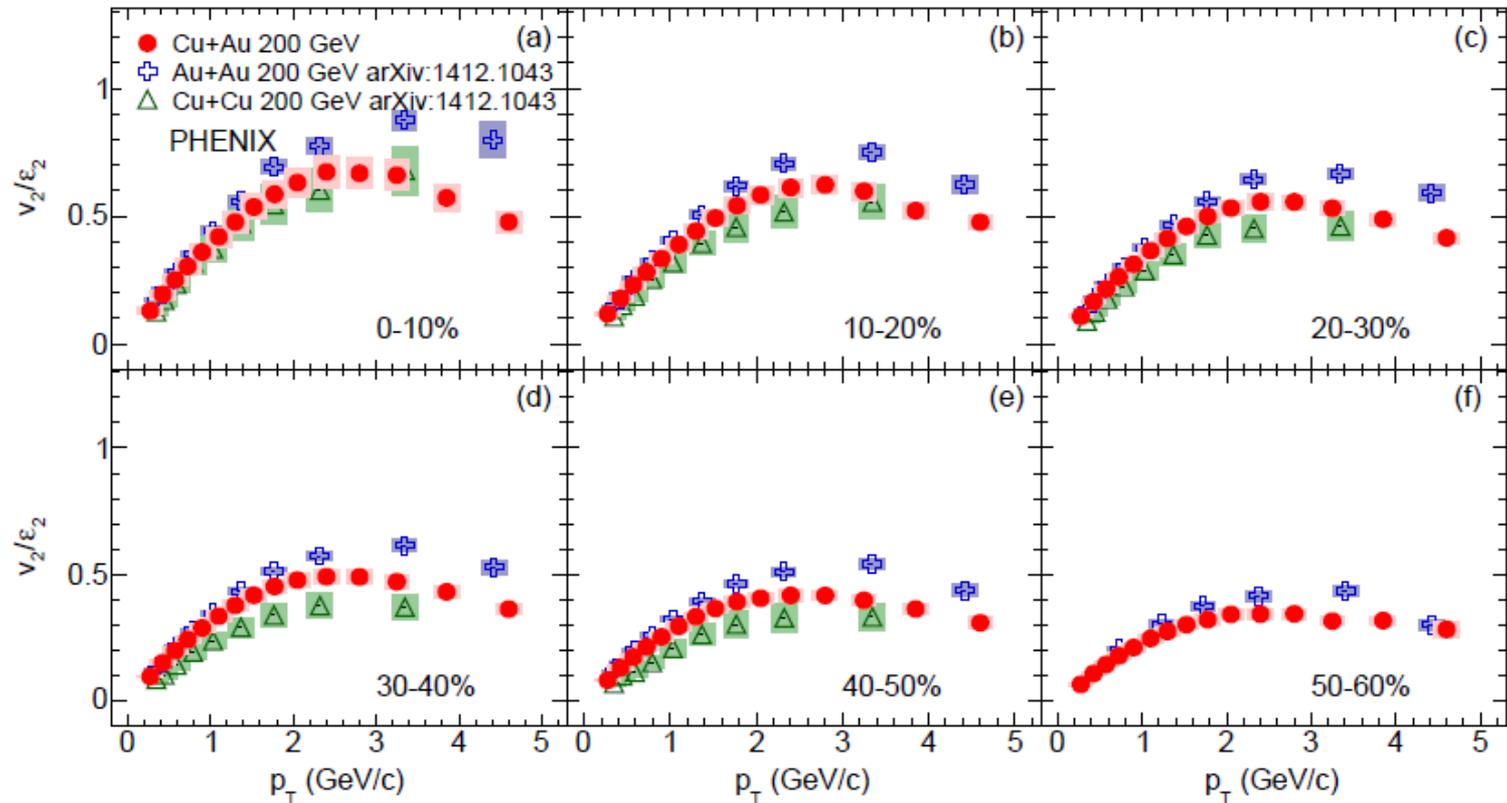
# $v_2$ system size dependence



Cu+Au falls between Cu+Cu and Au+Au



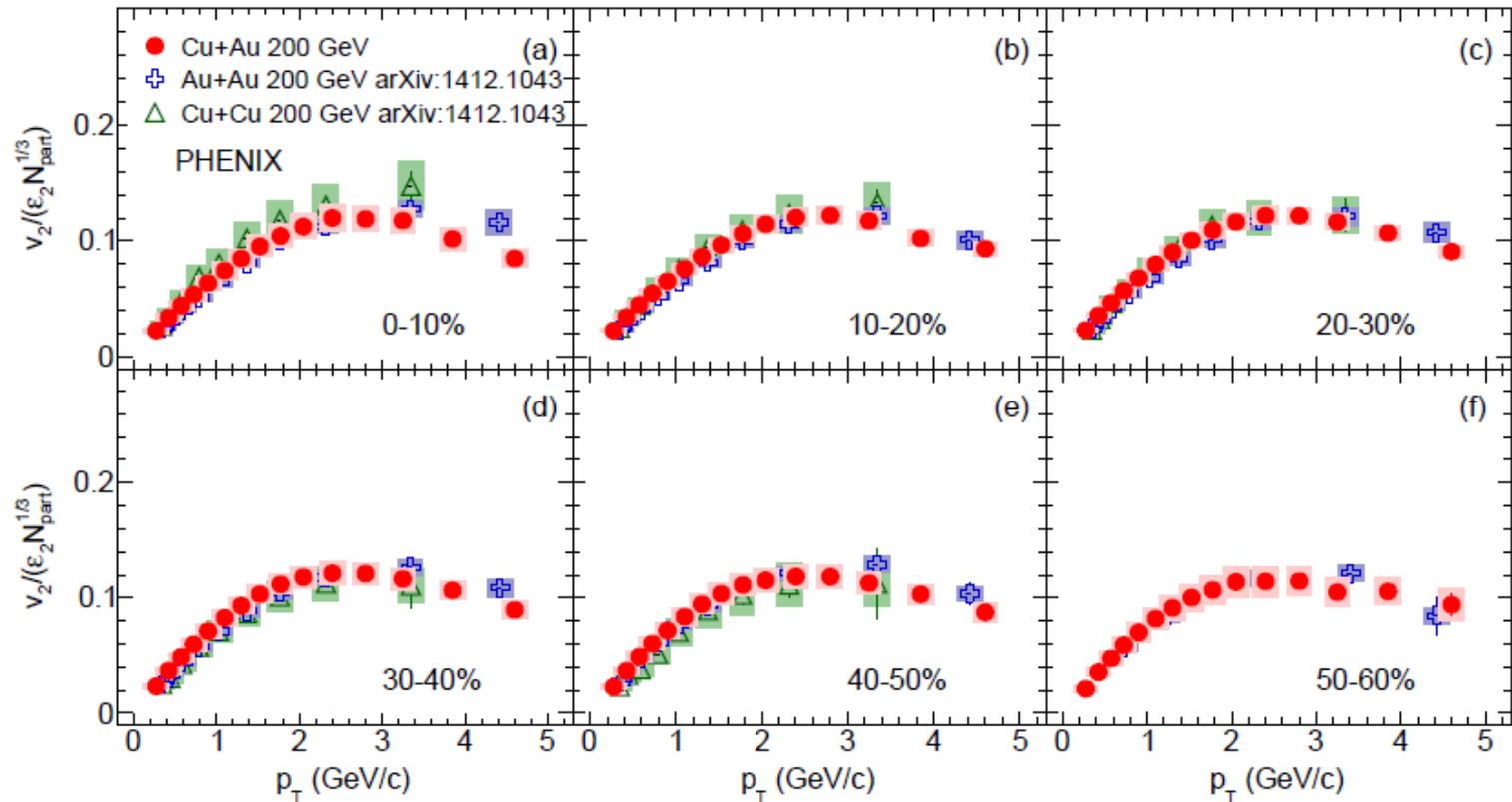
# $v_2$ ( $\epsilon_2$ scaled)



$\epsilon_2$  scaling reorders the results by system size



$$v_2 \quad (\varepsilon_2 N_{\text{part}}^{1/3} \text{ scaled})$$



universal behavior in all centralities and systems:

