

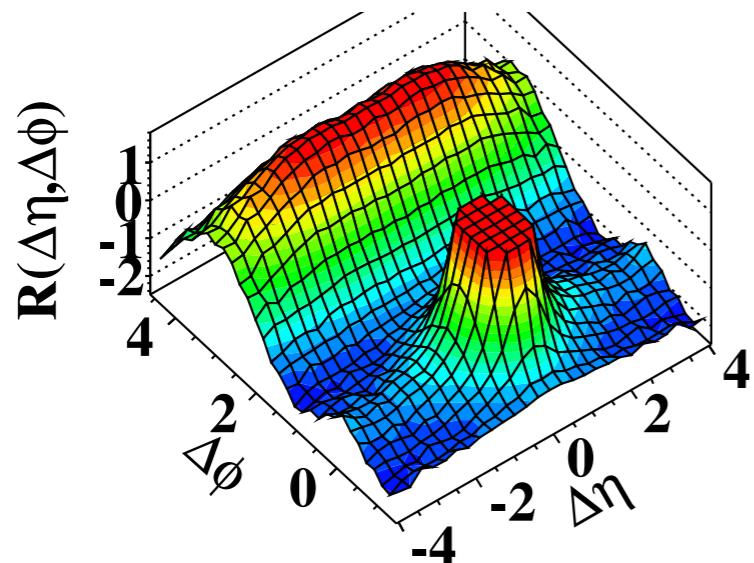
d+Au Hadron Correlation Measurements at PHENIX



Anne Sickles for the PHENIX Collaboration
BNL

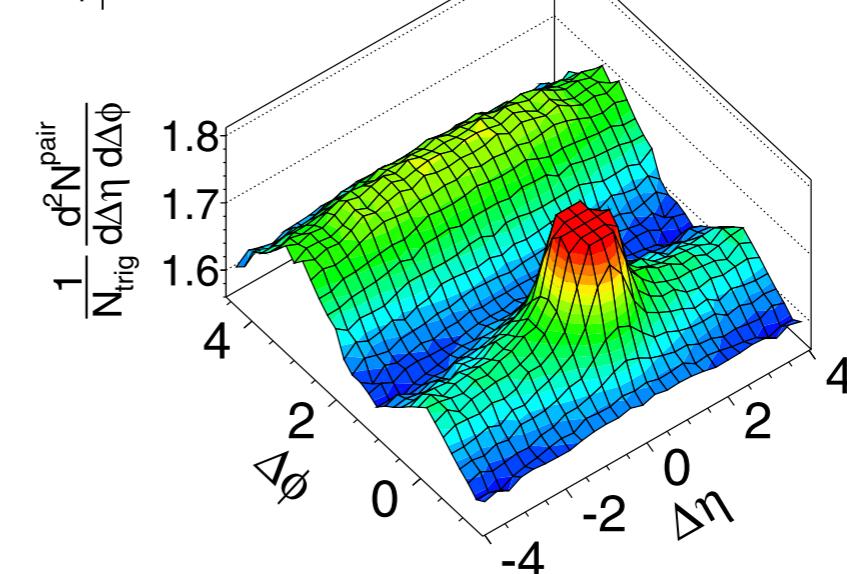
pp & pPb ridges

(d) CMS $N \geq 110$, $1.0 \text{ GeV}/c < p_T < 3.0 \text{ GeV}/c$

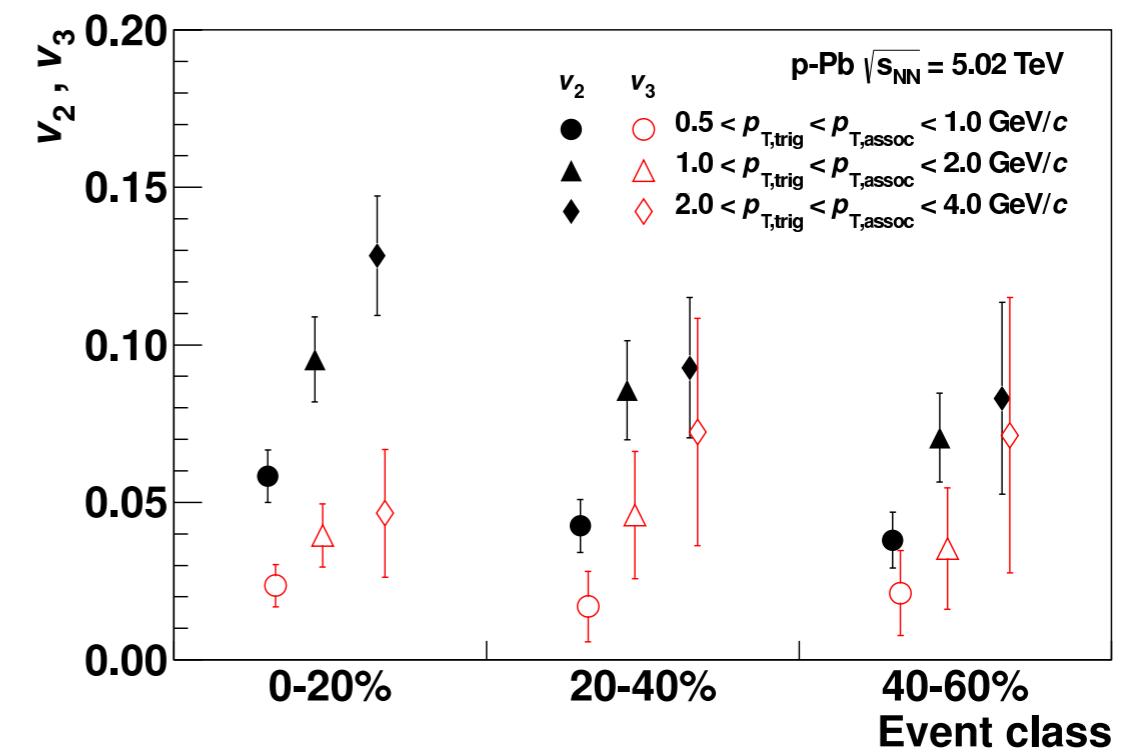
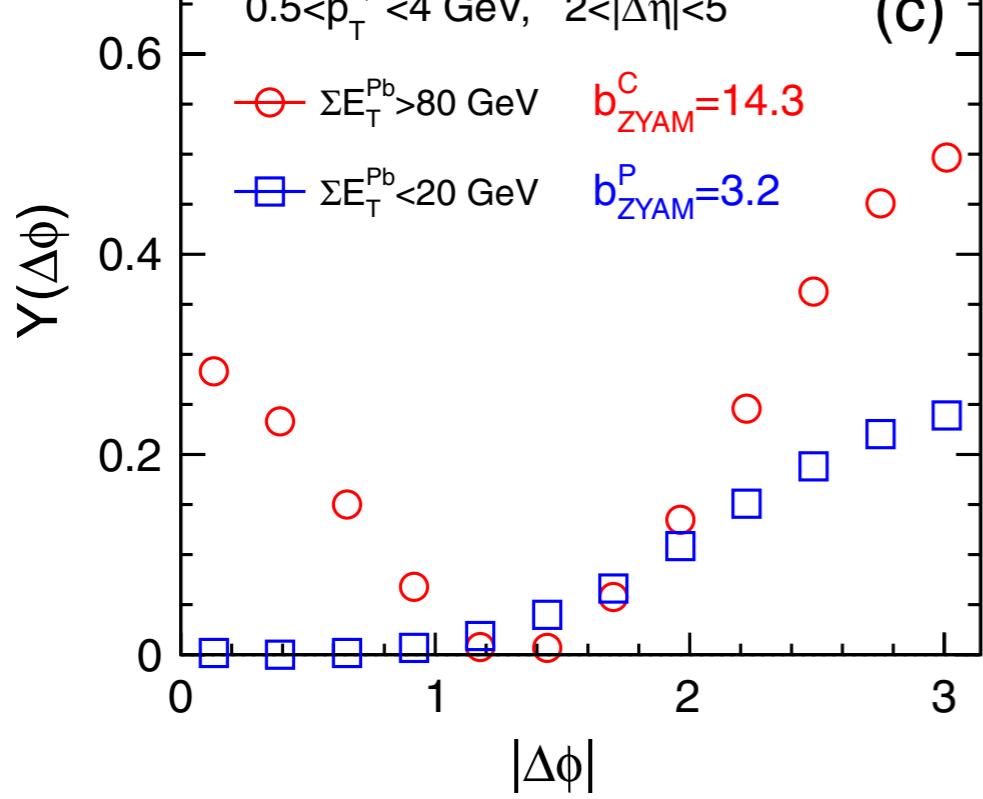


CMS pPb $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02 \text{ TeV}$, $N_{\text{trk}}^{\text{offline}} \geq 110$
 $1 < p_T < 3 \text{ GeV}/c$

(b)

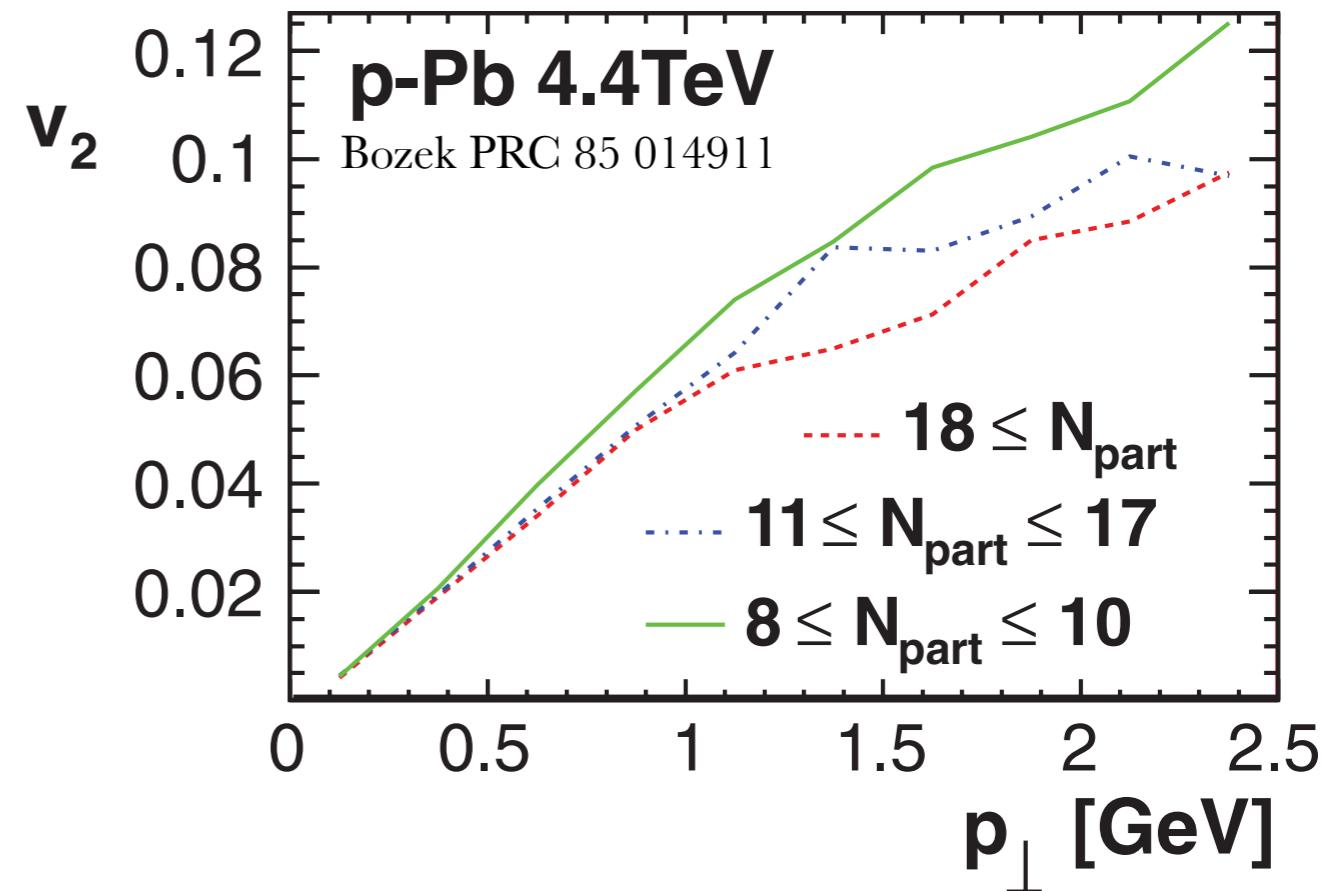
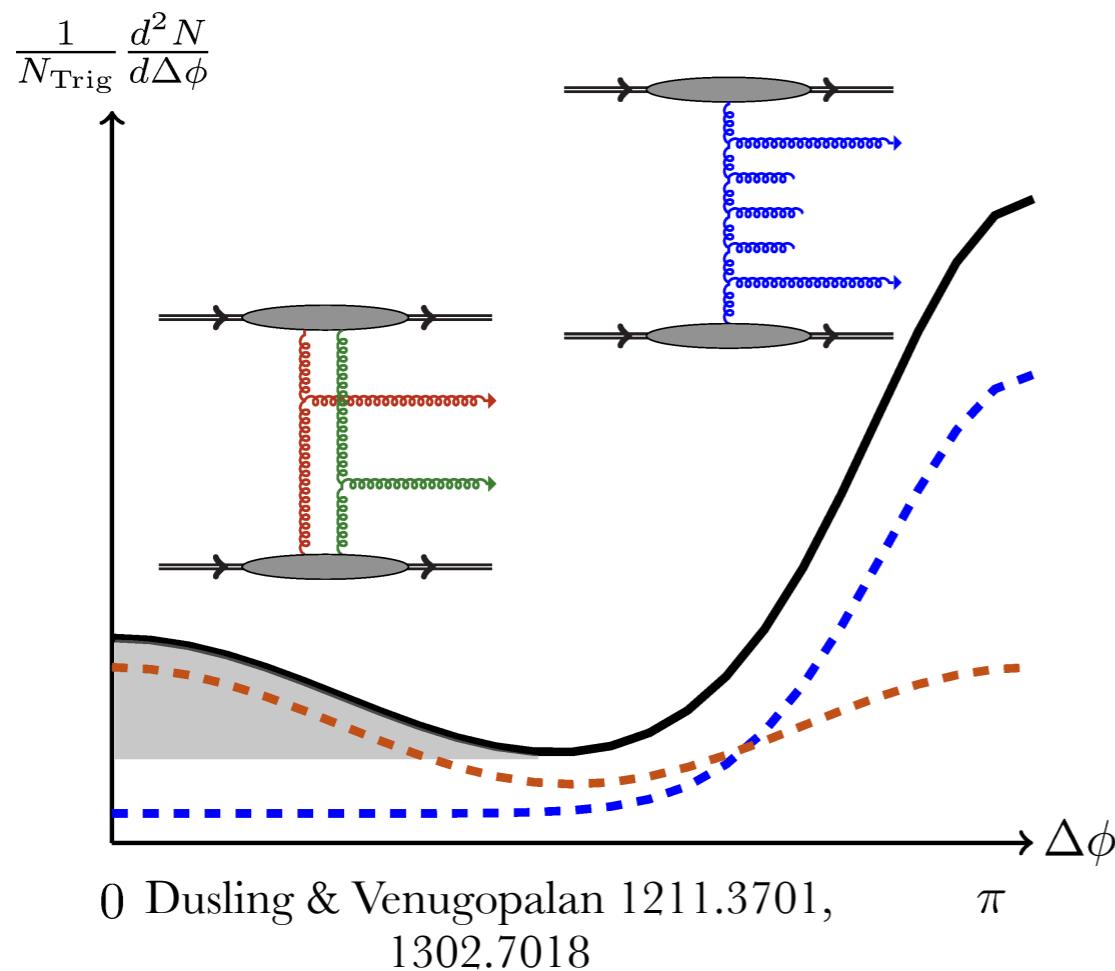


ATLAS p+Pb $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02 \text{ TeV}$, $\int L \approx 1 \mu\text{b}^{-1}$



CMS PLB 718 795 (2013)
ALICE PLB 719 29
ATLAS PRL 110 182302

initial or final state effect?



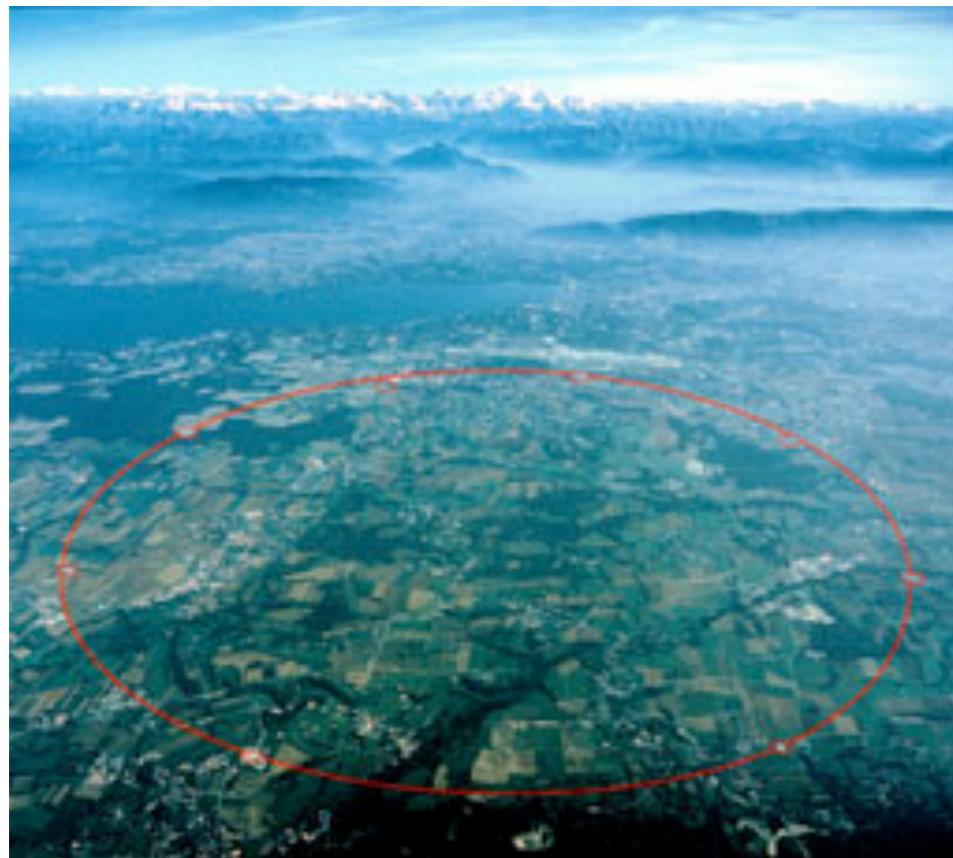
CGC/Glasma

hydrodynamics

watching from RHIC...



RHIC & LHC



5.02TeV pPb



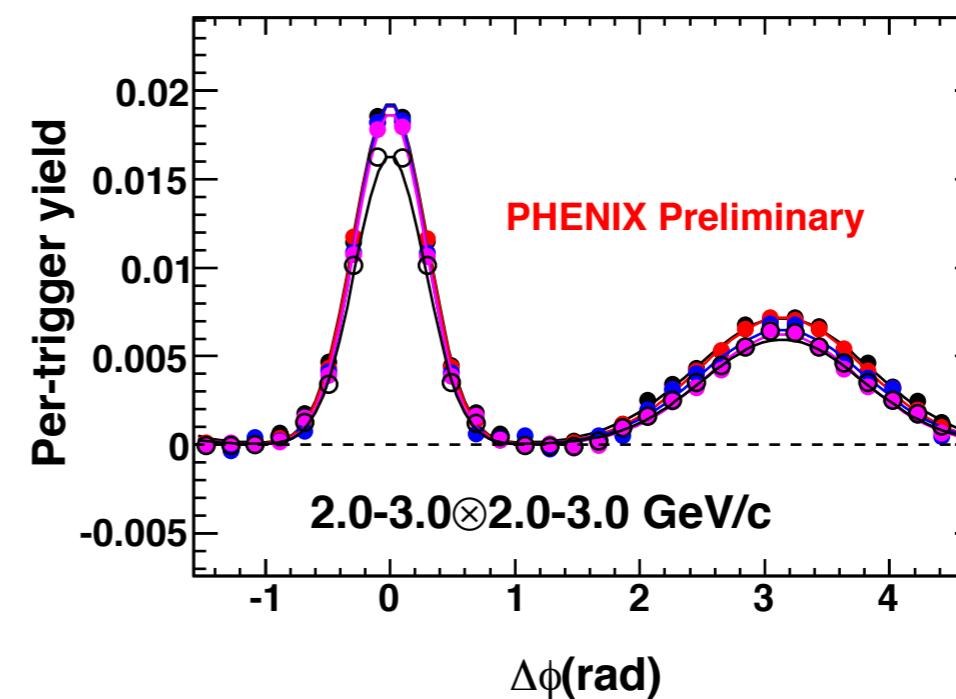
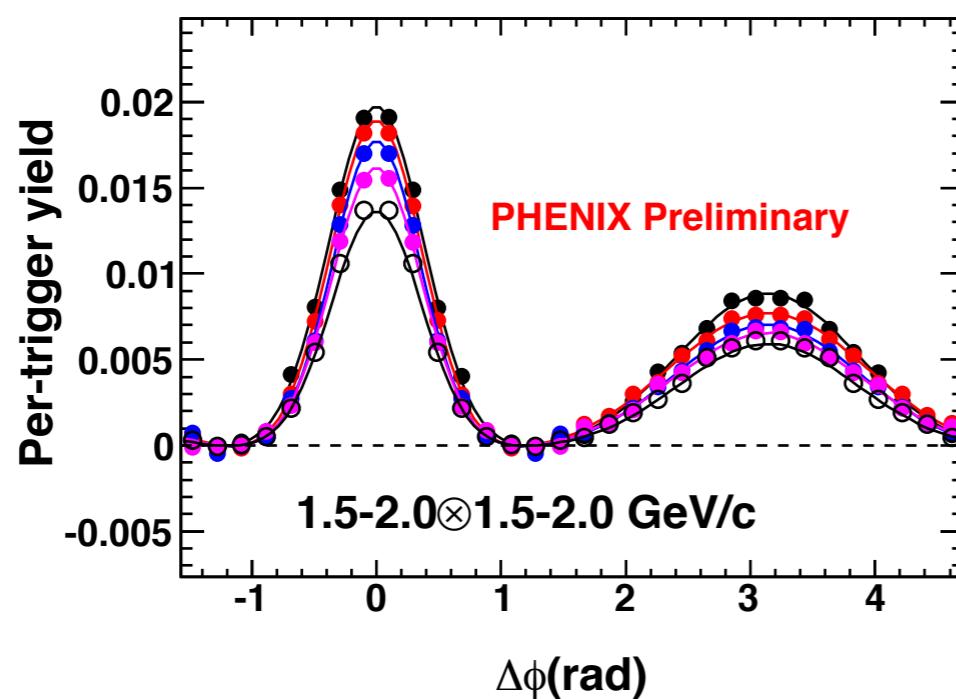
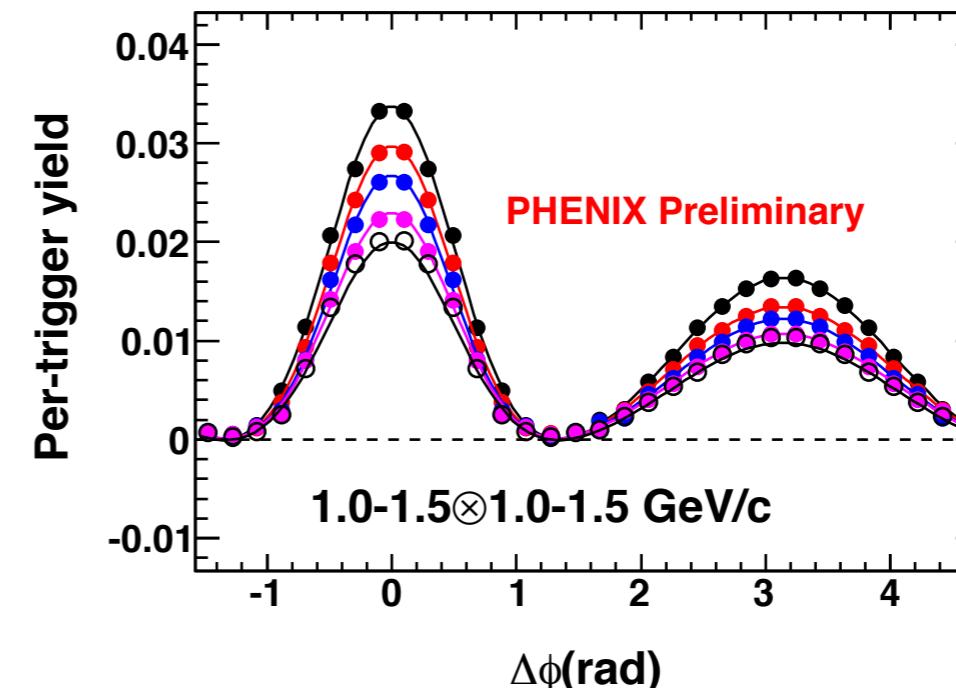
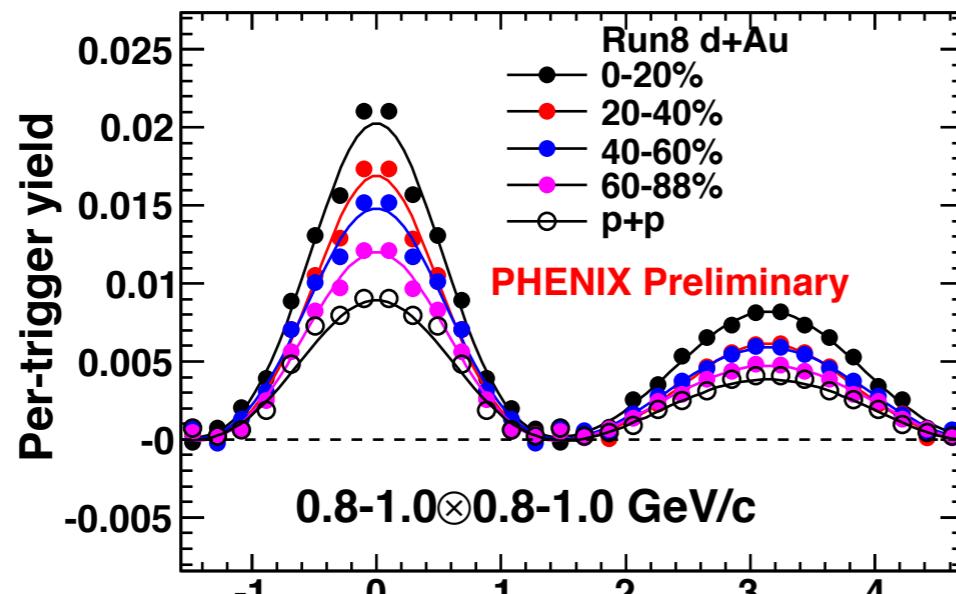
200GeV dAu

**25x difference in collision energy
d-A vs p-A
large data sample already on tape**

what do we already know?

from Quark Matter 2009 poster...

