

Status and Test Beam Results for the sPHENIX Calorimeter System



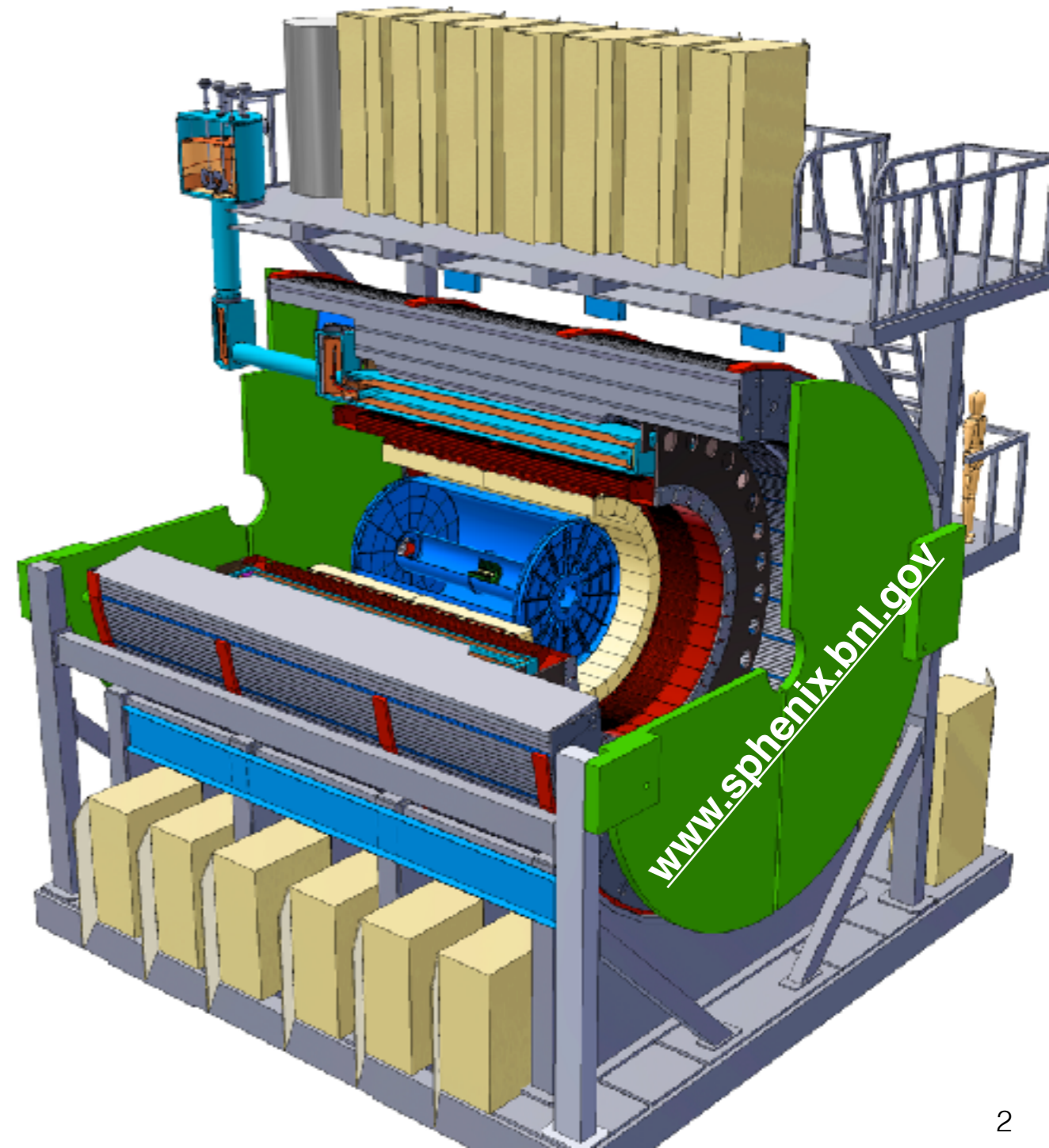
ILLINOIS
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for the sPHENIX Collaboration
November 1, 2016

what is sPHENIX

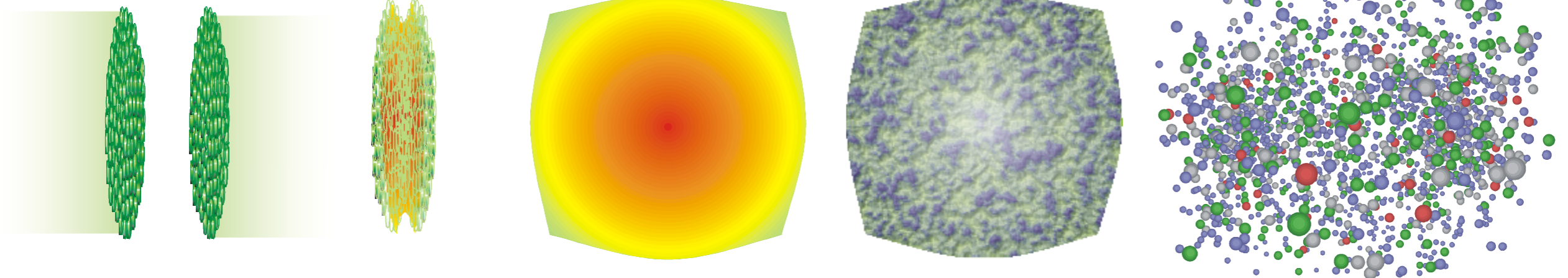
jet and hard probes optimized detector at RHIC for gold-gold collisions

- high rate
- large uniform acceptance for jets, photons and upsilons
- excellent tracking and full hadronic and electromagnetic calorimetry
- first data: 2022
- 200 collaborators / 60 institutions



physics

jets, photons created



low viscosity fluid
 $T = \sim 400 \text{ MeV}$

strategy: use jets & photons to probe the physics of the plasma

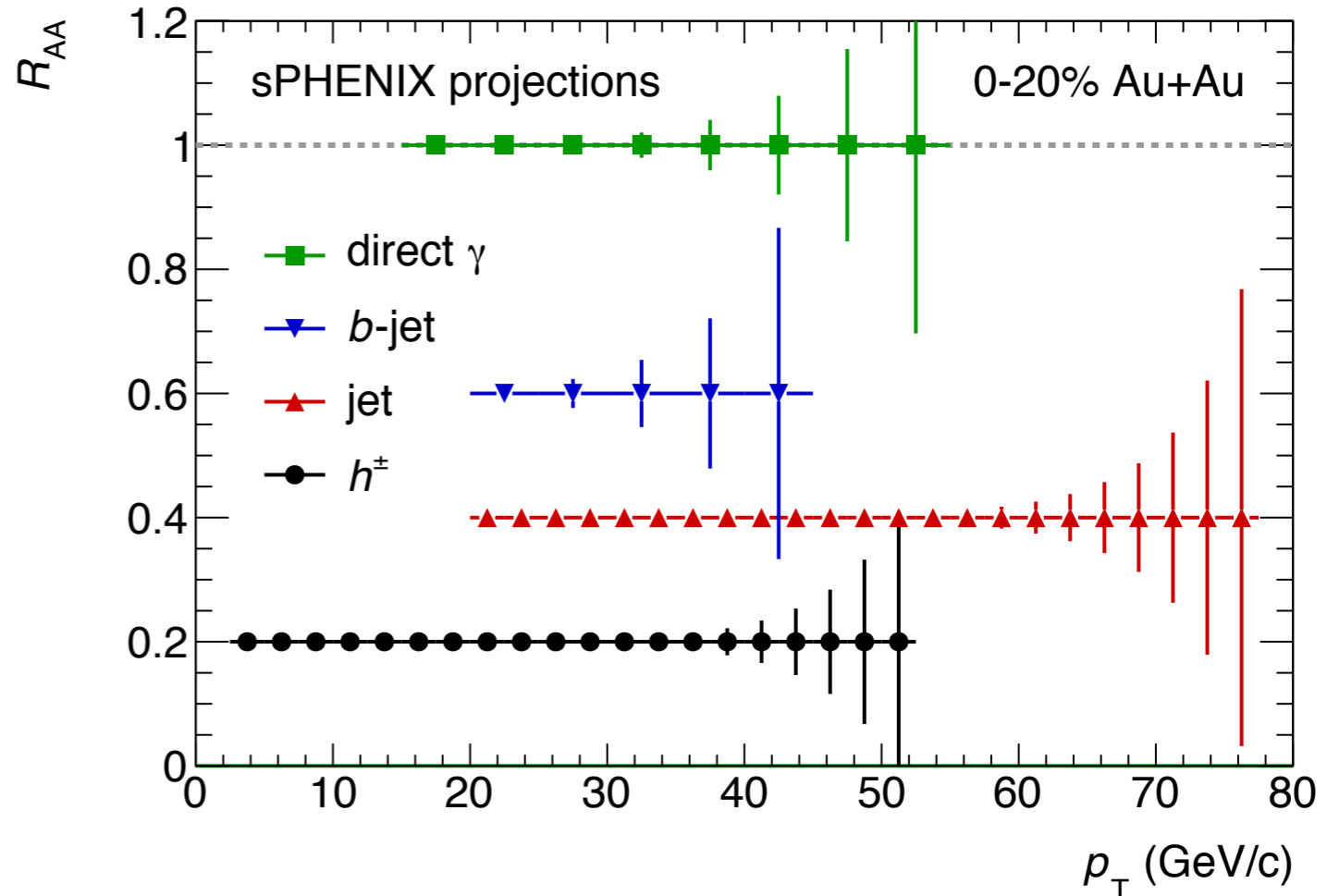
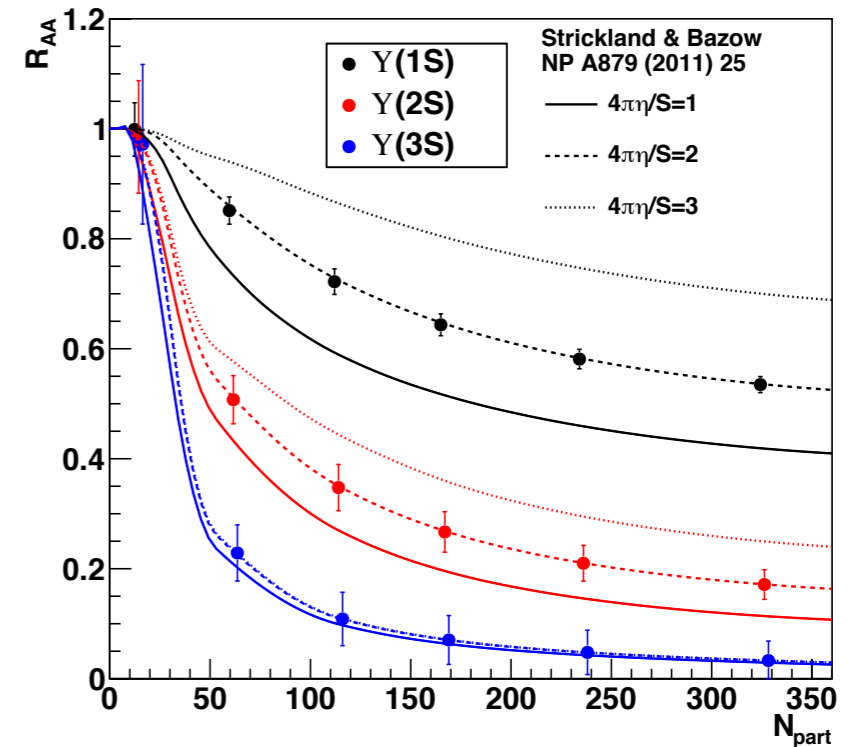
physics driven requirements

EMCal

- **electron ID:**
 - $\varepsilon > 70\%$
 - hadron rejection: $> 90:1$ in AuAu @ $p_T = 4$ GeV
- **photons:**
 - $< 15\% / \sqrt{E}$
 - $\Delta\eta \times \Delta\phi = 0.024 \times 0.024$
 - trigger rejection in pp & pA > 100 for $E_\gamma > 10$ GeV

EMCal + HCal

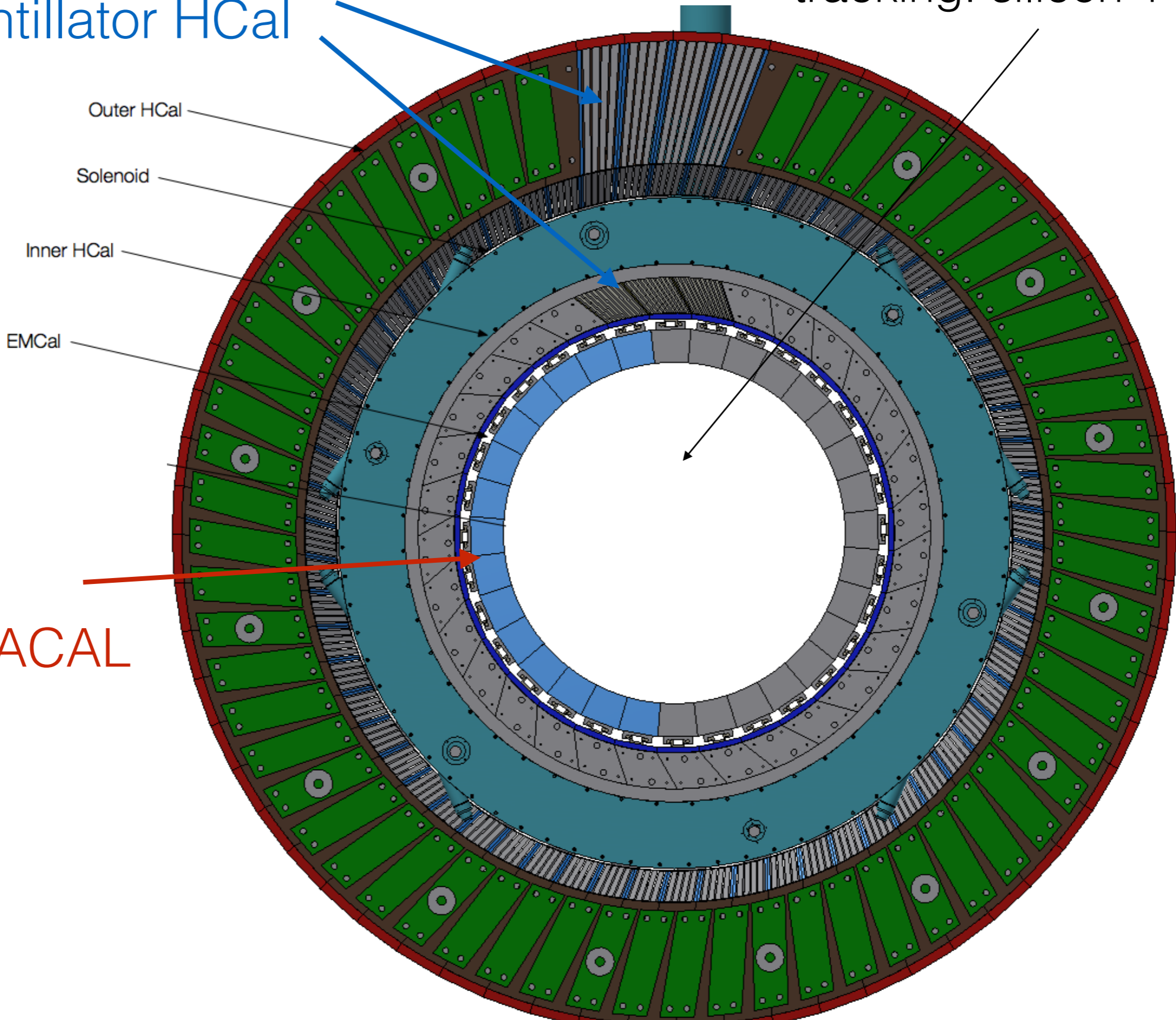
- **jets:**
 - JER $< 120\% / \sqrt{E}$ (pp/pA)
 - JER $< 150\% / \sqrt{E}$ (AA)
 - jet trigger in pp / pA