Cu+Cu, Cu+Au, Au+Au

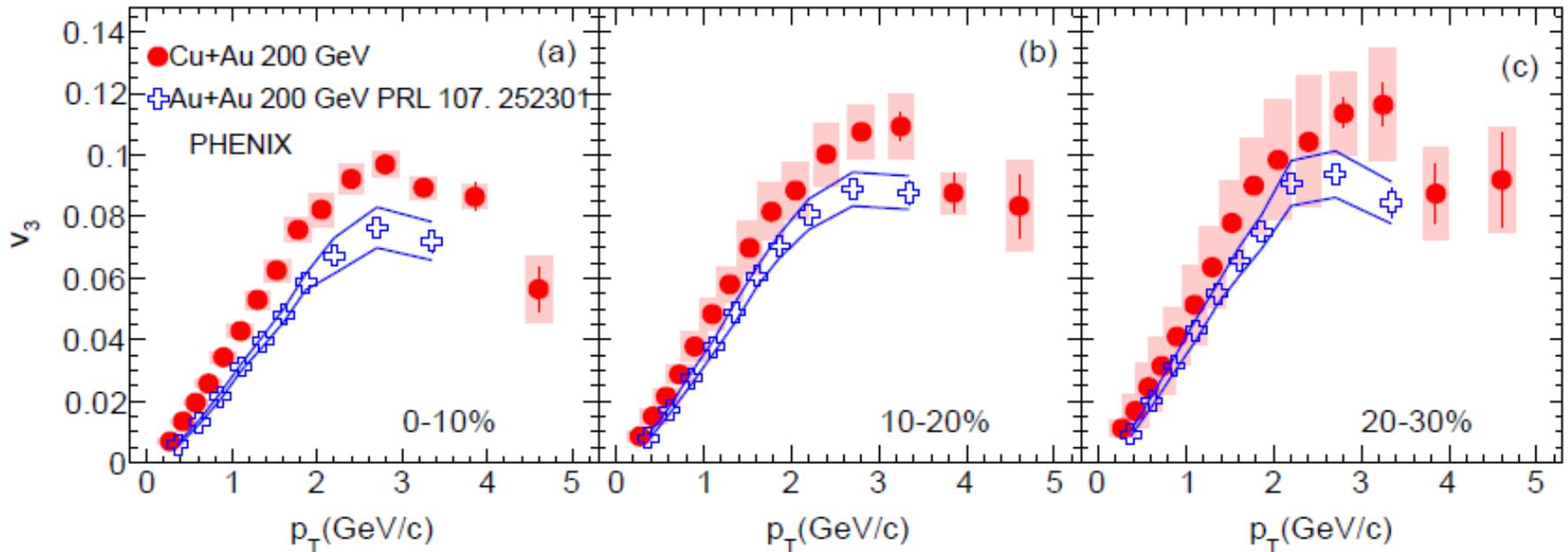


centrality bin	Au+Au 200 GeV $\epsilon_3$	Cu+Au 200 GeV $\epsilon_3$
0%–10%	$0.087 \pm 0.0018$	$0.130 \pm 0.004$
10%–20%	$0.122 \pm 0.0035$	$0.161 \pm 0.005$
20%–30%	$0.156 \pm 0.0047$	$0.208 \pm 0.007$

for the same centrality Glauber- $\epsilon_3$  is larger in the smaller system due to increased fluctuations