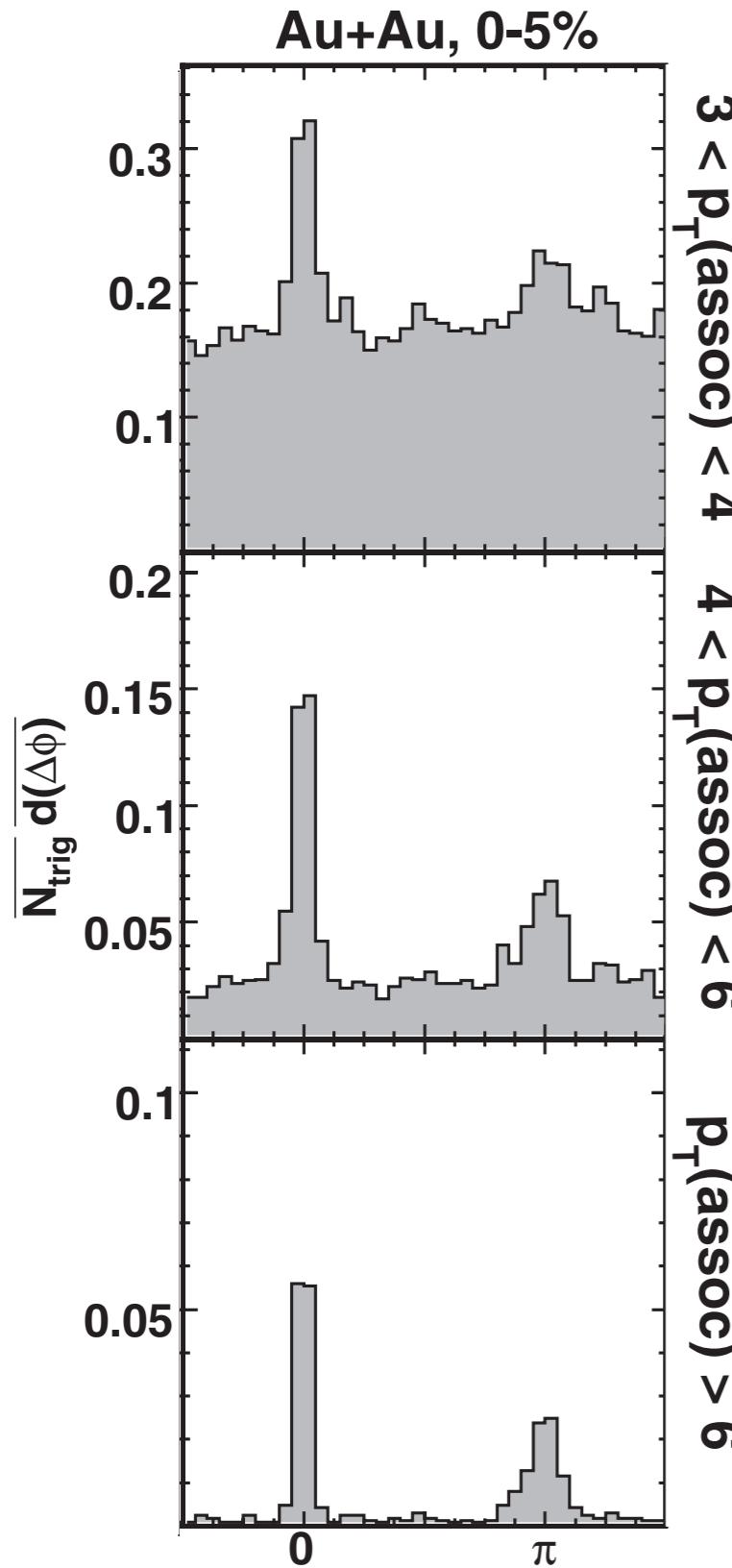
$$|\eta| < 0.35$$



**centrality dependent low p_T excess yield on
both near and away side**

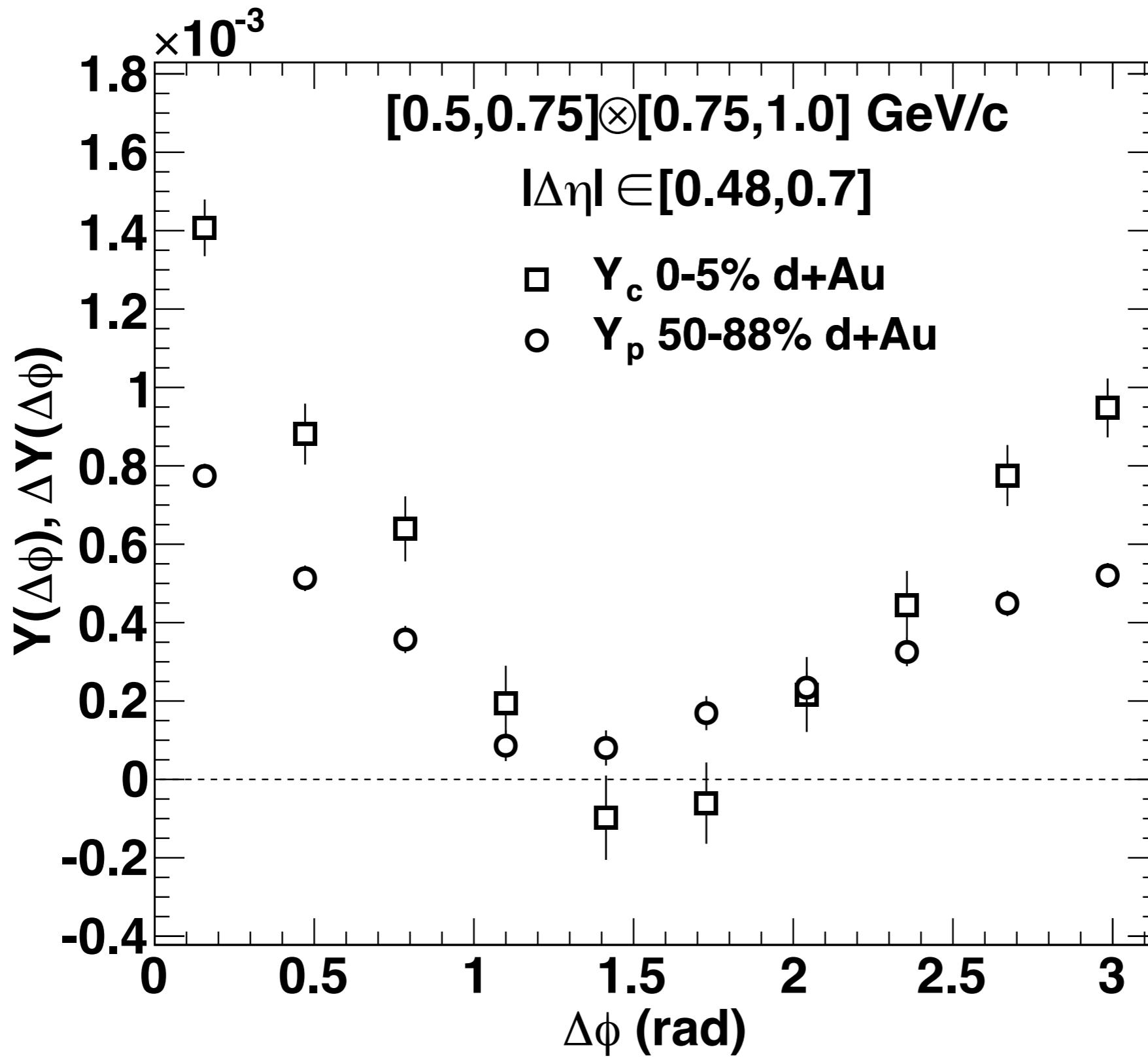
Jia: 0906.3776

minimizing jet effect in PHENIX



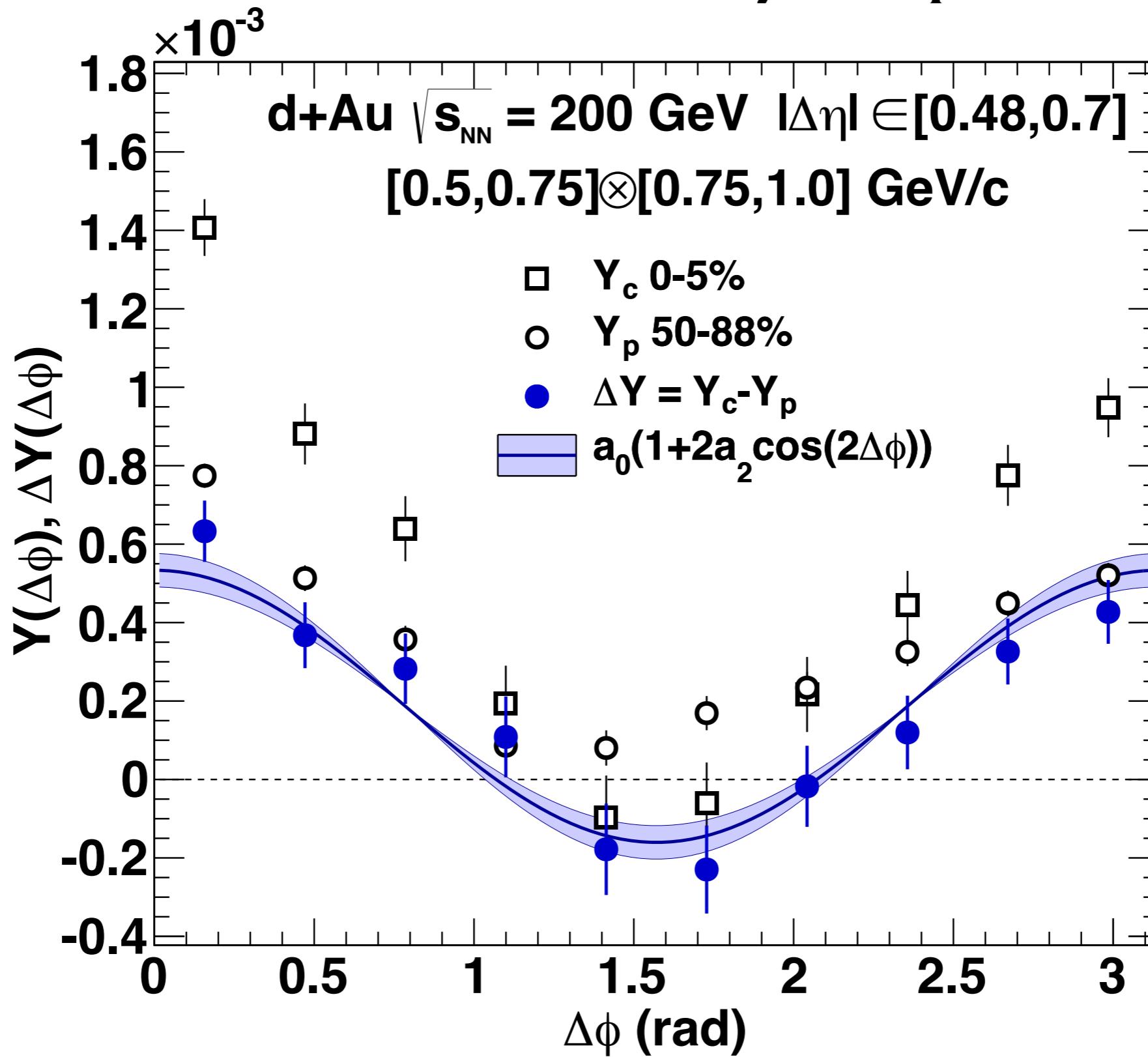
- normal two particle correlations: look at as high p_T particles as possible
 - minimizes combinatoric background, maximizes jet correlations
- near side jets are a small $|\Delta\eta|$ correlation
 - keep one particle at very low p_T
 - maximize sensitivity to underlying event
 - select as large $|\Delta\eta|$ as possible ($|\eta| < 0.35$)
 - $0.48 < |\Delta\eta| < 0.7$

centrality dependence

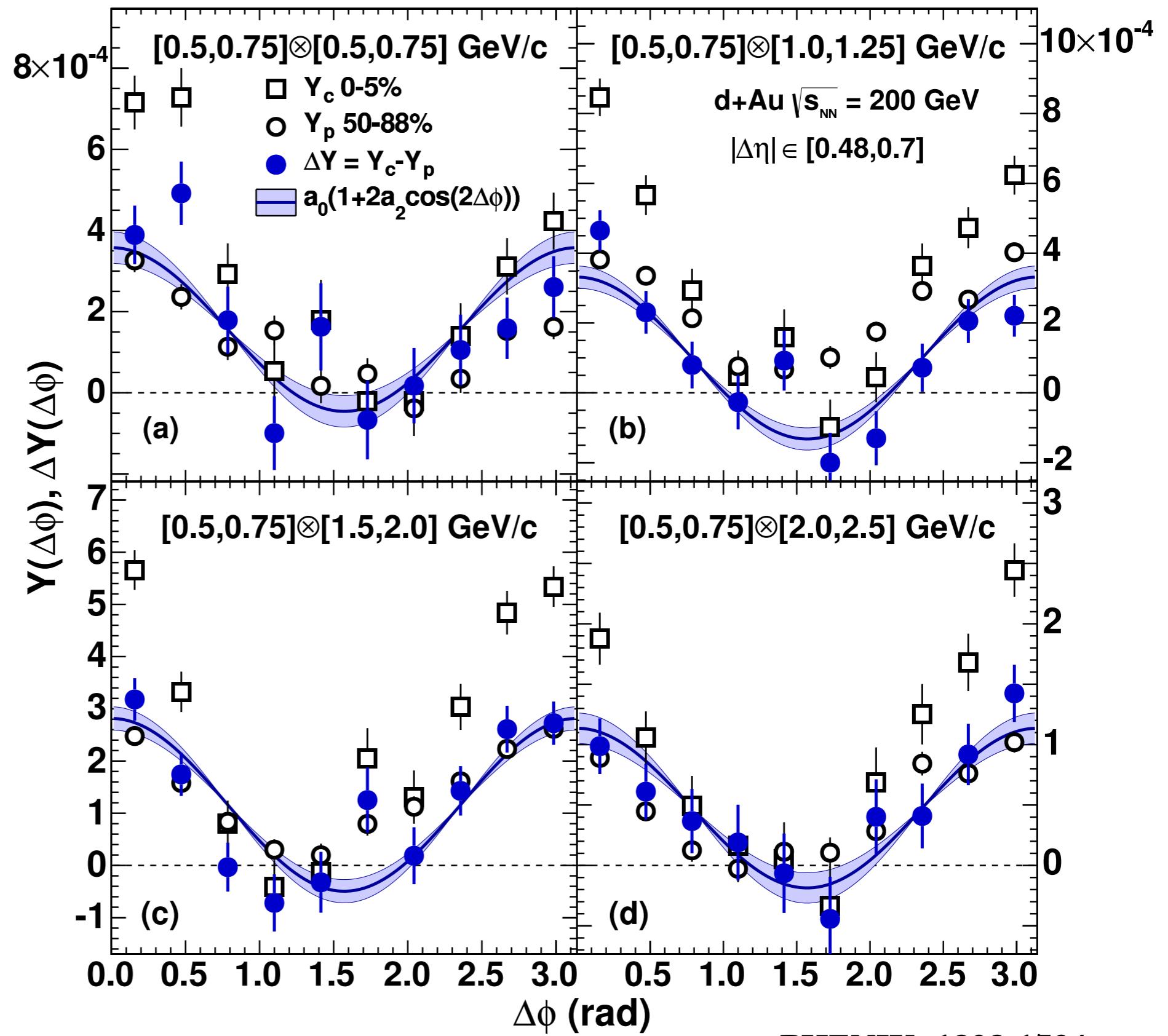


central
peripheral

centrality dependence



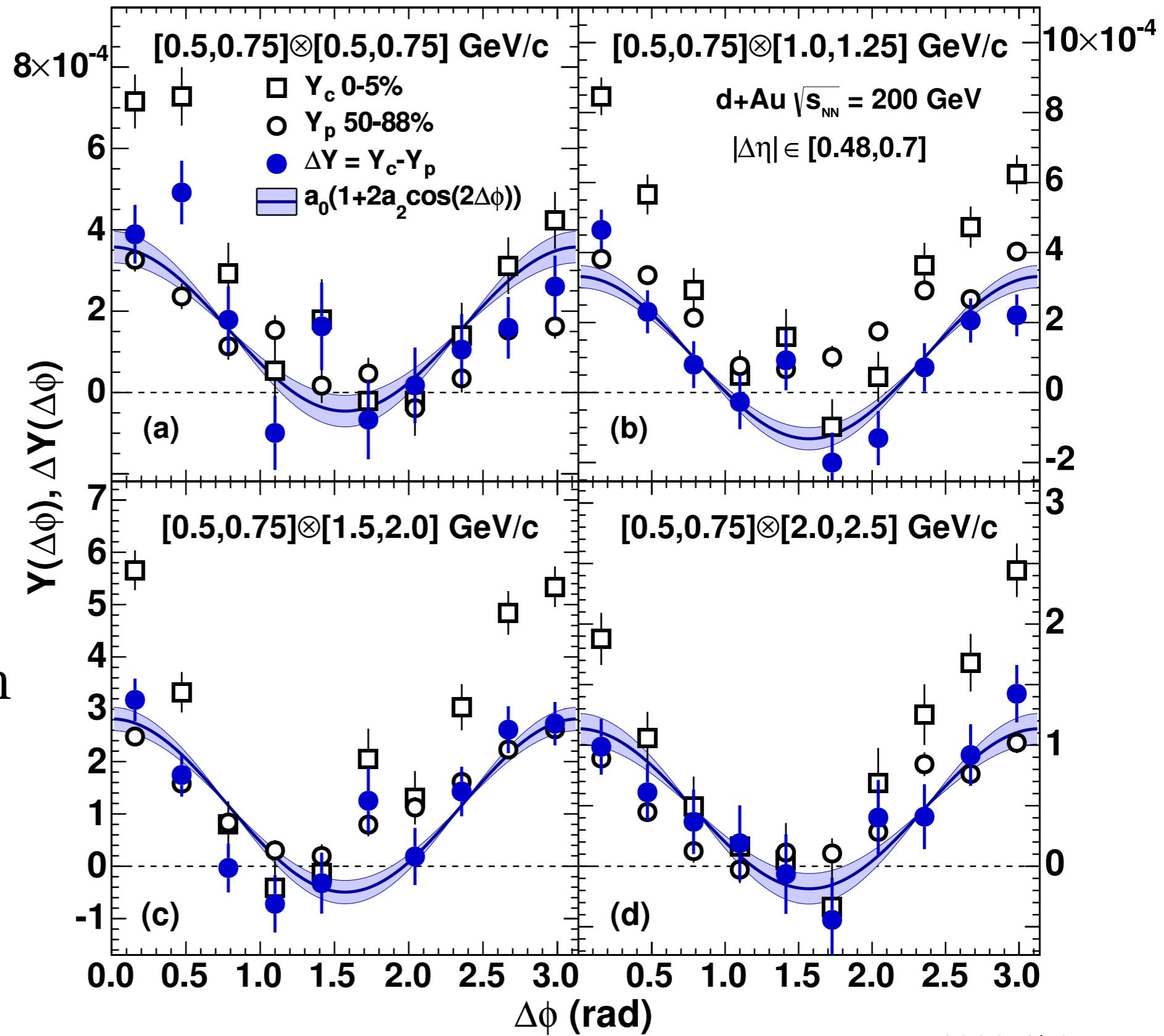
centrality
dependence
consistently
described by
 $\cos 2\Delta\phi$ shape



PHENIX: 1303.1794

centrality
dependence
consistently
described by
 $\cos 2\Delta\phi$ shape

but is this just an
artifact of the
small $|\Delta\eta|$
acceptance?



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remaining jet effects?

issue: short range effects from centrality
dependent jet modifications could modify
near side correlations within small $|\Delta\eta|$

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- vary the minimum $|\Delta\eta|$ cut from 0.36 to 0.60
- look at the charge sign dependence:
 - jet correlations are enhanced for opposite sign pairs and suppressed for same sign pairs
- further studying with event generators
- look for long range correlations

remaining jet effects?

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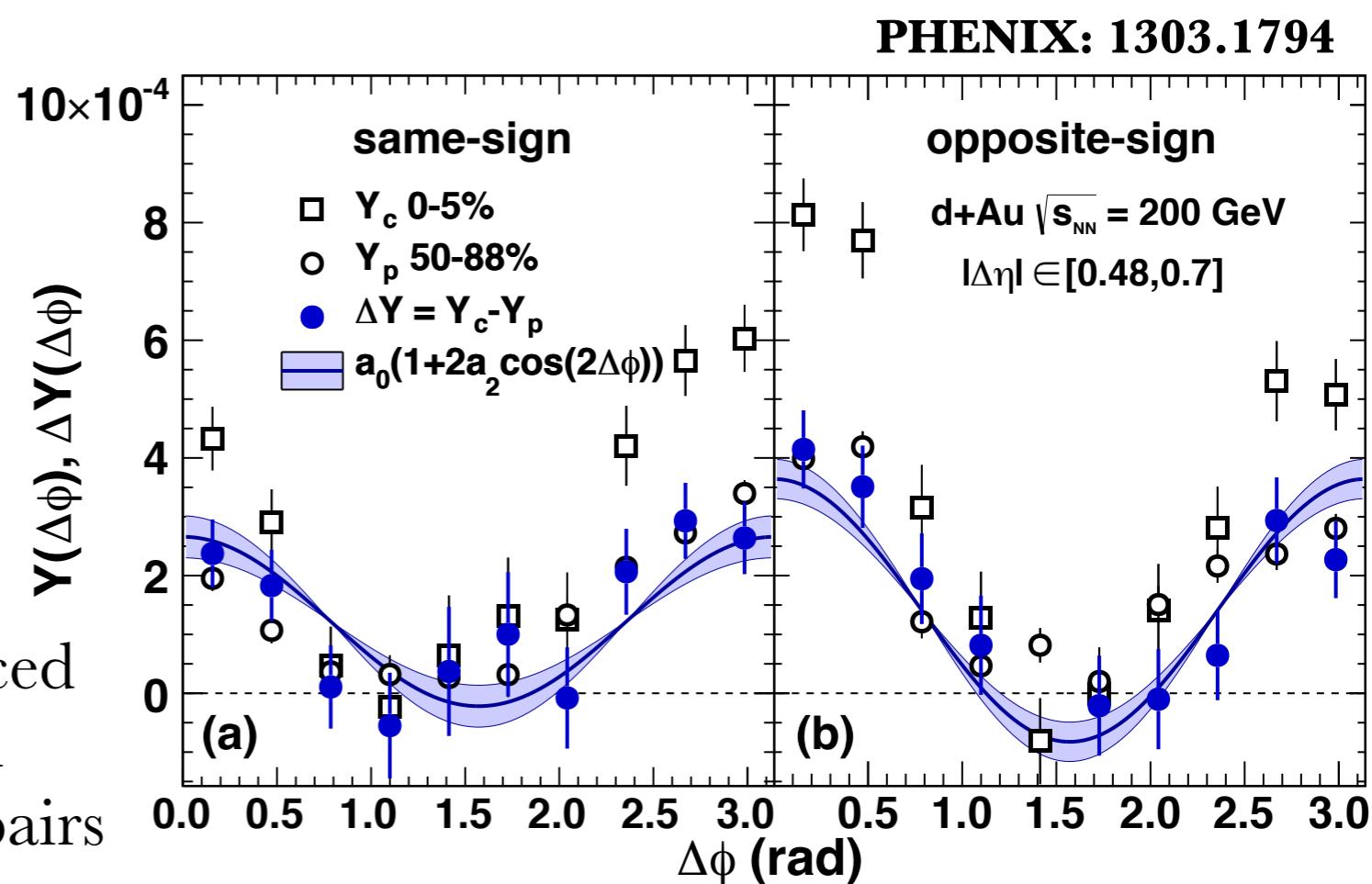
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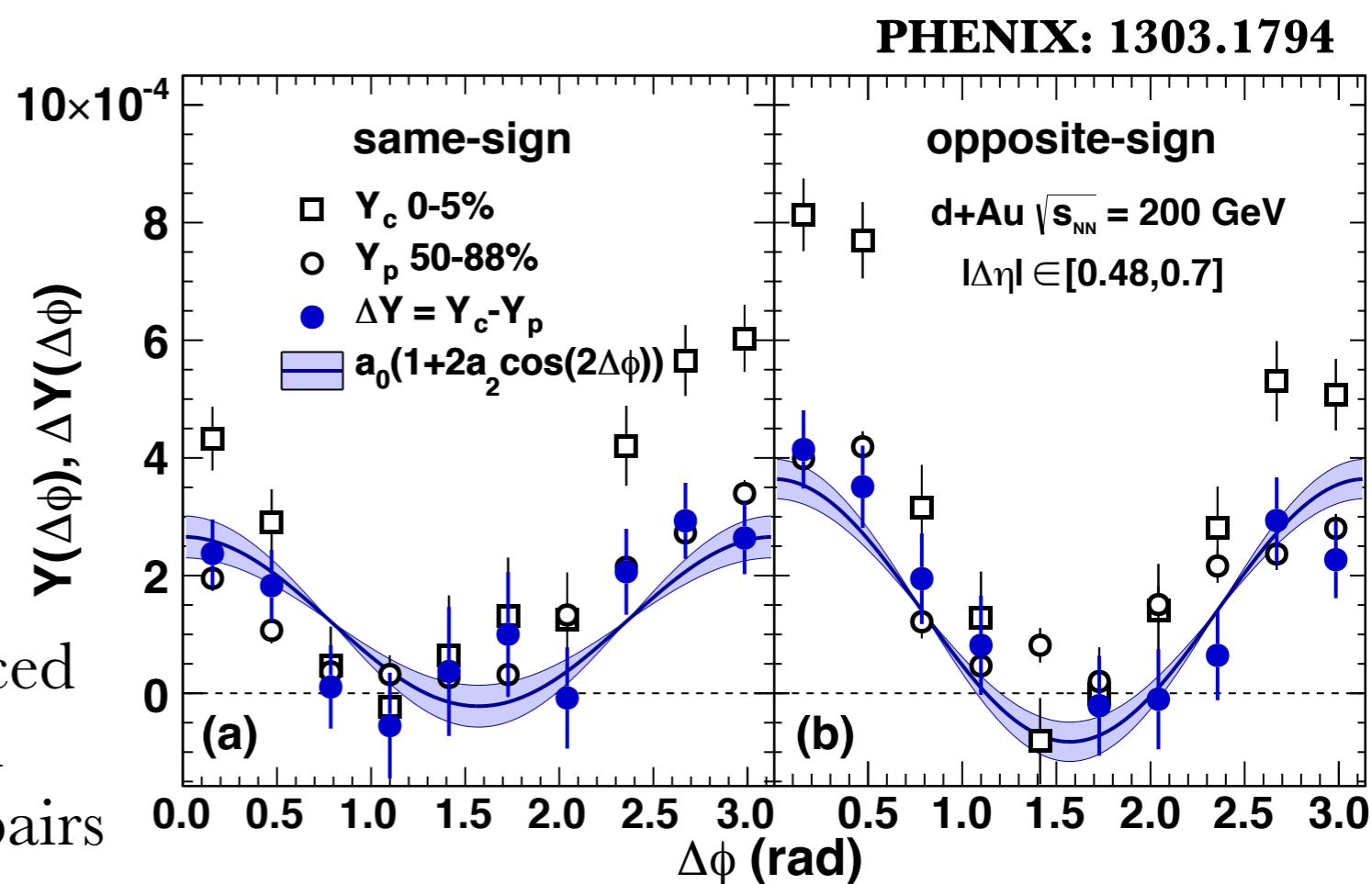
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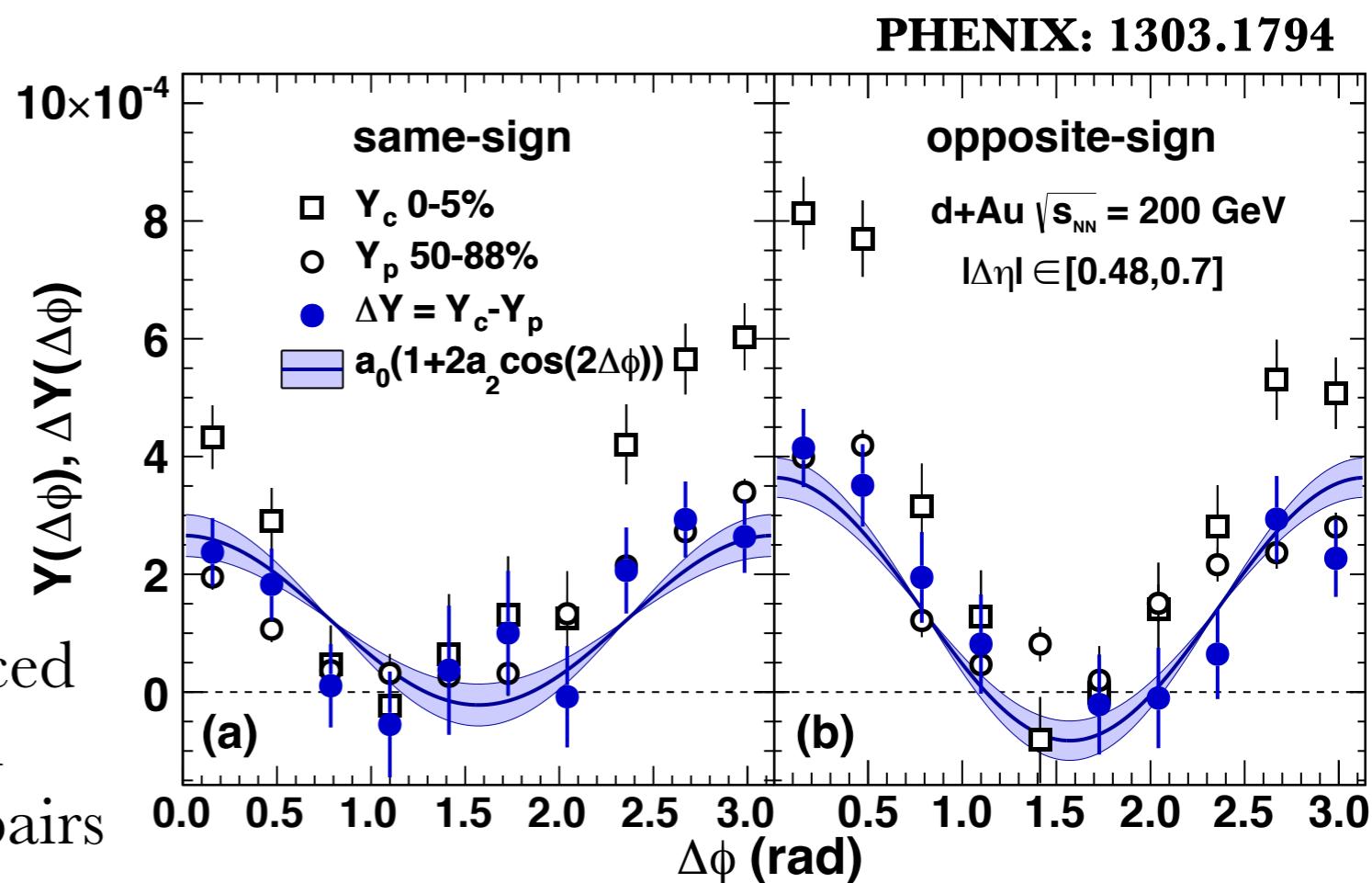


