

Two-Particle Azimuthal Correlation Functions in PHENIX



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For



the PHENIX Collaboration



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Map No. 3033 Rev. 2 UNITED NATIONS
August 1999

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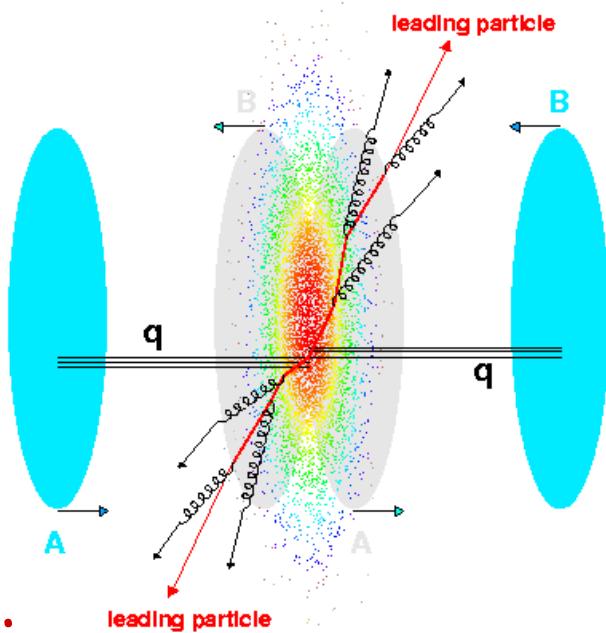
Outline



- **Brief Motivation**
- **Correlation Technique**
- **Flow & Jet Correlation Functions**
- **Data**
 - Typical Correlation Functions
 - pT reference study
 - dEta Study
 - pT dependence
 - Centrality Dependence
- **Model comparisons**
- **Summary/Outlook**

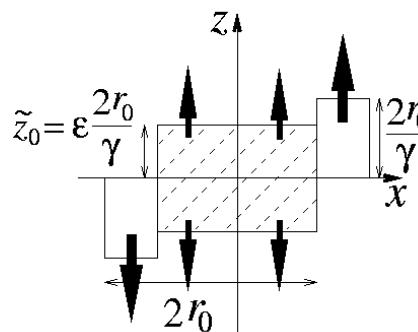
See posters by W.
Holtzman & P. Constantin

Why Study Correlations

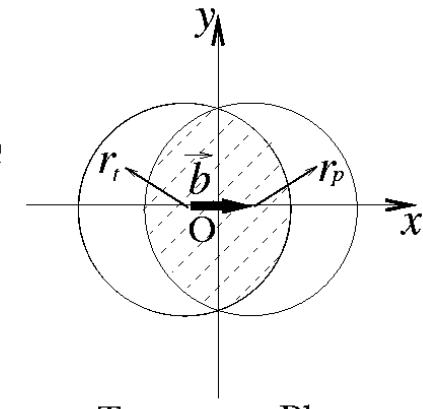


Jets:

- Primarily from gluons at RHIC
- Produced early ($\tau < 1\text{fm}$)
- Sensitive to the QCD medium (dE/dx)



Reaction Plane



Transverse Plane

Flow:

- Primarily from pressure build-up
- Produced early ($\tau < 1\text{fm}$)
- Reflect conditions in collision zone (energy density etc.)

Correlation Studies can provide information on the particle production mechanism and QGP formation at RHIC

Correlation Technique



Study $\Delta\phi$ Correlation Functions:

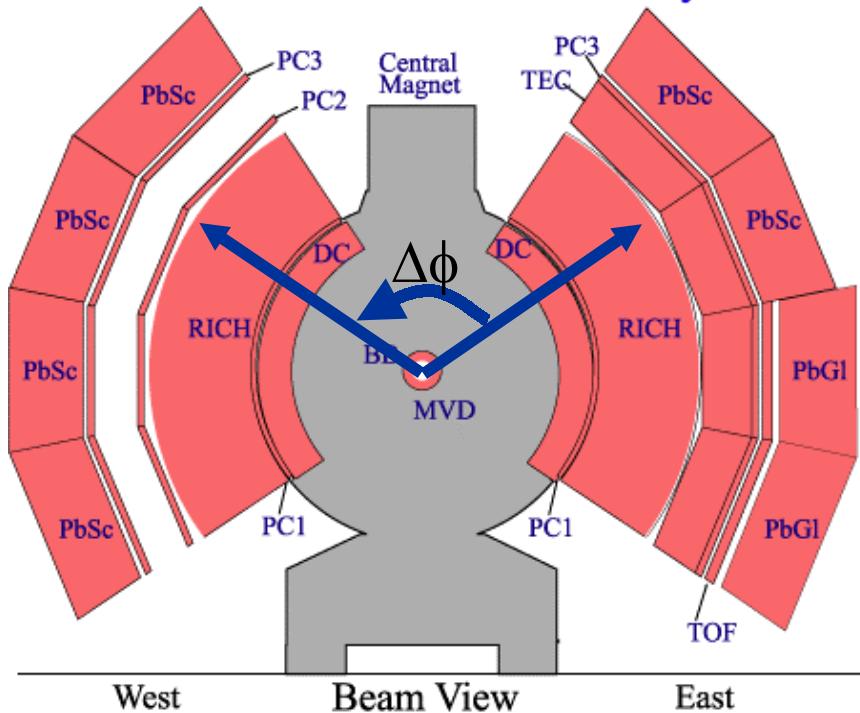
$$\frac{dN_{\text{pairs}}}{d\Delta\phi} \propto \left(1 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 2v_n^2 \cos(n\Delta\phi) \right)$$

Wang et al.,
PRC 44, 1091 (1991)
Lacey et al.
PRL 70, 1224 (1993)

- Event by event reaction plane determination & Dispersion Corrections Circumvented
- Uncertainties associated with Acceptance, efficiency, etc Reduced