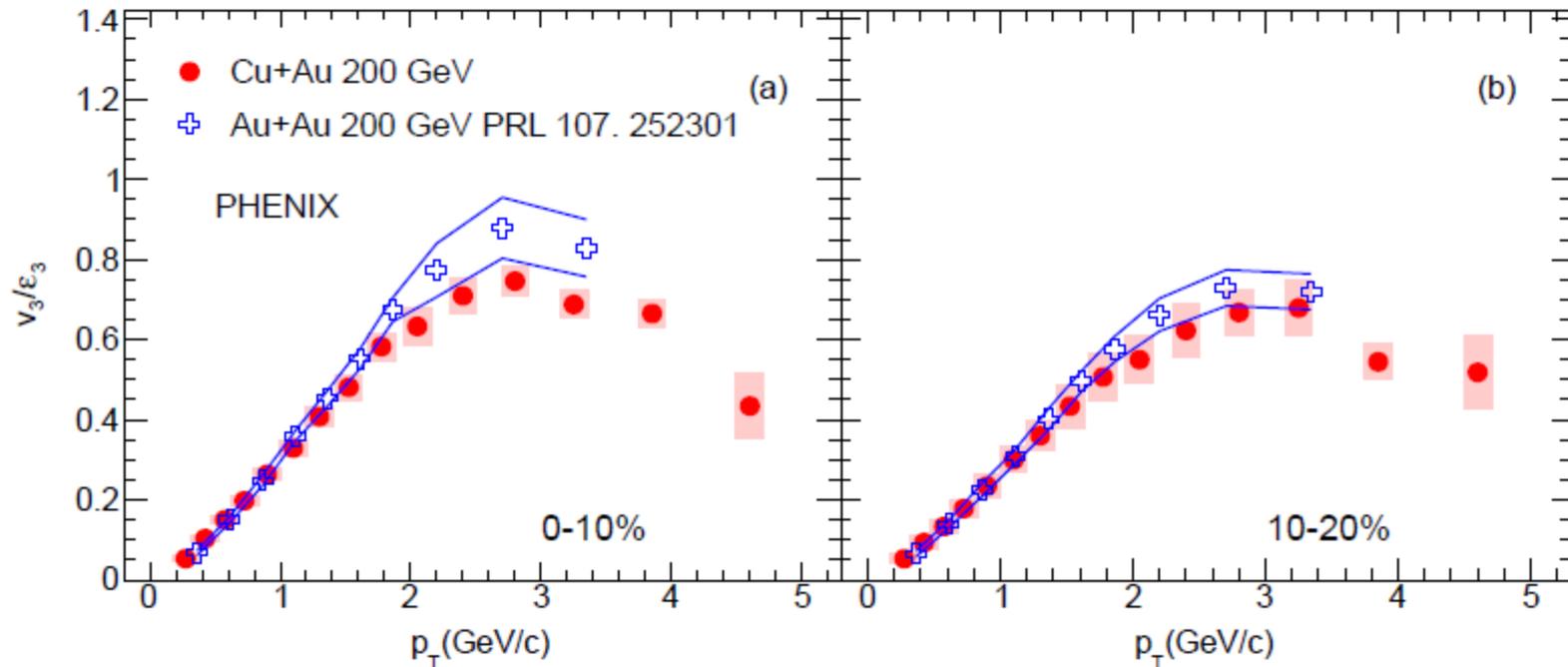
# $v_3$ system size dependence



$$v_3 \text{ Cu+Au} > v_3 \text{ Au+Au}$$



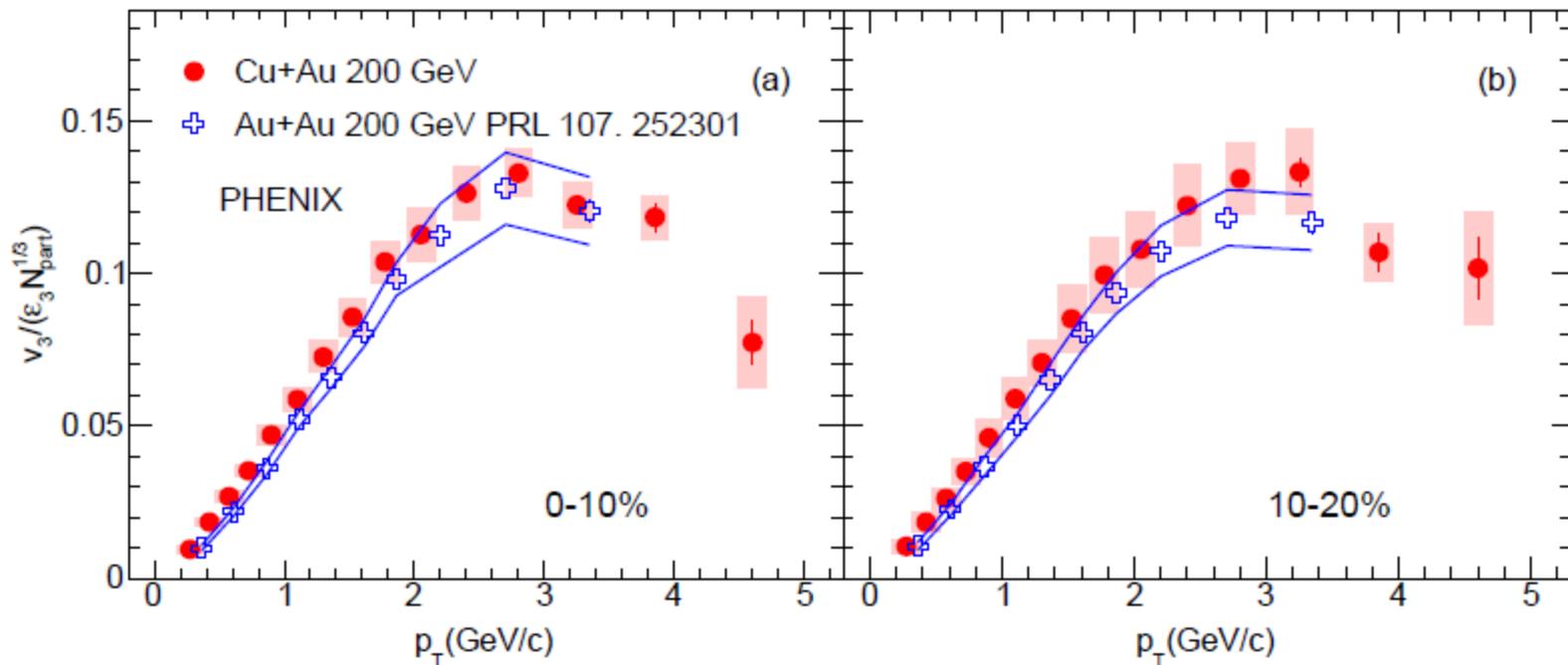
$v_3$  ( $\varepsilon_3$  scaled)