sPHENIX: calorimeters

steel / scintillator HCal

tracking: silicon + TPC



WSciFi SPACAL

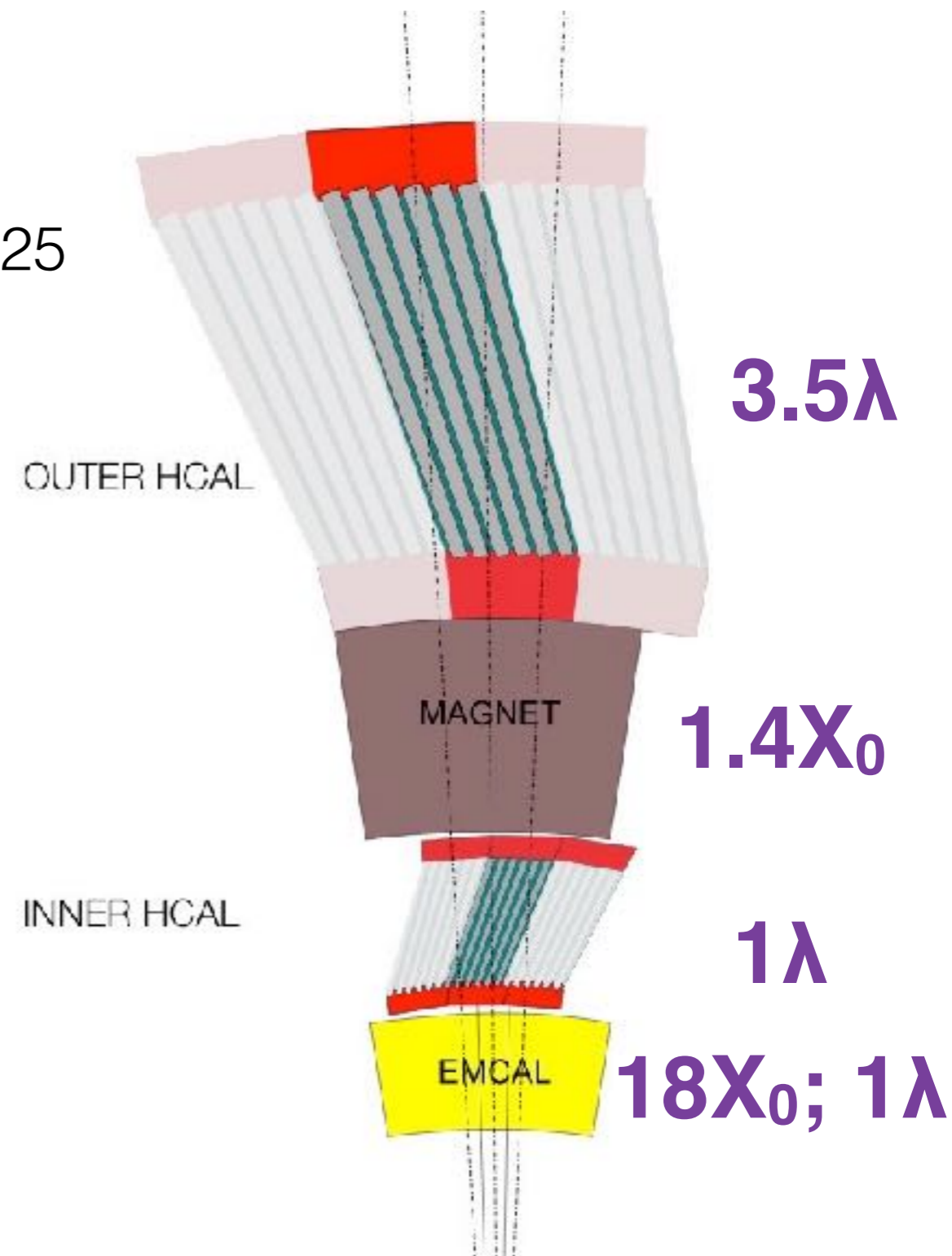
cross section of the calorimeter

EMCal

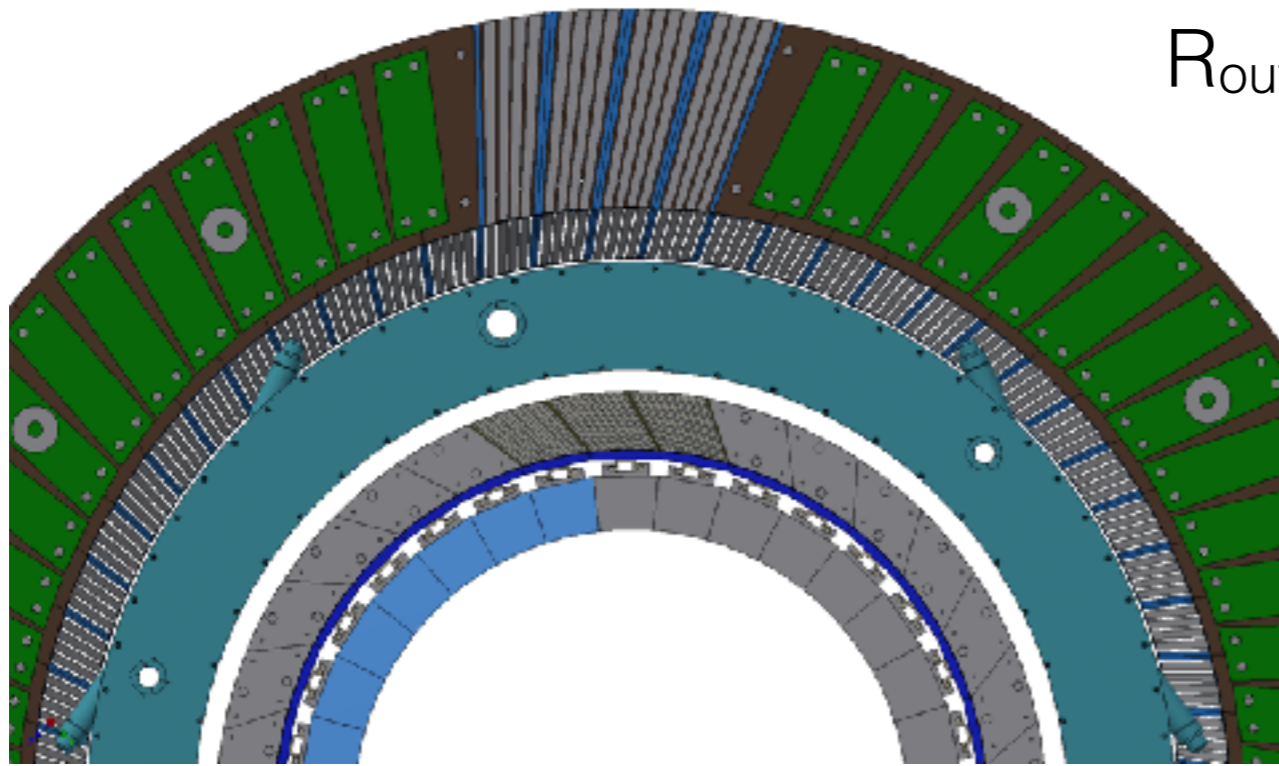
- tungsten powder SciFi SPACAL
- $\phi \times \eta = 2\pi \times 1.1$; $\Delta\eta \times \Delta\phi = 0.025 \times 0.025$
 - \rightarrow 24576 channels

HCal

- steel / scintillating tile w/ WLS readout
- plates parallel to beam
- tilted to avoid channeling
- Inner HCal: inside magnet
- Outer HCal: outside magnet
- doubles as flux return
- $\phi \times \eta = 2\pi \times 1.1$; $\Delta\eta \times \Delta\phi = 0.1 \times 0.1$
 - \rightarrow 3072