30 Million minimum bias events analysed

PHENIX Detector - Second Year Physics Run

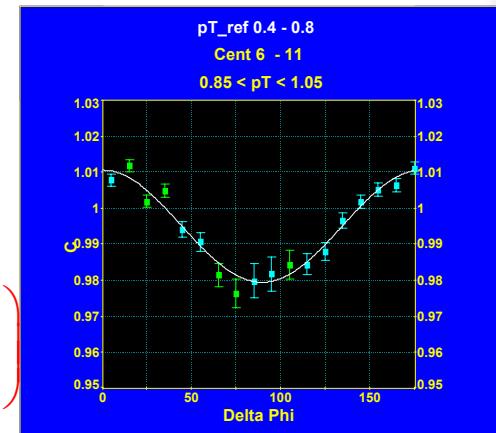
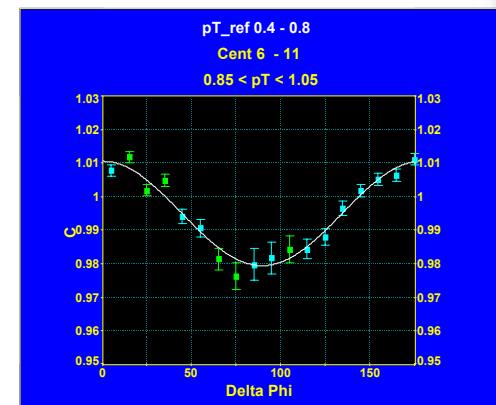
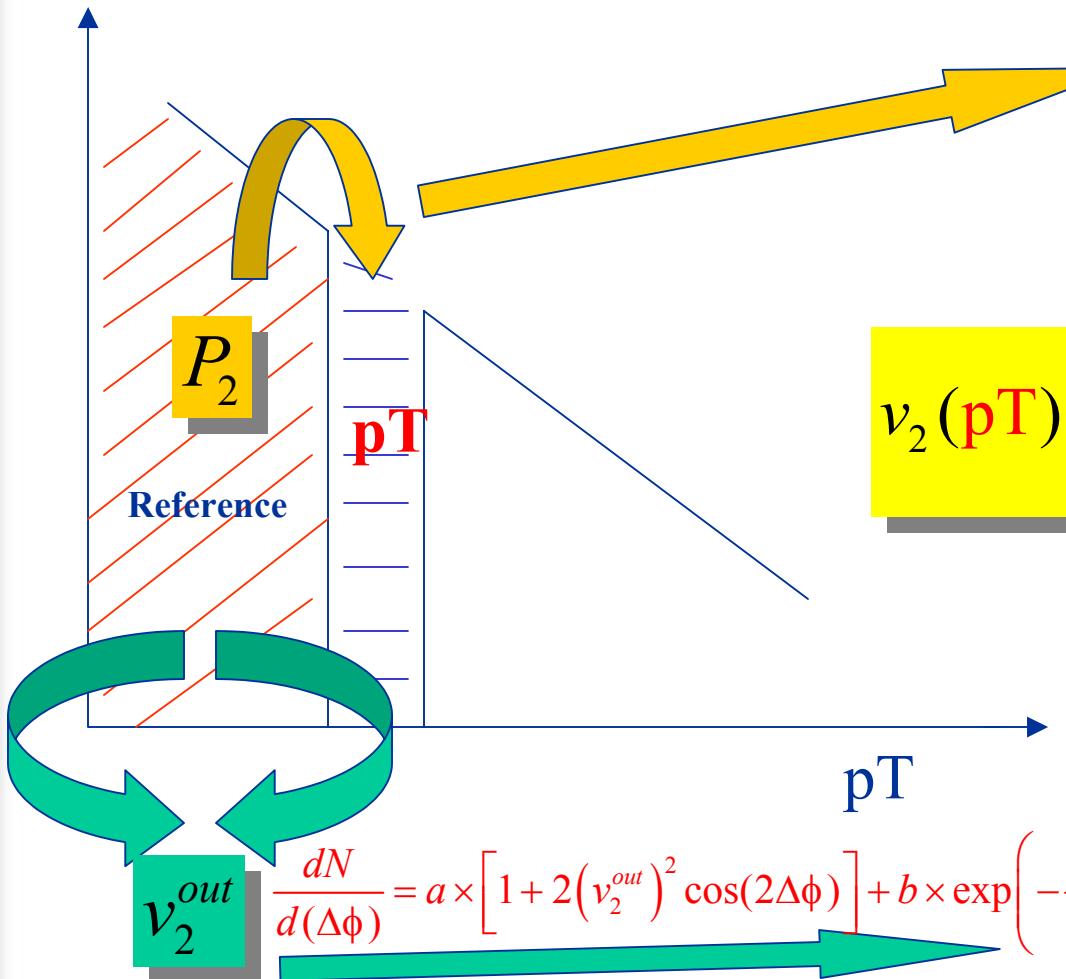


Smaller Signal !!

Extracting v_2 via Assorted Correlations



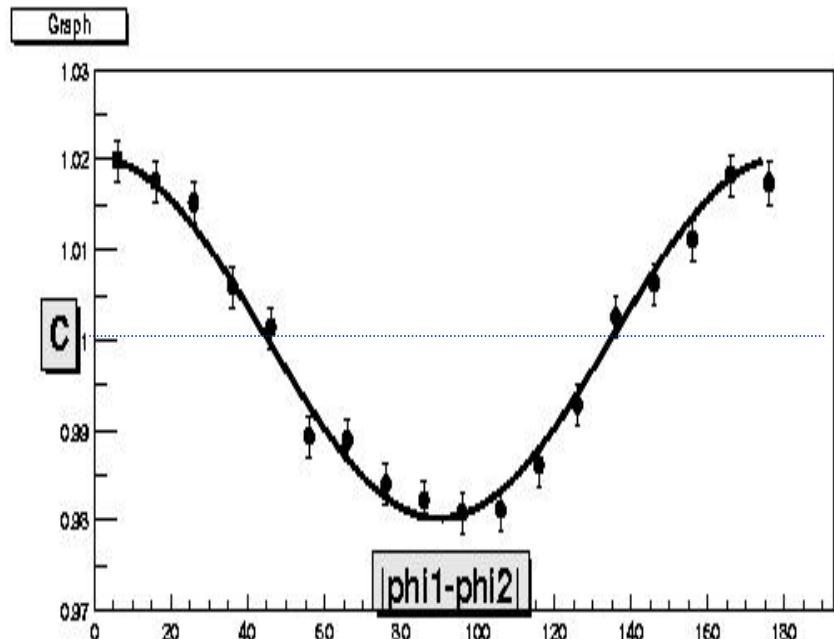
$$\frac{dN}{d(\Delta\phi)} = a \times [1 + 2P_2 \cos(2\Delta\phi)] + b \times \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \times \left(\frac{\Delta\phi}{\sigma}\right)^2\right)$$