close agreement at low-intermediate  $p_T$   
within systematics at high  $p_T$



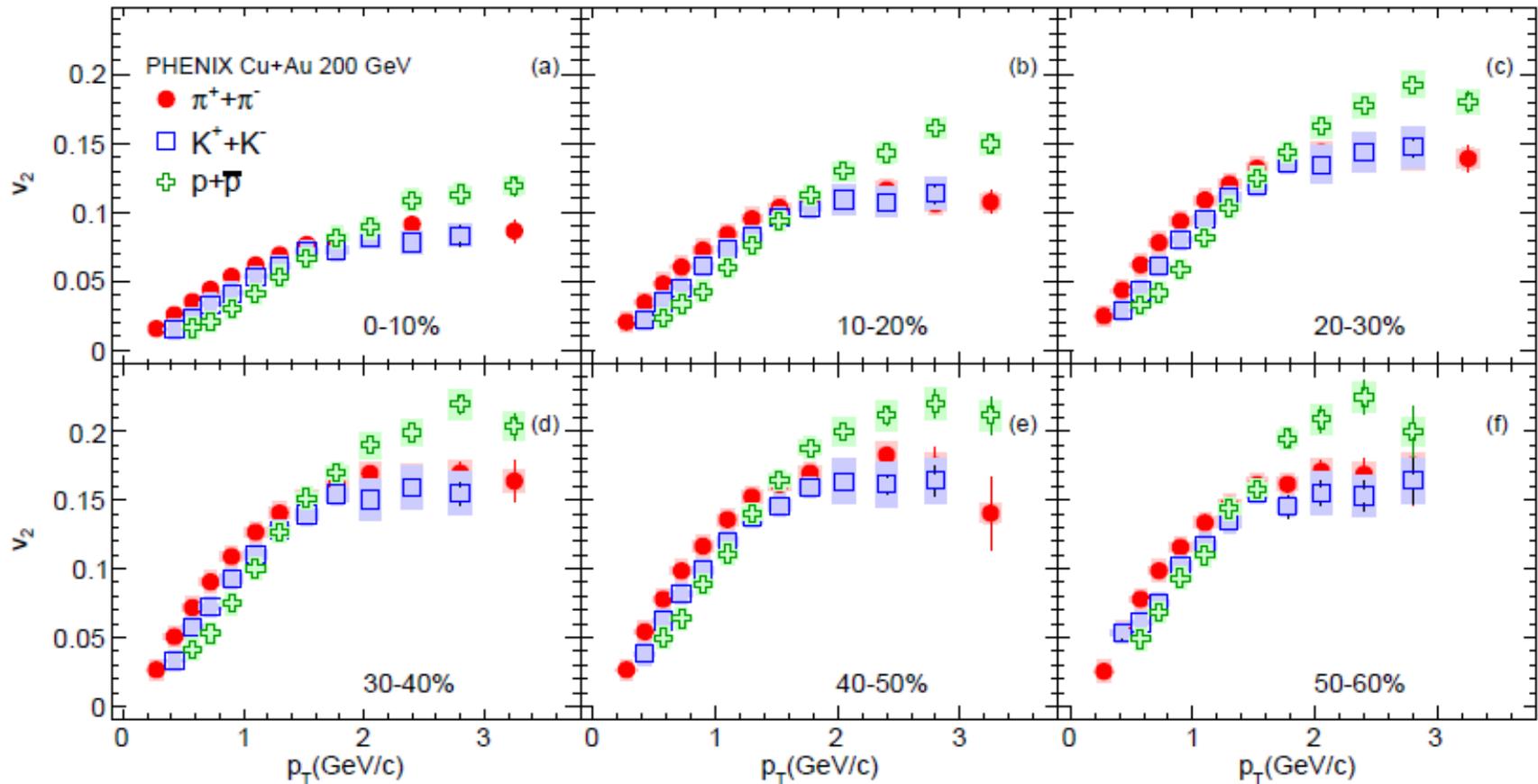
$v_3$  ( $\epsilon_3 N_{\text{part}}^{1/3}$  scaled)