hadronic calorimeter

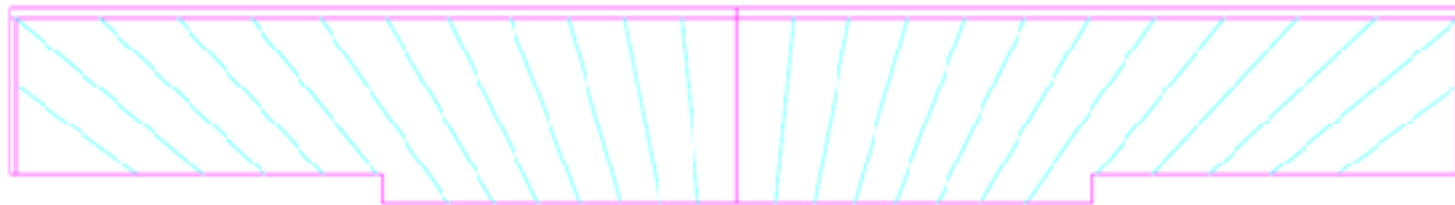


$R_{out} = 2.7\text{m}$

SF $\sim 3.5\%$



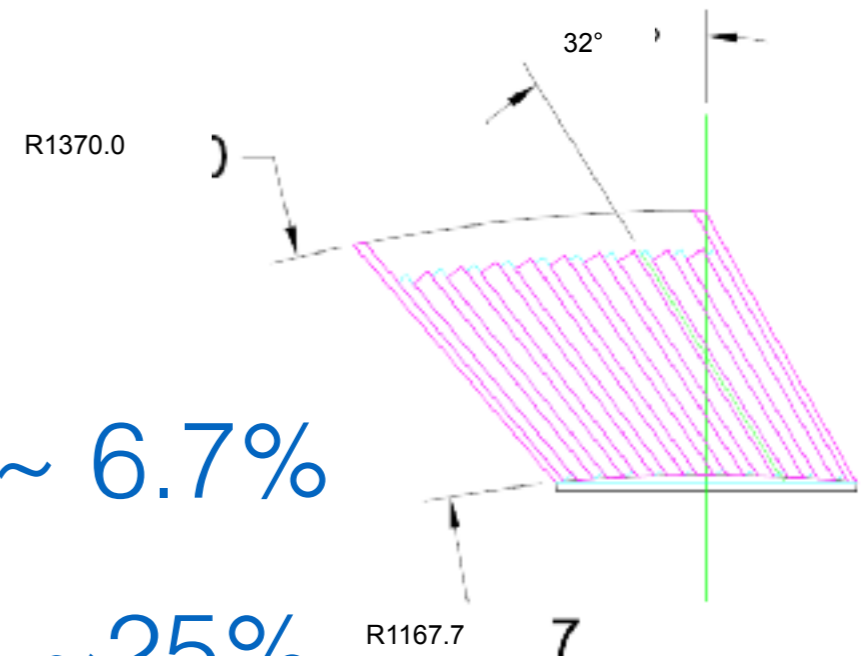
← 24 towers in $|\eta| < 1.1$ →



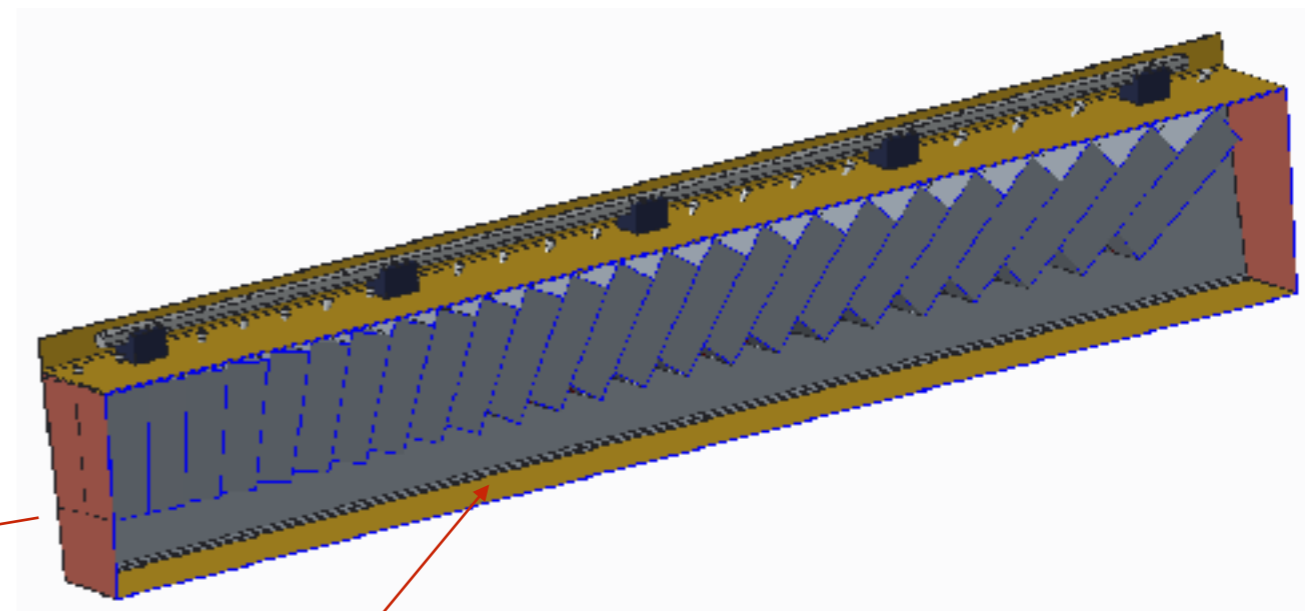
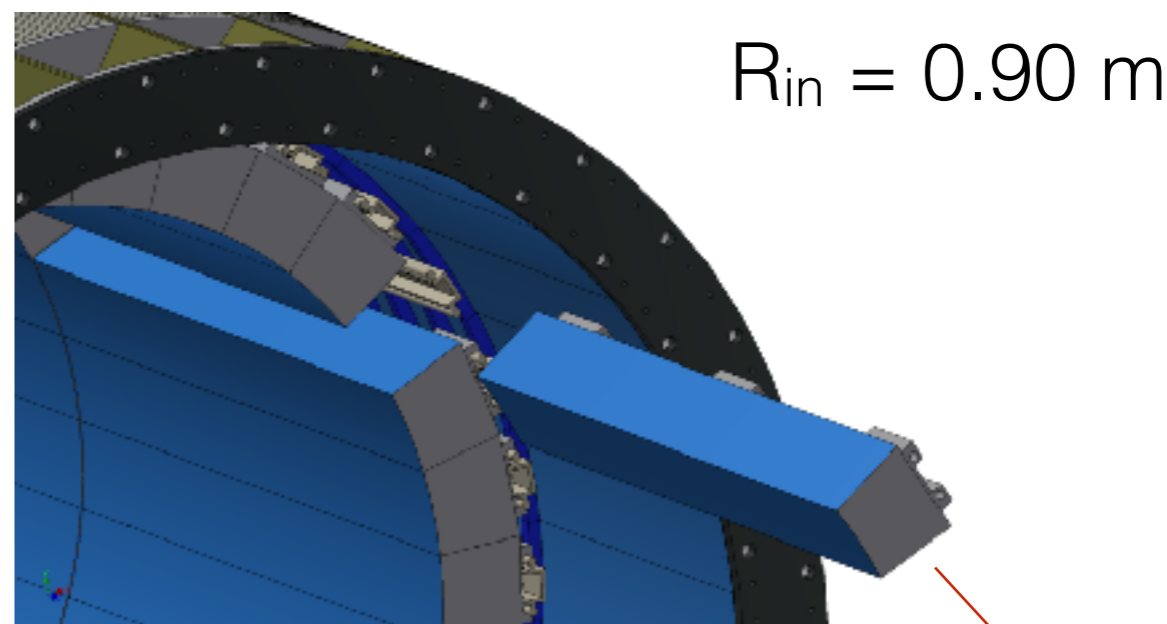
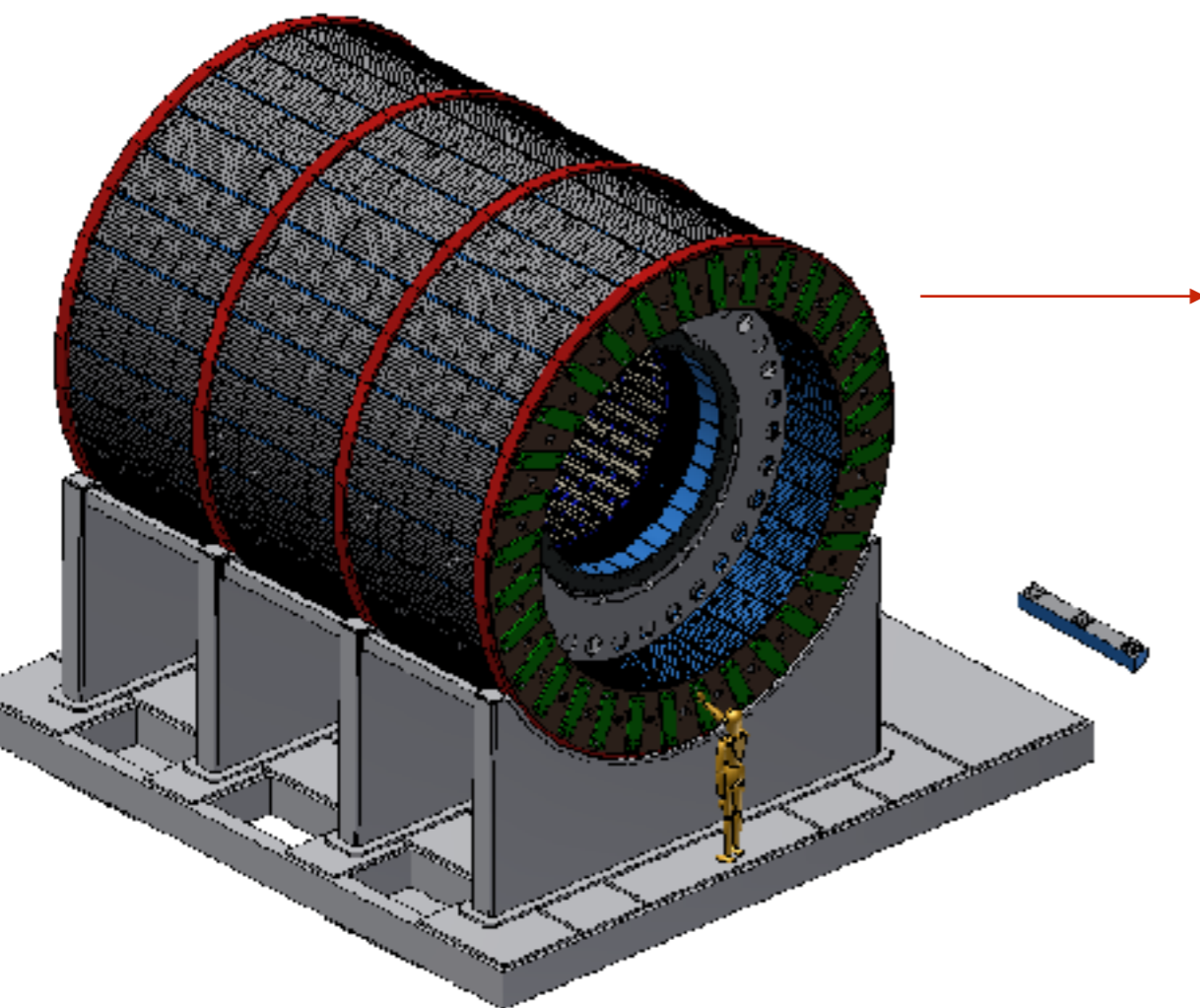
SF $\sim 6.7\%$

both sections have
SiPM readout

$\Delta\text{SF}(R) \sim 25\%$



EMCal structure

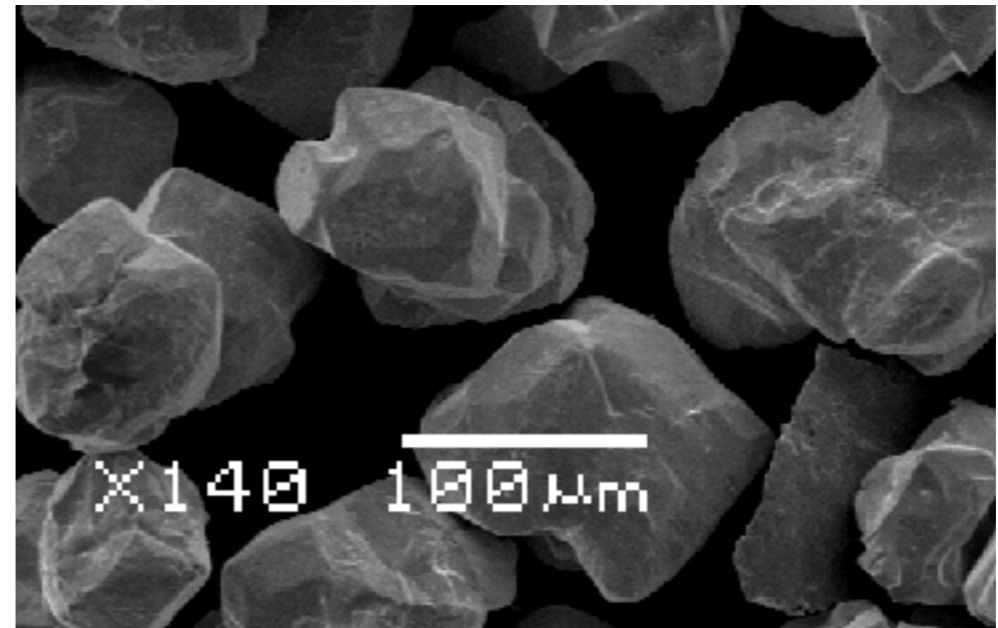


SiPM readout/electronics/cooling

EMCal module construction

- absorber: tungsten powder
- fiber: Kuraray SCSF78
0.47mm
- $X_0 = 0.7\text{mm}$, $R_M = 2\text{cm}$
- $\rho \sim 10\text{g/cm}^3$

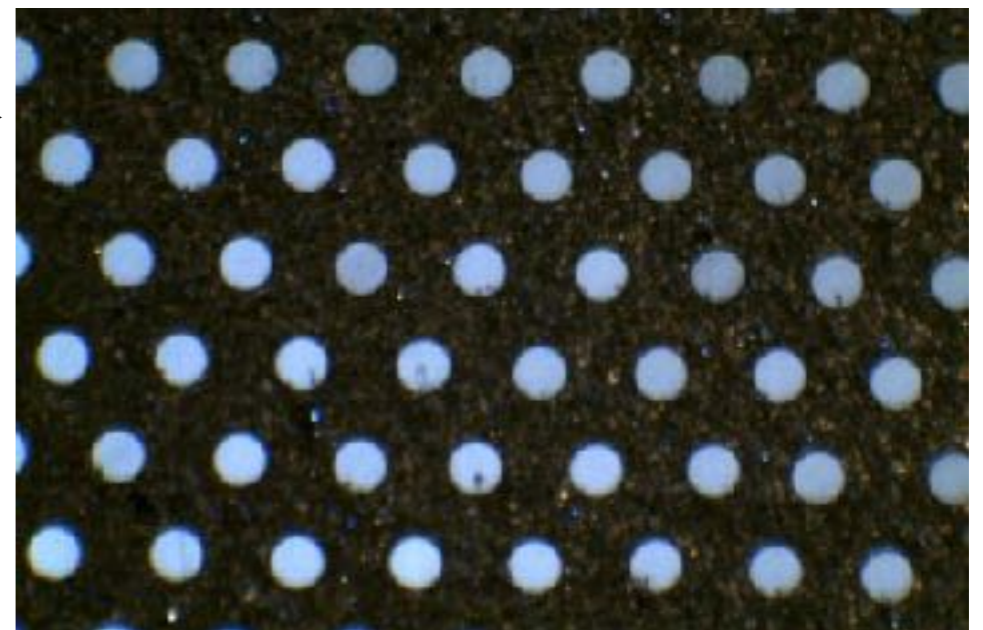
SEM of tungsten powder



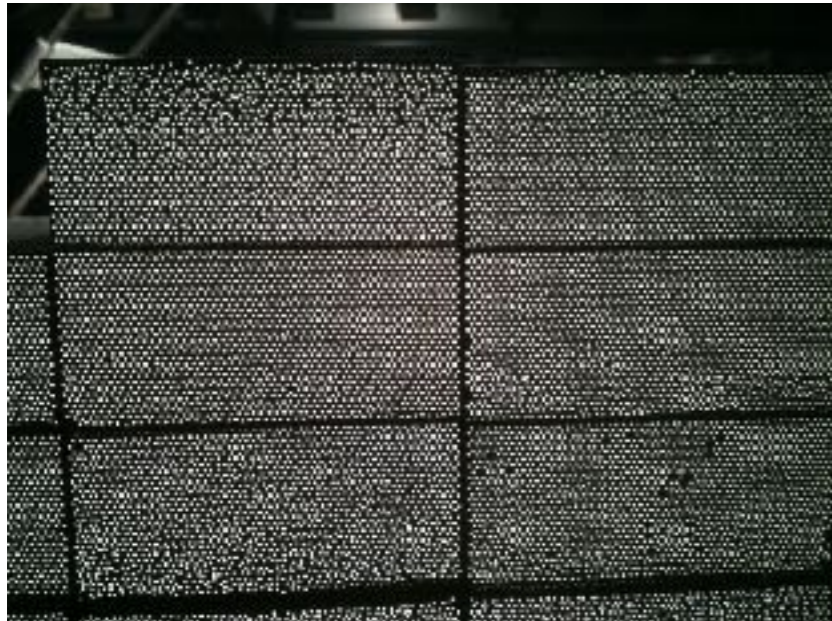
fiber assembly before filling



diamond fly cut end

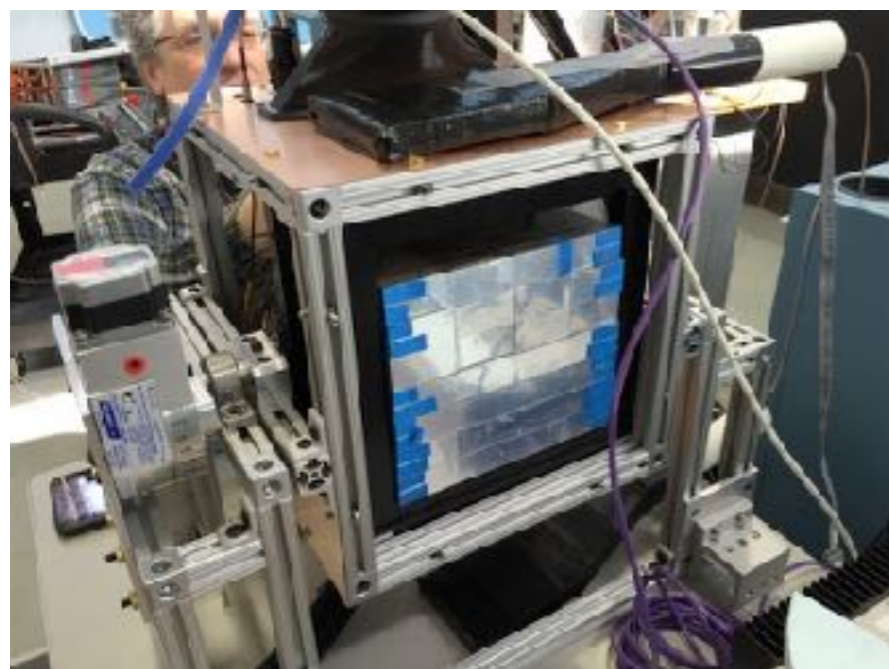


1D projective EMCAL prototype



1 brick = 2 towers

prototype = 64 towers



industry made

University of Illinois made

THP 10.2	THP 10.5	THP 8.5	THP 8.5	THP 9.0	THP 9.0	THP 9.8	THP 9.8
THP 9.7	THP 9.7	THP 10.0	THP 10.0	THP 10.0	THP 10.0	THP 9.0	THP 9.0
III' 9.2	III' 9.2	III' 9.0	III' 9.0	III' 9.0	III' 9.0	III' 10.1	III' 10.1
UIUC 9.6	UIUC 9.6	UIUC 9.4	UIUC 9.4	THP 10.1	THP 10.1	THP 9.6	THP 9.6
UIUC 9.5	UIUC 9.5	UIUC 9.5	UIUC 9.5	THP 9.1	THP 9.1	THP 9.1	THP 9.1
UIUC 9.1	UIUC 9.1	UIUC 9.1	UIUC 9.1	UIUC 9.1	UIUC 9.1	UIUC 9.6	UIUC 9.6
UIUC 9.7	UIUC 9.7	UIUC 9.6	UIUC 9.6	UIUC 9.3	UIUC 9.3	UIUC 9.3	UIUC 9.3
UIUC 9.5	UIUC 9.5	UIUC 9.5	UIUC 9.5	UIUC 9.3	UIUC 9.3	UIUC 9.2	UIUC 9.2