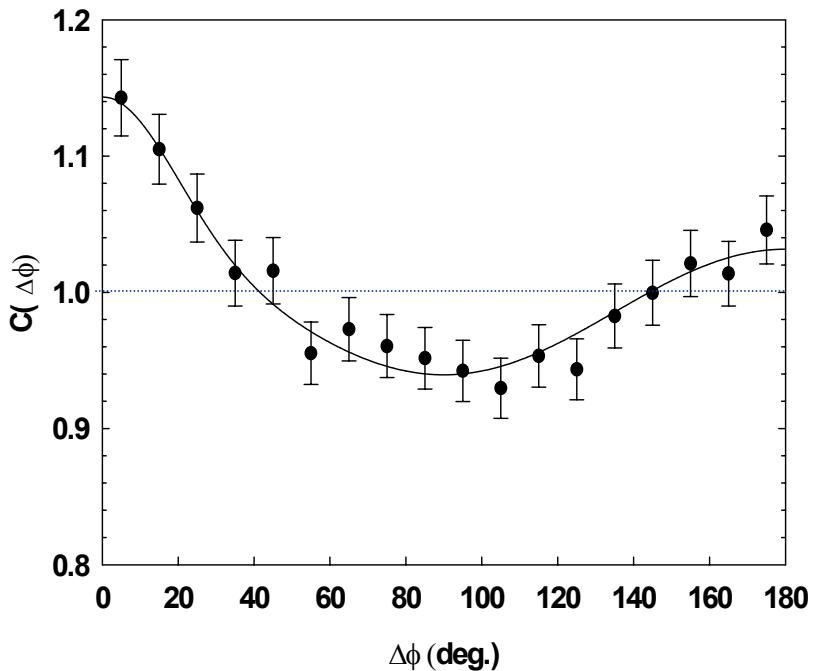
Simulated Correlation Functions



Hydro-Flow



HIJING



Flow leads to strong anisotropy

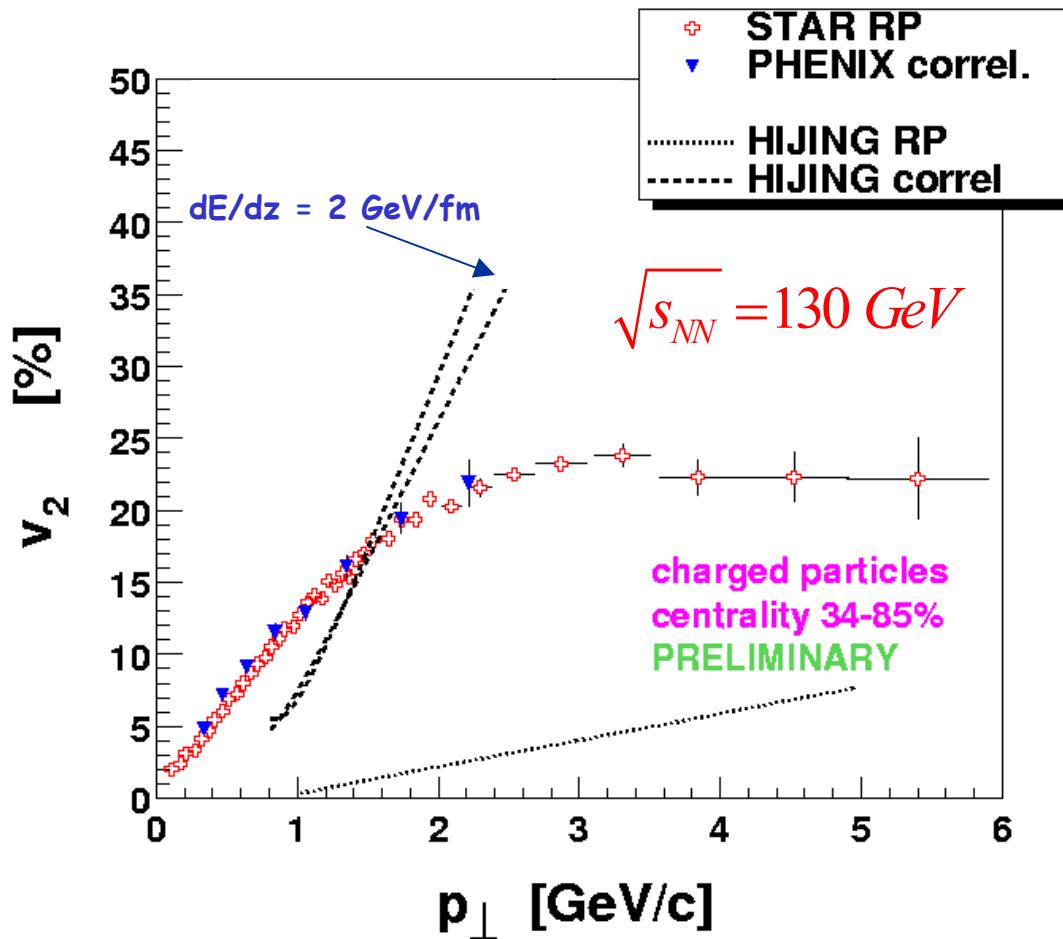
Jets lead to strong anisotropy
and an asymmetry

The anisotropy of the correlation function reflects
both flow and Jet contribution

Summary of 130 GeV Results



Year – 1



J. Rak, Hirschegg 2001

- Reaction Plane and two particle correlation technique give similar v_2
- Hydro over predict correlation function above $\sim 2 \text{ GeV/c}$.
- Hydro show good agreement with data for $p_T < 1.0 \text{ GeV/c}$
- HIJING under predicts correlation function below $\sim 1.5 \text{ GeV/c}$
- HIJING over predicts correlation function above $\sim 1.5 \text{ GeV/c}$