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- in progress**
- further studying with event generators
 - look for long range correlations



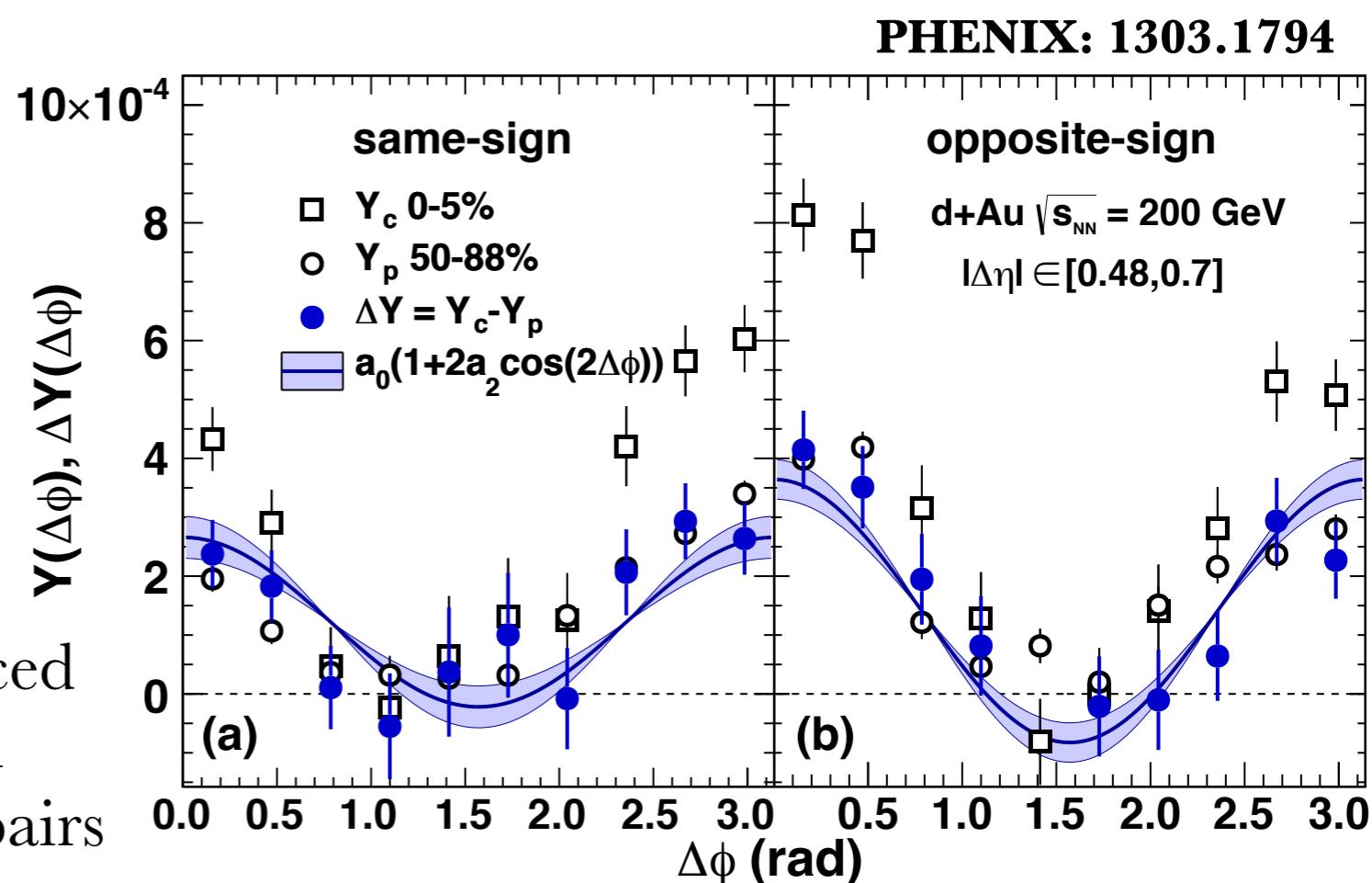
remaining jet effects?

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in progress • further studying with event generators

New! • look for long range correlations

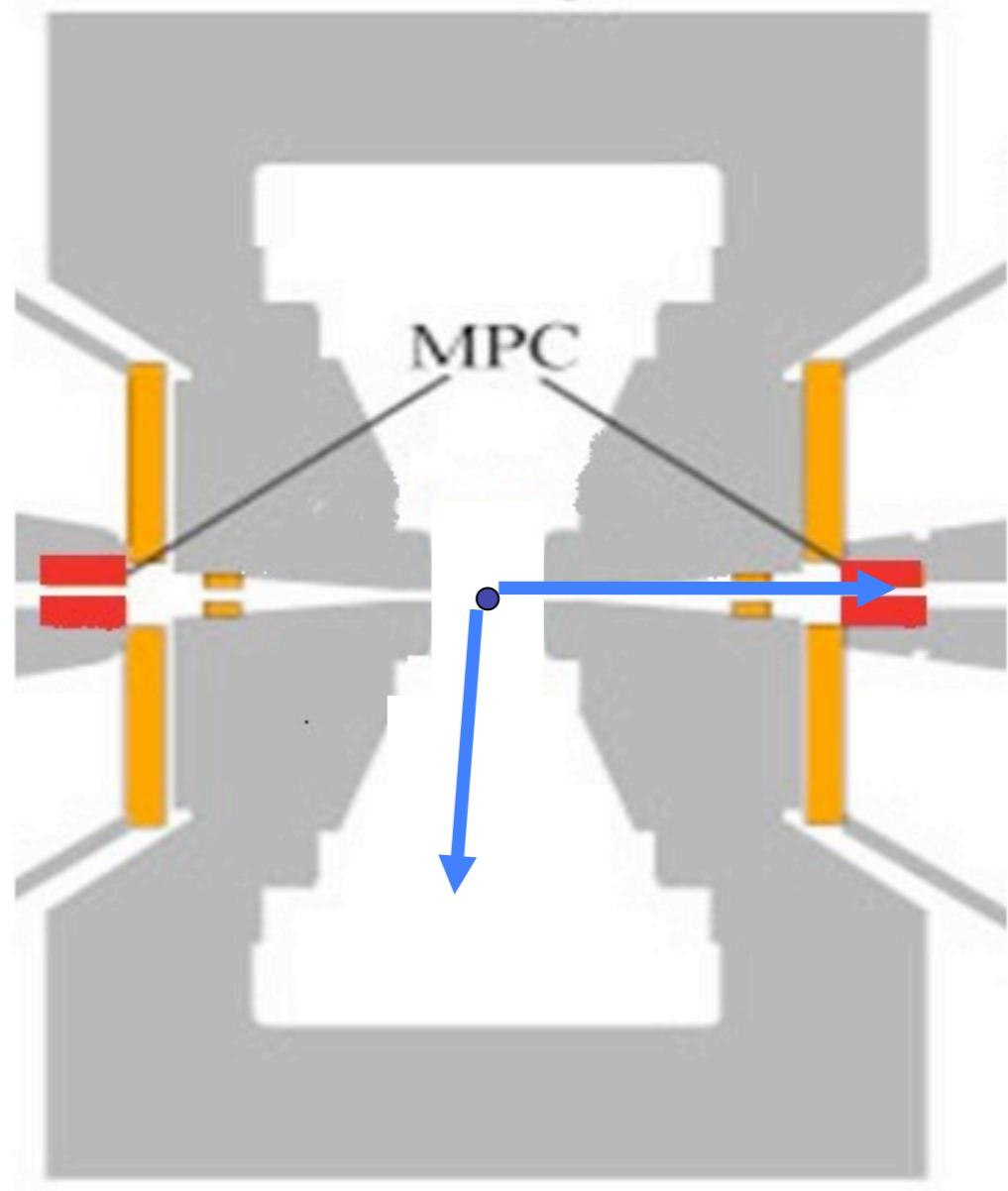
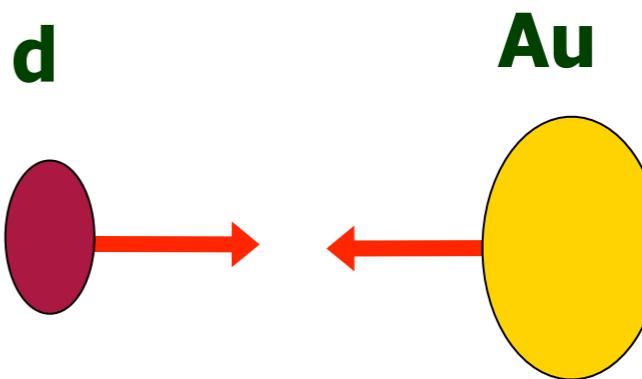
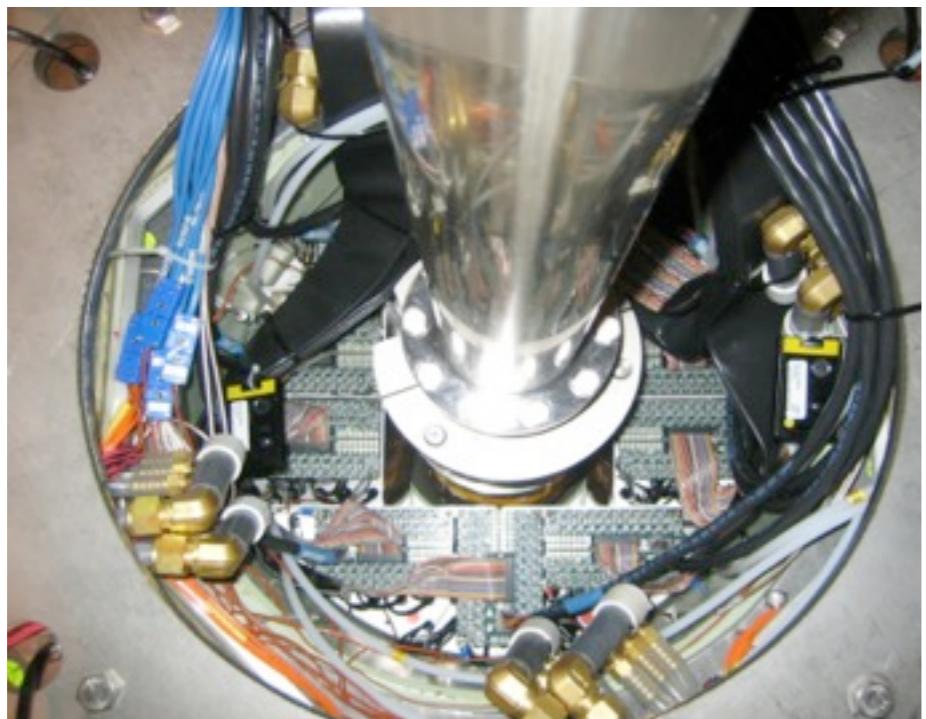


rapidity separated correlations

Muon Piston Calorimeters

both d-going & Au-
going directions

$$3 < |\eta| < 4$$



Side View

rapidity separated correlations

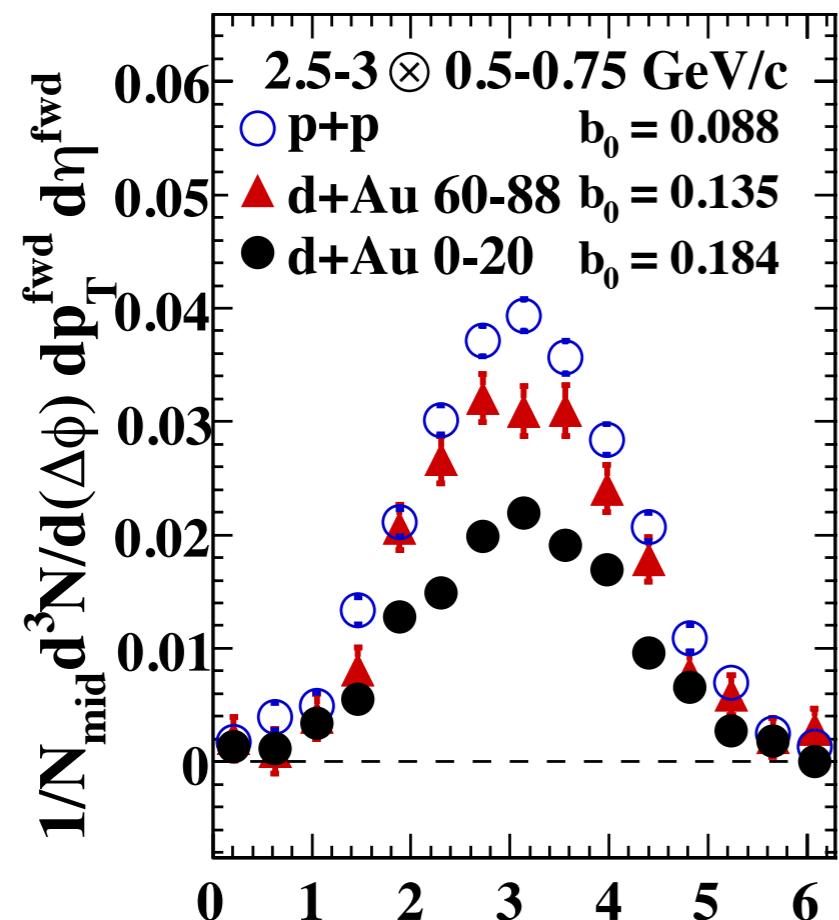
PRL 107, 172301 (2011)

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

week ending
21 OCTOBER 2011

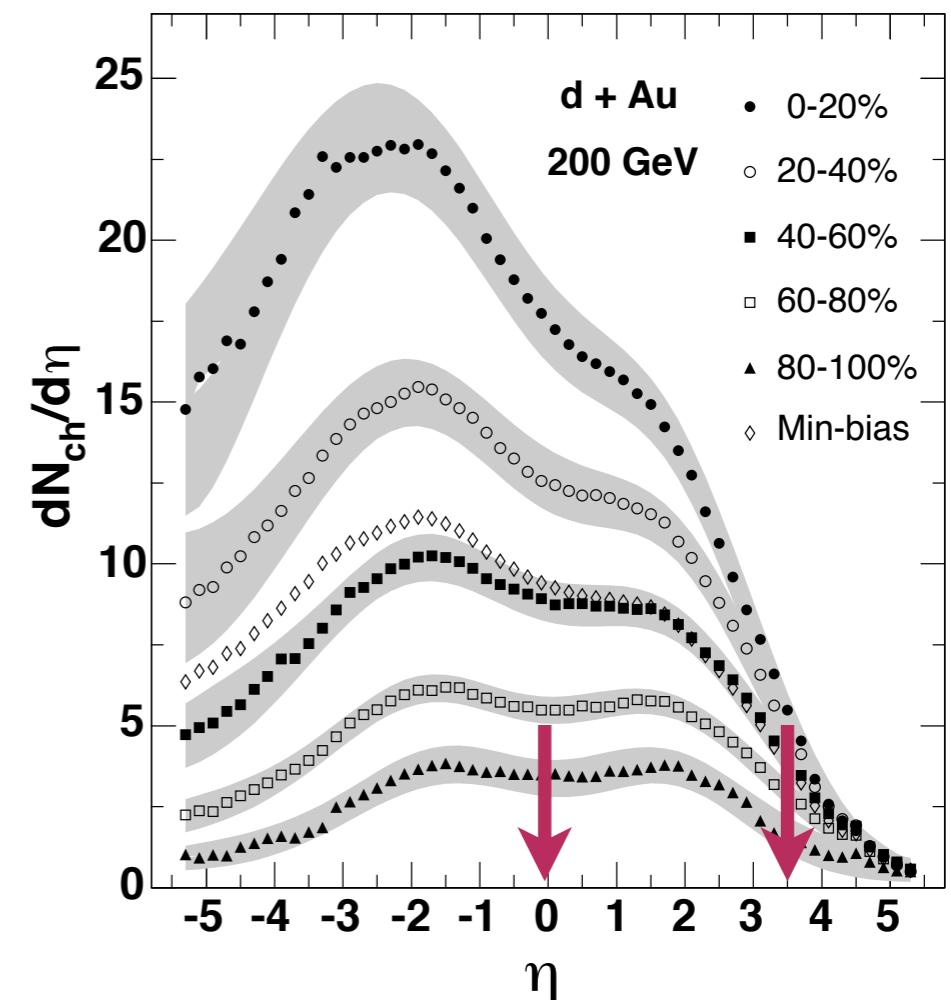
PHOBOS PRC72 031901

Suppression of Back-to-Back Hadron Pairs at Forward Rapidity
in $d + \text{Au}$ Collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$ GeV



$\Delta\phi$ (rad)
no evidence for long range correlation at $\Delta\phi \sim 0$

however, this is at relatively high p_T and only 0-20%
central → not the most sensitive place to look...

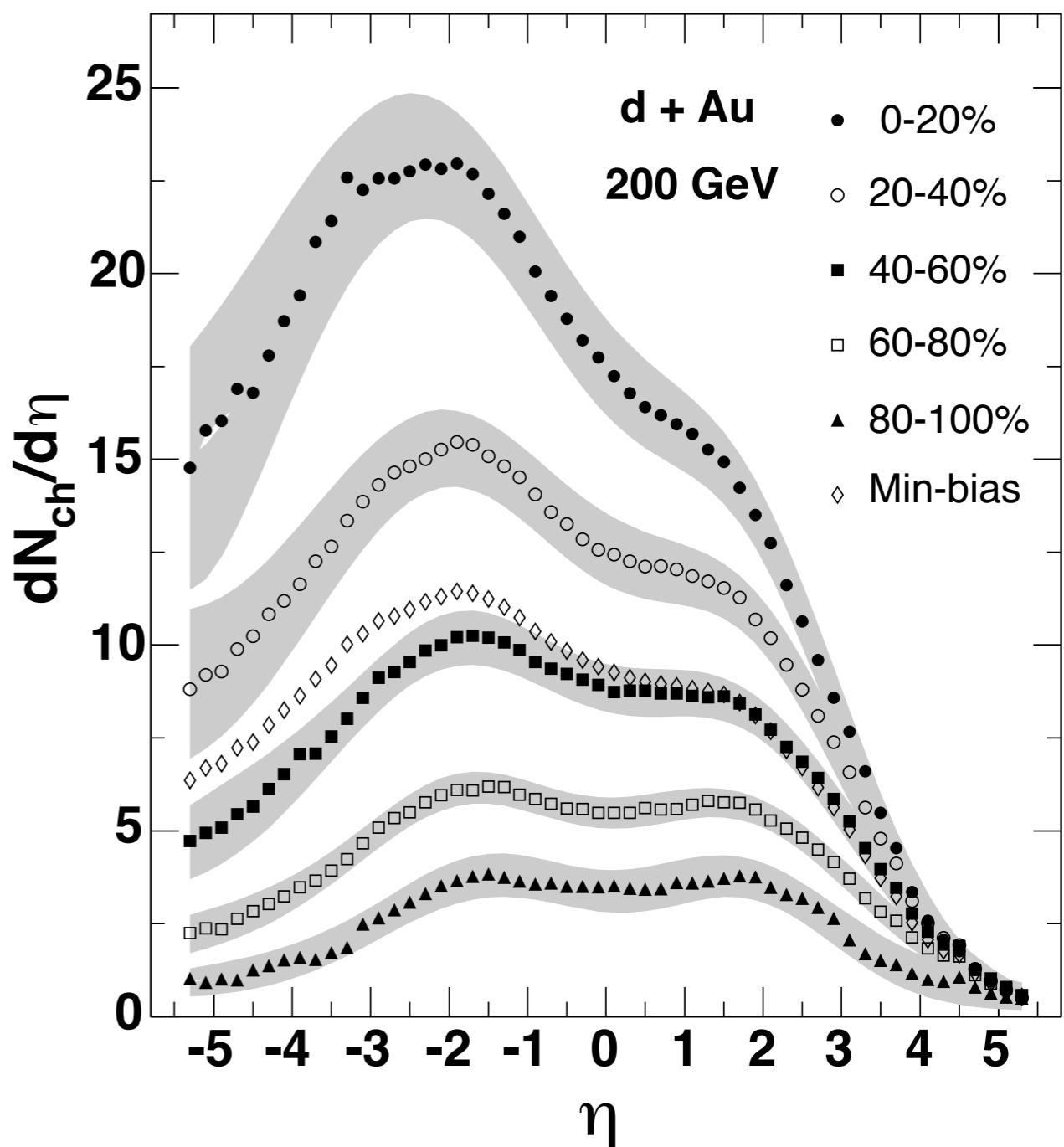


extending forward/backward correlations

NEW! Shengli Huang

- very low E_T in MPC by using energy flow rather than reconstructed particles
- sensitivity to bulk particles in calorimeter measurement
- correlate with central arm: ion range: $3 < |\Delta\eta| < 4$
- separate d-going and Au-going phenomena