agreement within systematics at all  $p_T$



# identified particle $v_2$



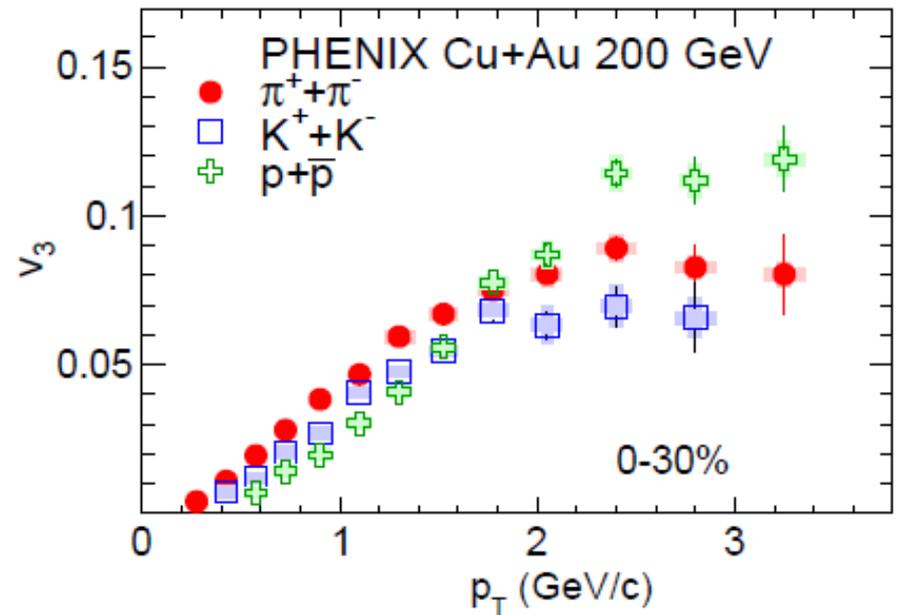
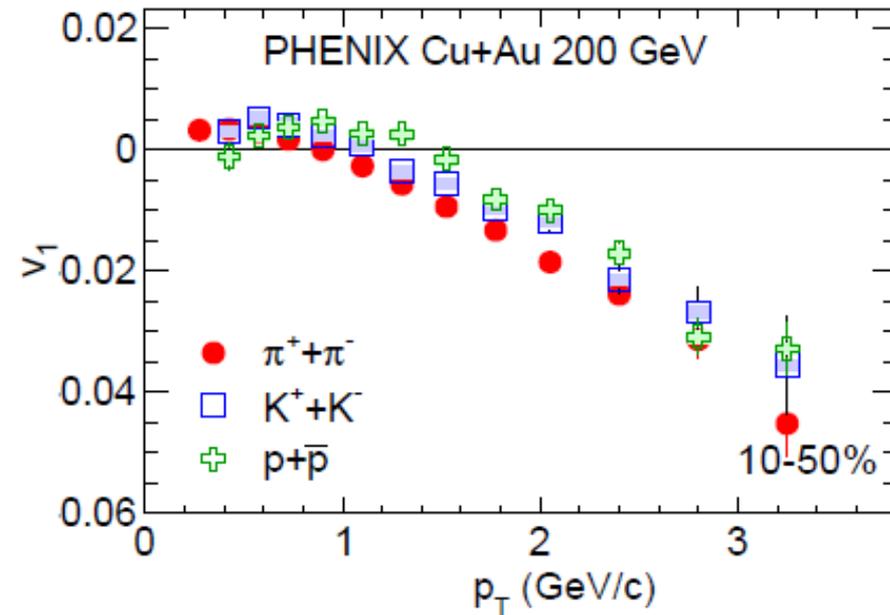
mass ordering at low  $p_T$  for  $v_2$