Differential Correlation Functions

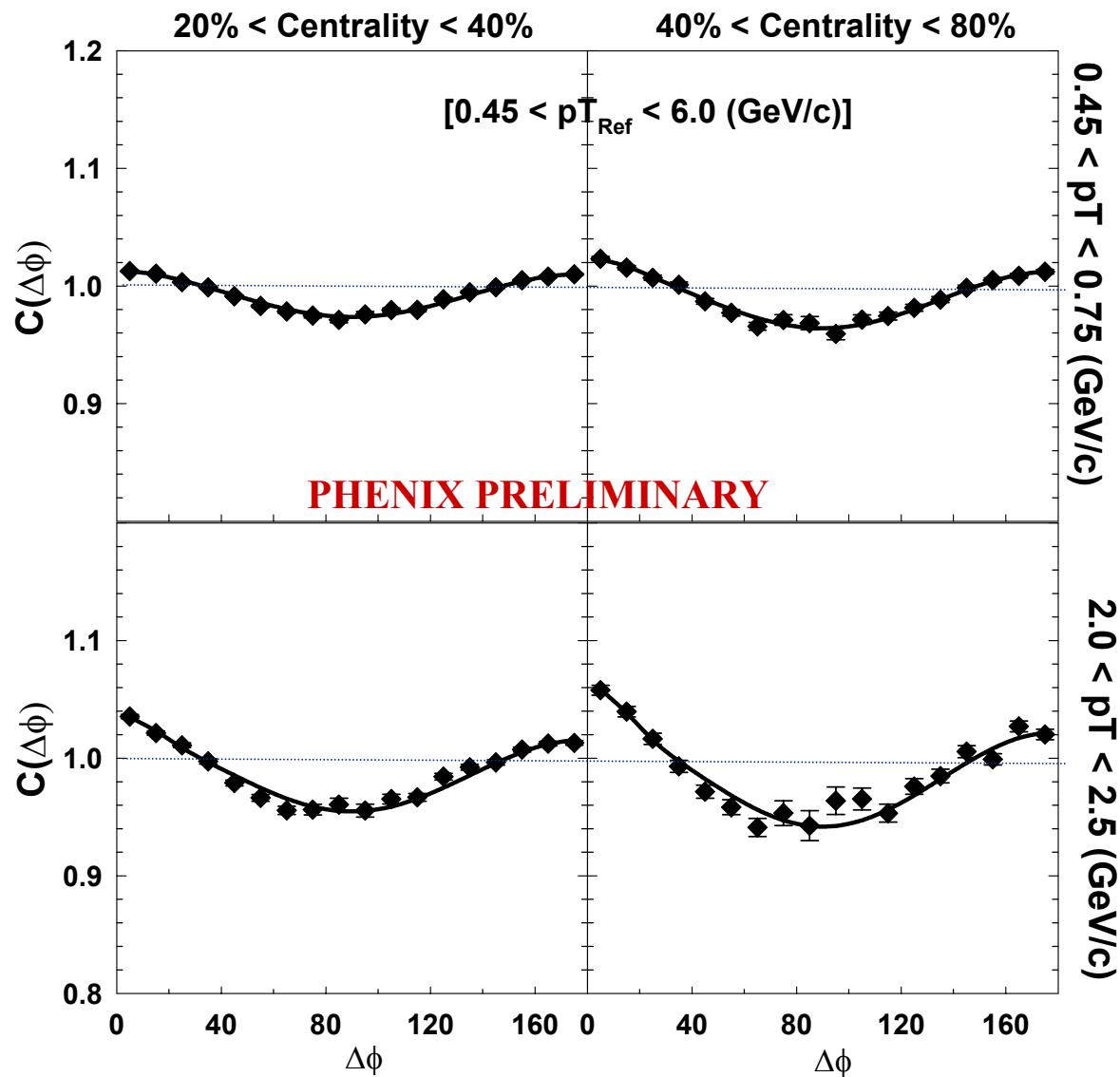


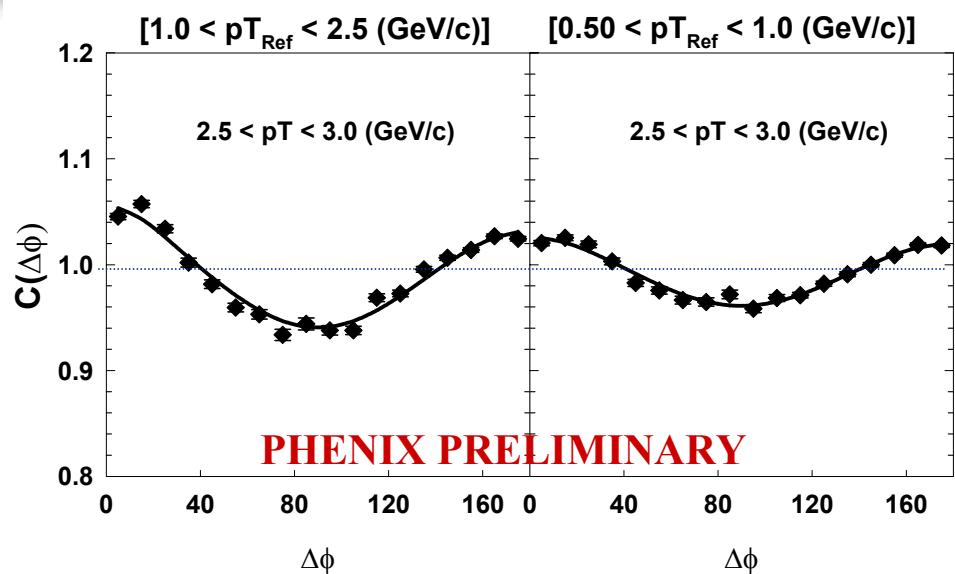
$$\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200 \text{ GeV}$$

- Magnitudes and trends similar to Year - 1
- Anisotropy increases with pT and Centrality
- Asymmetric Component seen especially at high pT – Jets ?

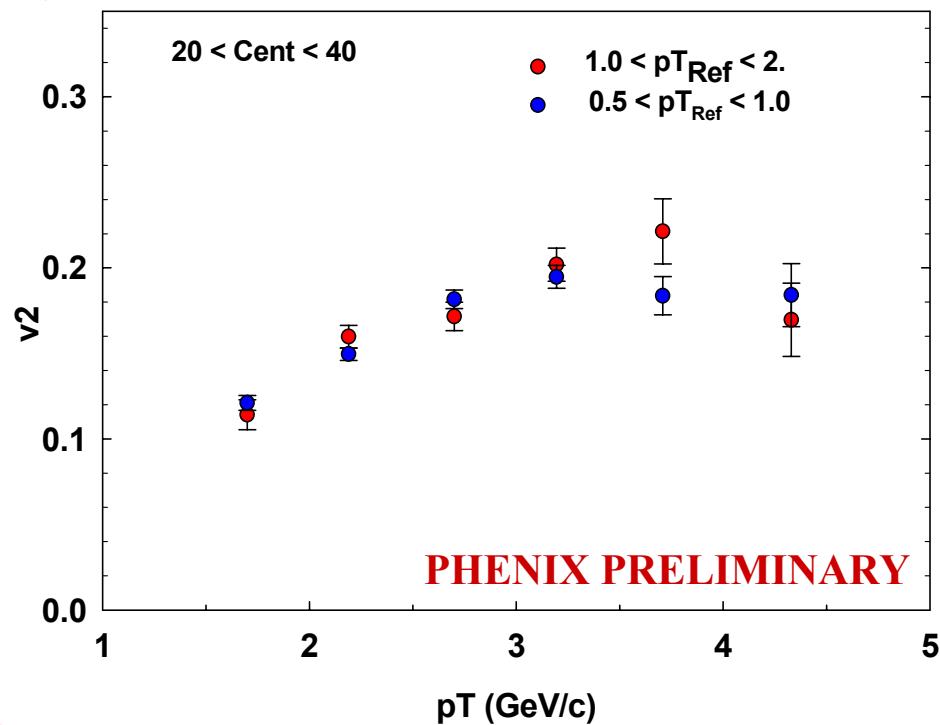
Important to test the response of the asymmetry to various Cuts