HCAL prototype

Inner and Outer HCAL prototypes each 4 x 4 towers

- Inner: = 56 x 94 cm²
- Outer: = 74 x 165 cm²

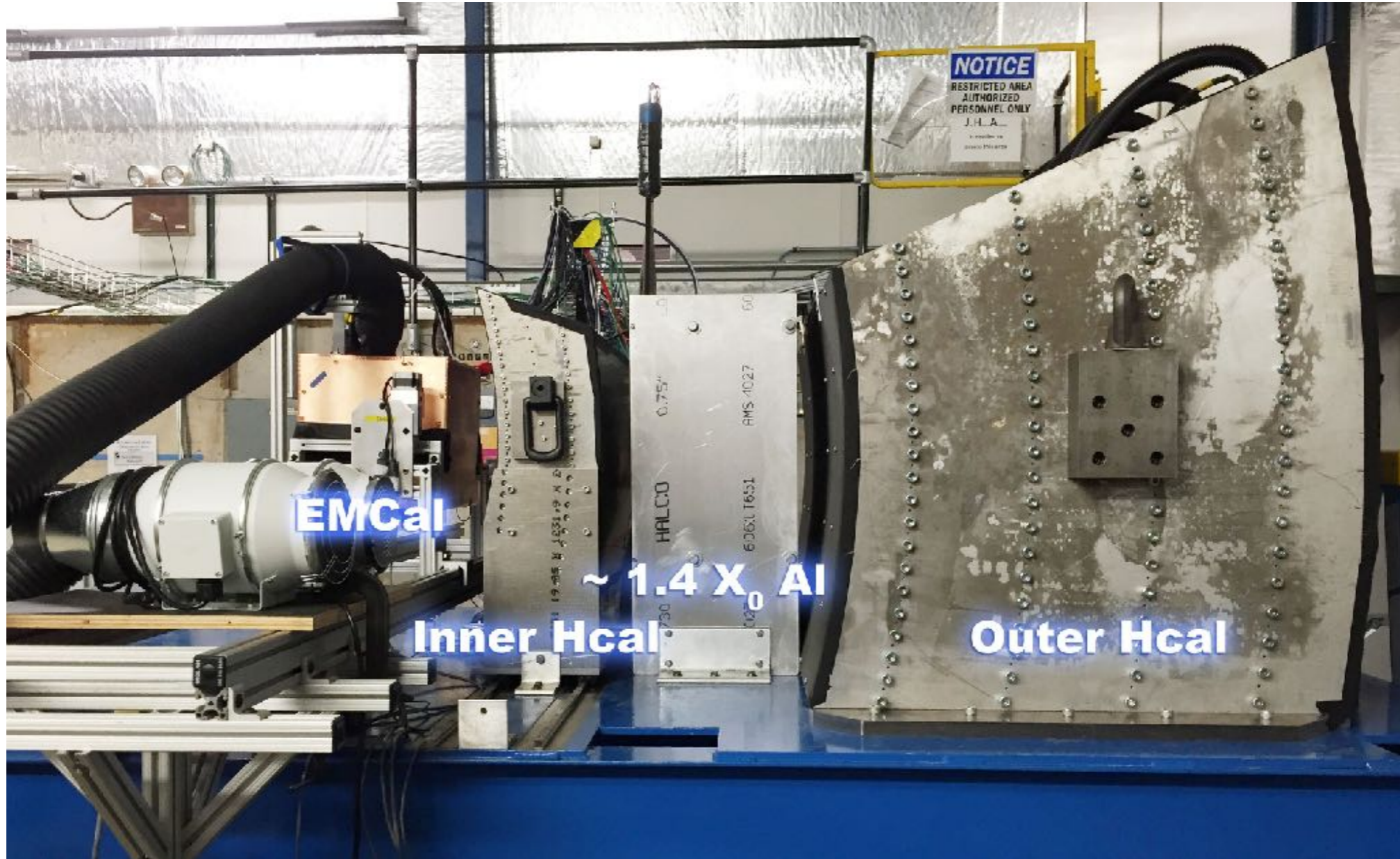


Outer HCAL prototype with assembled steel plates and readout electronics



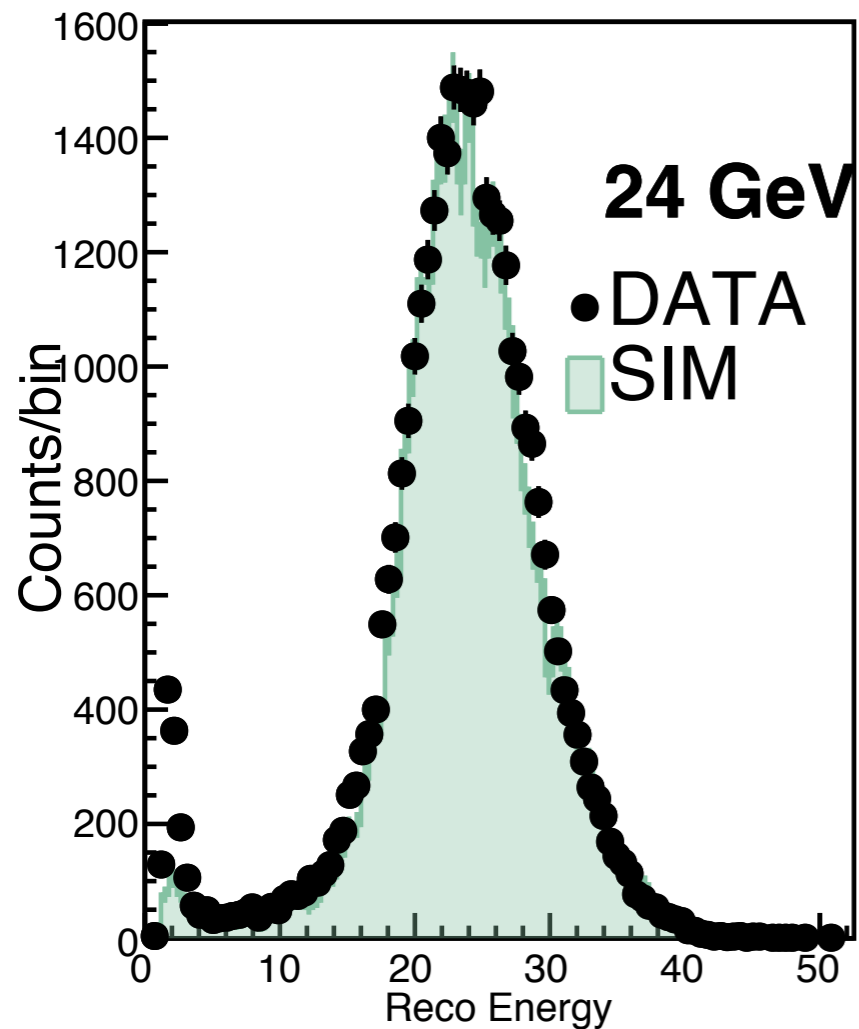
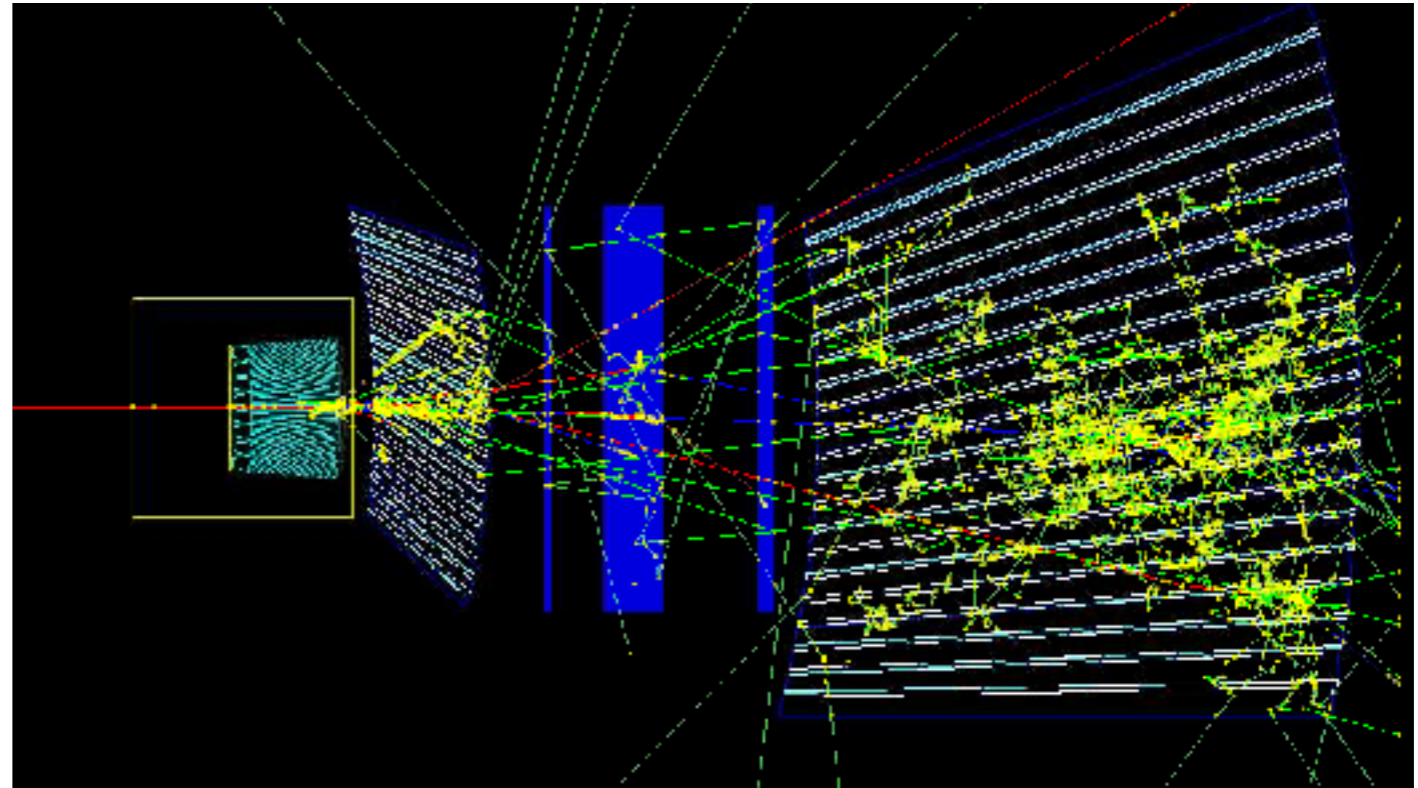
Polystyrene scintillating tiles (7 mm) with WLS fiber (1 mm). One SiPM reads out both ends of fiber. SiPMs from 5 tiles summed into 1 tower