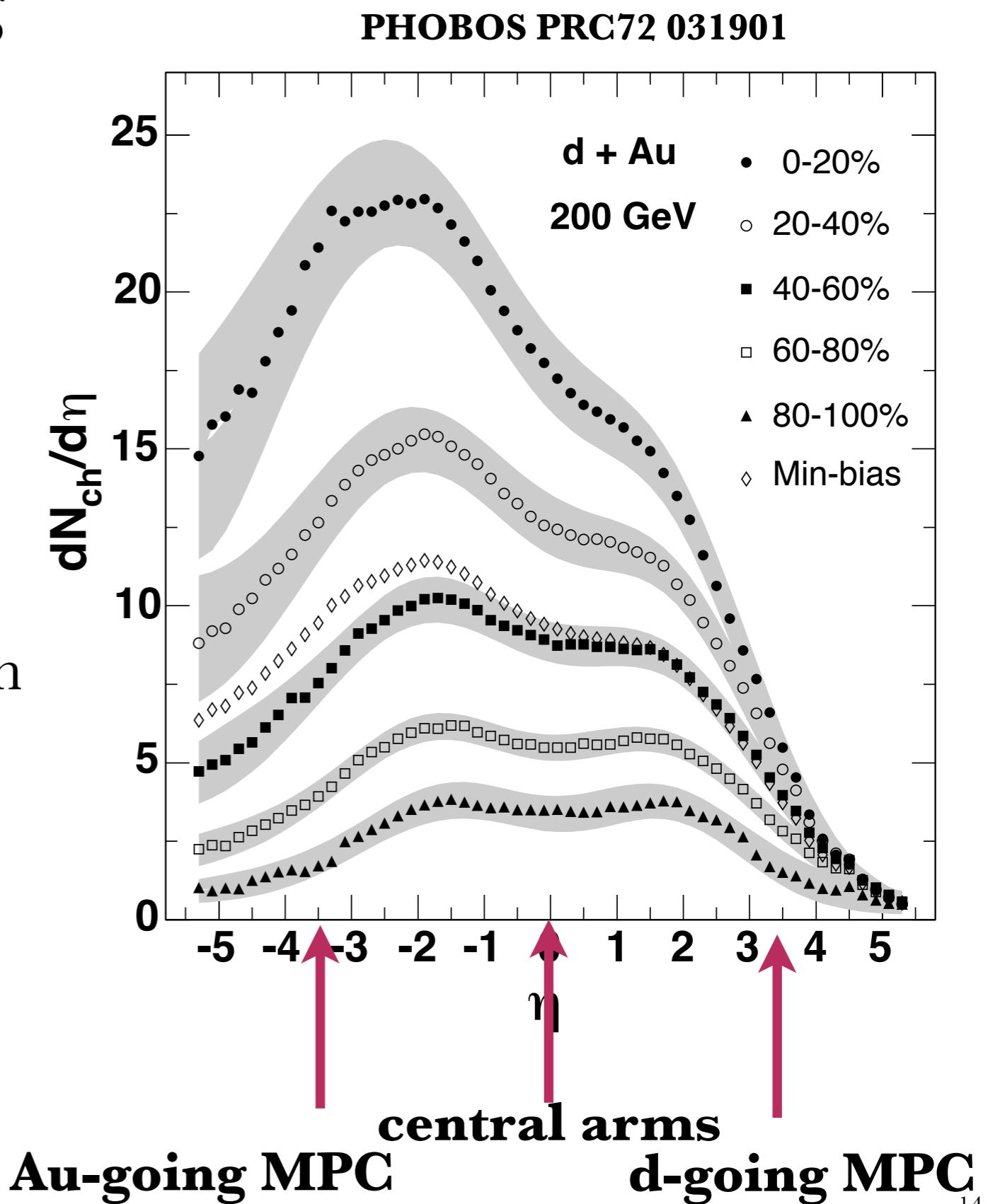
PHOBOS PRC72 031901



extending forward/backward correlations

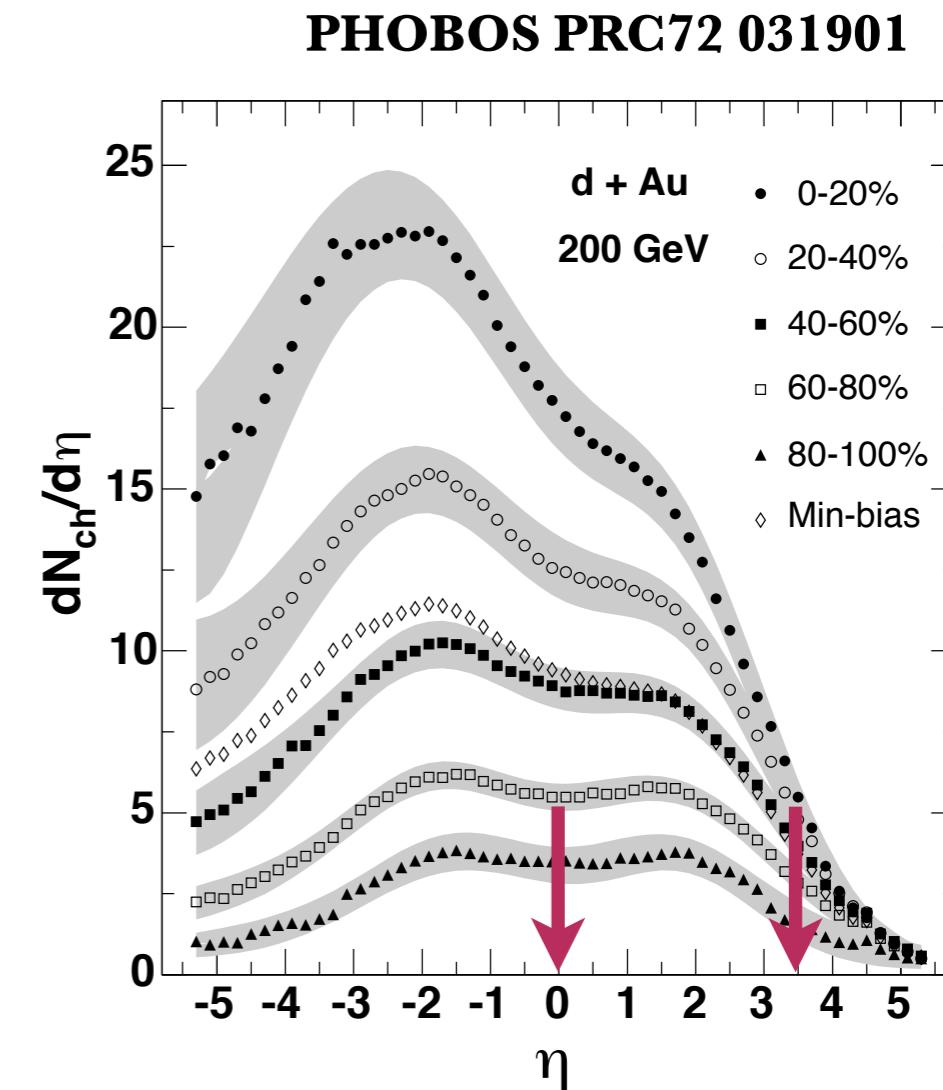
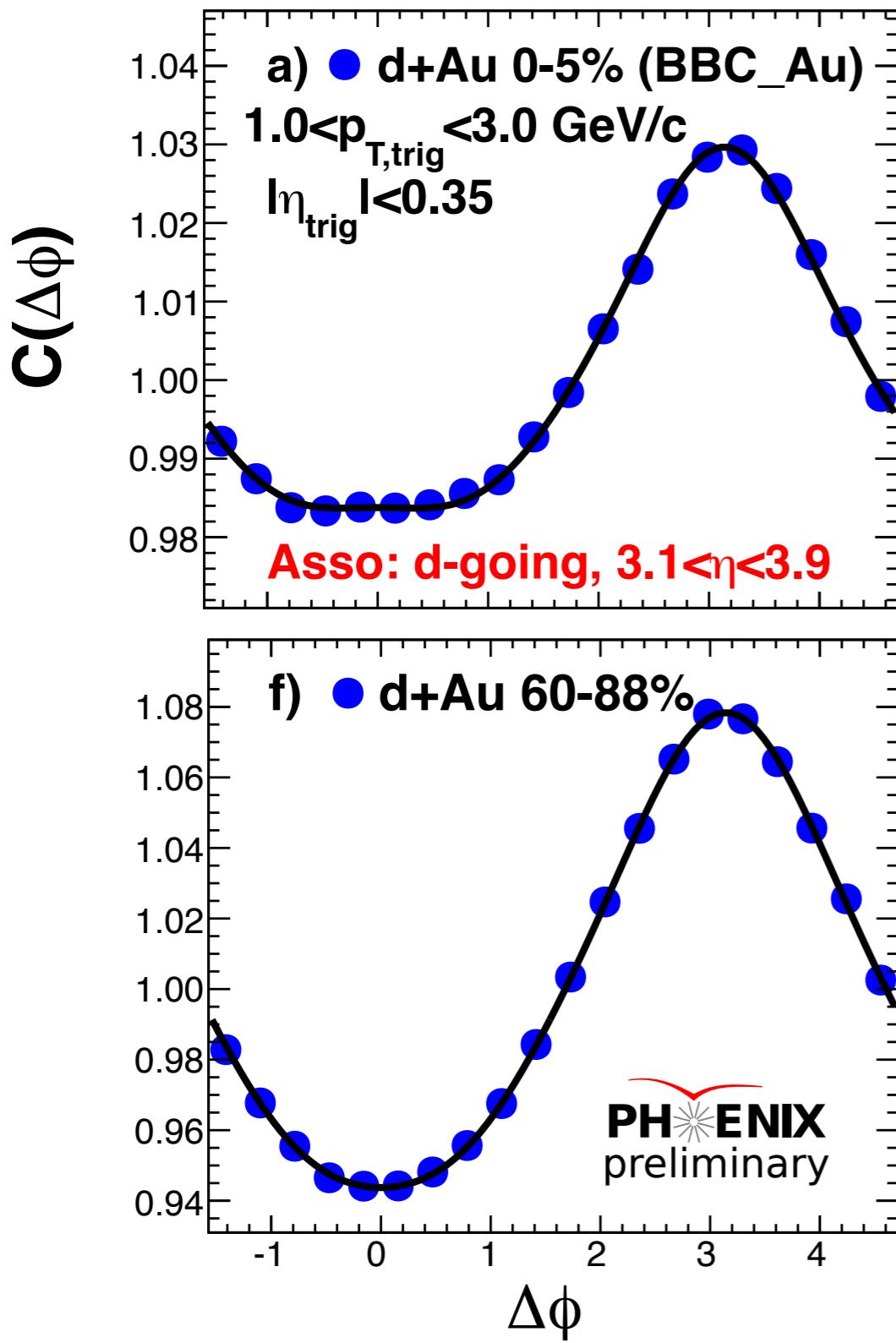
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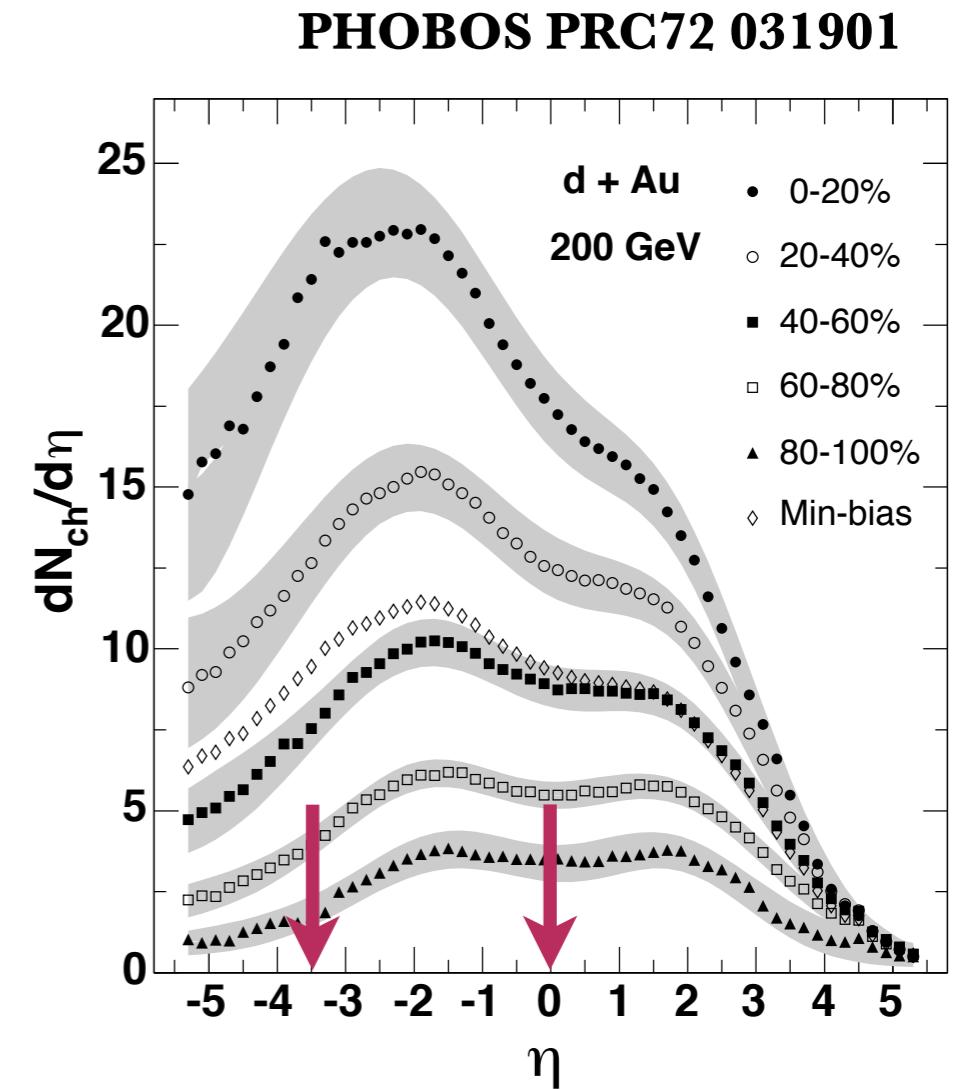
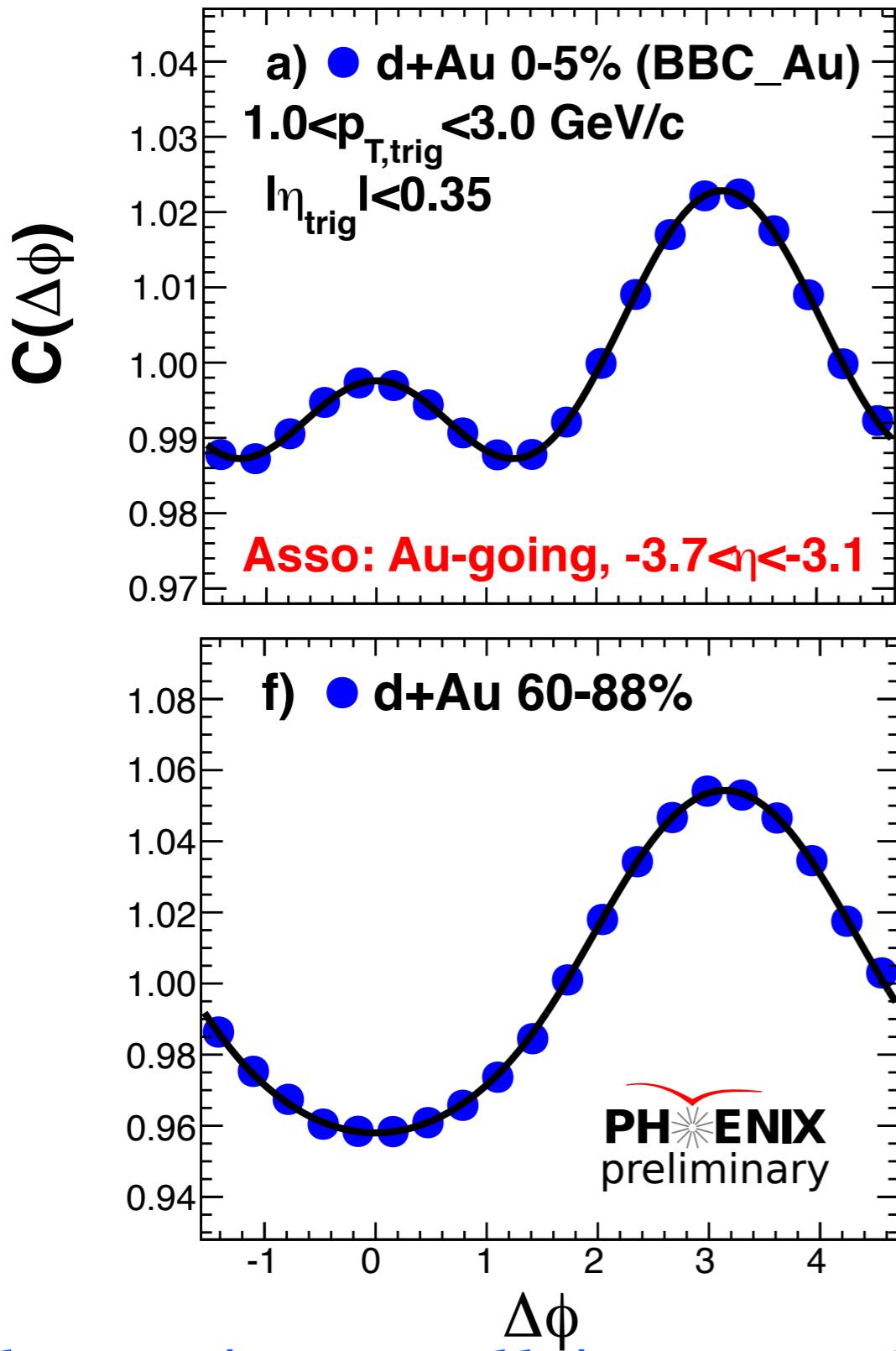
mid/d-going correlations



no small $\Delta\phi$ bump, some shape change

NEW!

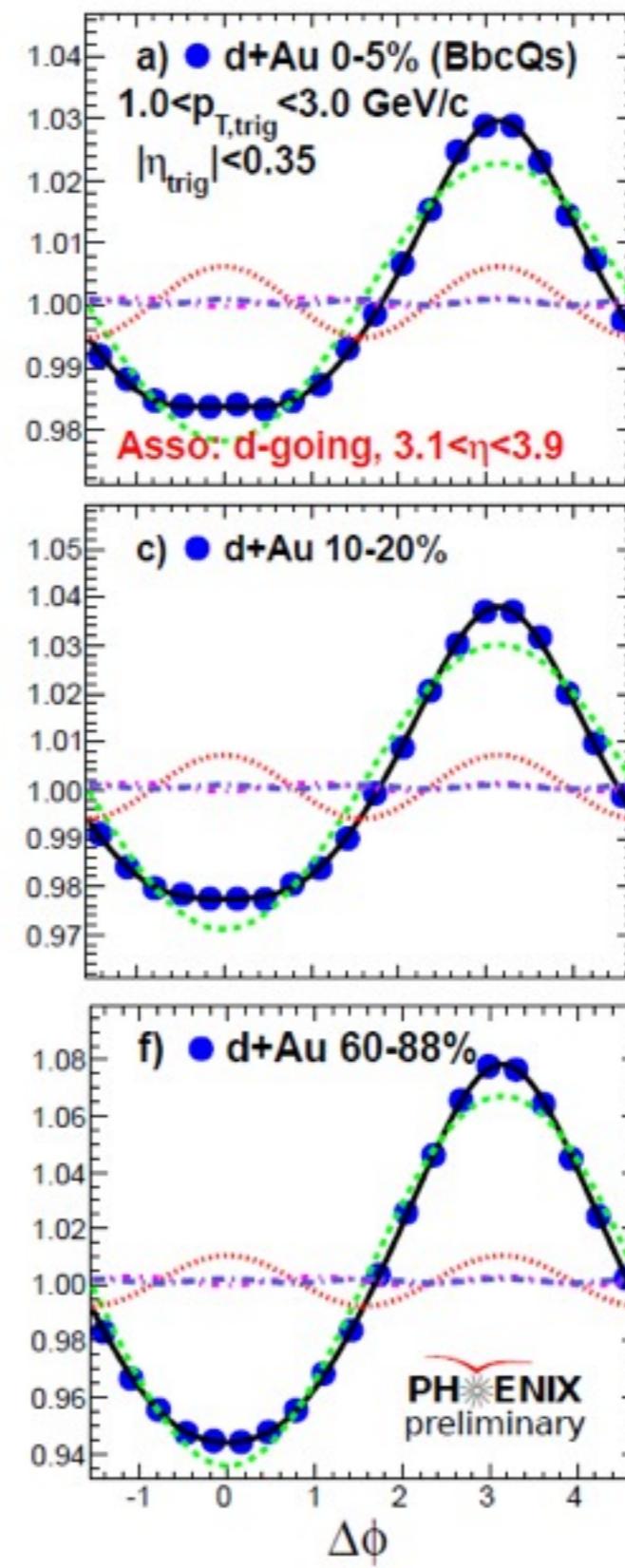
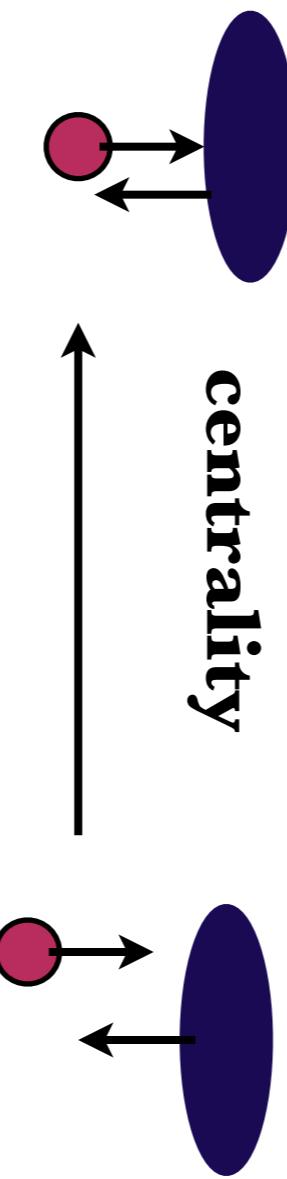
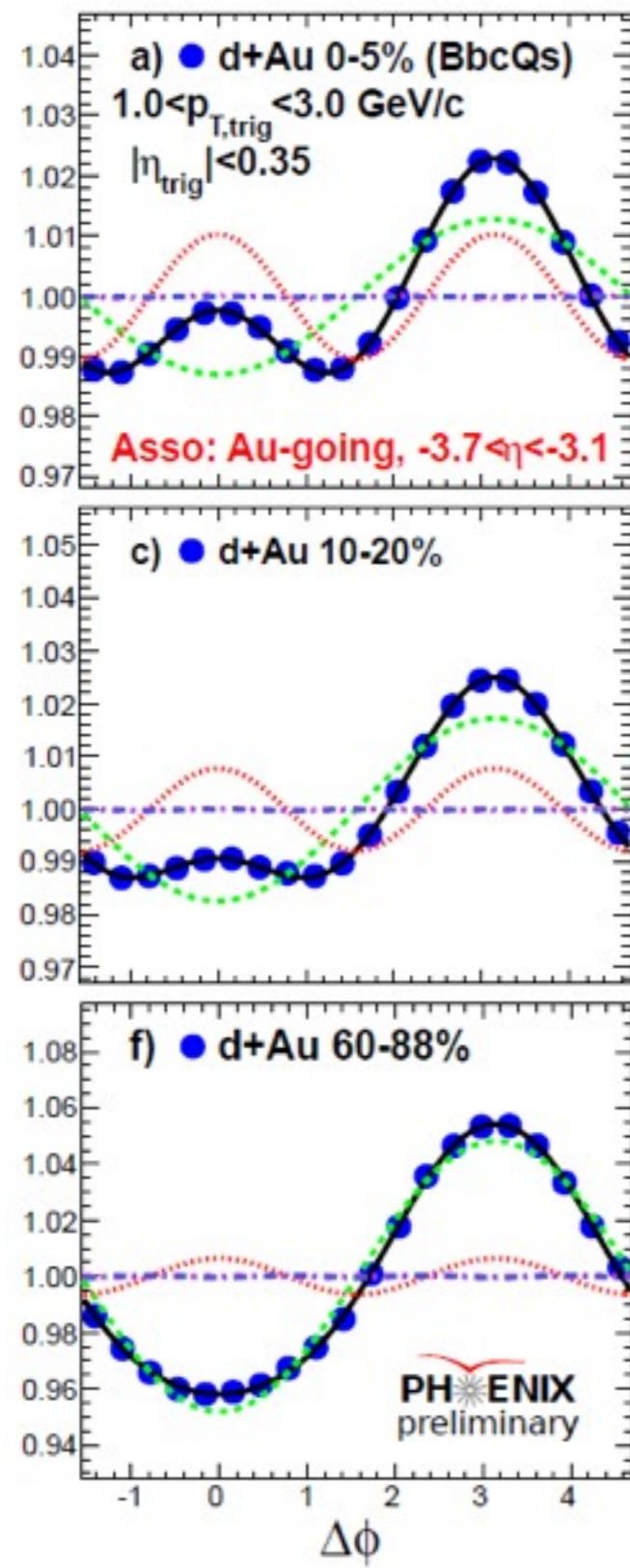
mid/Au-going correlations



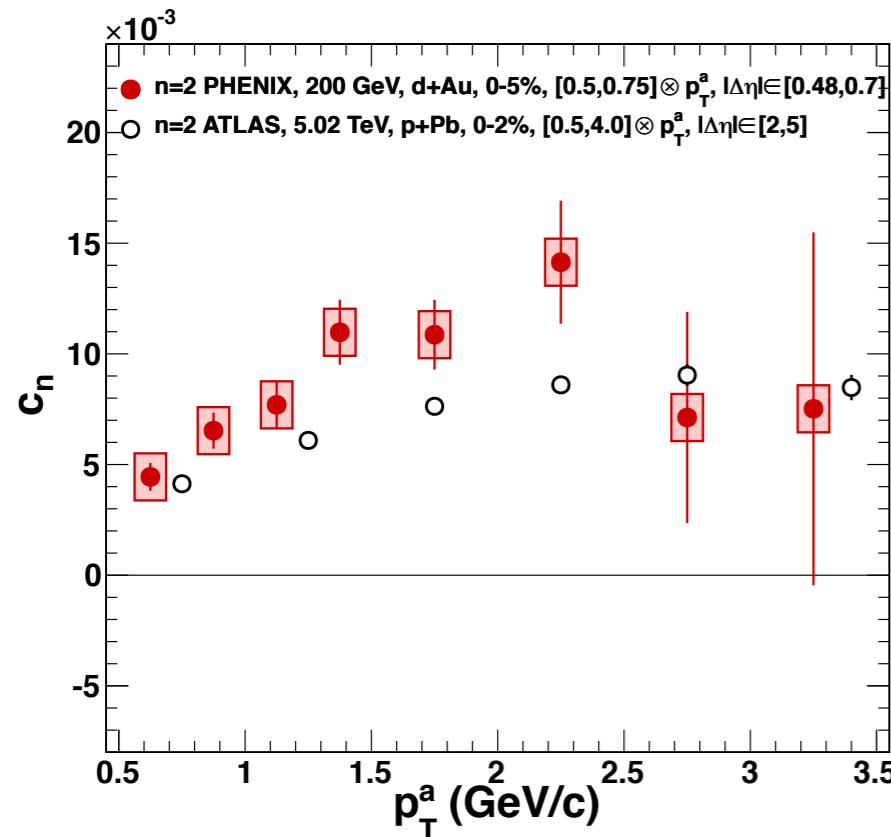
large $\Delta\eta$ small $\Delta\phi$ correlations in central dAu collisions

NEW!

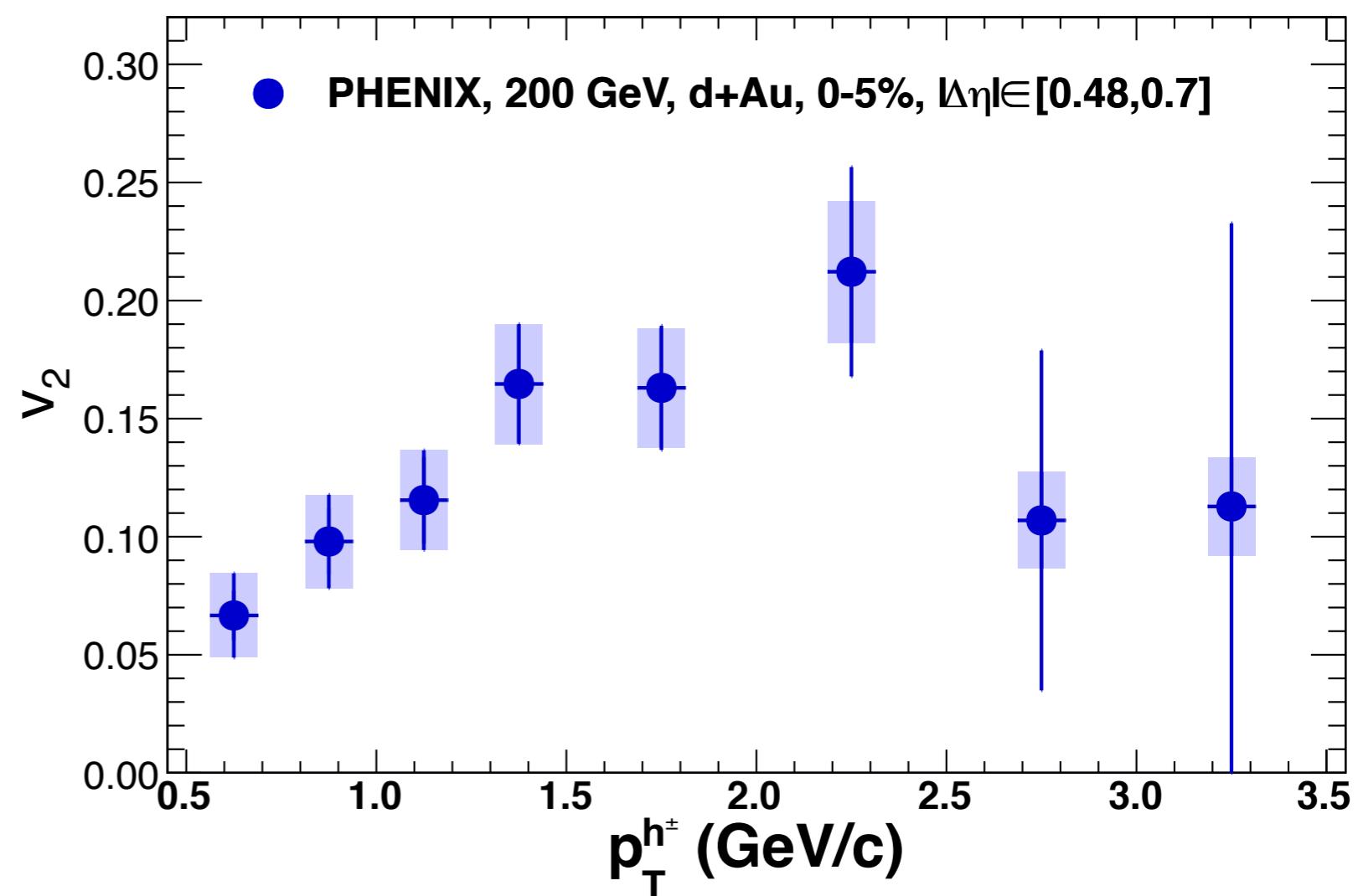
mid/Au-going correlations



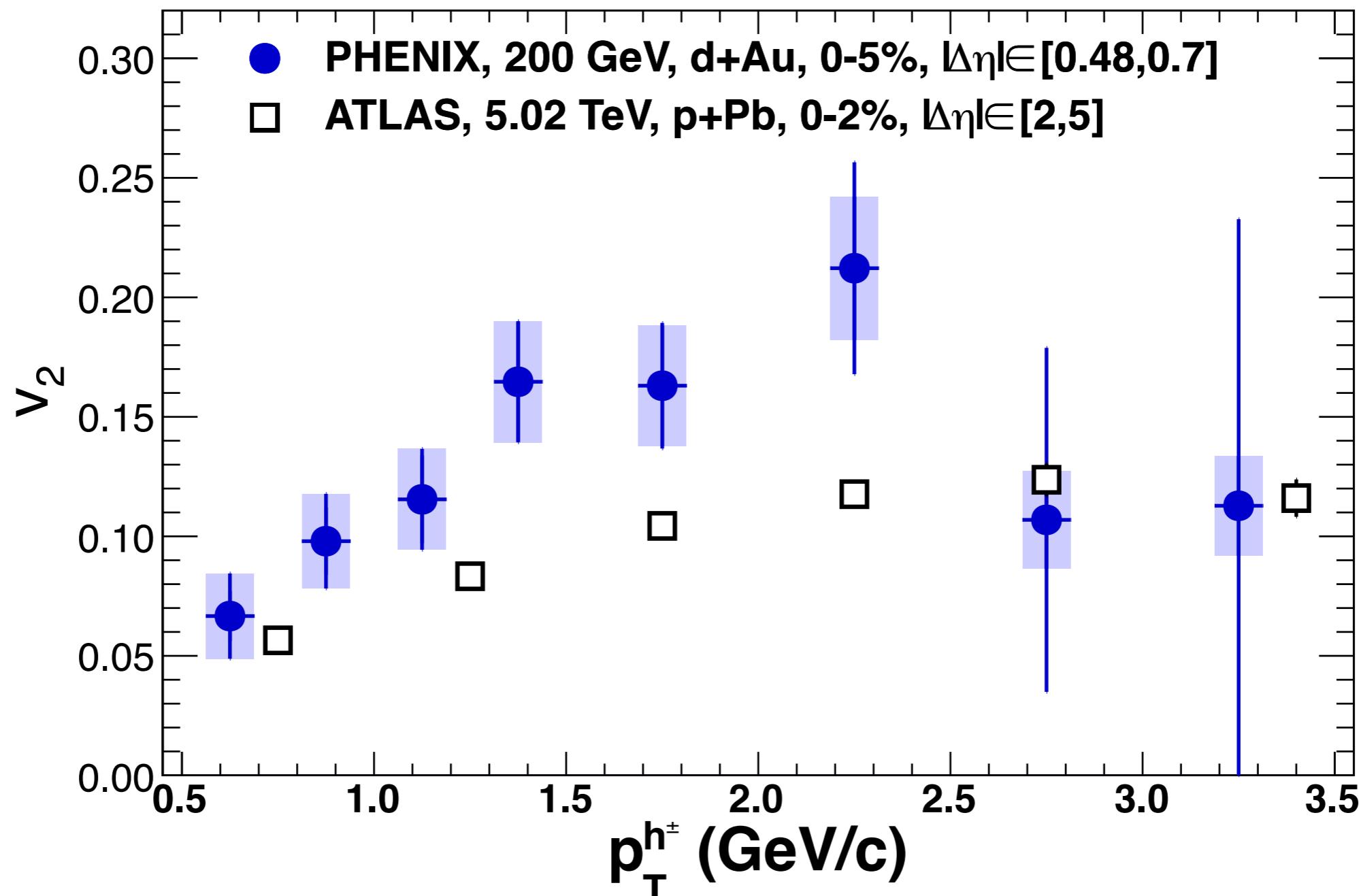
getting quantitative...