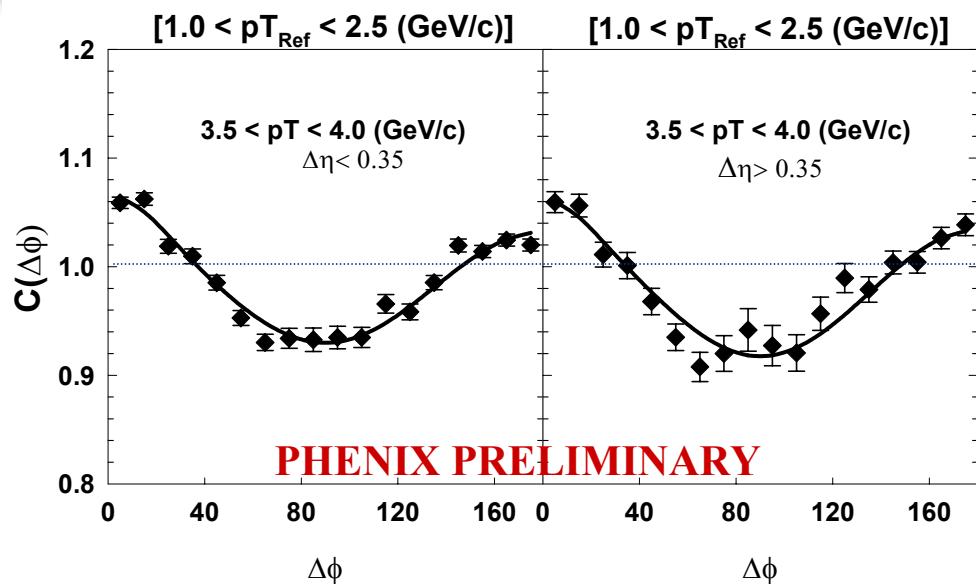
- Jets
- v_2 values





- Asymmetry of Correlation function sensitive to pT reference
 - Consistent with Jets/Minijets
- Extracted v_2 relatively insensitive



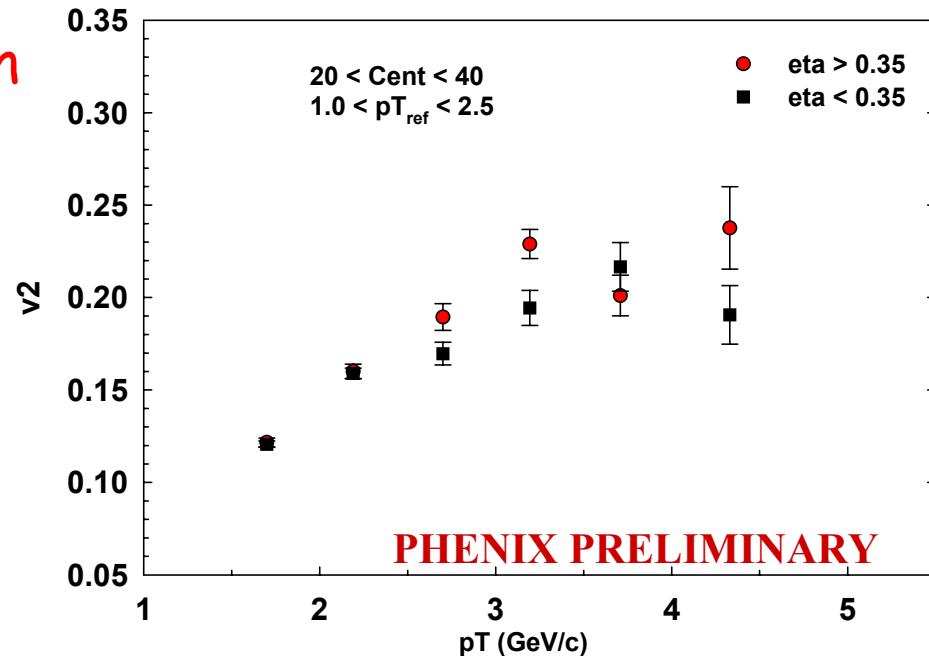


$\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200 \text{ GeV}$

$\Delta\eta$ dependence

See poster by P. Constantin

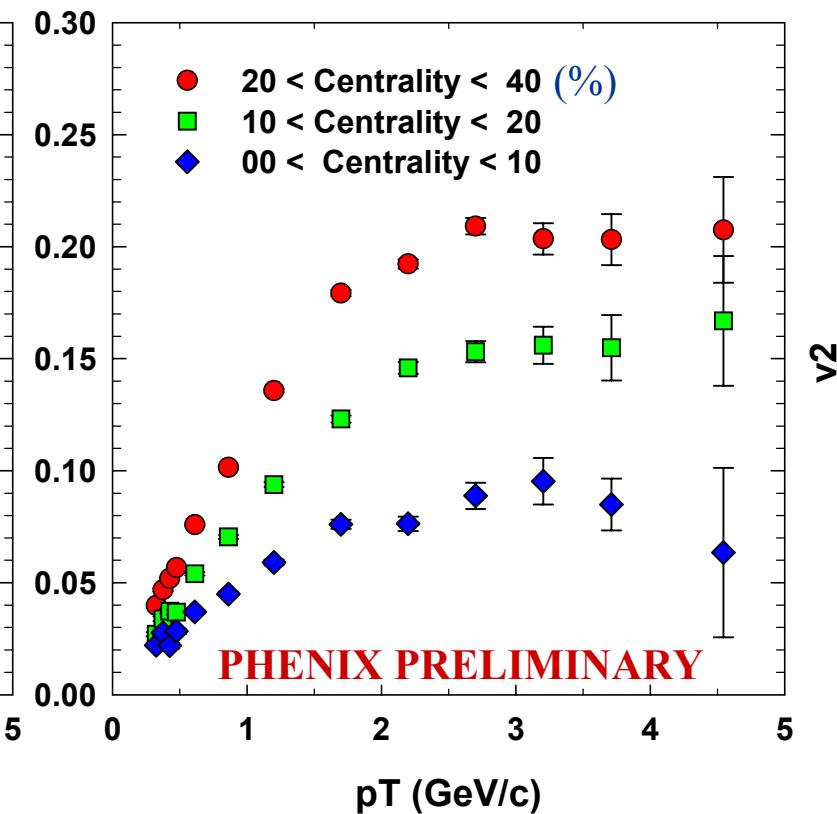
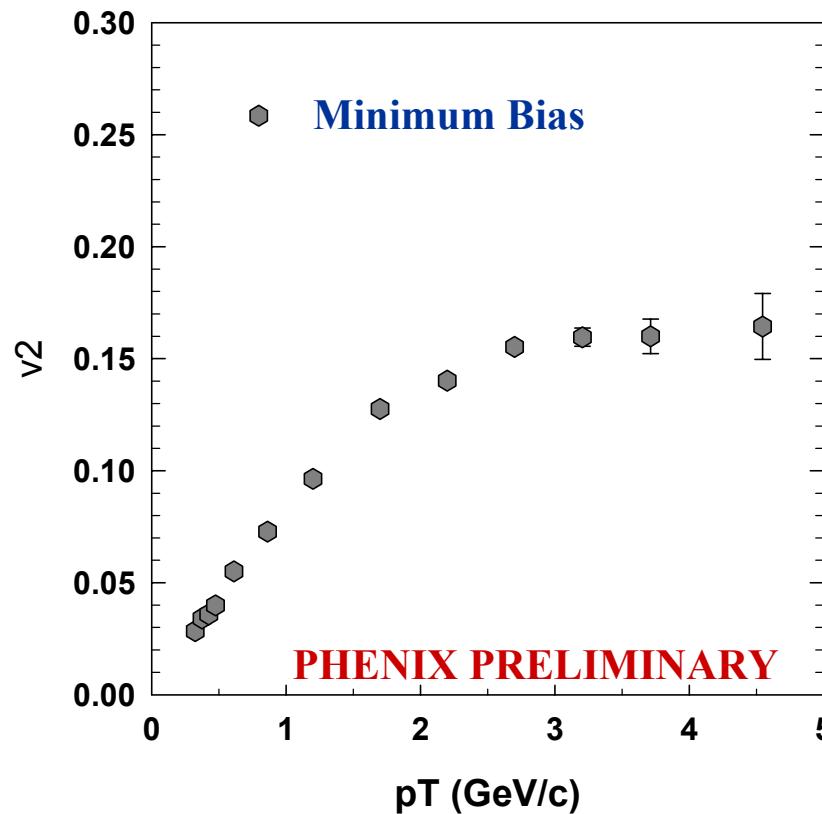
- Asymmetry of Correlation function sensitive to $\Delta\eta$
 - Consistent with Jets
- Extracted v_2 relatively insensitive