testbeam setup at Fermilab



Geant 4 based simulations

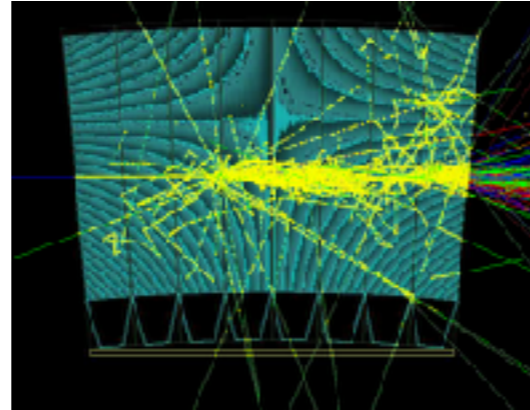
hadron



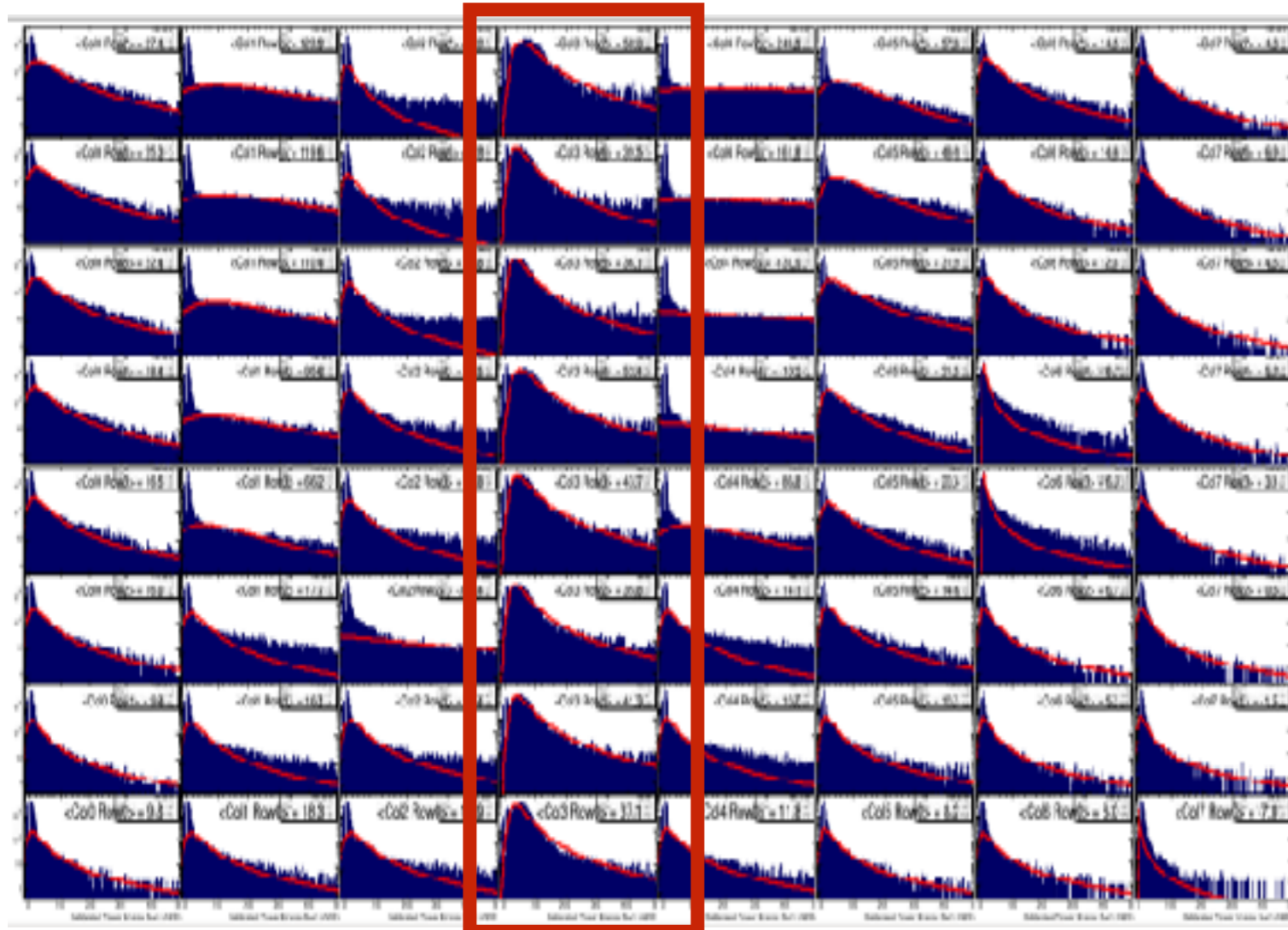
good agreement between
data & simulation

EMCal Calibrations

hadron



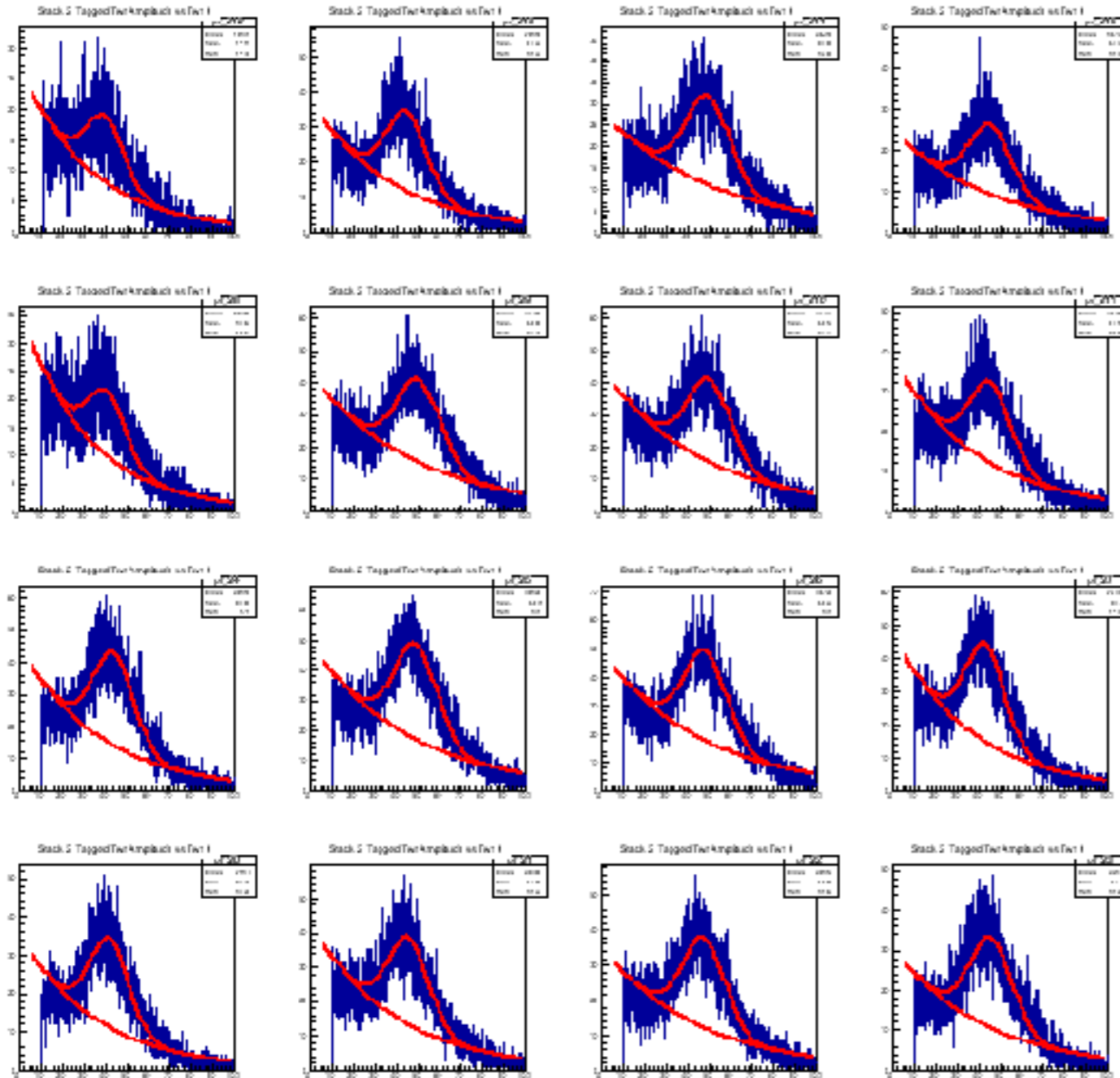
rotated EMCal position
for calibrations



calibrate w/ 120 GeV
proton beam MIP

beam

HCAL Calibrations



HCAL calibration done with cosmic μ 's

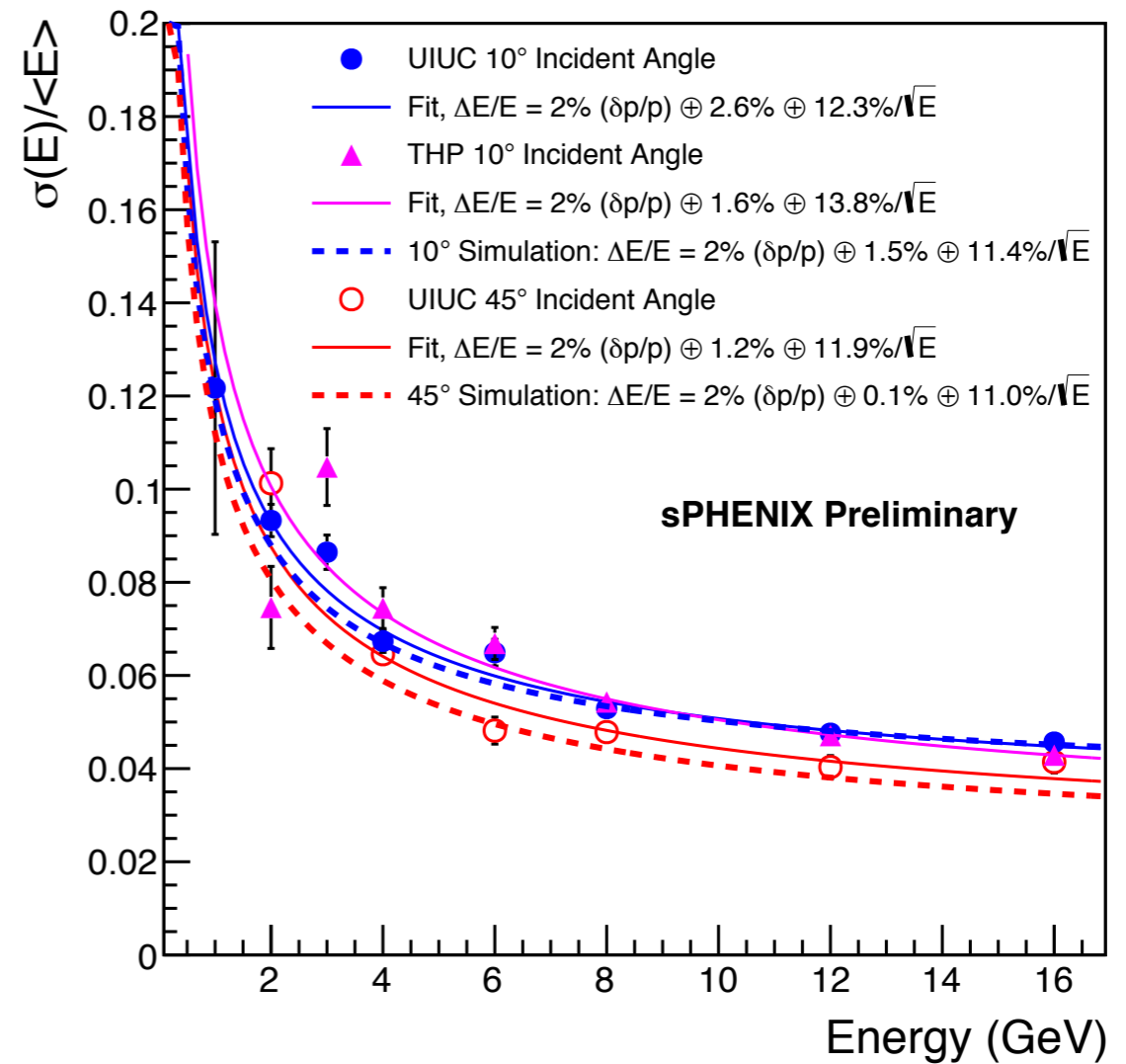
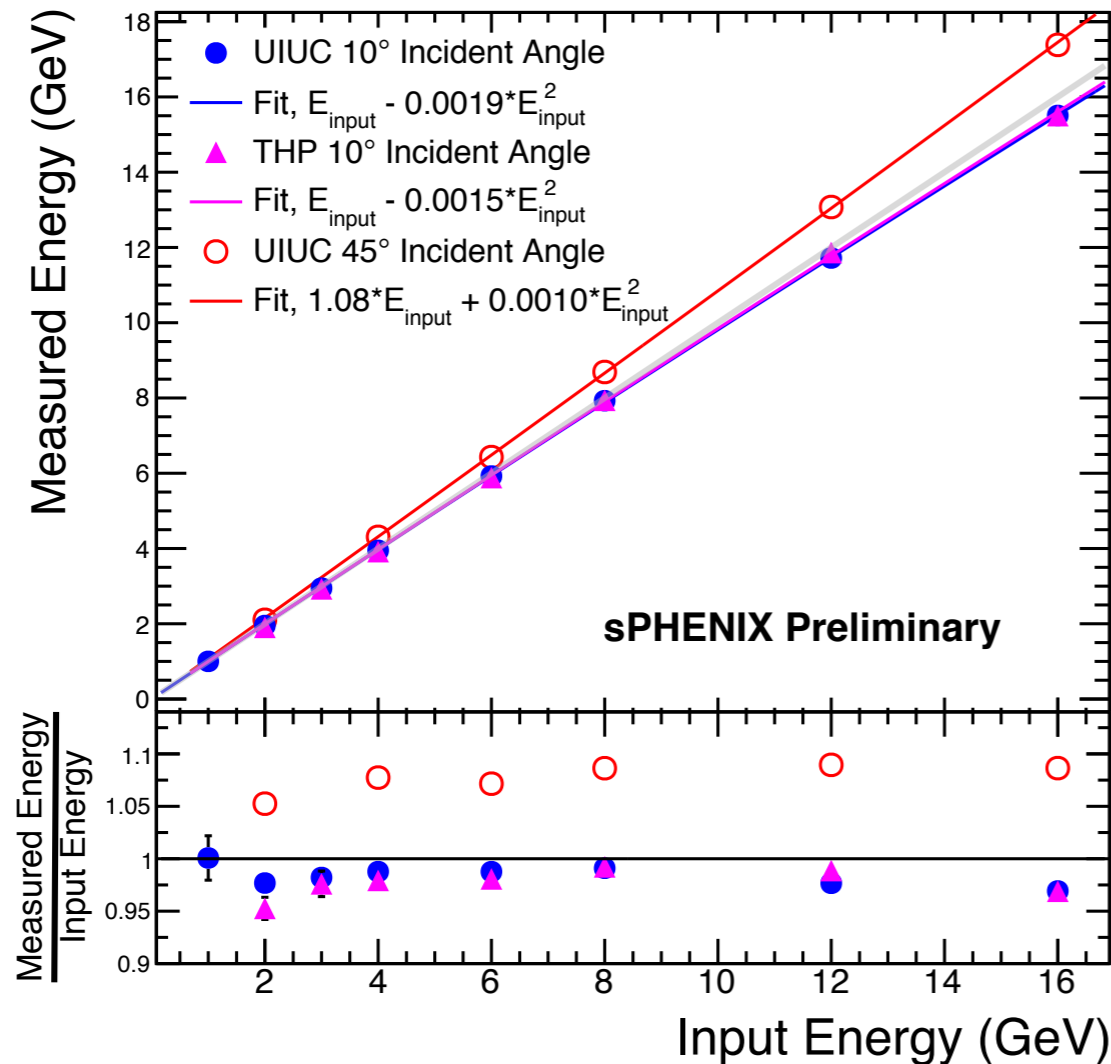
$E_{\text{dep}} \sim 750$ MeV (inner)