$c_2(p_{T,a}, p_{T,b}) = v_2(p_{T,a})v_2(p_{T,b})$
 → factorization assumption: two particle modulation is the product of the single particle anisotropies,
 no inconsistencies with this assumption found

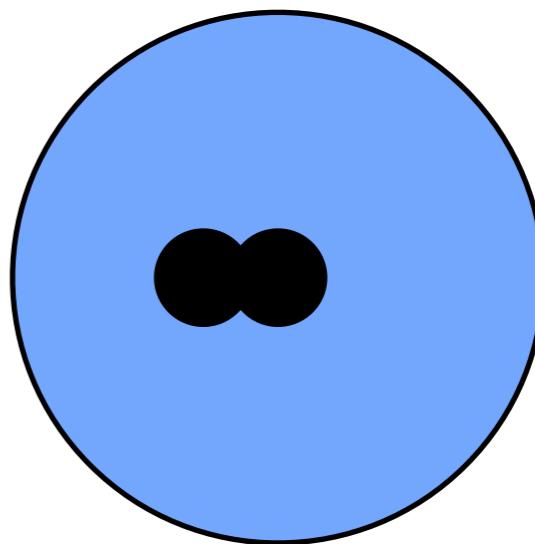
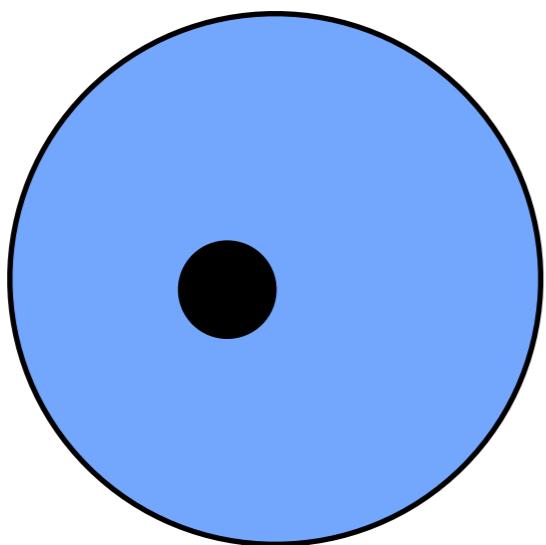


comparison with LHC results

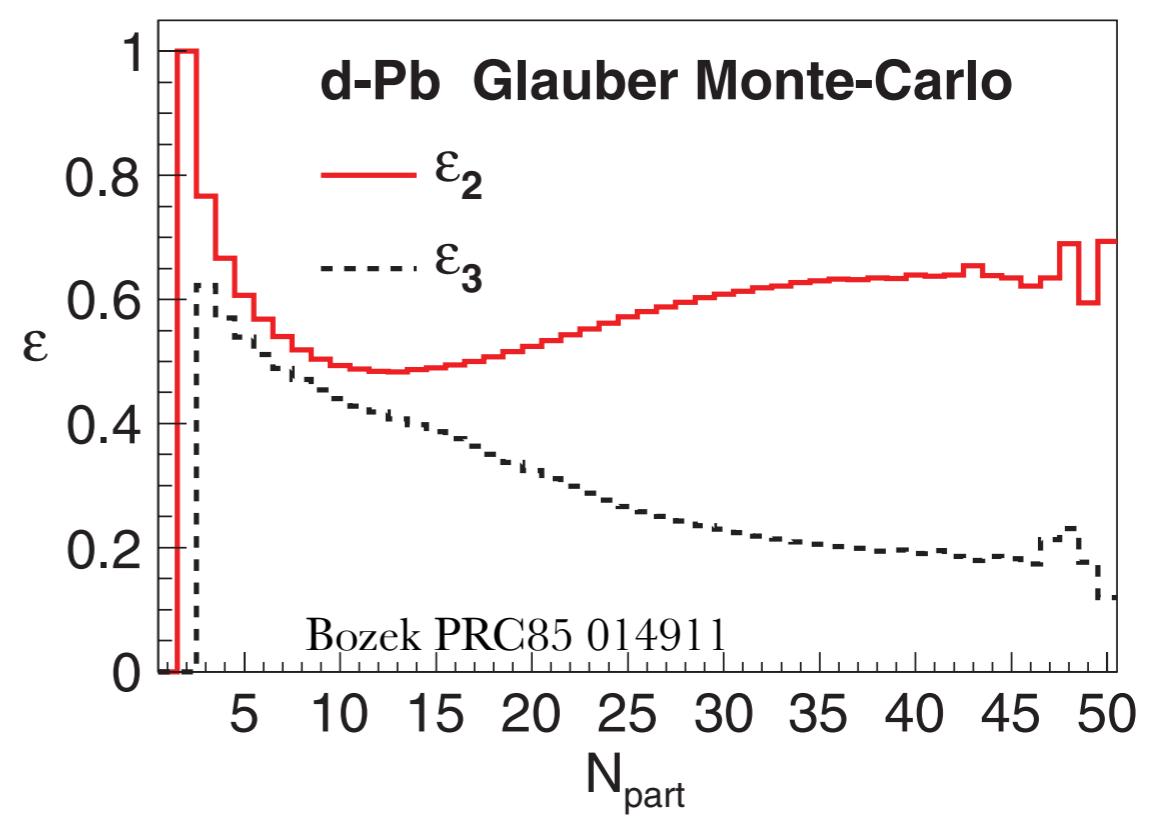
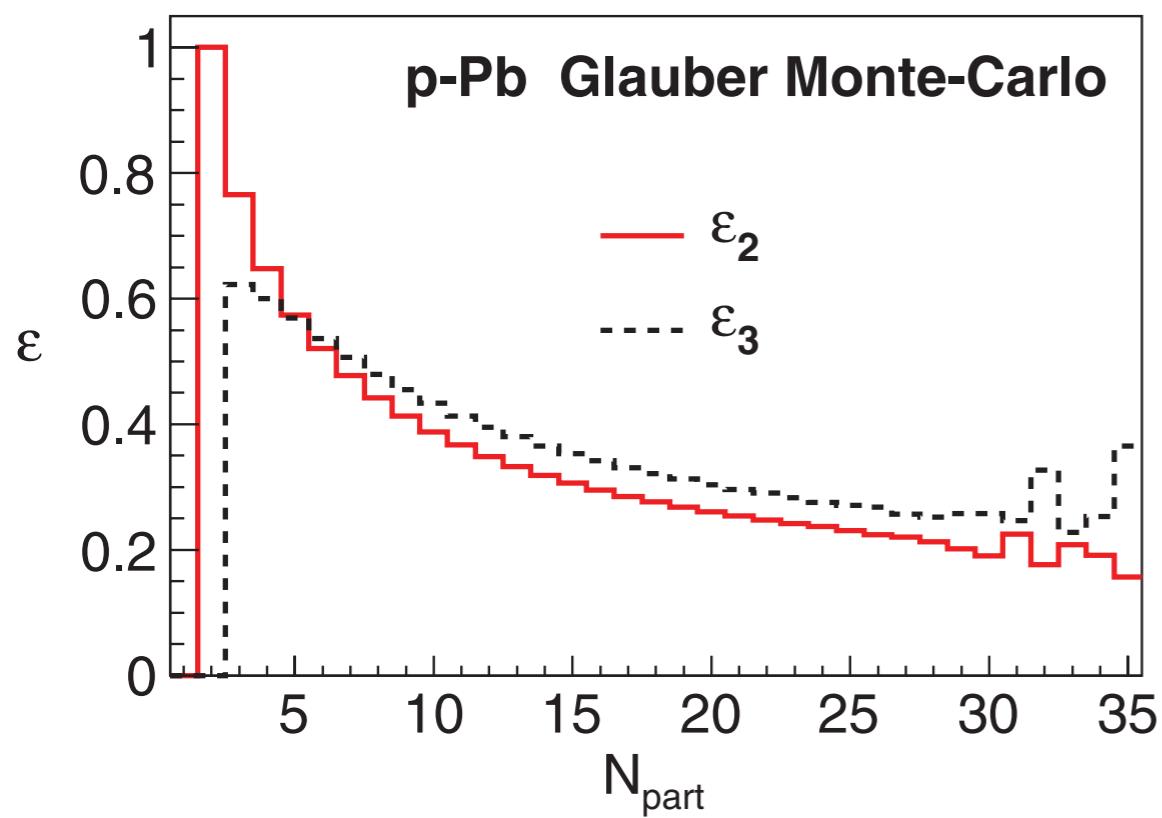
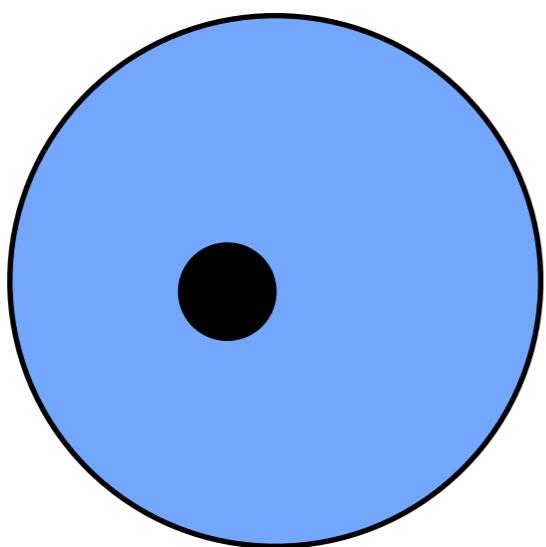


significantly larger v_2 at RHIC than at ATLAS for similar centrality selection

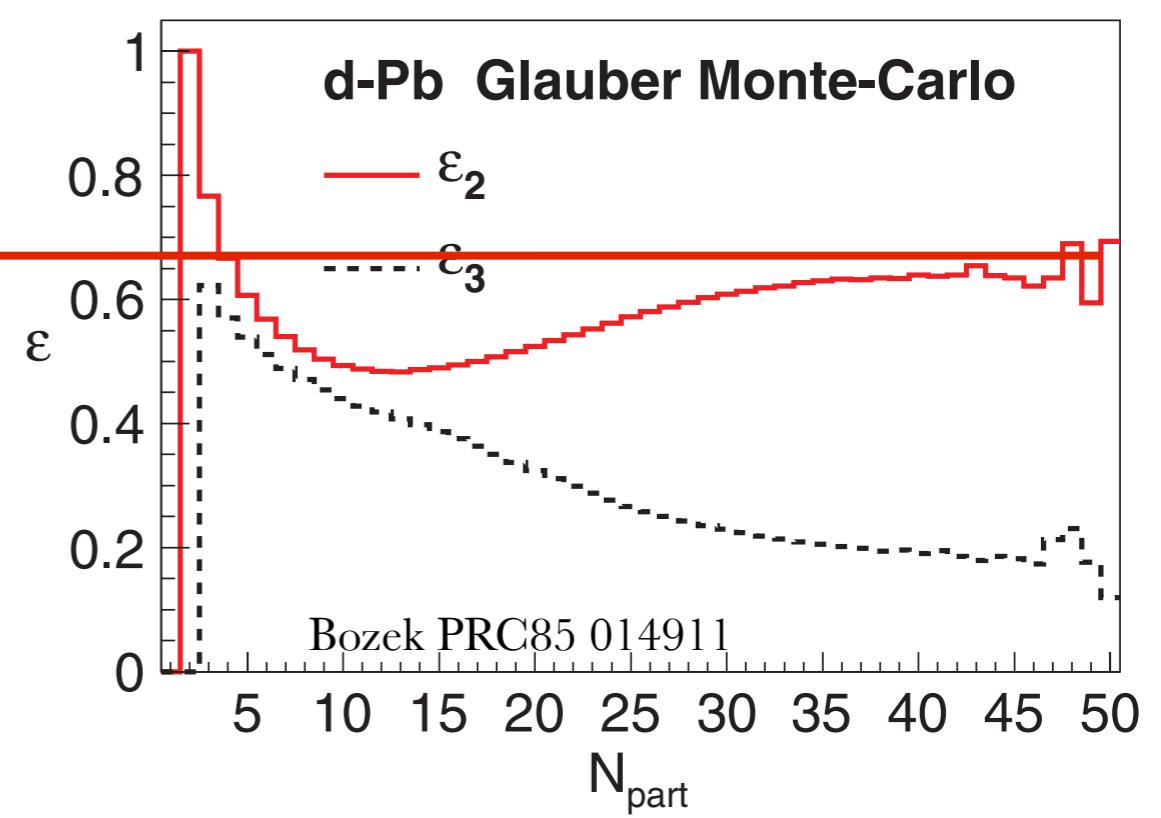
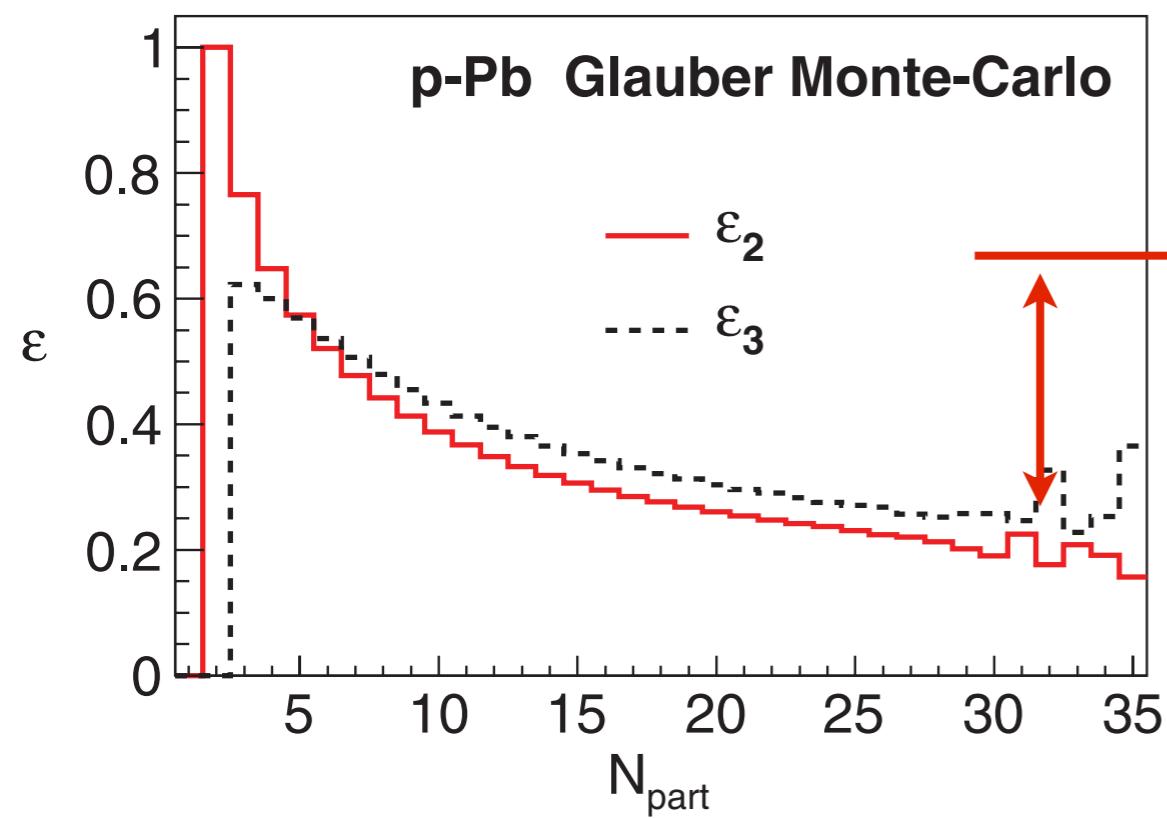
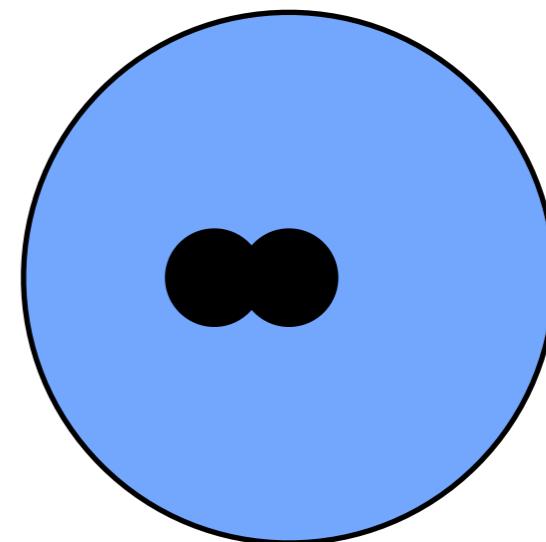
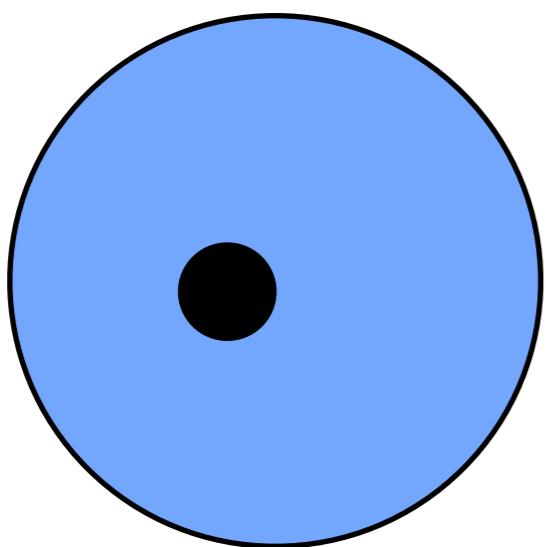
pPb vs dAu



pPb vs dAu

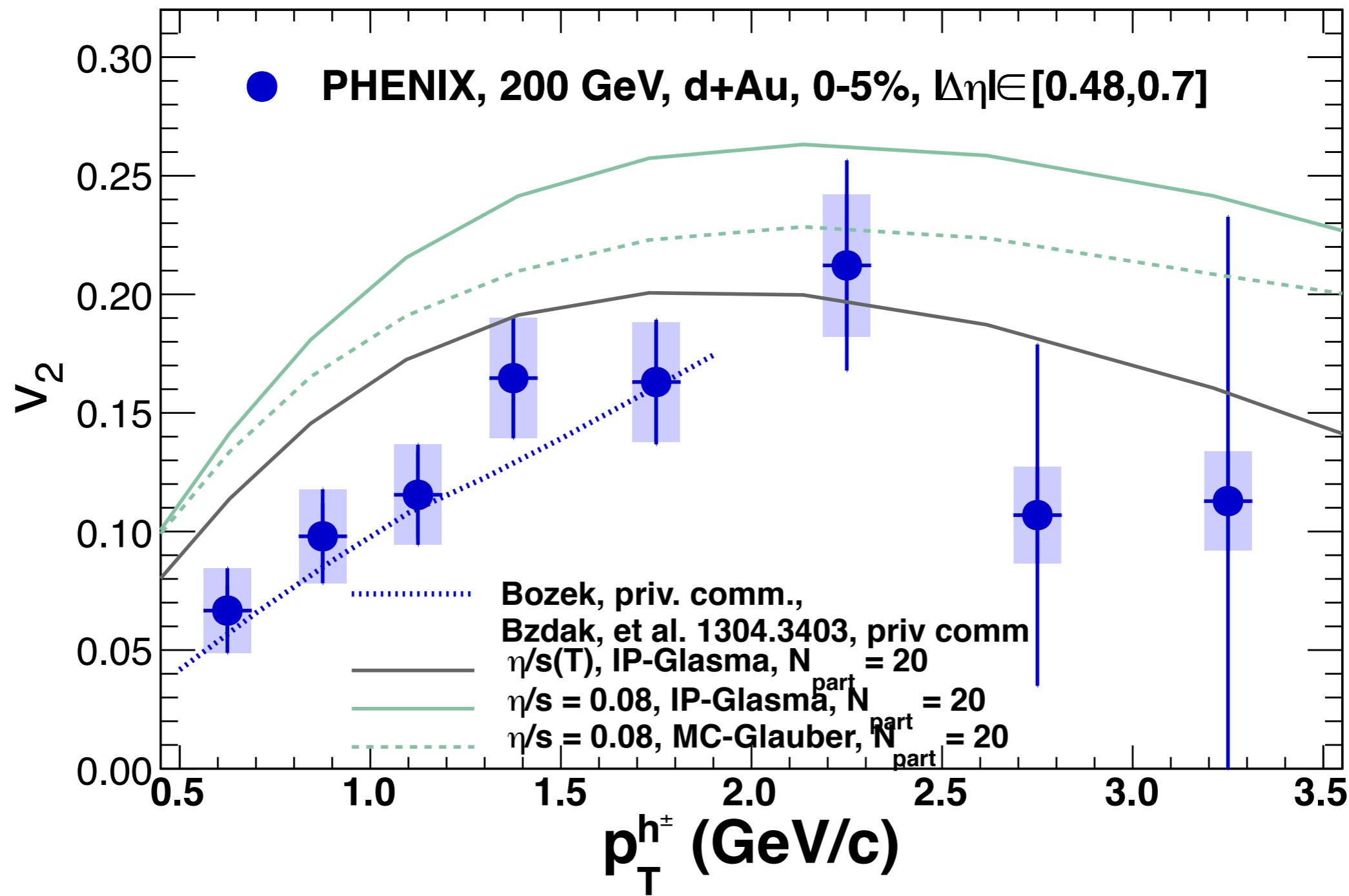


pPb vs dAu



d+A central collisions have much larger ε_2 than p+A

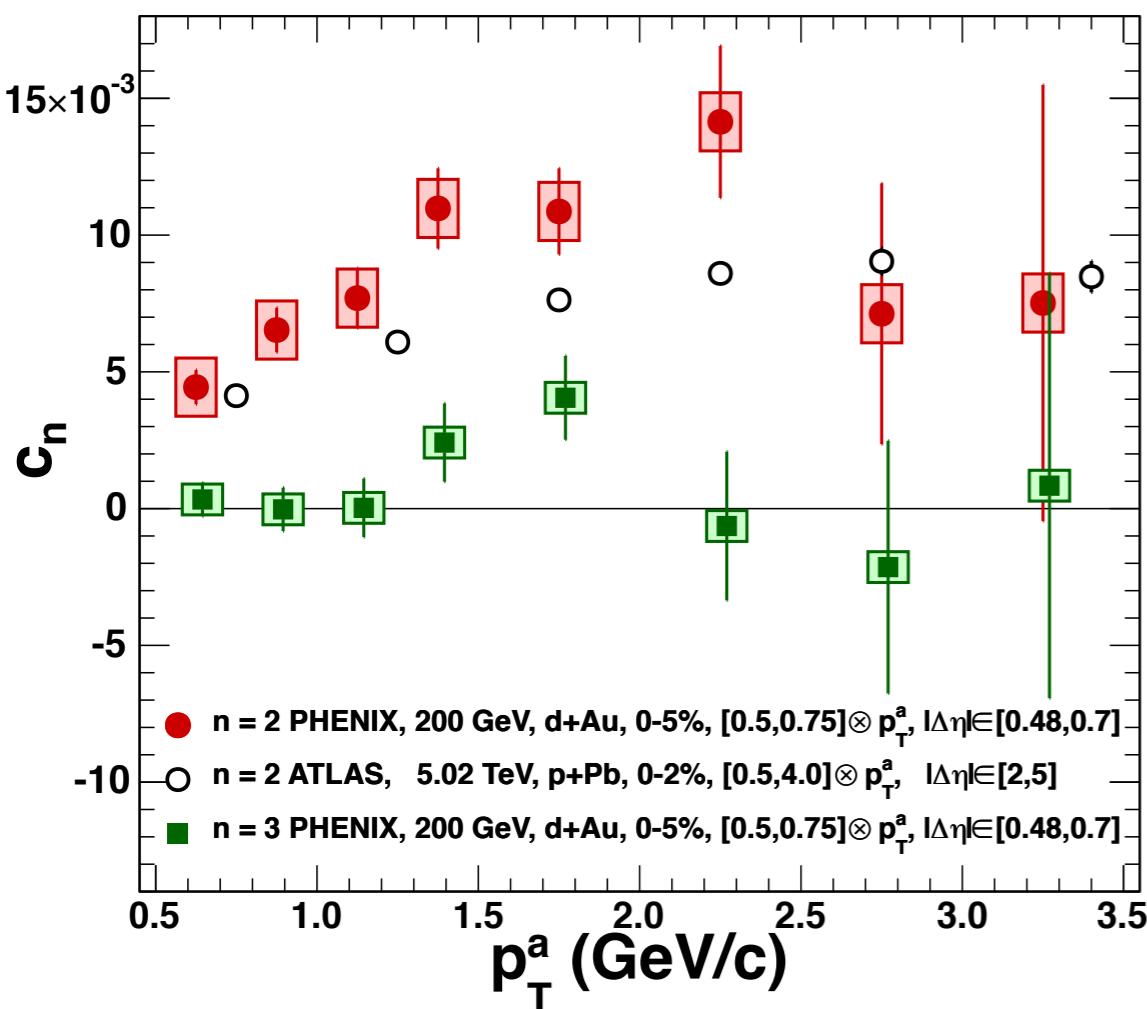
comparison to hydro calculations



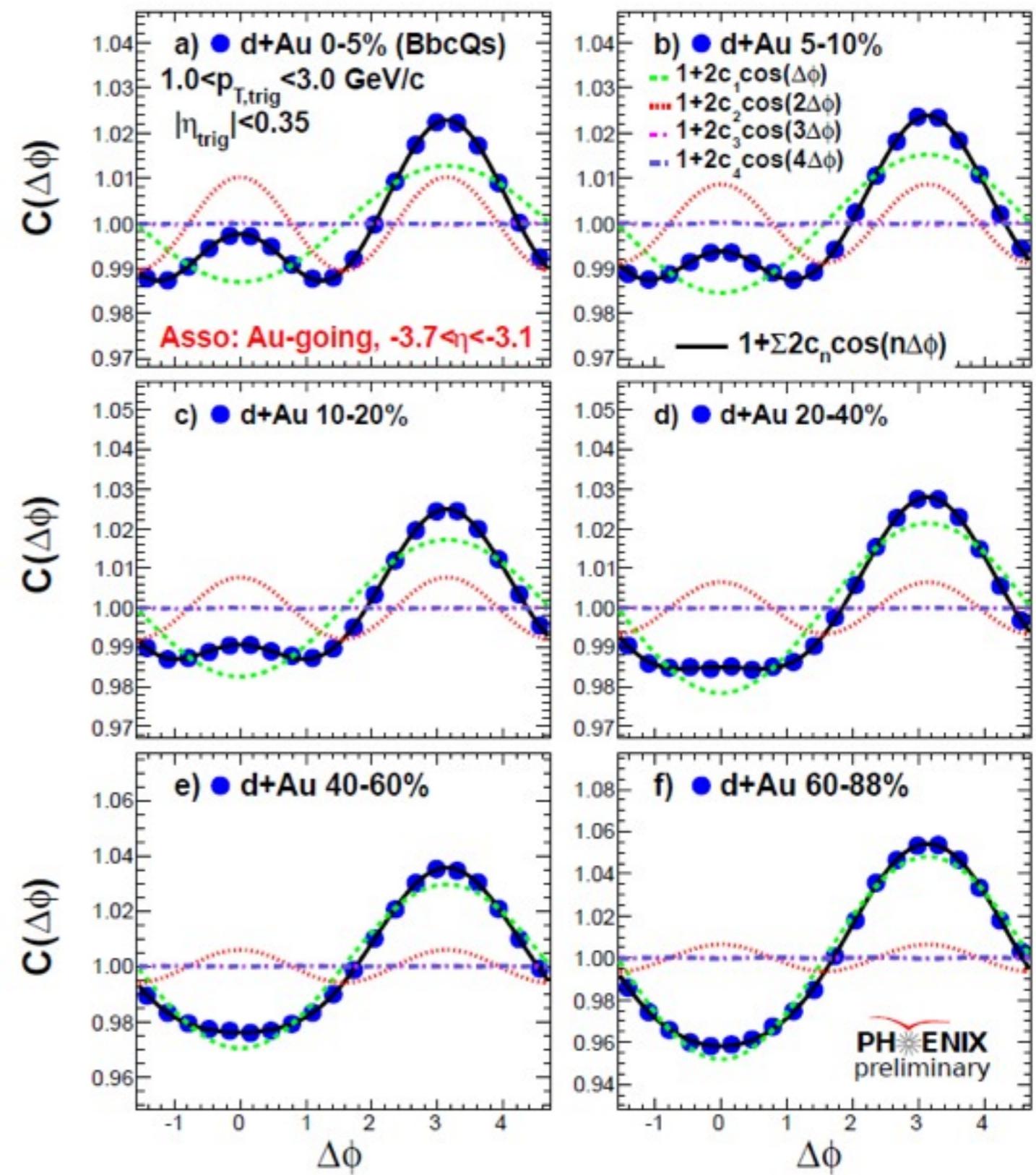
good qualitative agreement with hydro calculations

n.b. Bzdak et al calculations at fixed N_{part}

V3 at RHIC?