Differential v_2

PHENIX@ RHIC

$$\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200 \text{ GeV}$$

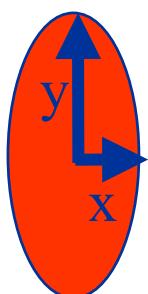


V2 Saturates at $\sim 2.5 \text{ GeV}/c$; Similar Trend for all Centralities
V2 increases with Centrality

**Different Models predict different scaling
Behavior for the centrality dependence of v2**

- Hydro --- eccentricity scaling
- Minijet – Overlap Area scaling

$$\sim \frac{1}{\sqrt{N_{part}}}$$

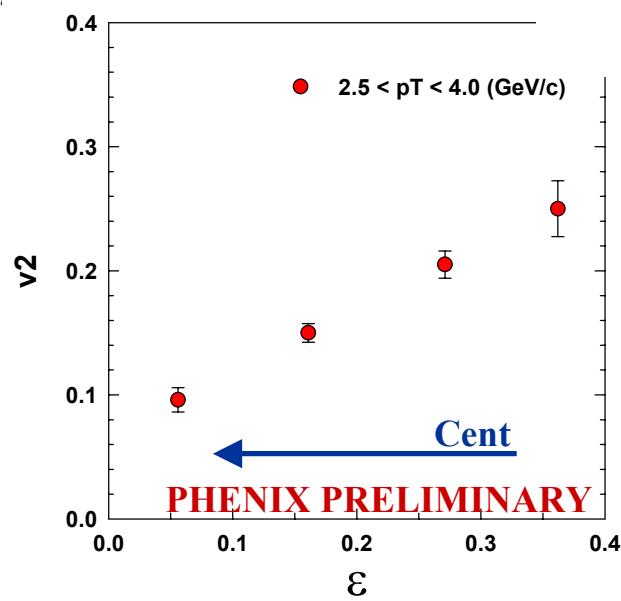
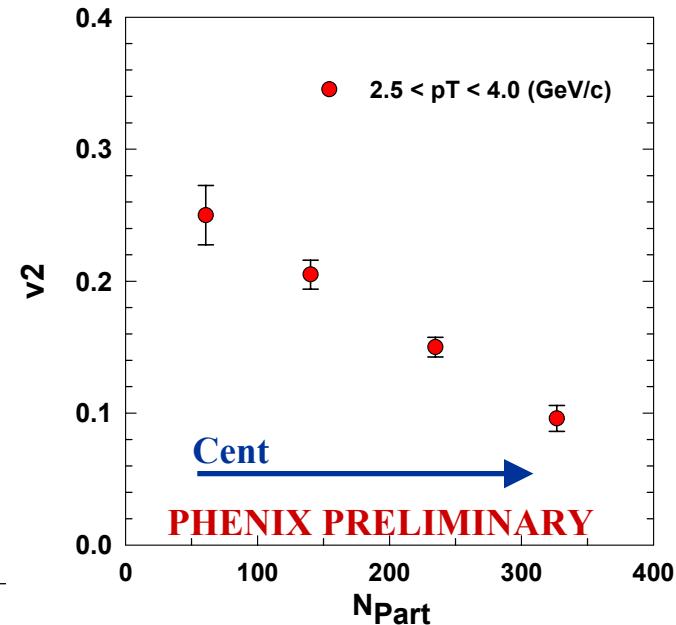
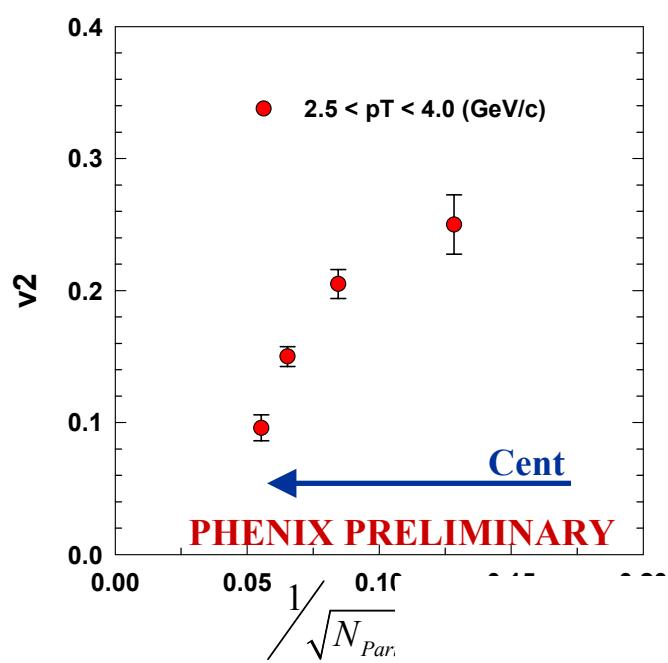


eccentricity

$$\varepsilon = \frac{\langle y^2 \rangle - \langle x^2 \rangle}{\langle y^2 \rangle + \langle x^2 \rangle}$$