$E_{\text{dep}} \sim 1$ GeV (outer)

self triggering w/x16 higher gain

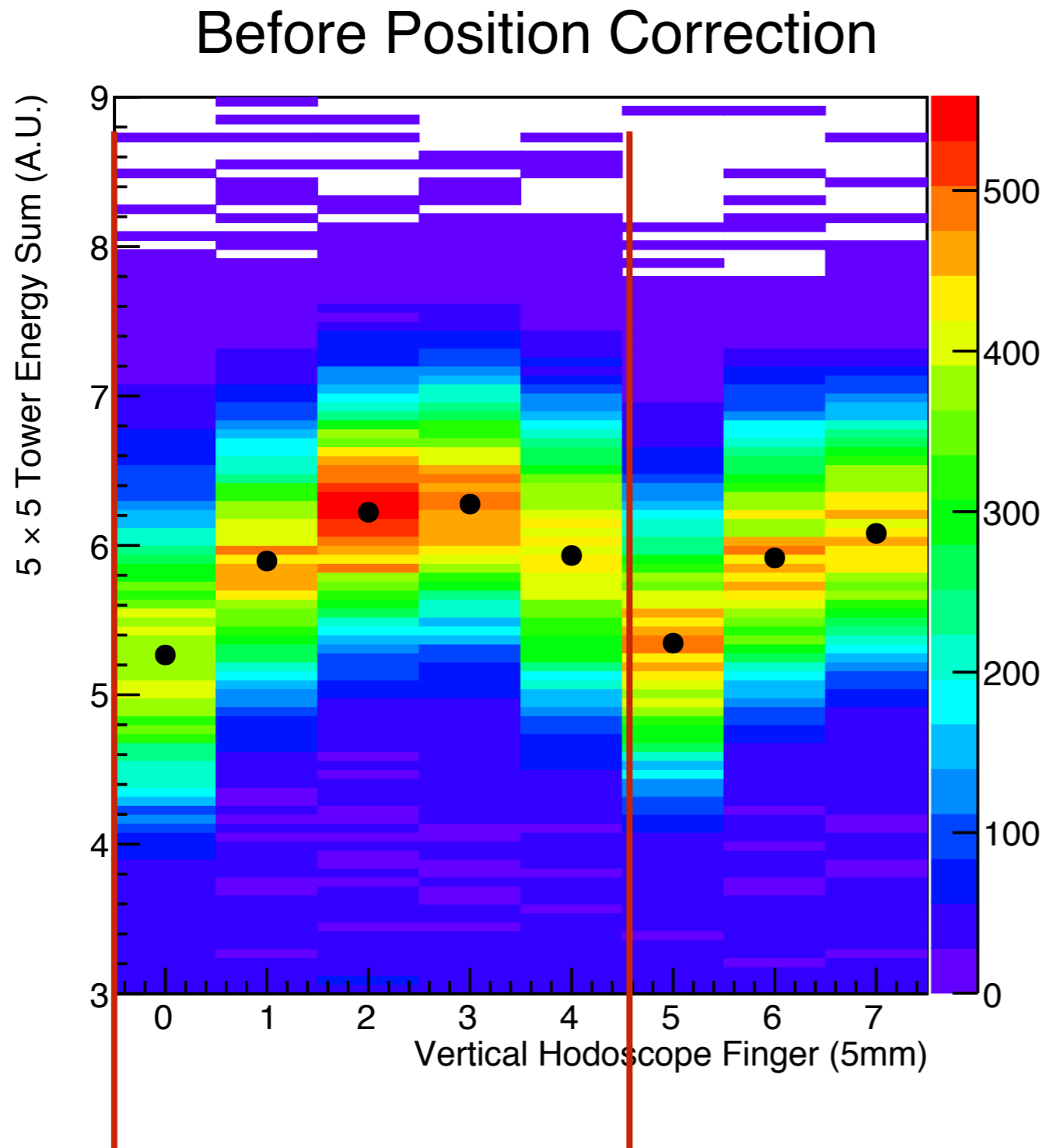
EMCal energy resolution & linearity

center of tower (selected via hodoscope)



- similar performance between **industry** at **Illinois** built blocks
- resolution better than our requirements
- **larger tilt angles** → shallower showers
- deviations from linearity in part due to beam energy shifts from nominal values

position dependence of energy scale

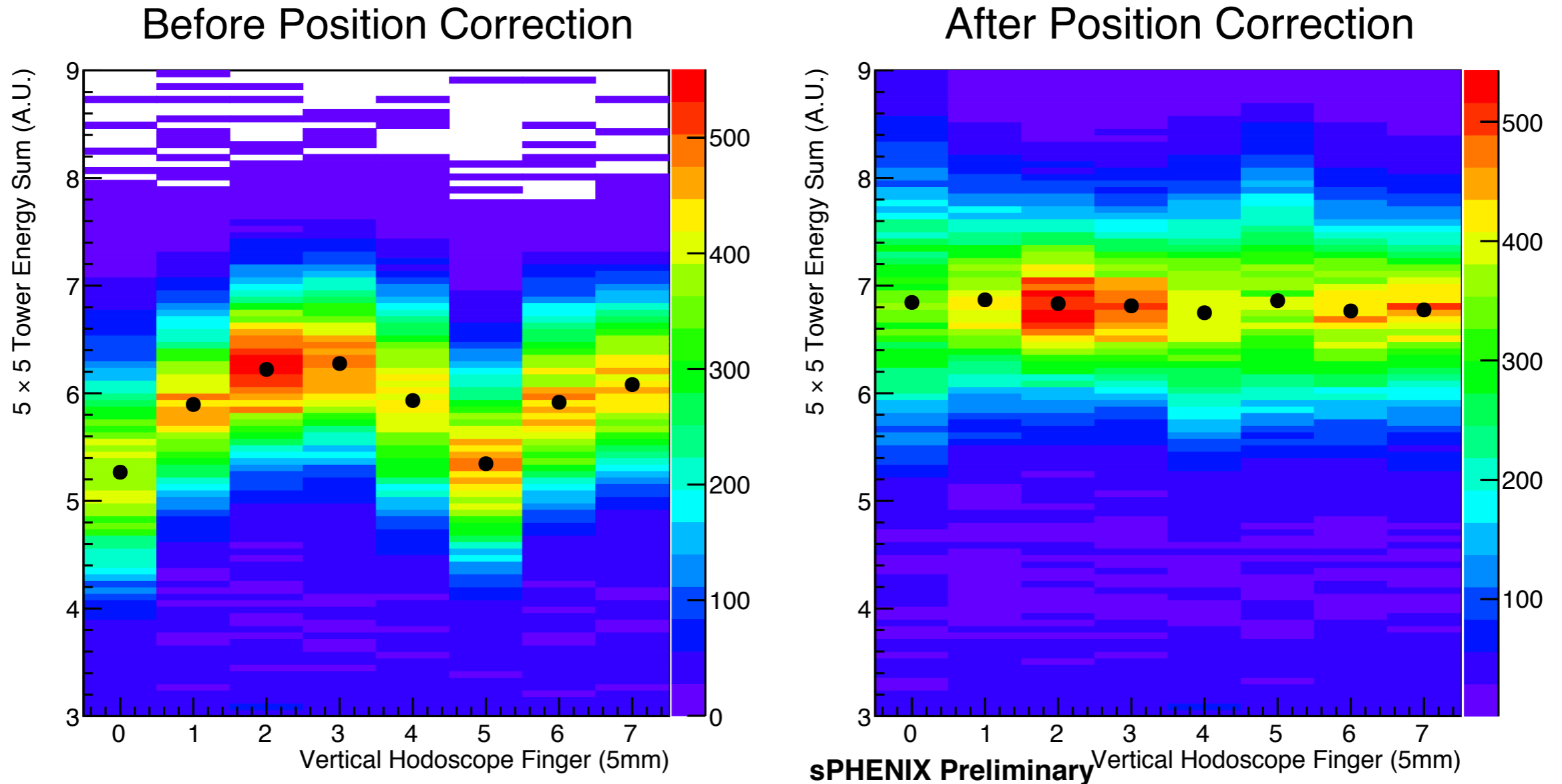


- **sources:**

- lightguide inefficiency near edges
- gaps in fibers between towers?

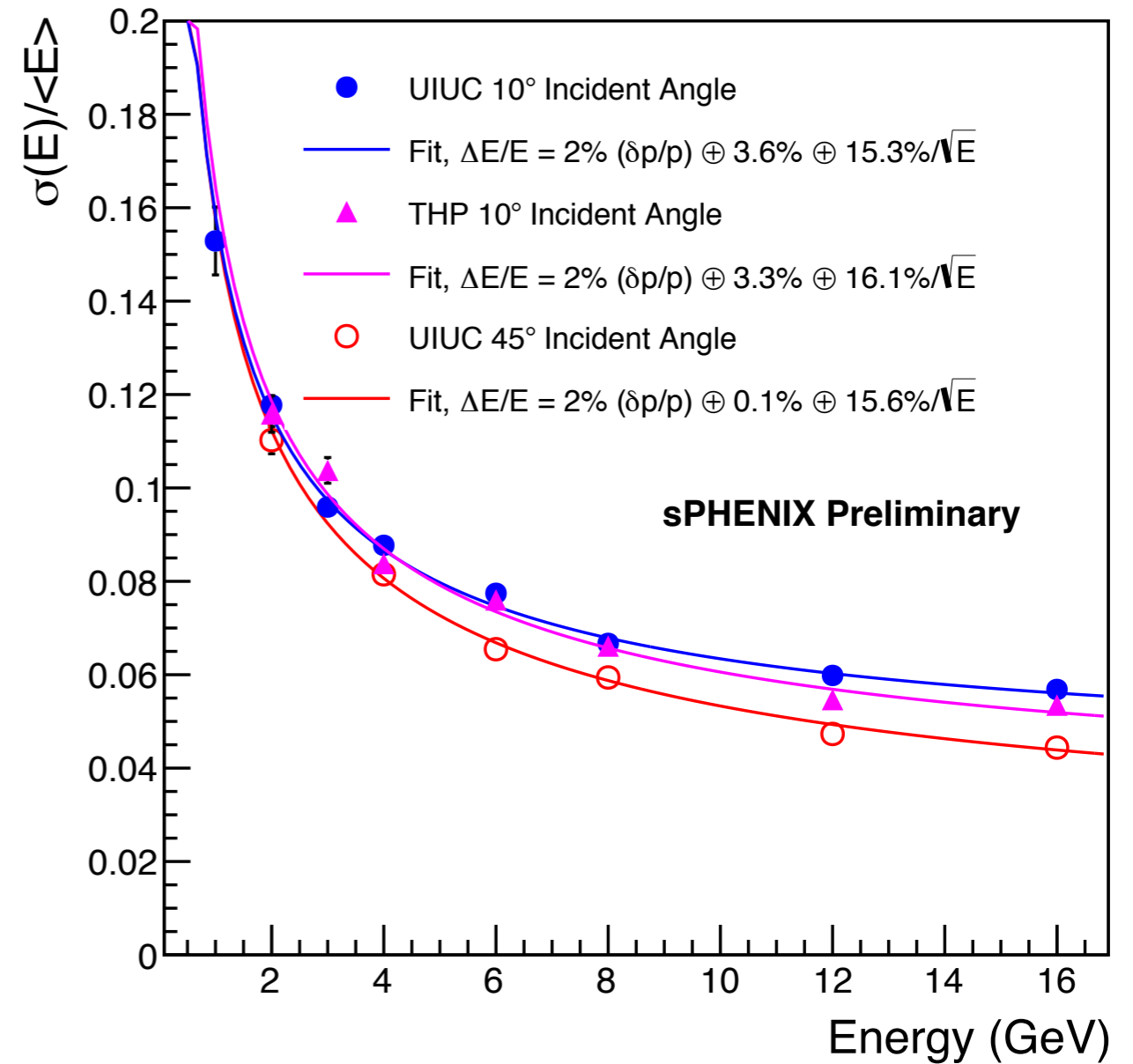
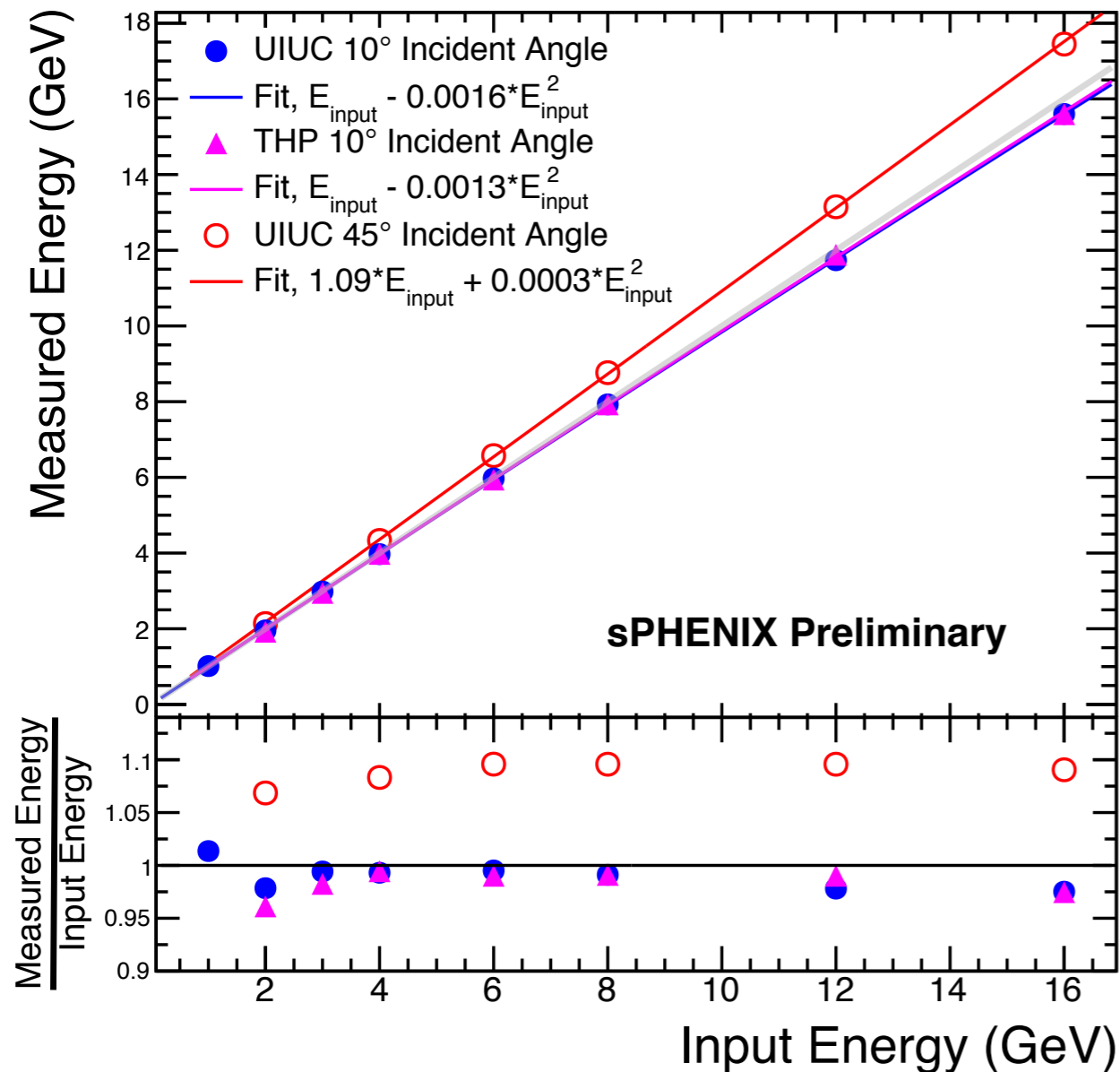
position dependence of energy scale