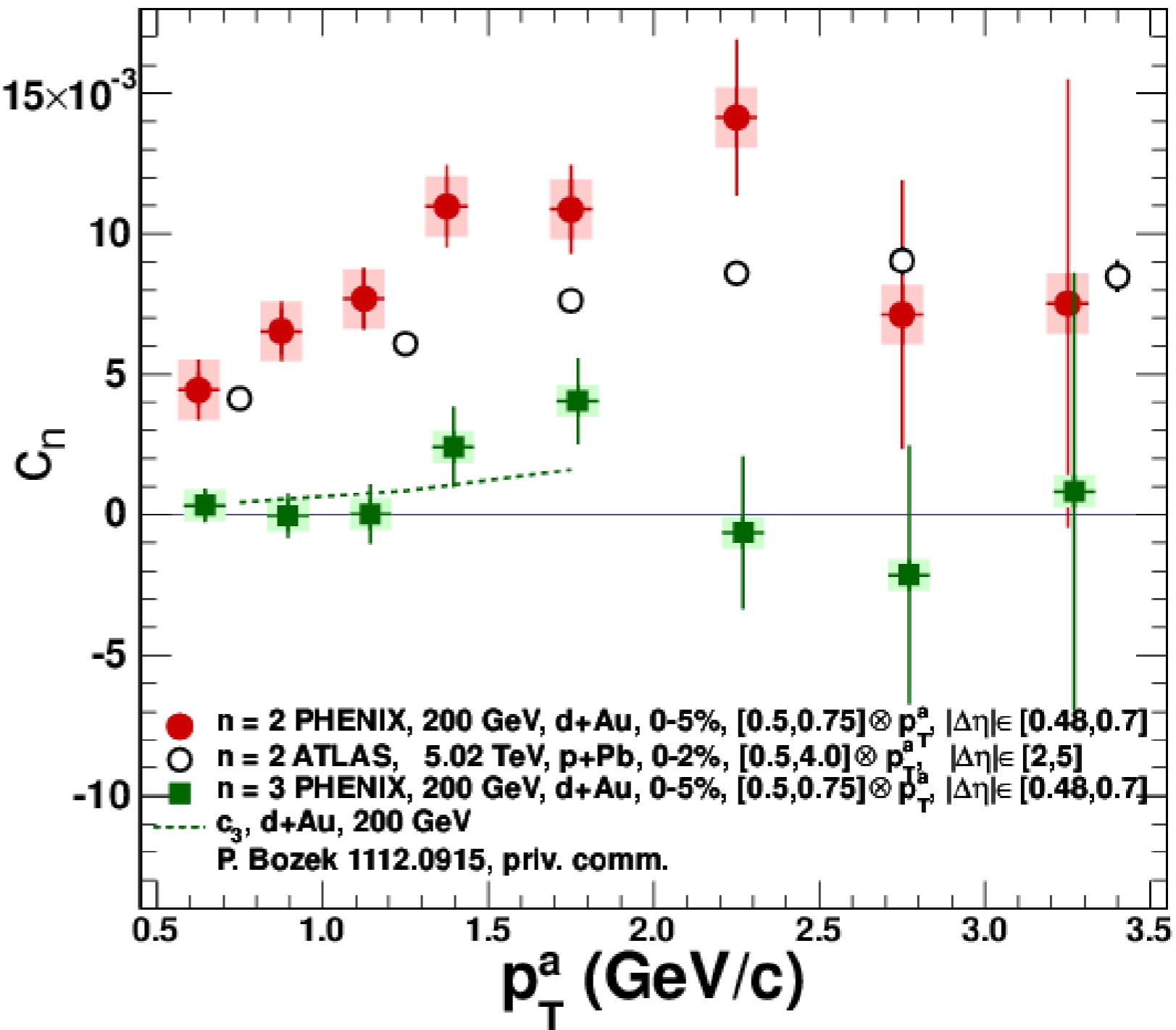
no evidence for significant v_3



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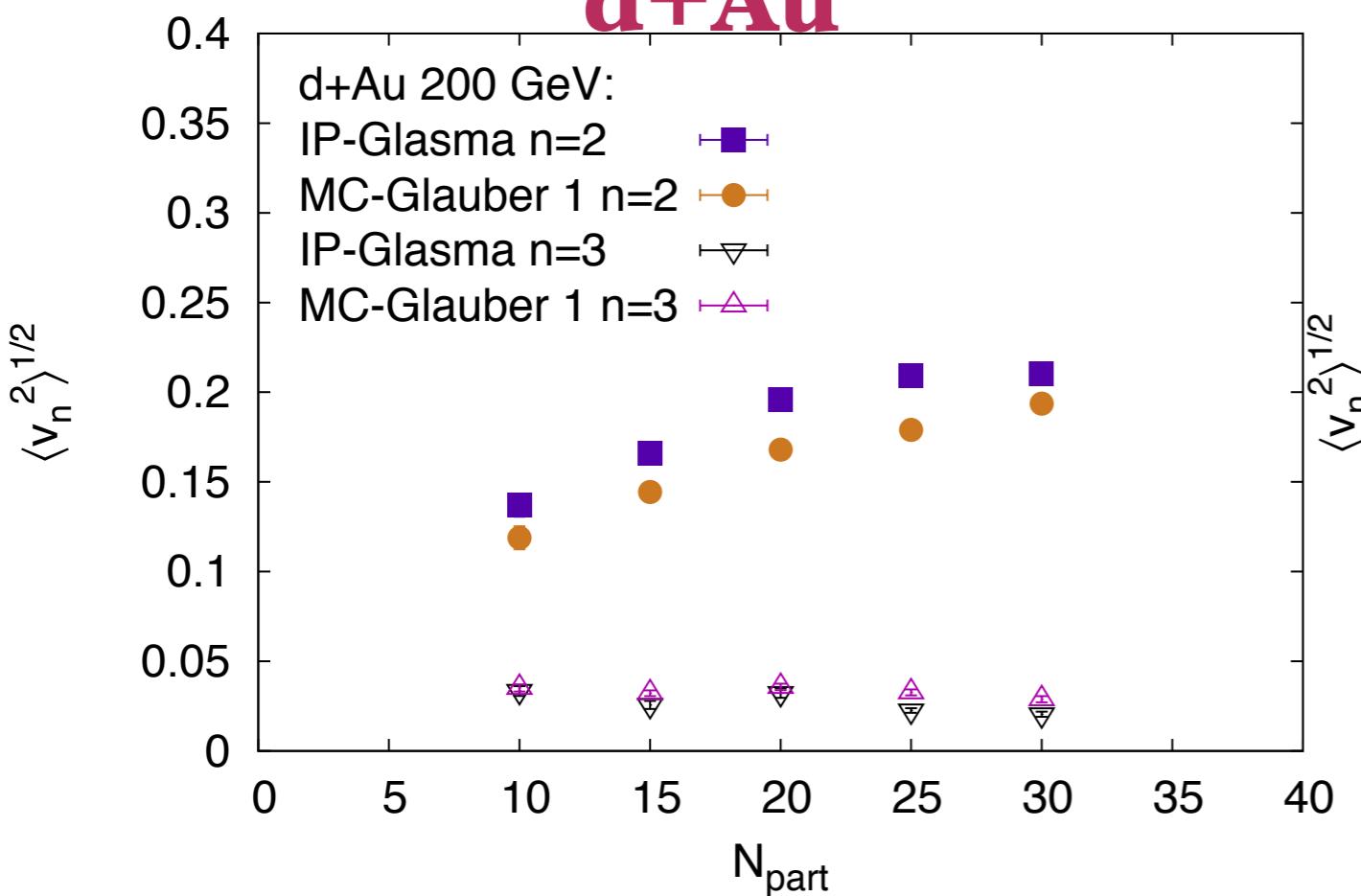
what v_3 might be expected?

**Bozek finds $v_3 < 5\%$
at $p_T = 2\text{GeV}/c$,
consistent with our
 c_3 values**

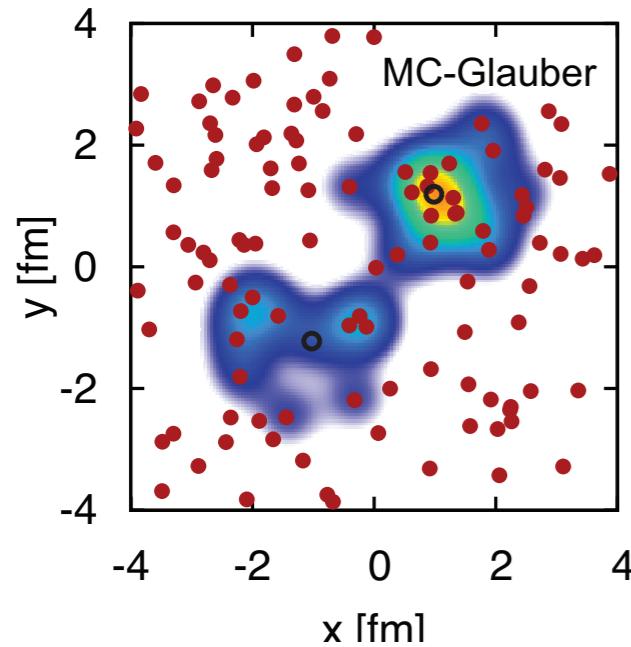
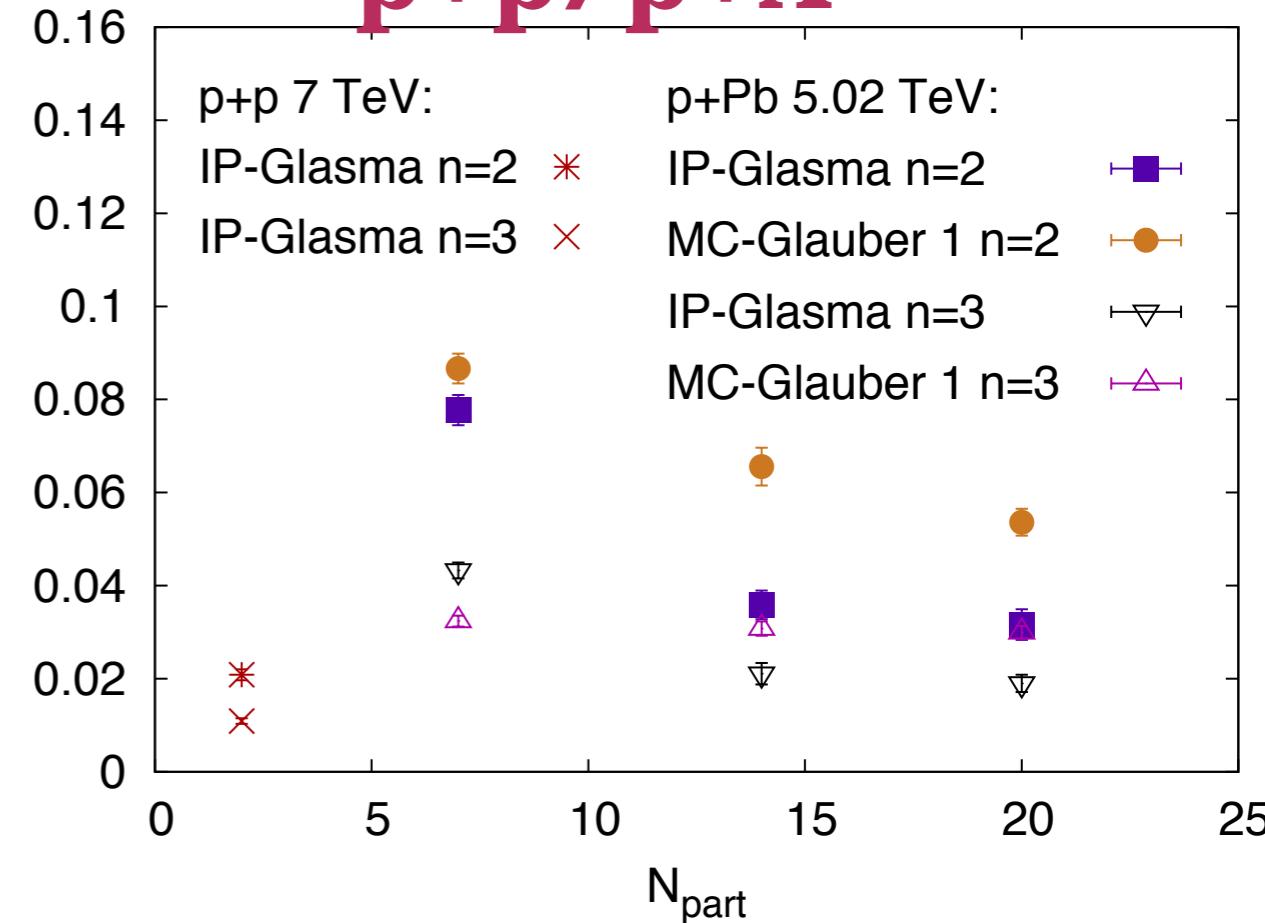


V₂ vs. V₃ in hydrodynamics

d+Au



p+p/p+A

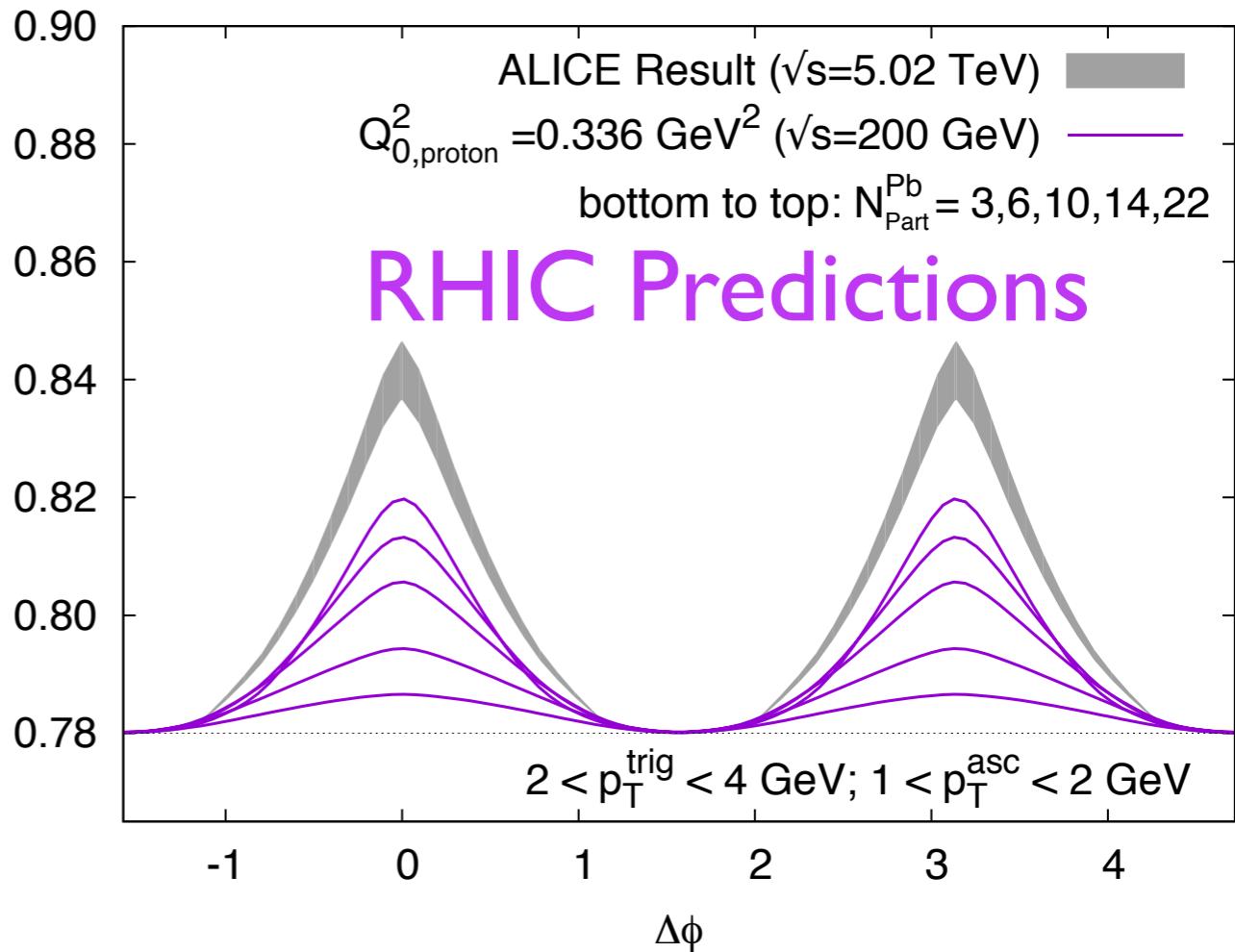
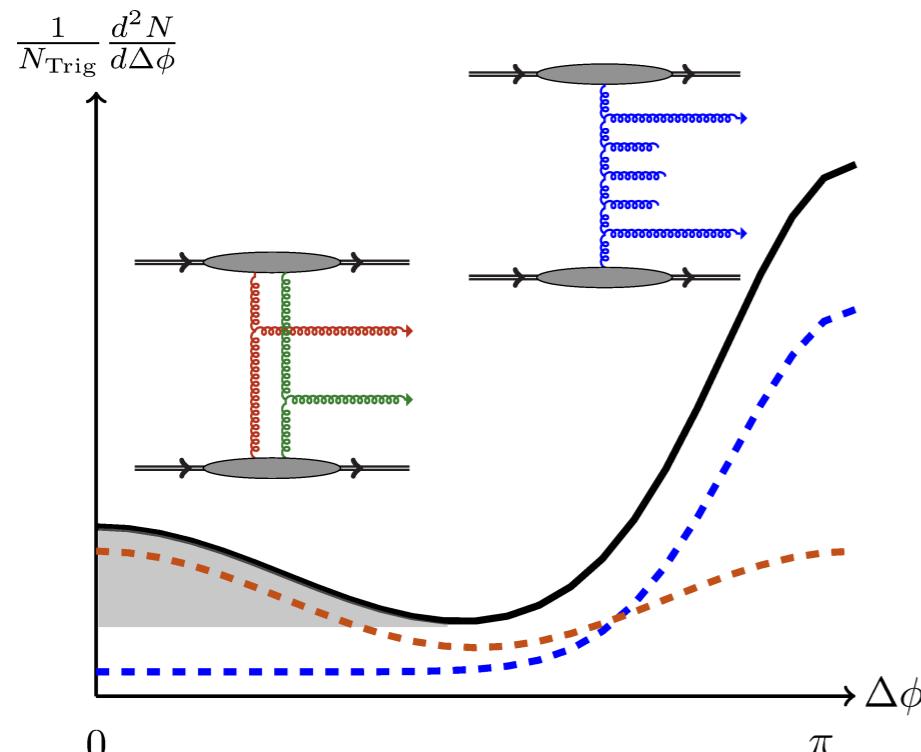


depends on system and model of initial state

- **v₂/v₃ much larger in dAu than in pPb**

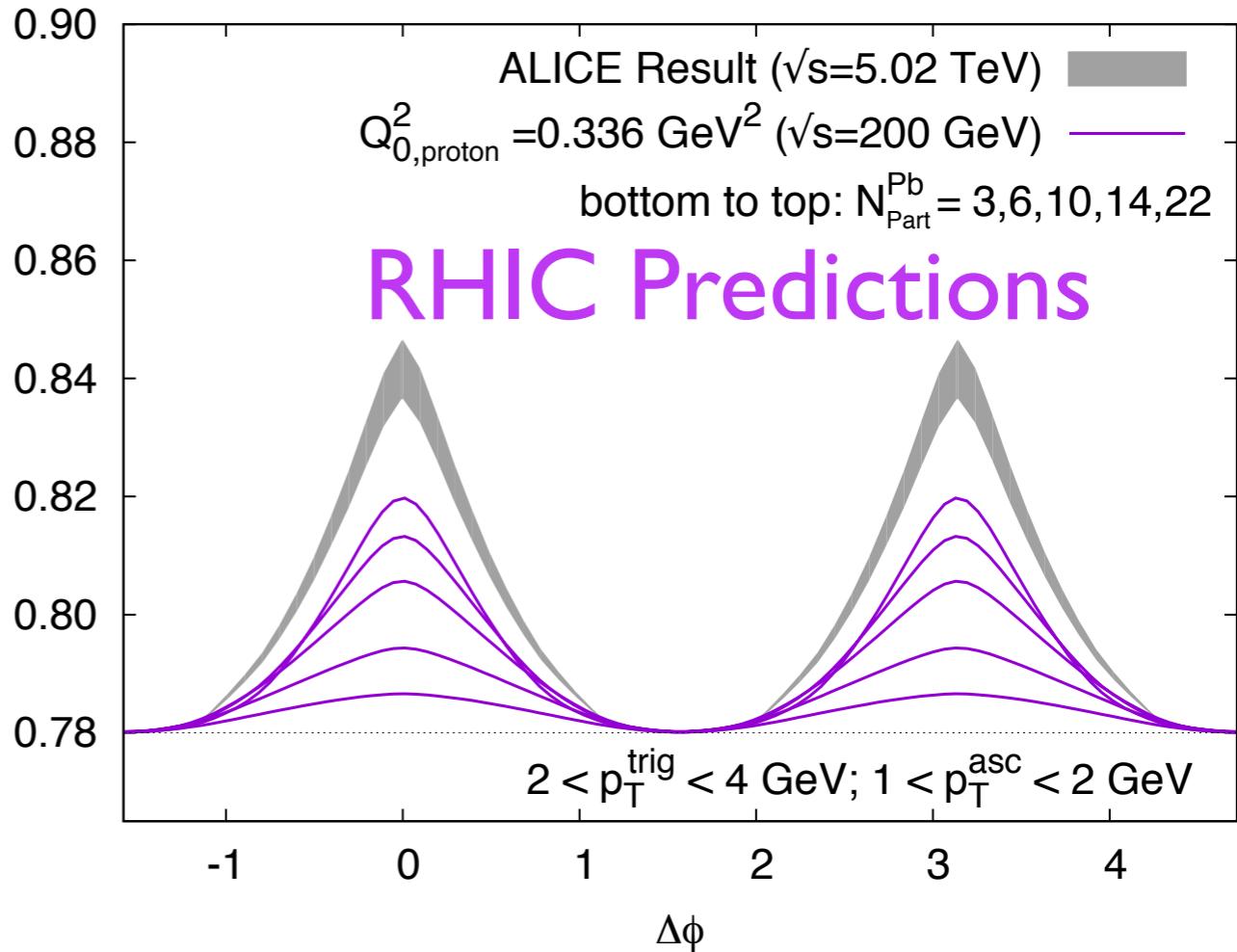
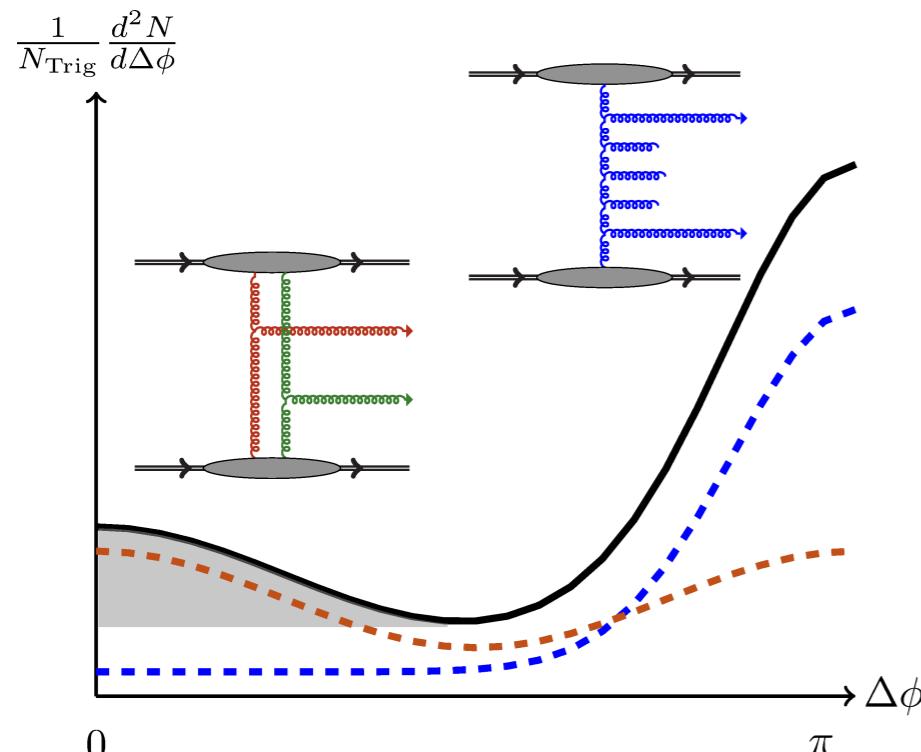
what about the CGC?

significant signal expected at RHIC!



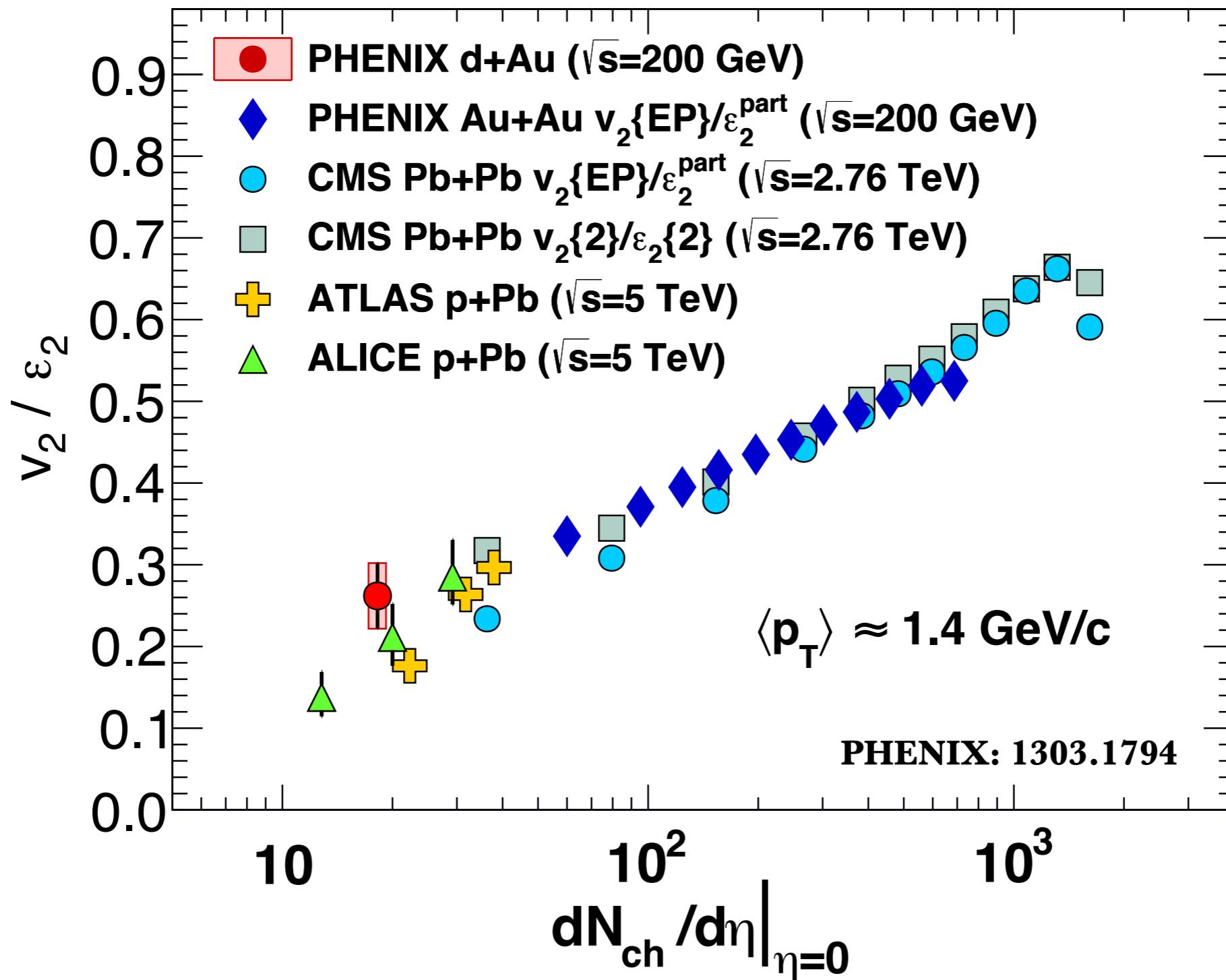
what about the CGC?

significant signal expected at RHIC!