**It is important to test for these different scaling
behavior !**

$\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200 \text{ GeV}$



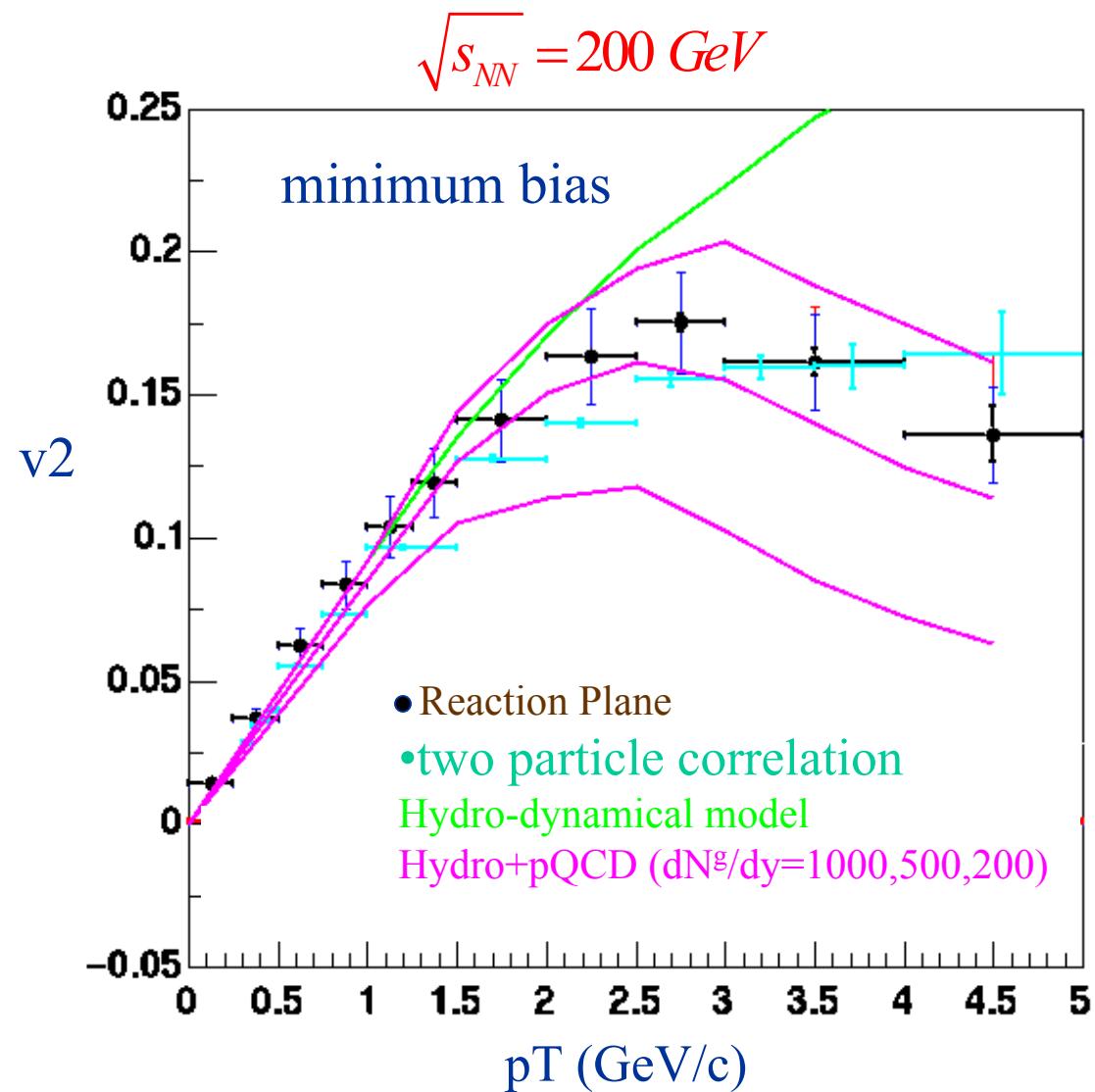
Centrality Dependence
Compatible with:

N_{part} scaling ?

ϵ scaling ?