use 2D position correction based on the hodoscope



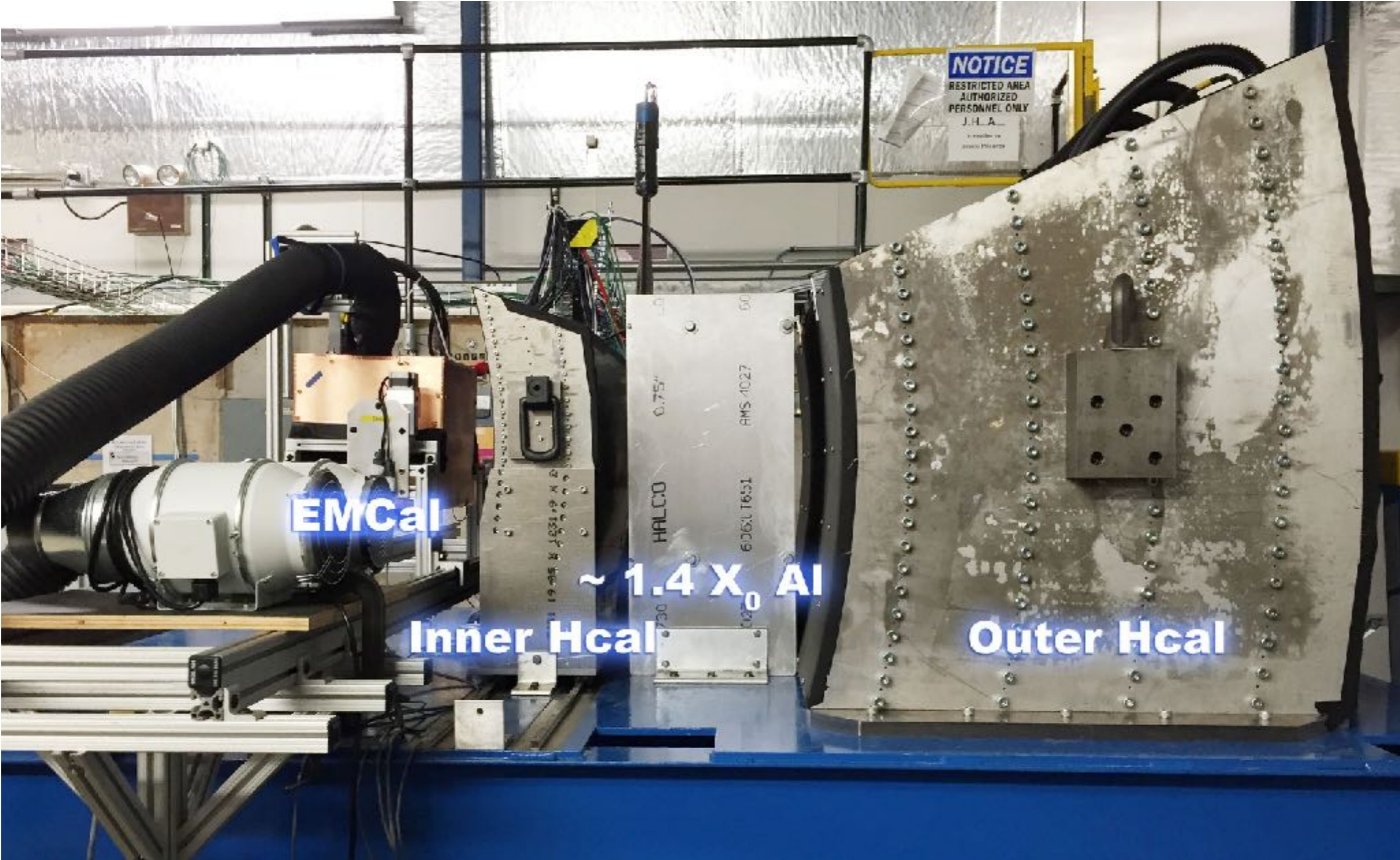
EMCal energy resolution & linearity

after application of position correction

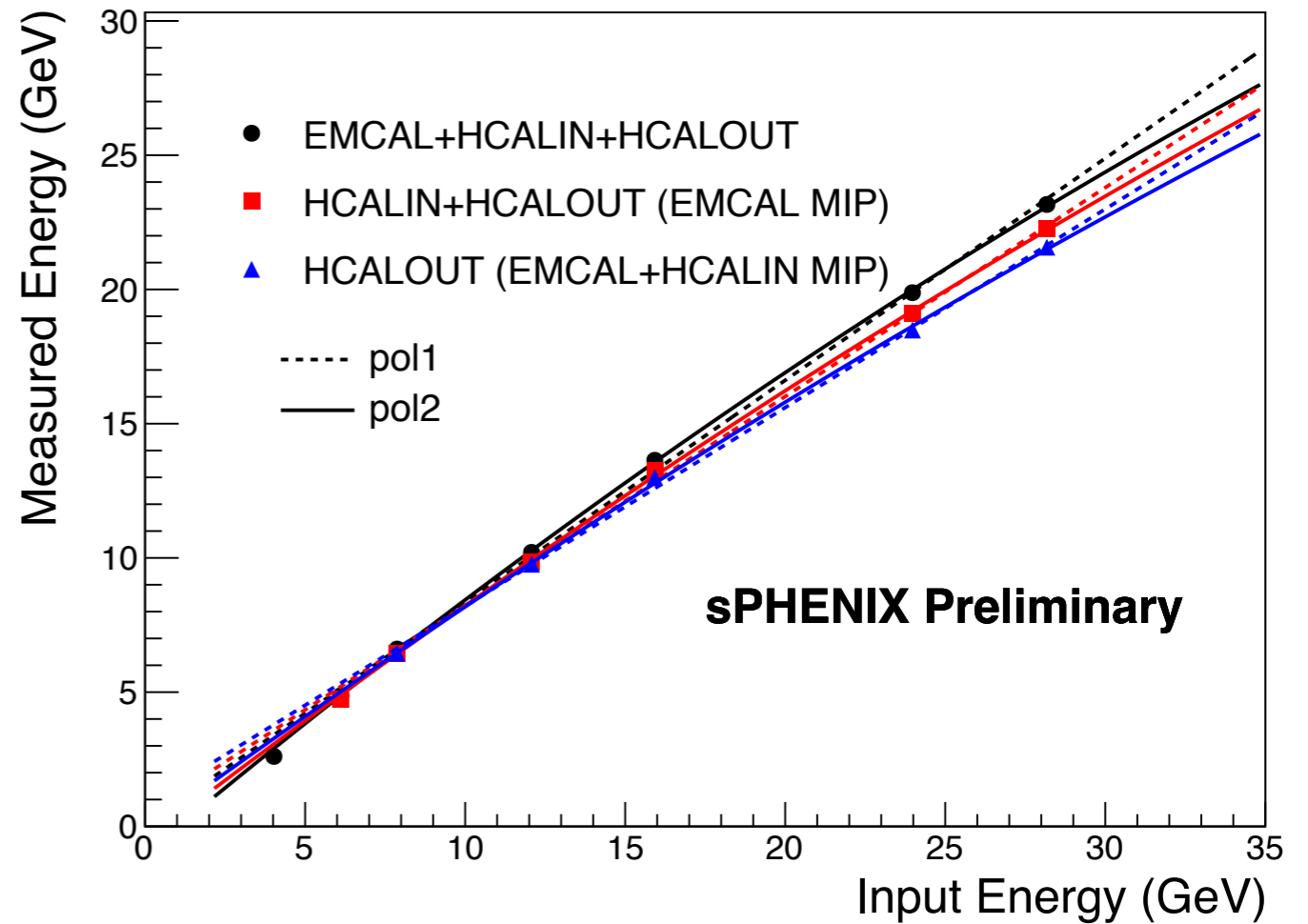
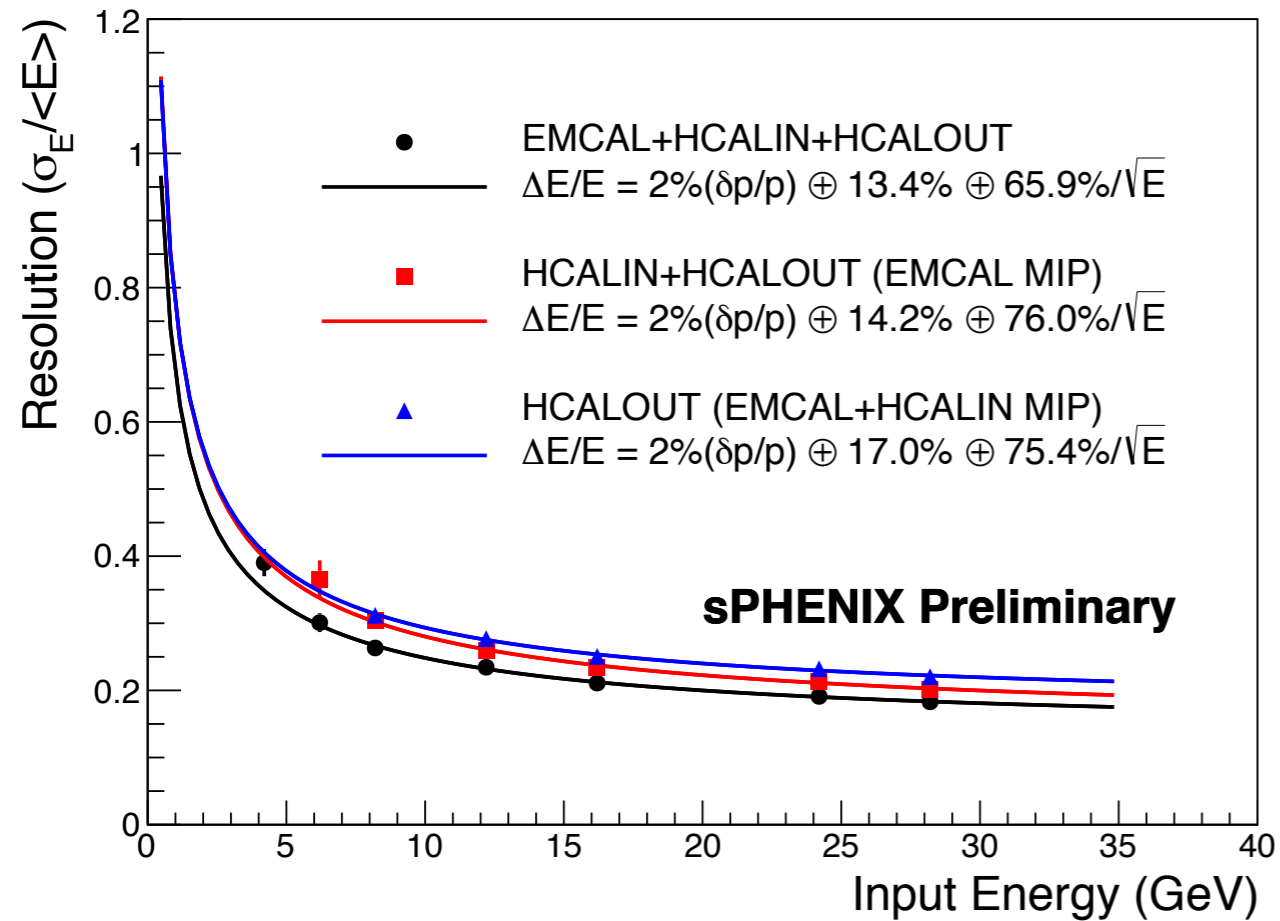


energy resolution $\sim 15\% / \sqrt{E}$ after correction for **Illinois blocks**