# identified particle $v_{1,3}$

$v_1$

$v_3$

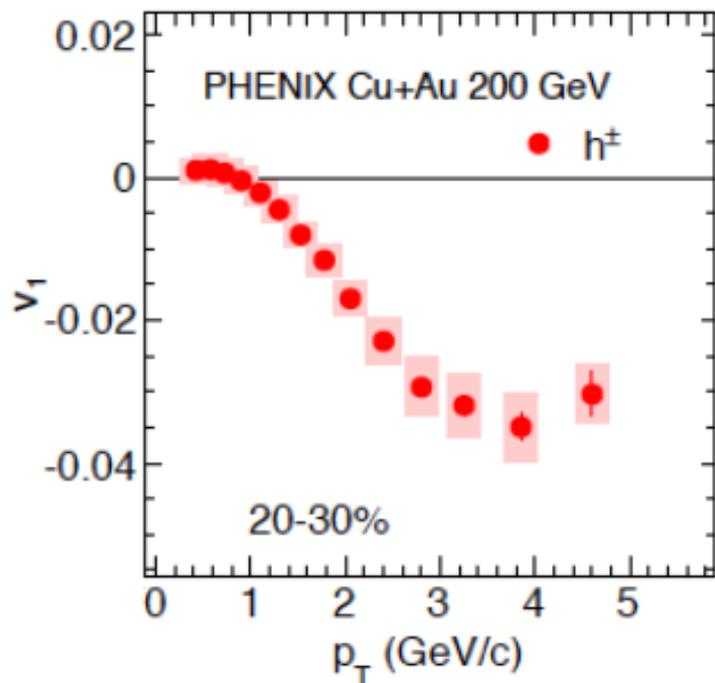


mass ordering at low  $p_T$  for  $v_{1,3}$

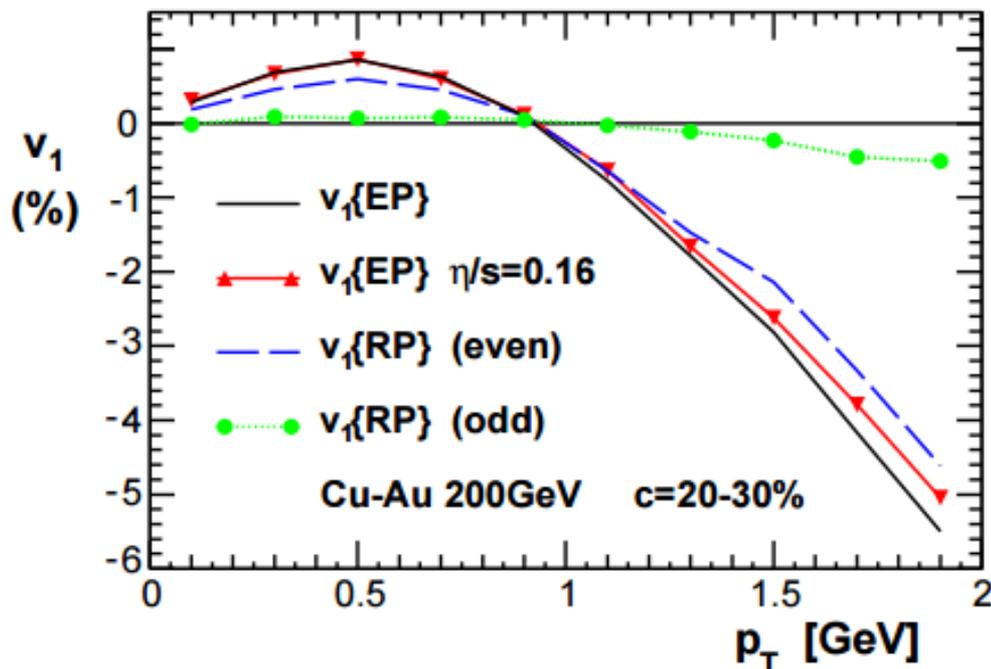


# comparison to viscous hydro

P. Bozek, Phys. Lett. B717 (2012) 287



$$|\eta| < 0.35$$



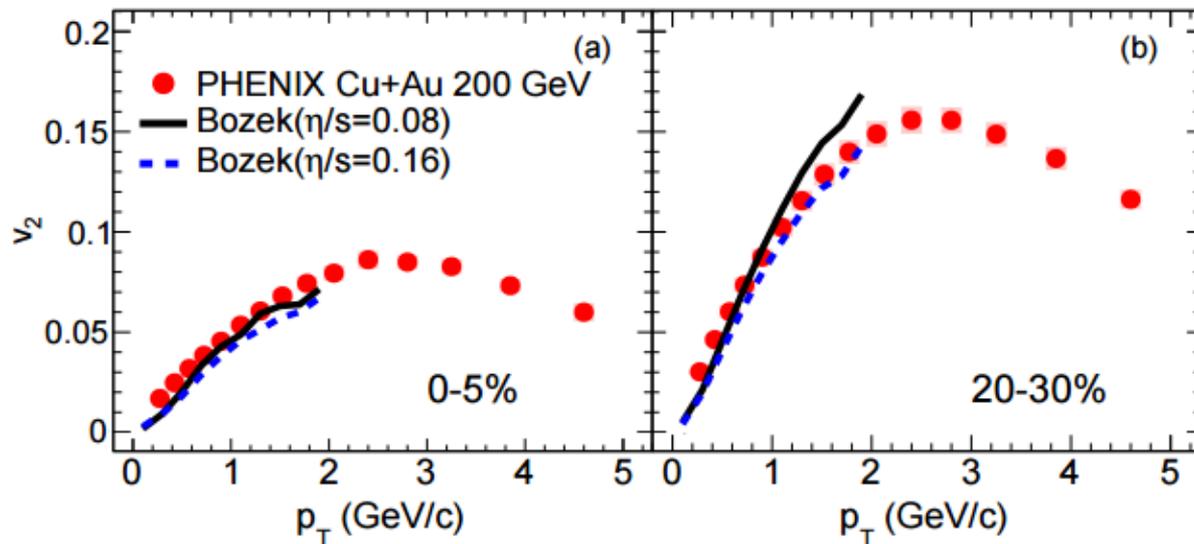
$$|\eta| < 1.0$$

indirect comparison shows qualitative agreement,  
assuming spectators curl outward from the z-vertex