- smaller yield expected at RHIC compared to LHC
- Fourier coefficients aren't calculated for this model--working to compare to our data

v_2/ε_2 vs multiplicity

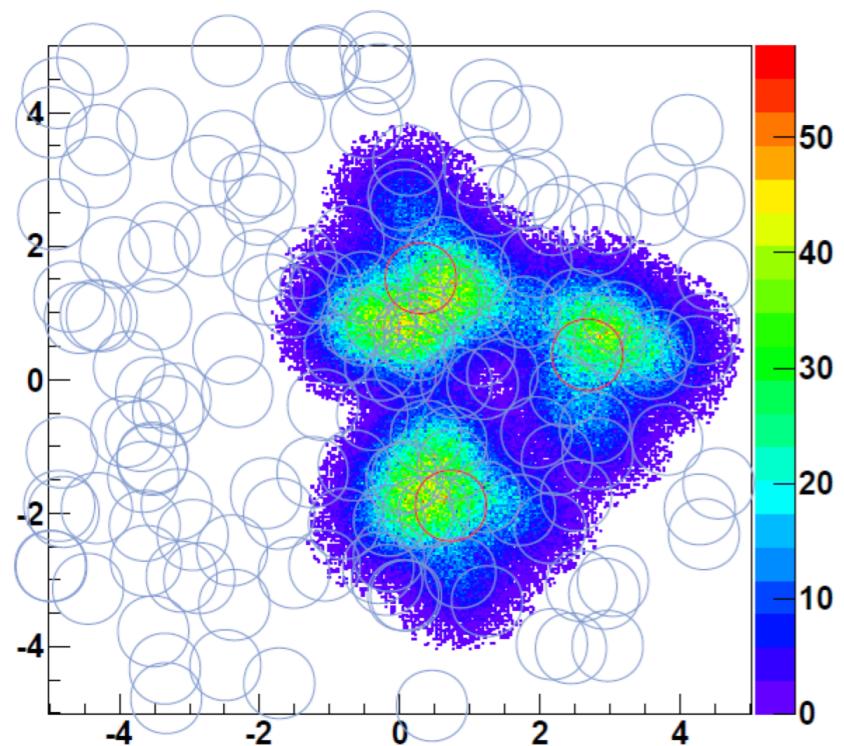


- Glauber MC & pointlike centers to calculate ε_2
- → approximate scaling of v_2/ε_2 with $dN/d\eta$

a common relationship between geometry and v_2 ?

hydro or CGC?

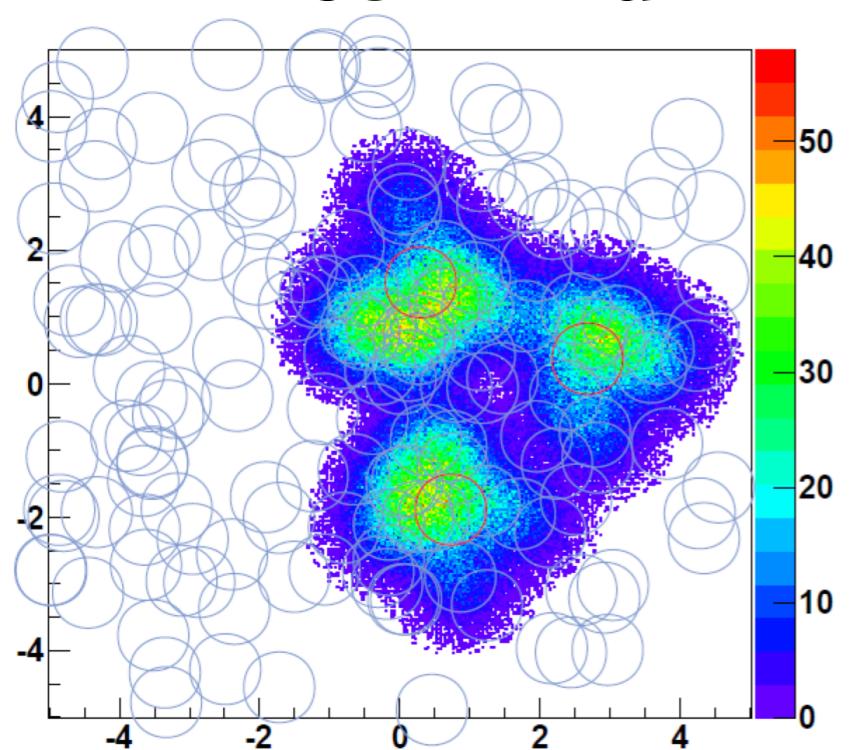
He3 + Au



increase the triangularity of the initial state! what happens to v_3 ?

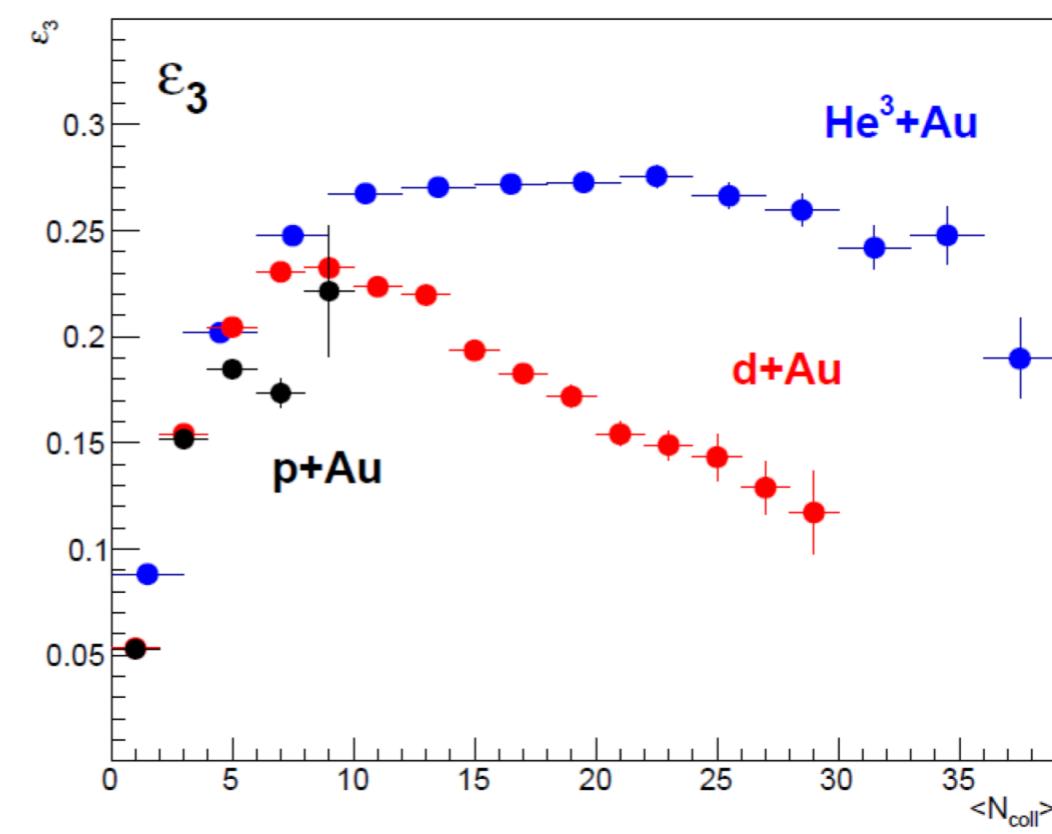
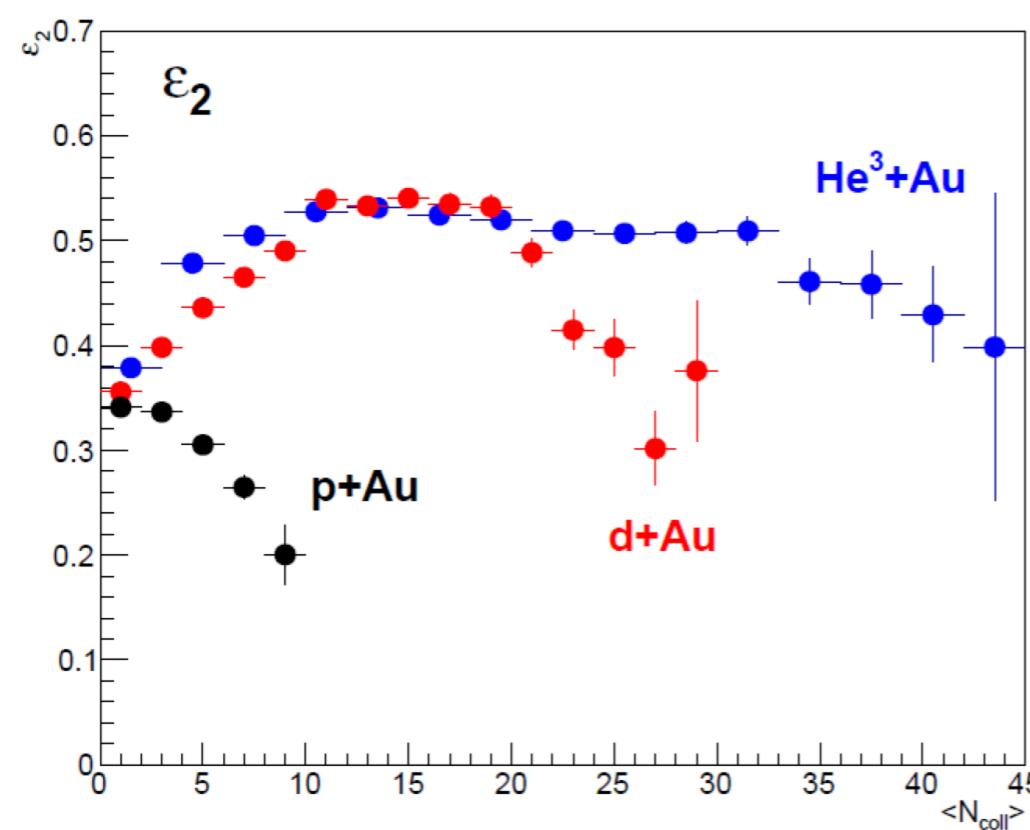
hydro or CGC?

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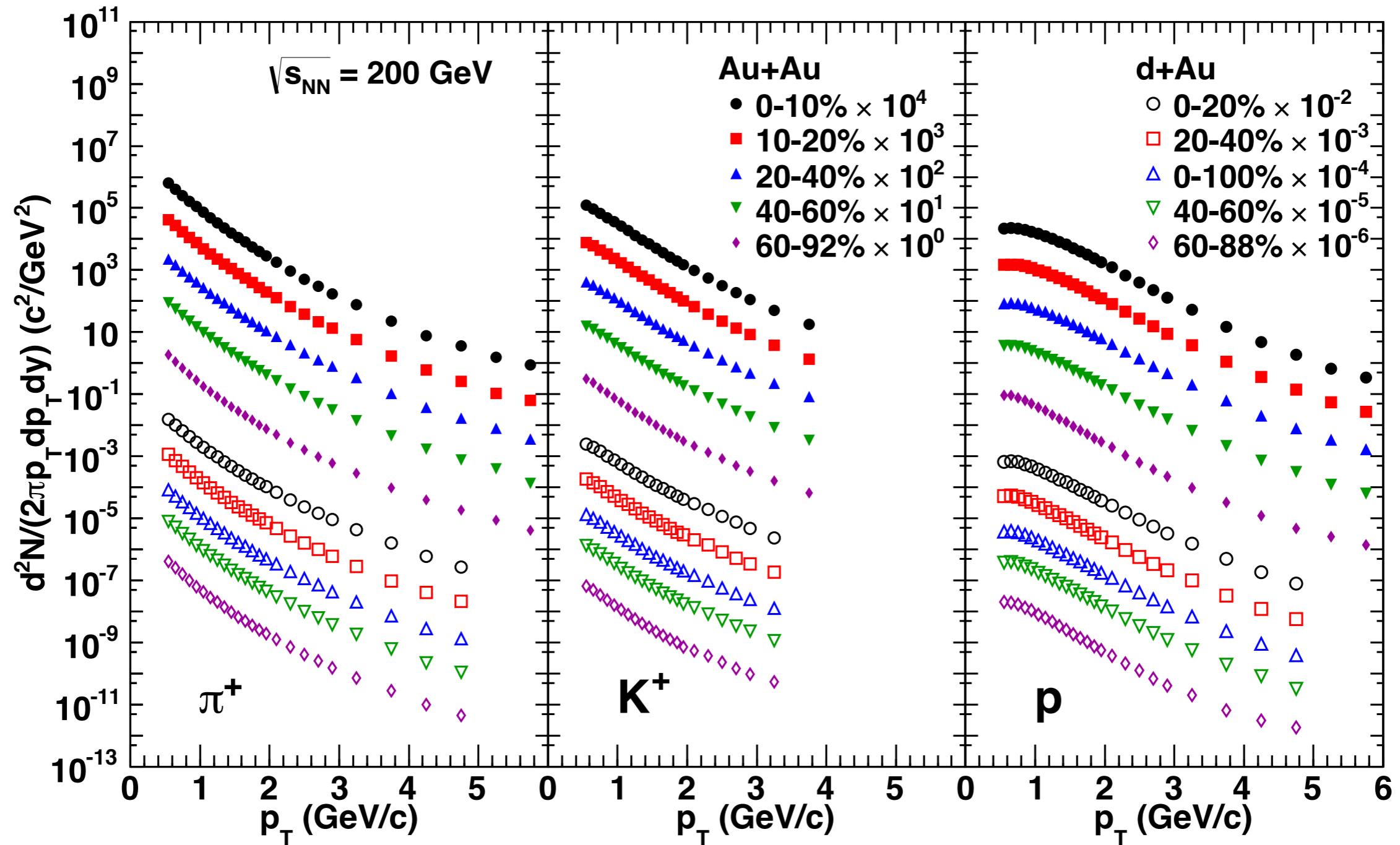
increase the triangularity of the initial state! what happens to v₃?

PHENIX requesting short d+Au & He³+Au with increased acceptance relative to previous d+Au running (VTX/FVTX) to constrain geometry along with long p+Au running in 2015



exploit the versatility of RHIC!

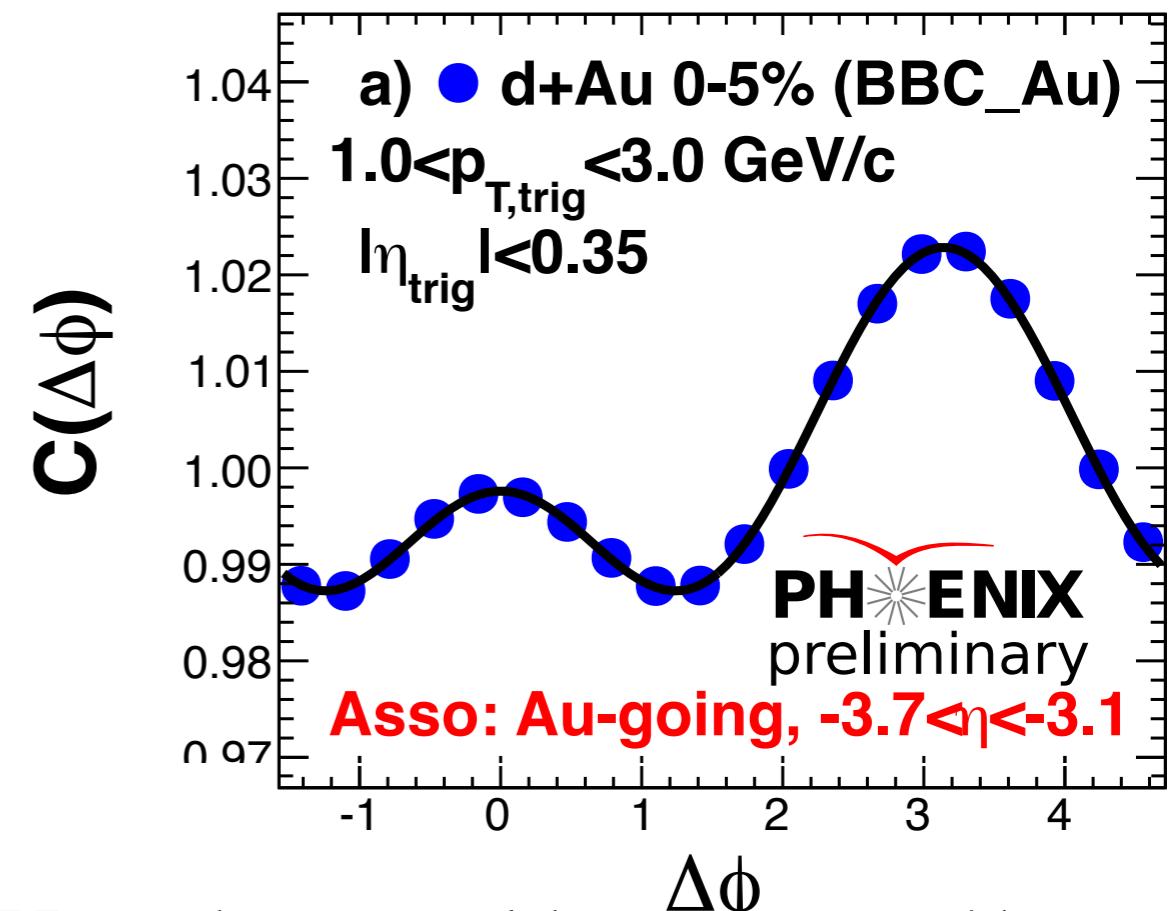
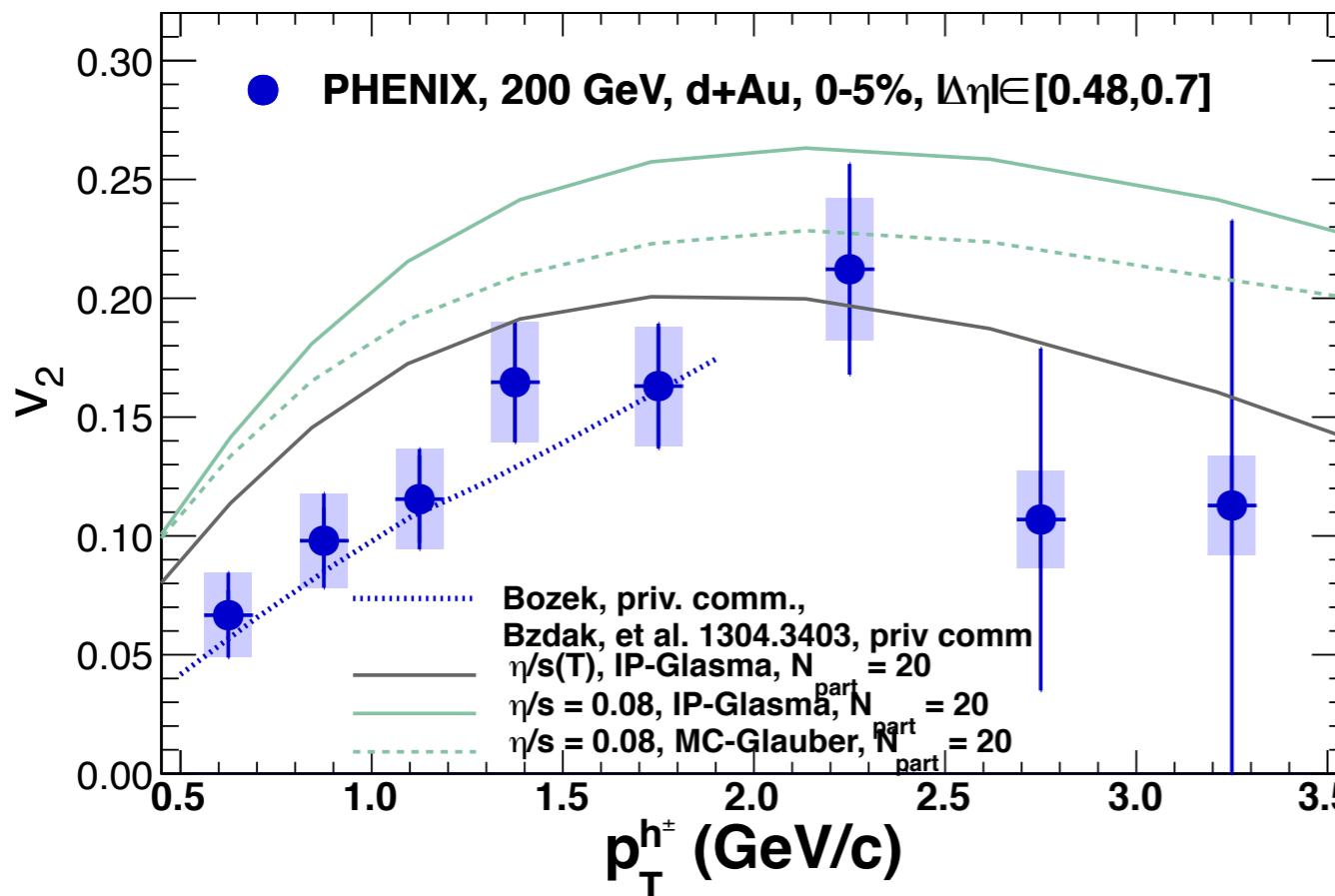
spectra in dAu