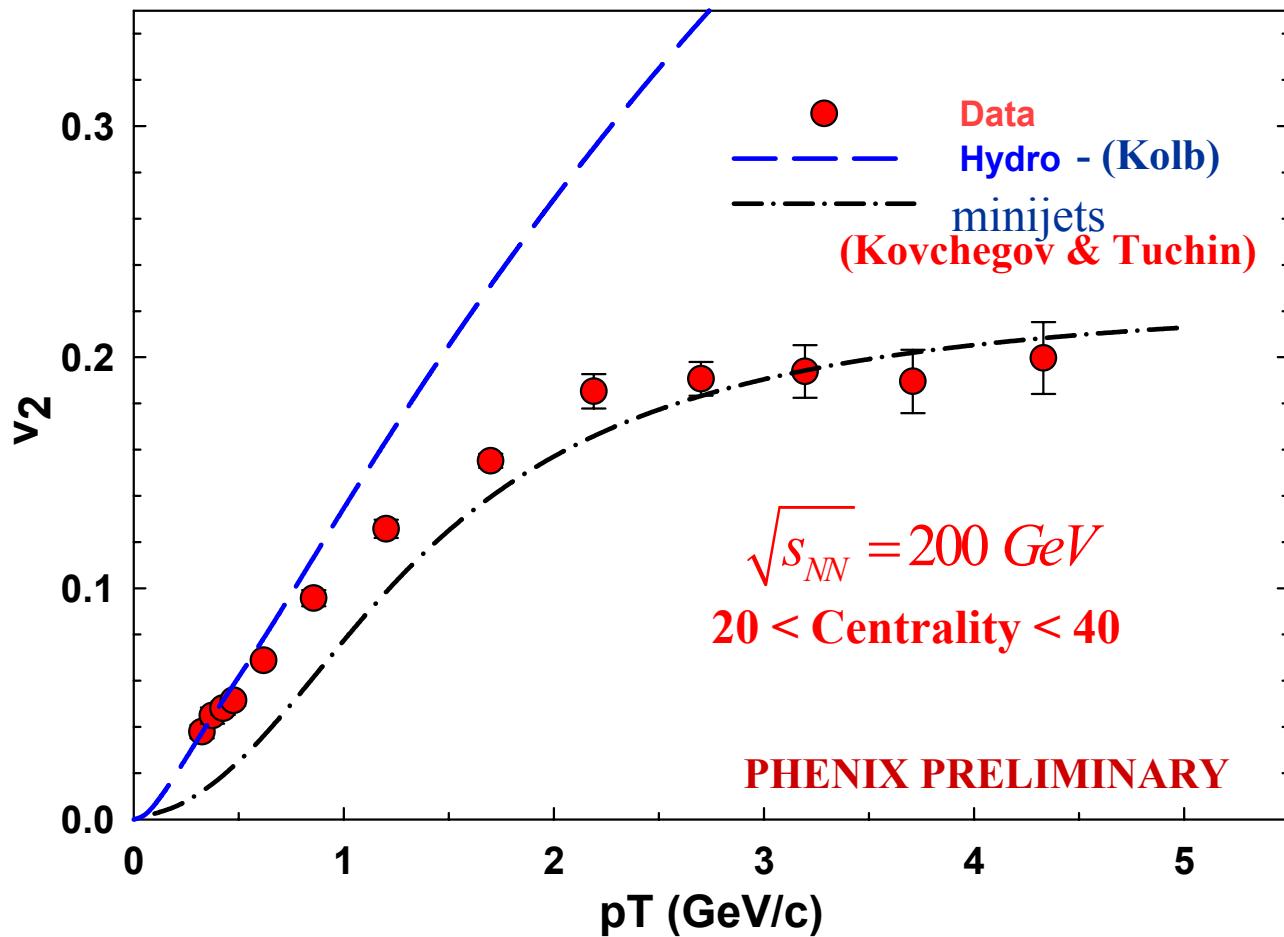
Model Comparisons

PHOENIX@RHIC



Model Comparisons

PHENIX@RHIC

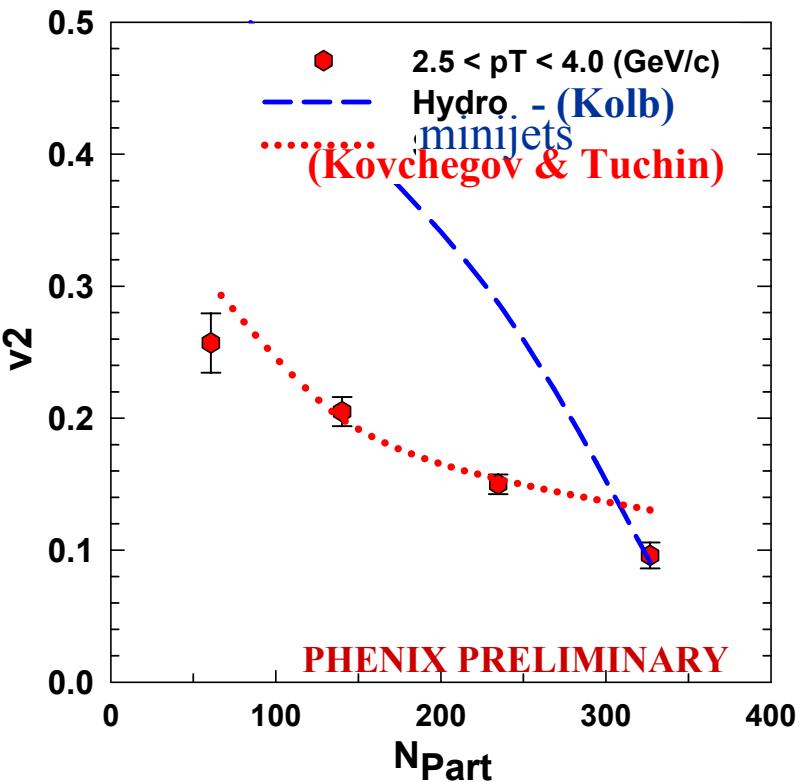
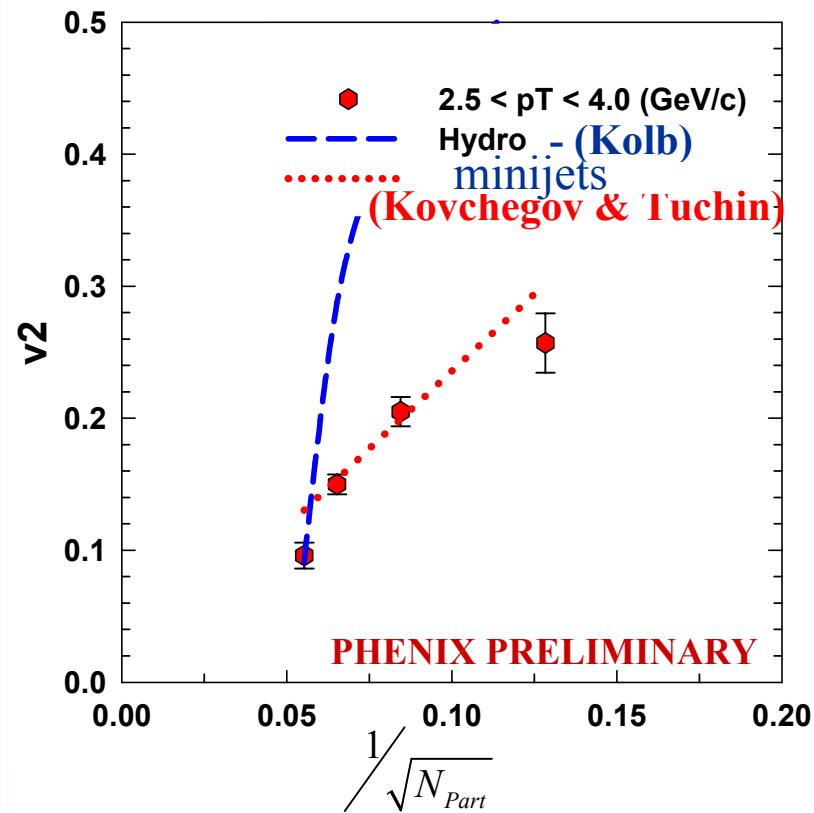


- Good agreement with Hydro at low p_T
- Good Agreement with Minijet Model at high p_T
(Kovchegov & Tuchin)

Model Comparisons



Centrality Dependence for High-pT Charged Hadrons



Centrality Dependence shows good agreement
with the Minijet Model

Summary



Correlation Measurements serve as an important probe for the high-energy-density nuclear matter created at RHIC.

- ❖ The Observed Asymmetries in the Correlation Functions are Consistent with Jet/Mini-Jet Production
- ❖ Sizeable Integral and Differential v_2 Observed
- ❖ Separate Effects of Geometry and Dynamics can be Identified
- ❖ Model Comparisons
 - ❖ All Models Require Large Energy Densities to Achieve Results Compatible with the Data (Prerequisite for QGP).
 - ❖ Good Agreement with Hydro below ~ 1 GeV/c
 - ❖ Both Hydro and HIJING over predicts the data above ~ 1.5 GeV/c
 - ❖ Saturation model under predicts the data at low pT
 - ❖ Saturation Model gives good agreement with pT and centrality
 - ❖ Dependence at high pT.

Model comparisons compatible with Flow at low pT and Jets/Mini-Jets at high pT.