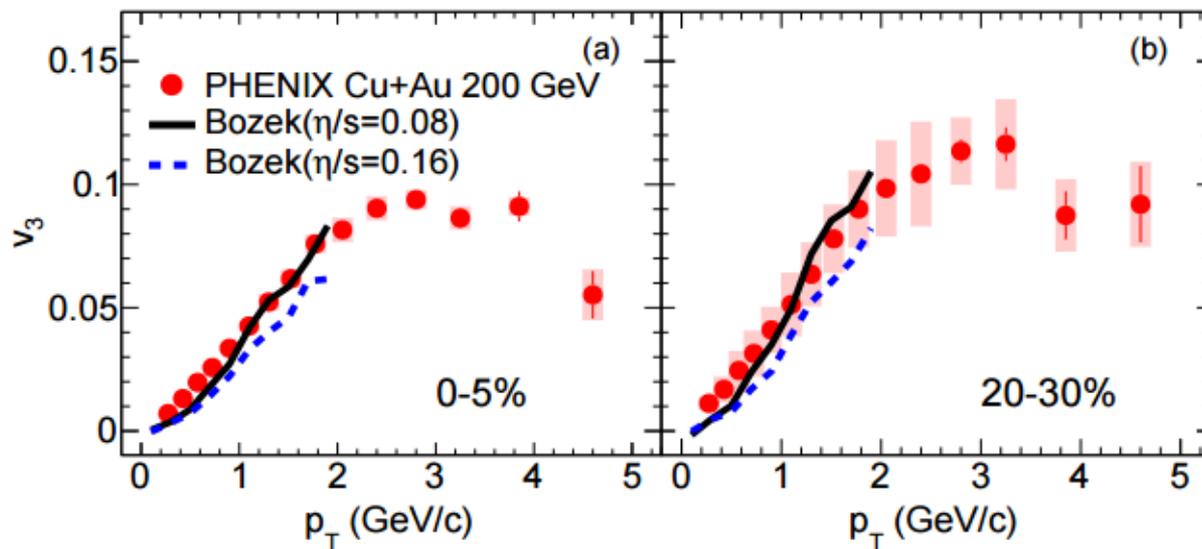


# comparison to viscous hydro

$v_2$

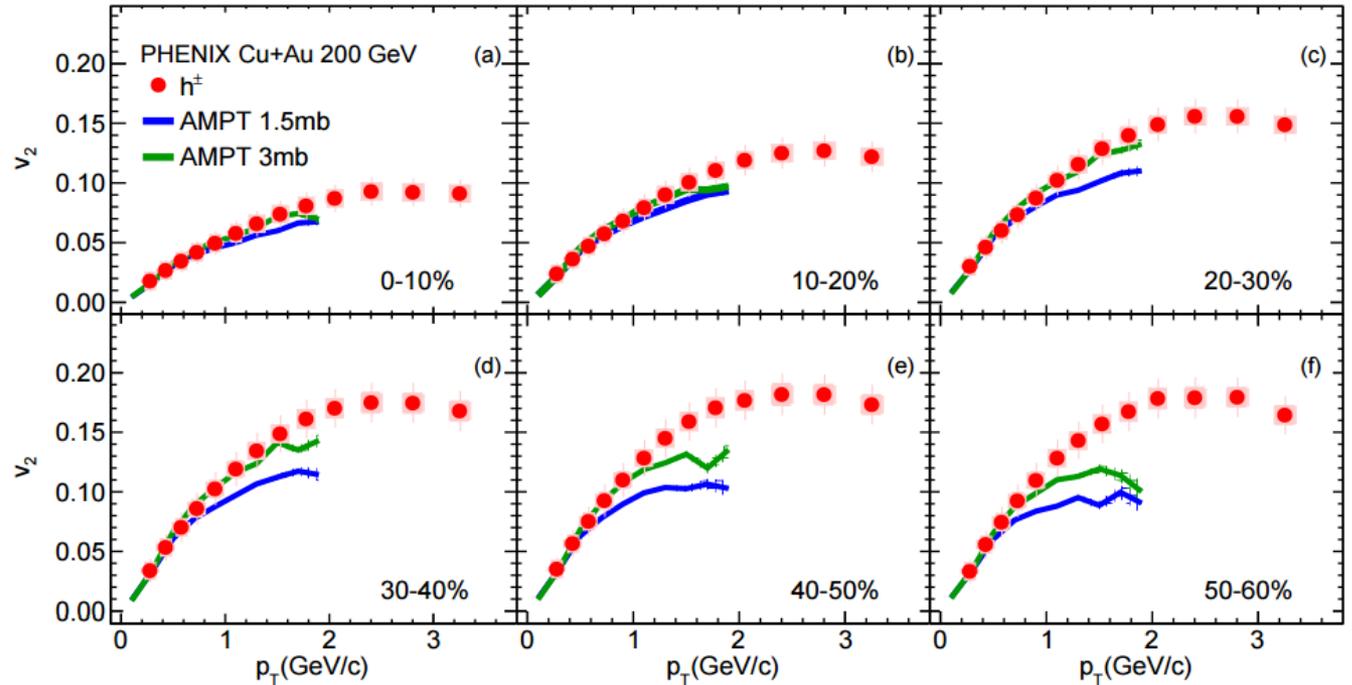


$v_3$

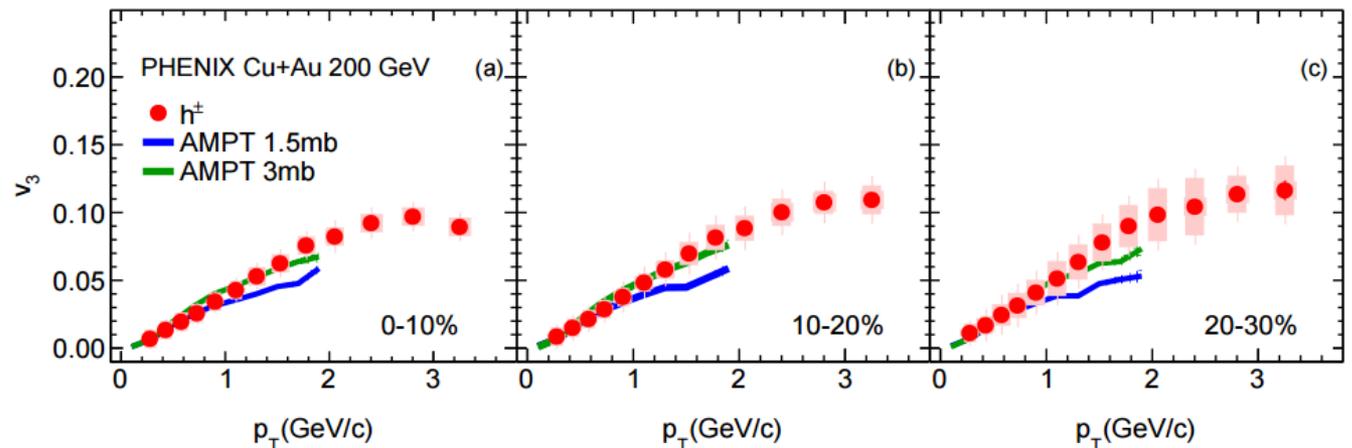


# comparison to AMPT

$V_2$



$V_3$



# conclusions

- in Cu+Au the magnitude of  $v_1$  decreases from central to peripheral, opposite to  $v_2$  behavior
- $v_{2,3}$  in different systems scale with  $\varepsilon_{2,3} N_{\text{part}}^{1/3}$
- mass ordering is seen for all harmonics
- $v_{2,3}$  is consistent with viscous hydro  $\eta/s = (1-2)/4\pi$
- AMPT with  $\sigma = 3.0$  mb describes  $v_{2,3}$  for  $p_T < 2$  GeV



# backup

Number of participant and the participant eccentricity ( $\varepsilon_2, \varepsilon_3$ ) from Glauber Monte-Carlo calculations for Au+Au, Cu+Cu, and Cu+Au collisions at 200 GeV

centrality bin	Au+Au 200 GeV			Cu+Cu 200 GeV		Cu+Au 200 GeV		
	$N_{\text{part}}$	$\varepsilon_2$	$\varepsilon_3$	$N_{\text{part}}$	$\varepsilon_2$	$N_{\text{part}}$	$\varepsilon_2$	$\varepsilon_3$
0%–10%	325.2 $\pm 3.3$	0.103 $\pm 0.003$	0.087 $\pm 0.0018$	98.2 $\pm 2.4$	0.163 $\pm 0.003$	177.2 $\pm 5.2$	0.138 $\pm 0.011$	0.130 $\pm 0.004$
10%–20%	234.6 $\pm 4.7$	0.200 $\pm 0.005$	0.122 $\pm 0.0035$	73.6 $\pm 2.5$	0.241 $\pm 0.007$	132.4 $\pm 3.7$	0.204 $\pm 0.008$	0.161 $\pm 0.005$