spectra should also be addressed by hydro calculations

PHENIX:1304.3410

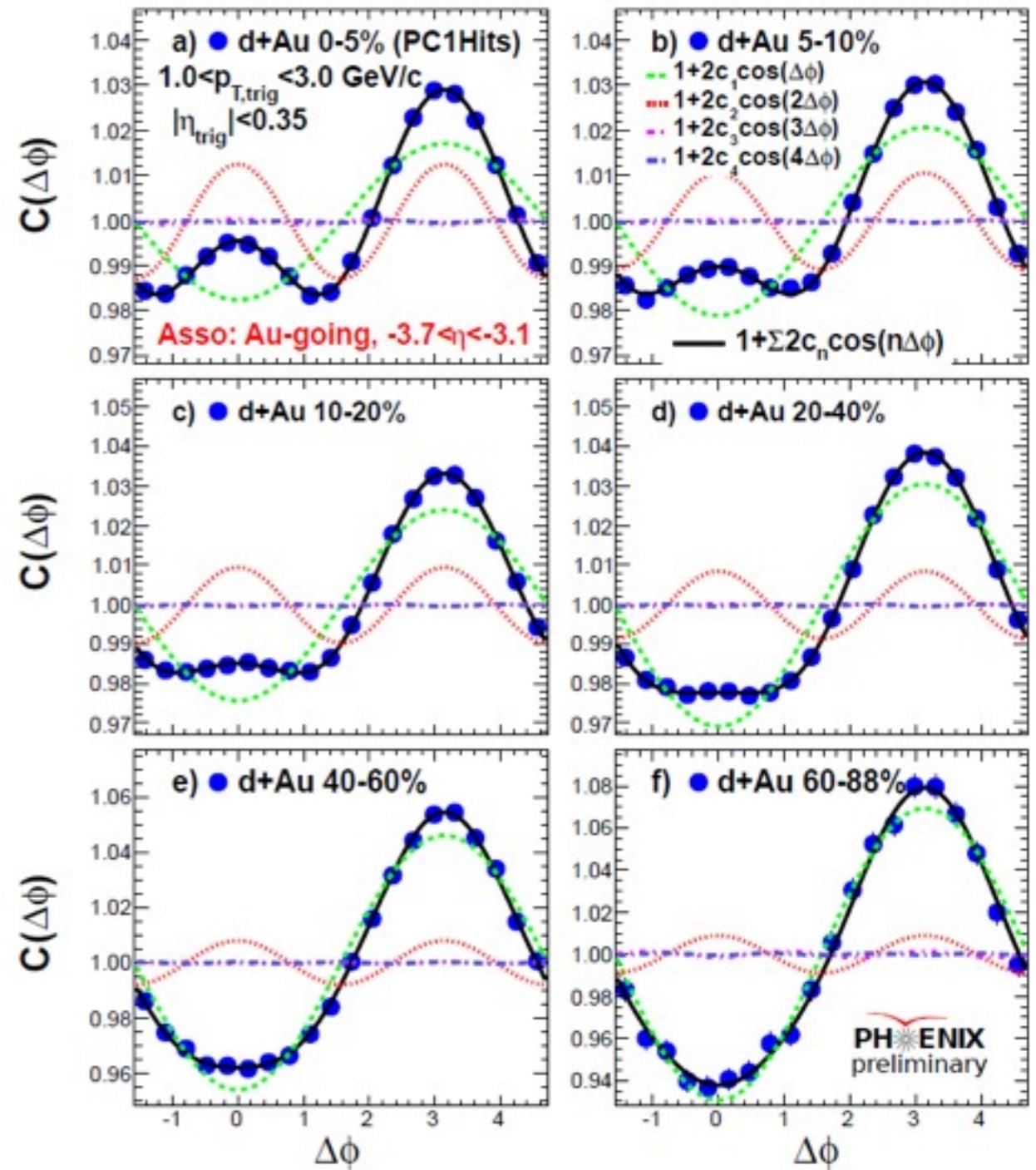
conclusions



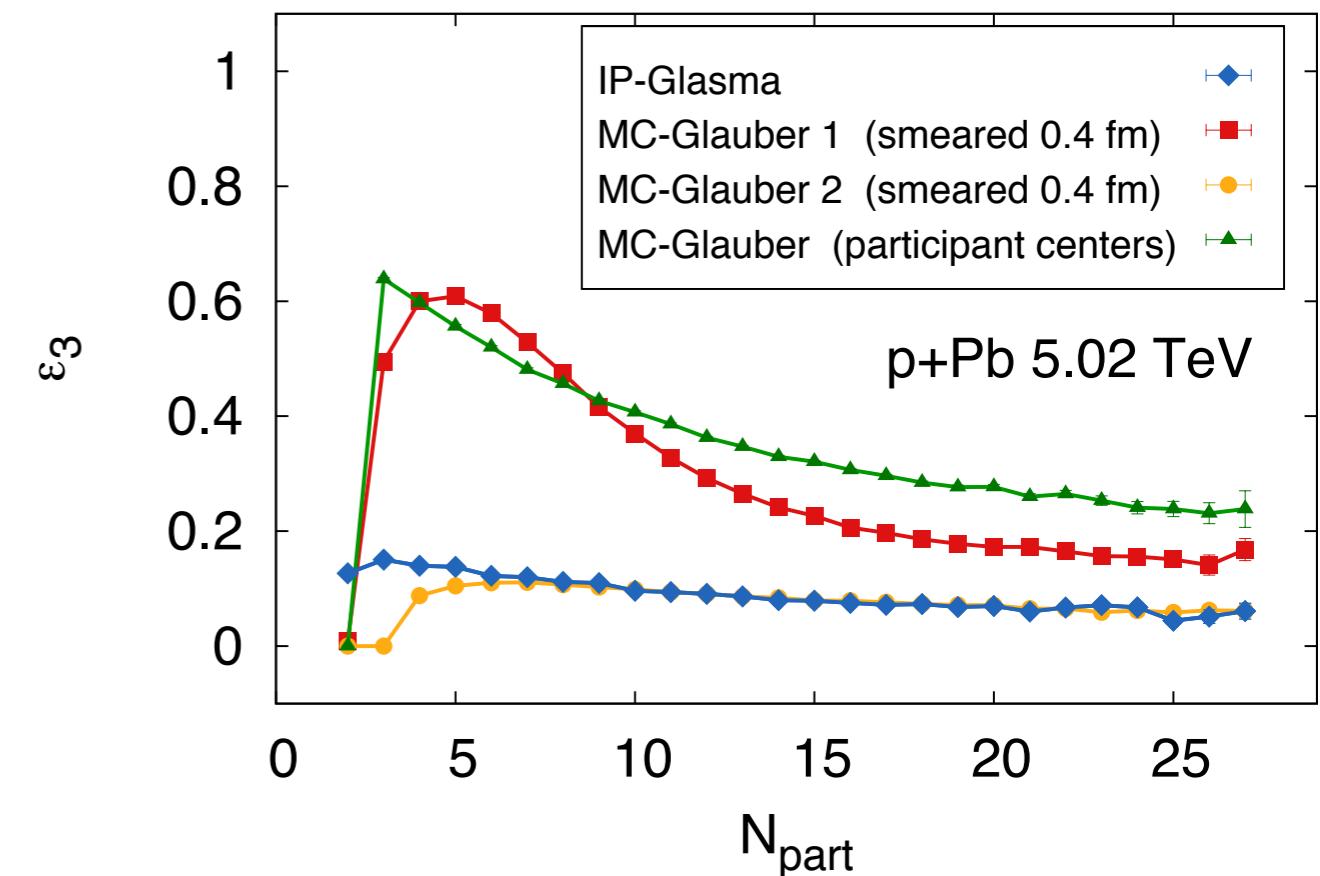
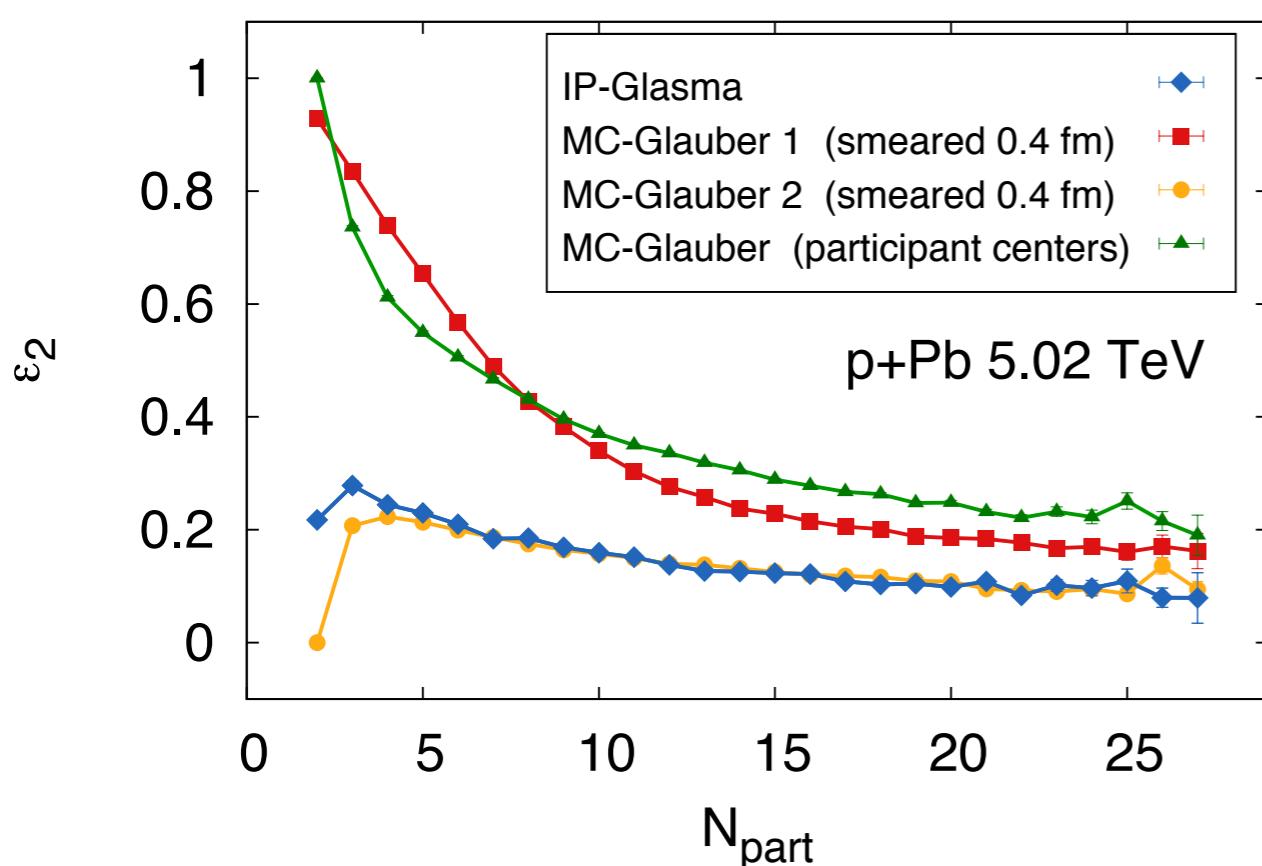
- ridge-like behavior seen at PHENIX at short and long range ($\Delta\eta > 3$) with large v_2 at midrapidity
- we look forward to extending these measurements:
 - yields, $vN(\eta)$, different collision systems (pA, dA, He³A, peripheral heavy ions, asymmetric collisions...)
 - ...in order to understand what's going on in very small systems

backups

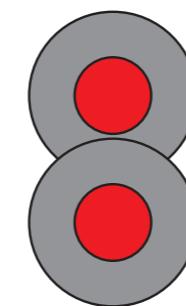
- PHENIX dAu centrality determination by charge in Au-going BBC, which is in the same rapidity window as MPC: $3 < \eta < 4$
- here determine the event centrality by number of PC1 hits (mid-rapidity)
 - some differences, but qualitative features remain unchanged



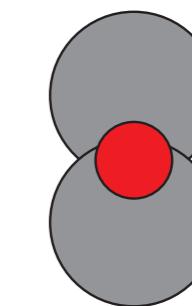
what is the eccentricity?



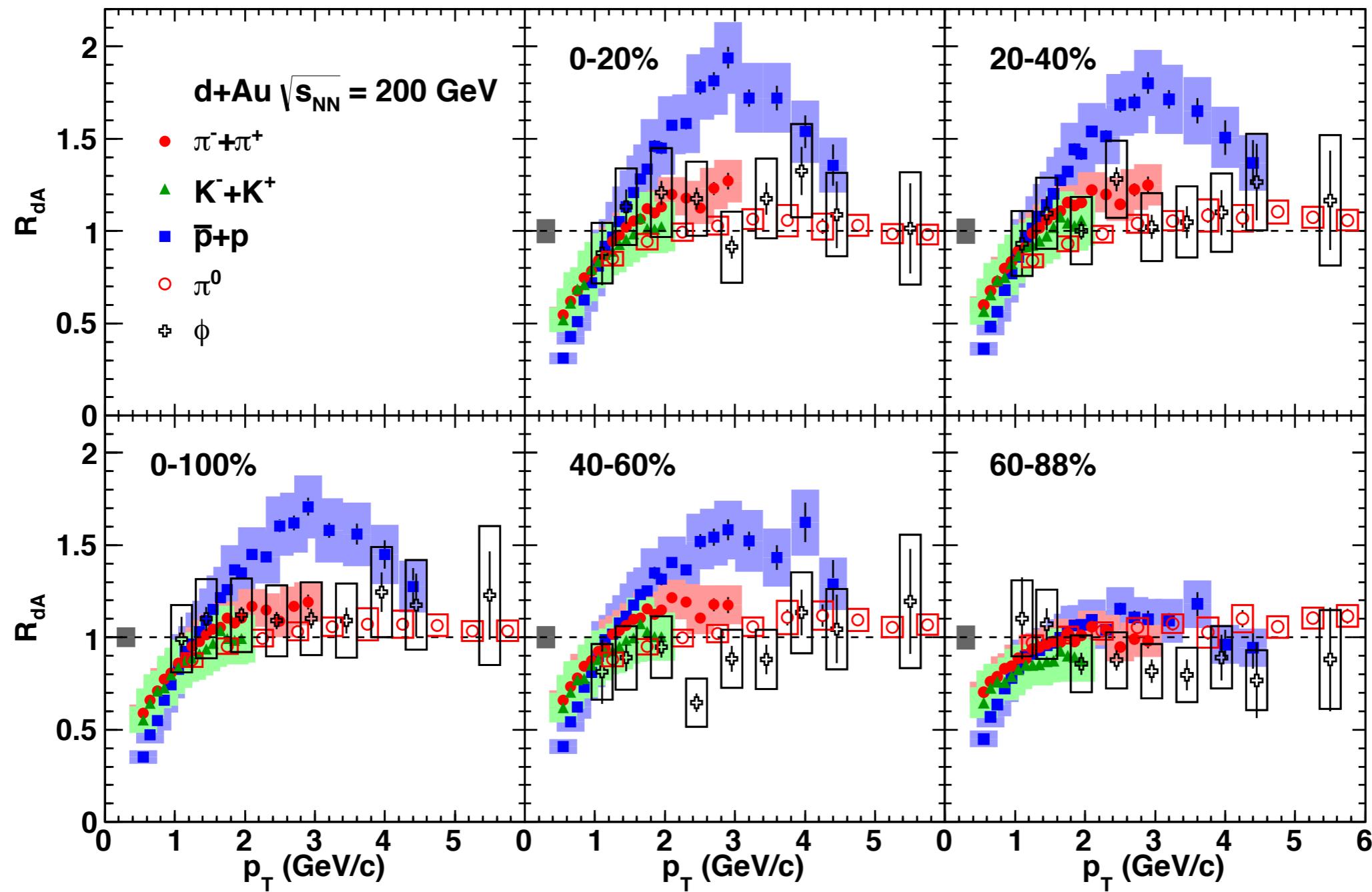
**models can give very
different eccentricities!**

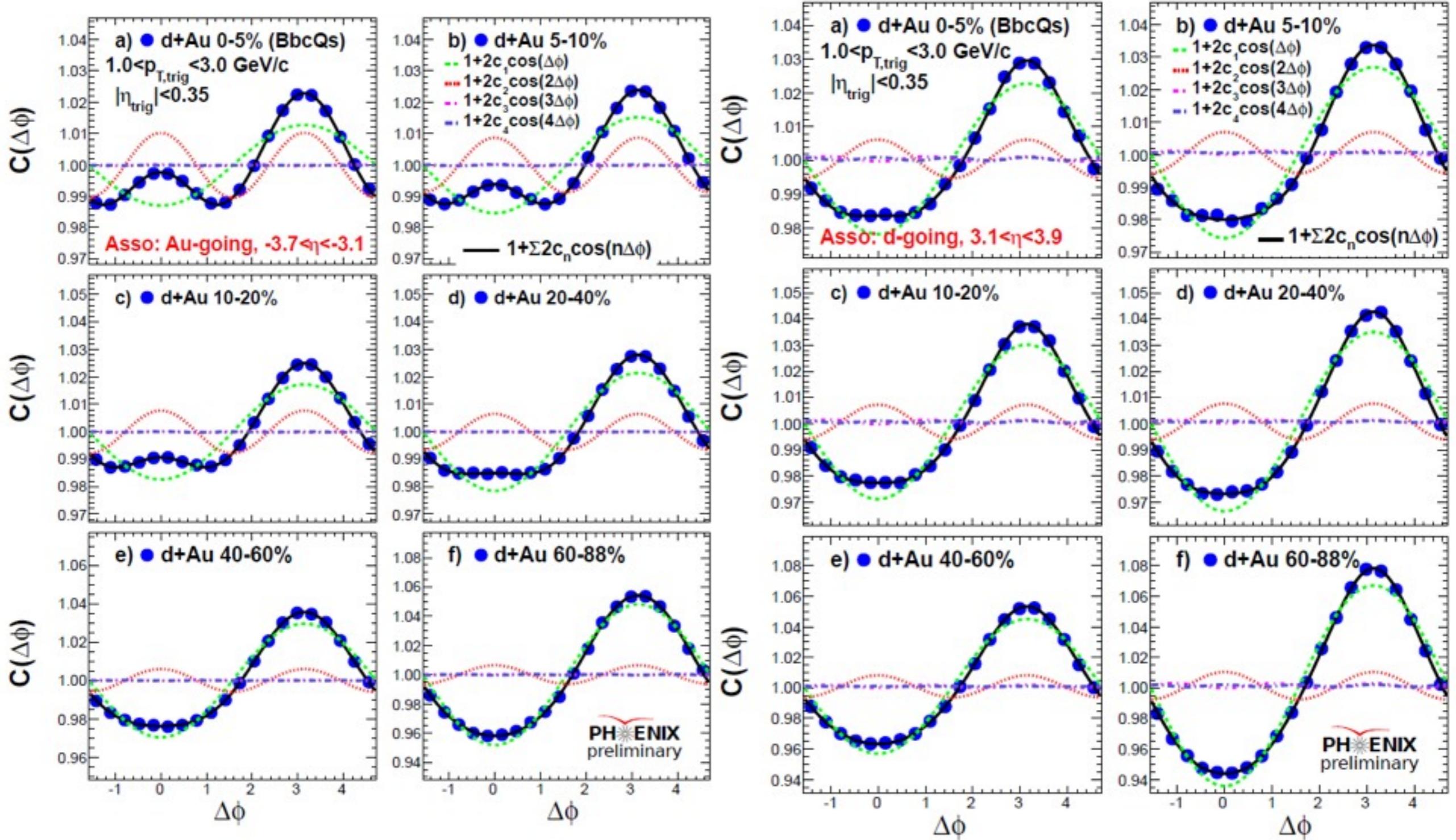


MC-Glauber 1



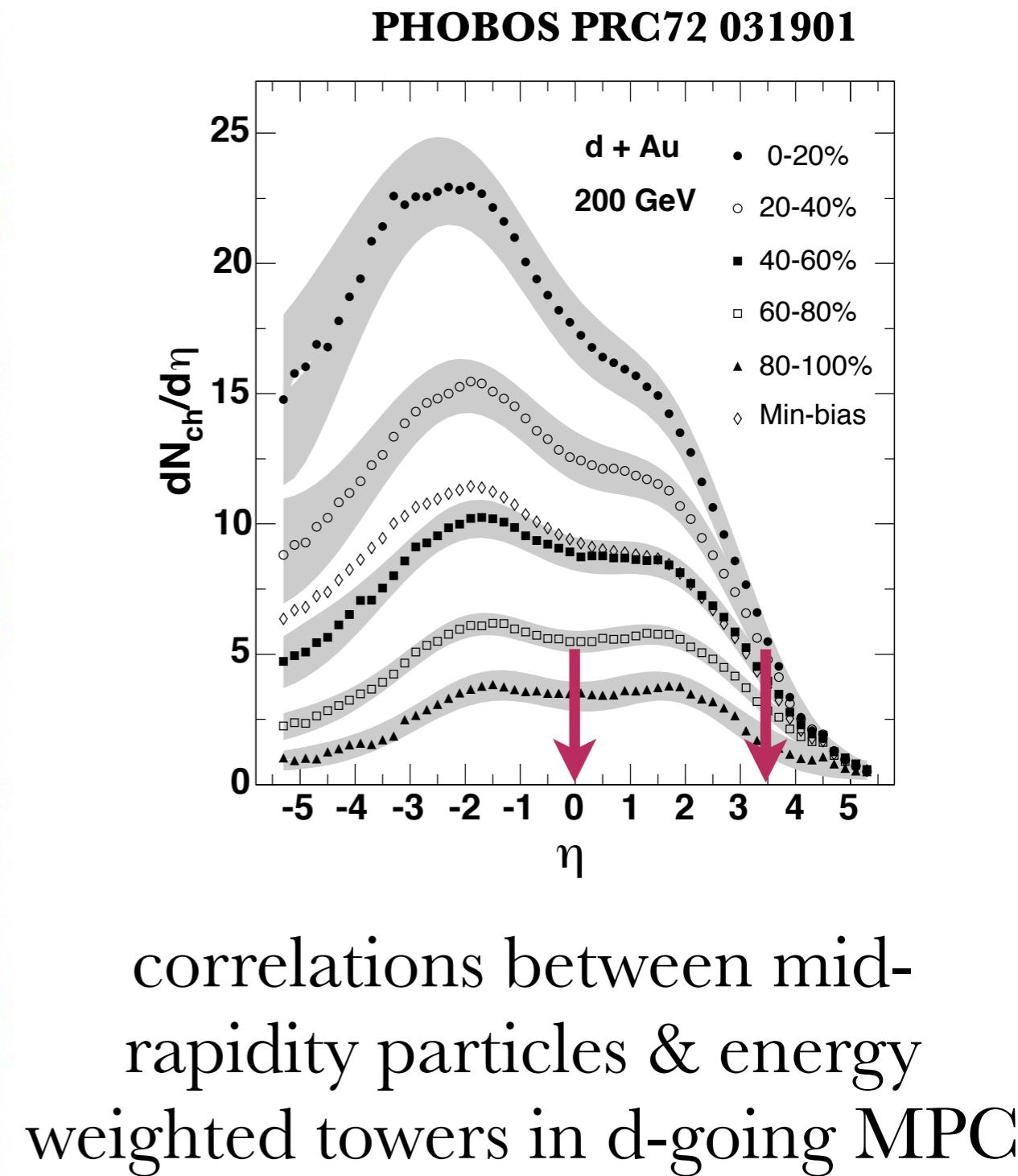
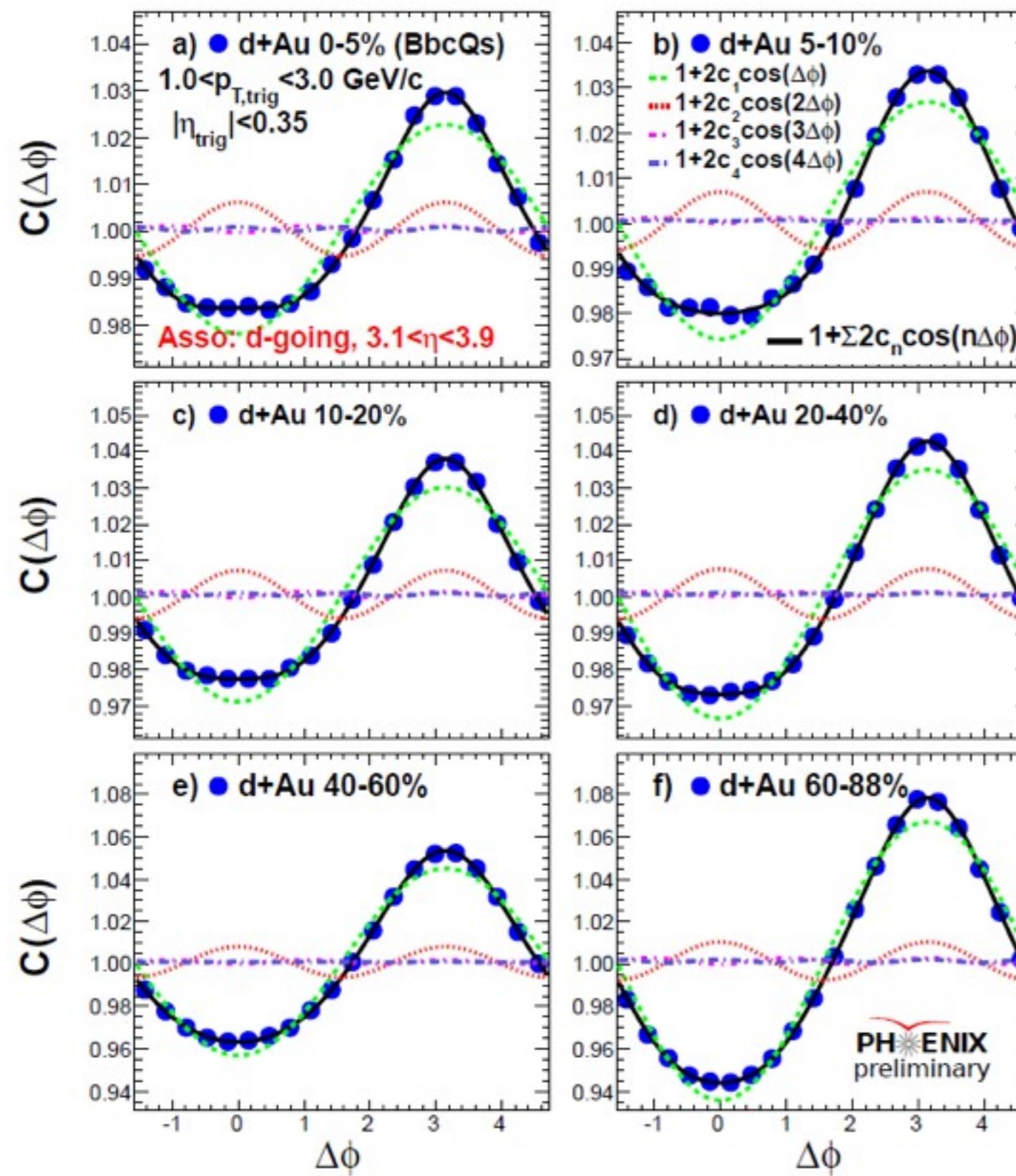
MC-Glauber 2





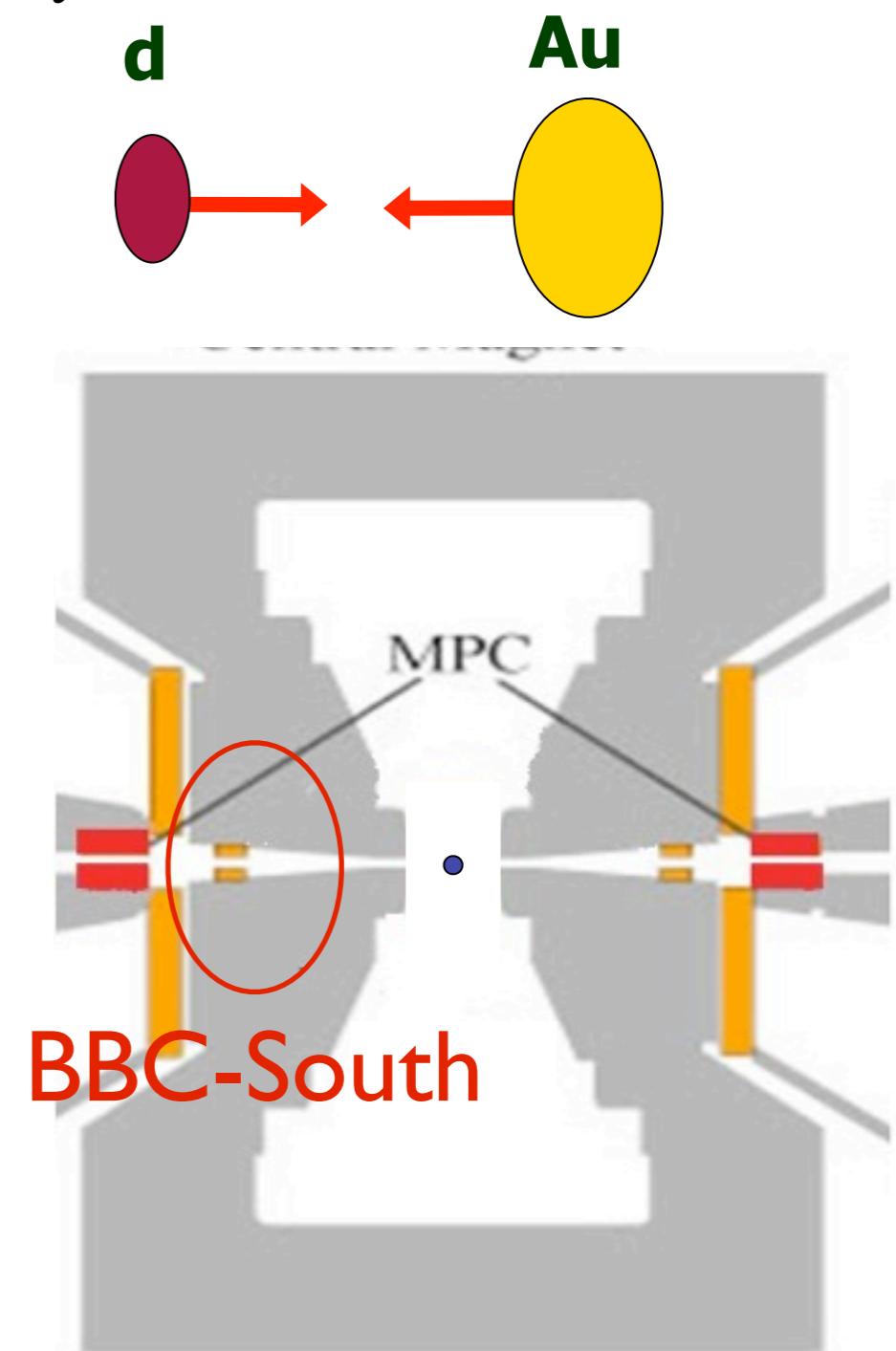
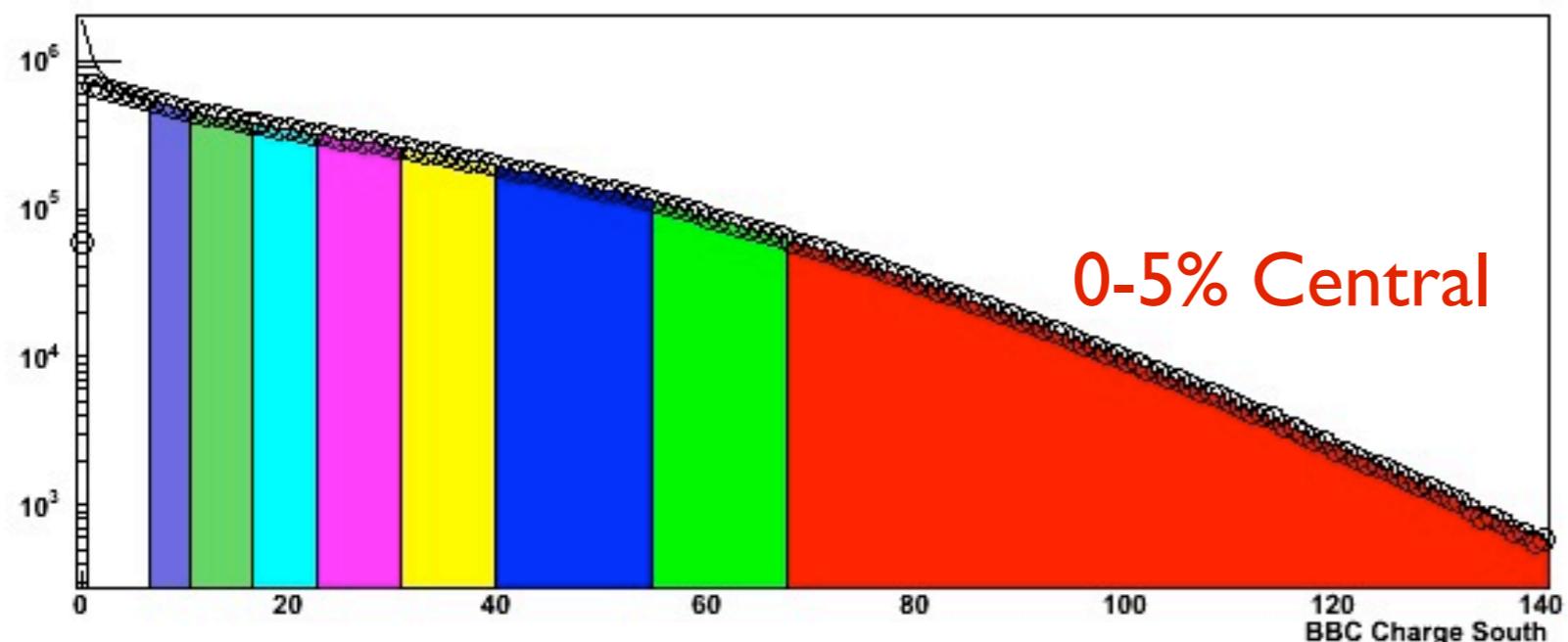
NEW!

mid/d-going correlations



no small $\Delta\phi$ bump, perhaps some v_2 ?

Centrality Selection



BBC Charge distribution well described by Glauber MC + negative binomial distribution