combining EMCal & HCal energy

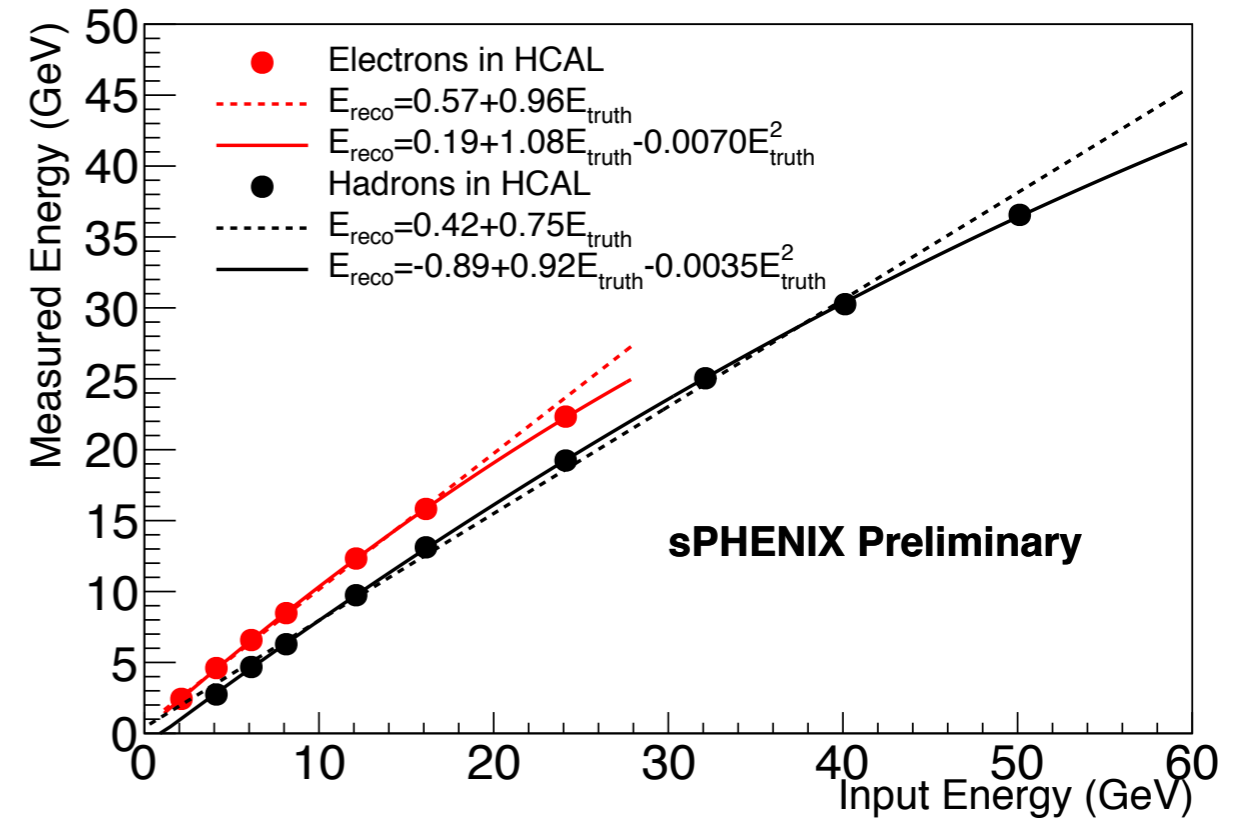
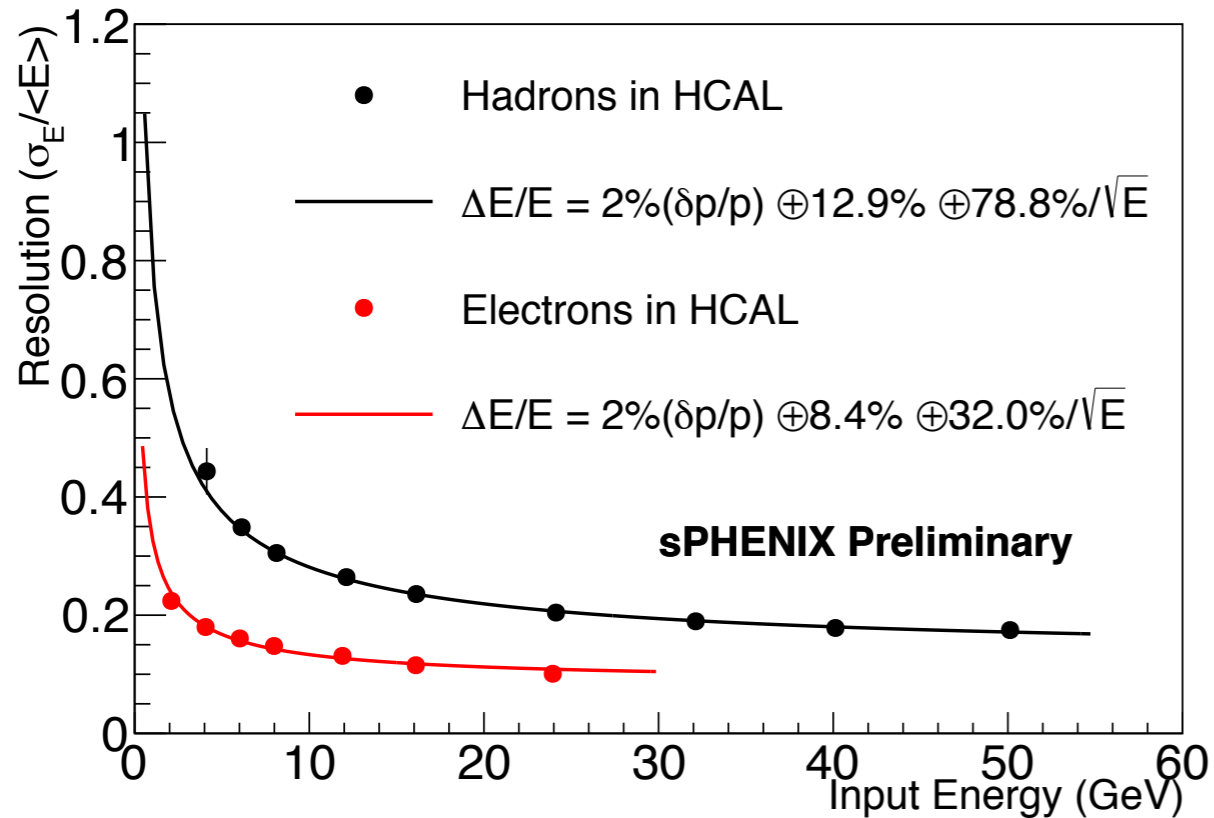


combined resolution



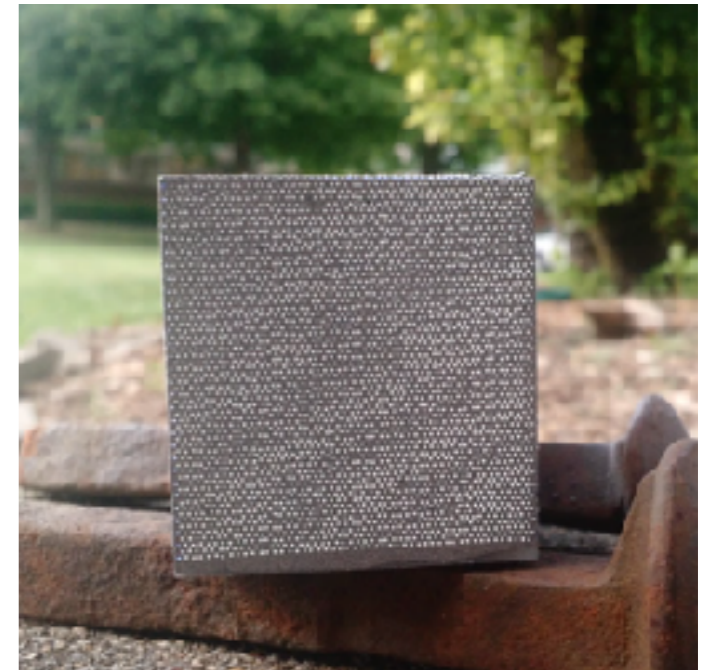
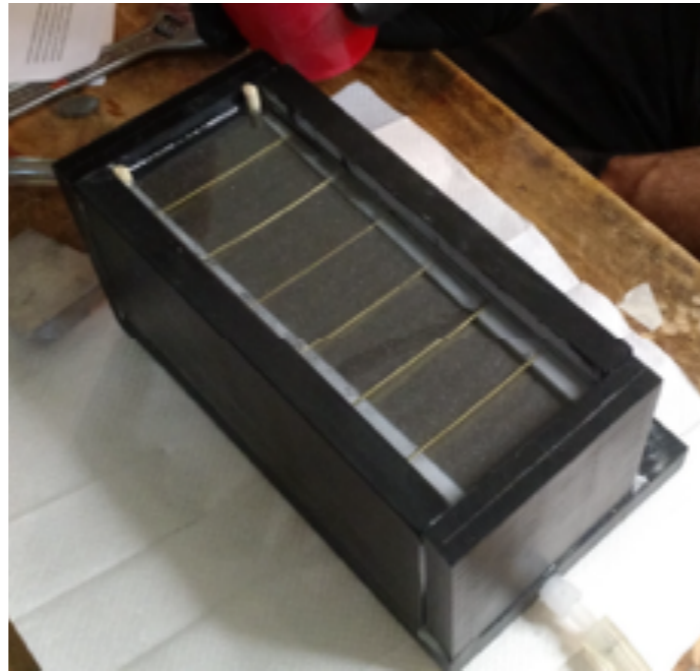
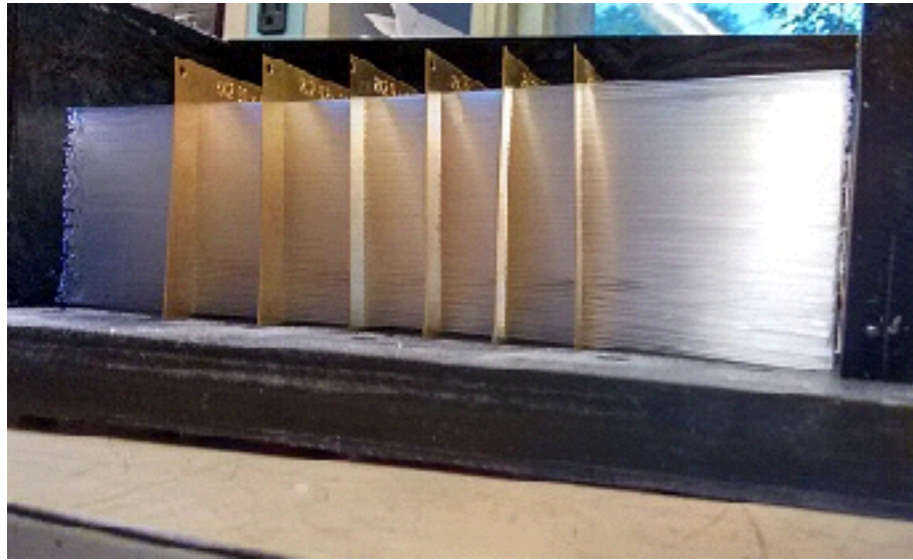
- combined resolution: $13.4\% \oplus 65.9 / \sqrt{E}$
- significantly better than our requirement

HCAL showers alone



- hadron resolution: $12.9\% \oplus 78.8 / \sqrt{E}$
- some deviations from linearity / saturation at high beam energy

plans for further prototyping



- demonstrate high $|\eta|$ performance
 - new tiles in HCal corresponding to $|\eta| \sim 0.7$
 - improved gain setting
 - 2D projective EMCAL modules
 - also 4 towers / brick
 - redesigned lightguides

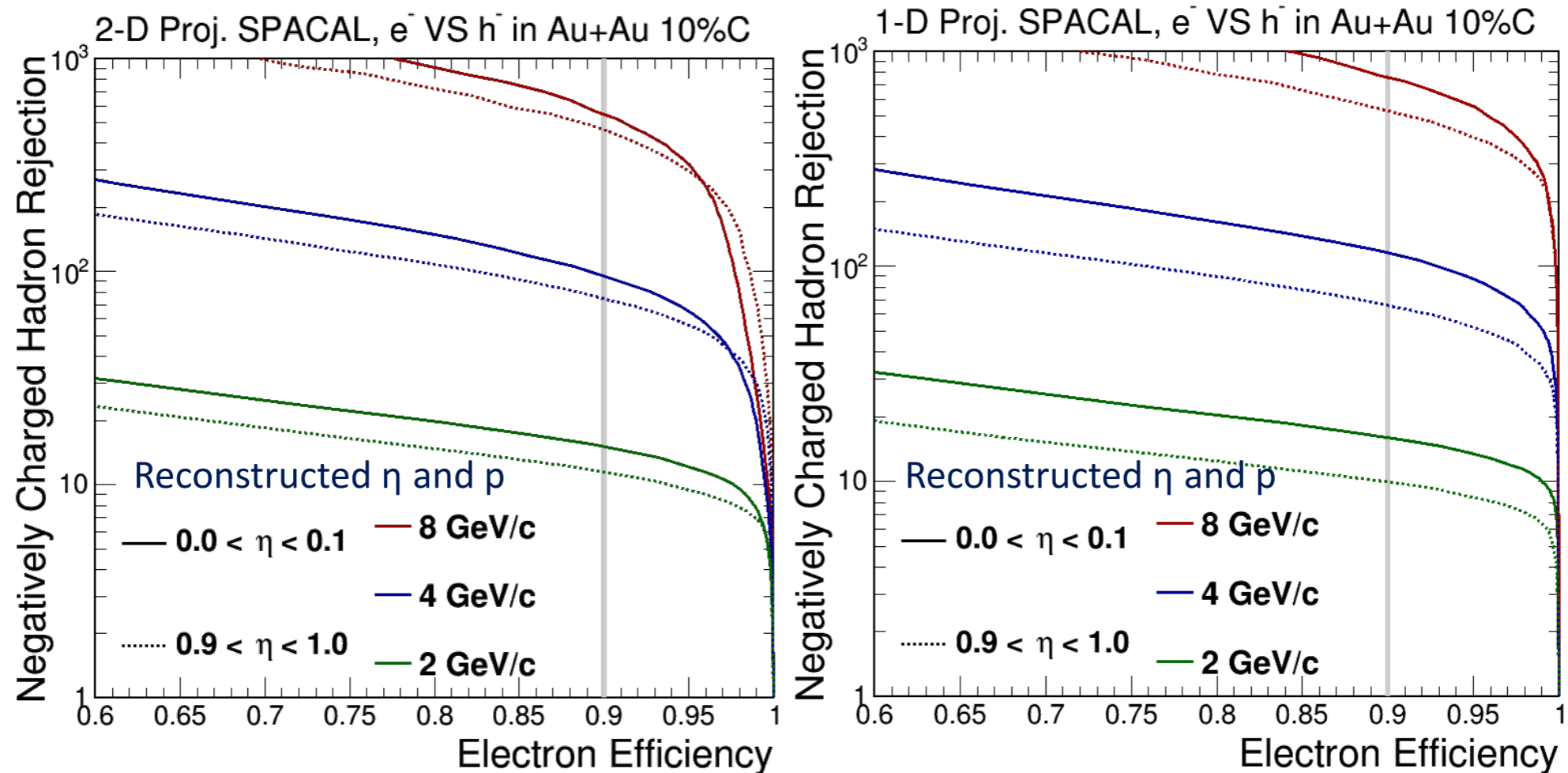
Fermilab
testbeam: January
2017

summary & outlook

- sPHENIX is the planned new detector at RHIC in order to study the QGP with jets, photons, upsilons and heavy flavor
- design and testing of the calorimeters is well underway
- improvements identified, but test beam performance shows that the calorimeters meet the physics requirements
- paper on these results is nearing completion and will be submitted soon!
- next testbeam of high $|\eta|$ modules planned for January 2017

extras

1D vs 2D projectivity



- projectivity in η improves large $|\eta|$ hadron rejection
- 1/17 testbeam: demonstrate high $|\eta|$ performance

e/h: calorimeter system