20%–30%	166.6 $\pm 5.4$	0.284 $\pm 0.006$	0.156 $\pm 0.0047$	53.0 $\pm 1.9$	0.317 $\pm 0.006$	95.1 $\pm 3.2$	0.280 $\pm 0.008$	0.208 $\pm 0.007$
30%–40%	114.2 $\pm 4.4$	0.356 $\pm 0.006$	0.198 $\pm 0.0083$	37.3 $\pm 1.6$	0.401 $\pm 0.008$	65.7 $\pm 3.4$	0.357 $\pm 0.010$	0.266 $\pm 0.010$
40%–50%	74.4 $\pm 3.8$	0.422 $\pm 0.006$	0.253 $\pm 0.0111$	25.4 $\pm 1.3$	0.484 $\pm 0.008$	43.3 $\pm 3.0$	0.436 $\pm 0.013$	0.332 $\pm 0.013$
50%–60%	45.5 $\pm 3.3$	0.491 $\pm 0.005$	0.325 $\pm 0.0179$	16.7 $\pm 0.9$	0.579 $\pm 0.008$	26.8 $\pm 2.6$	0.523 $\pm 0.019$	0.412 $\pm 0.019$



# backup

Systematic uncertainties given in percent on the  $v_n$  measurements.

$v_n$	Uncertainty Sources	10%–20%	40%–50%	Type
$v_1$	Event plane resolution	20%	12%	C
	Event plane detectors	3%	4%	B
	Background	2%	2%	A
	Acceptance	10%	10%	C
$v_2$	Event plane resolution	2%	2%	C
	Event plane detectors	3%	4%	B
	Background	2%	2%	A
	Acceptance	8%	3%	C
$v_3$	Event plane resolution	2%	2%	C
	Event plane detectors	3%	7%	B
	Background	2%	2%	A
	Acceptance	2%	10%	C



# backup

Systematic uncertainties for particle identification

species	$p_T \leq 2\text{GeV}/c$	$p_T \geq 2\text{GeV}/c$	Type
pion	3%	5%	A
kaon	3%	10%	A
proton	3%	5%	A

