



Heavy Ion Physics with Electron Trigger

or

*How does an Enhanced Level-1 Trigger
make Everyone in PHENIX Happy ?*

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at

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on

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Presentation Outline

- Importance of p+p for Heavy Ion Physics
- Electrons to be Triggered
- LV1 Electron Trigger Rate Evaluation
- Heavy Ion Physics Gain
 - with Enhanced LV1 Electron Trigger
- RICH LV1 Trigger
- Possible EMCAL+RICH Trigger Schemes
- Summary

Boundary Conditions for LV1 Trigger

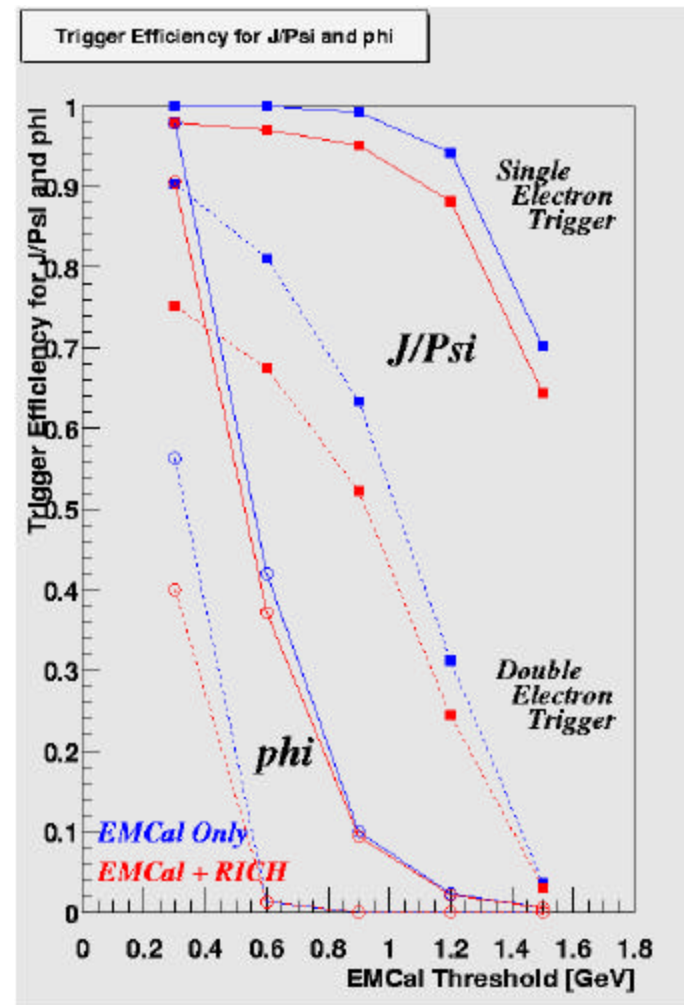
- reaction rates (w/ BBL)
 - 200 A GeV Au+Au
 - $6 \text{ barn} \times 2e26 \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{sec}^{-1} = 1.2 \text{ kHz}$
 - 200 GeV p+p
 - $50 \text{ mb} \times 8e30 \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{sec}^{-1} = 400 \text{ kHz}$ (4 MHz later)
 - 500 GeV p+p
 - $60 \text{ mb} \times 2e31 \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{sec}^{-1} = 1.2 \text{ MHz}$ (12 MHz later)
- PHENIX DAQ capability
 - designed for 25 kHz (6 kHz initially)
 - proven to work at $> 1 \text{ kHz}$

Importance of p+p for Heavy Ion Physics

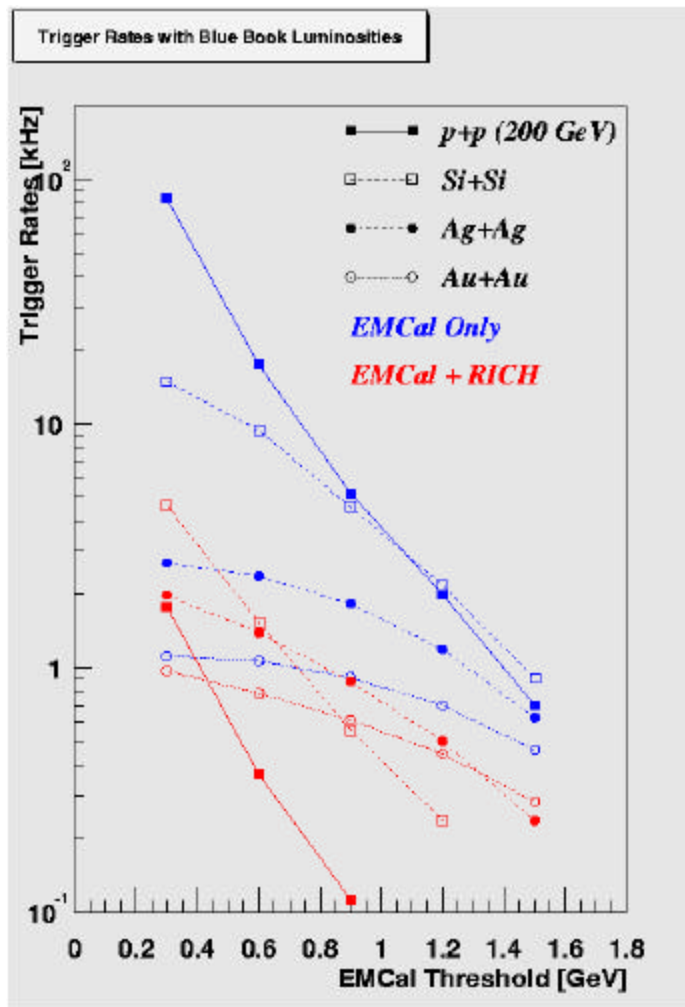
- “spin : heavy ion” \neq “p+p : A+A”
- p+p data is essential to understand A+A data
 - no p+p data at the RHIC energy
 - only limited data at the ISR energy up to $\sqrt{s} = 63$ GeV
 - uncertainty in p+p can easily overshadow new phenomena in Au+Au
 - true for basically all physics probes
 - J/Ψ , ϕ , ω , ρ , charm, ...

Electrons to be Triggered

- single electron threshold for J/Ψ
 - 1 ~ 1.5 GeV
- single electron threshold for ϕ
 - 300 ~ 500 MeV
- single electron threshold for charm
 - 500 MeV ~ 1 GeV (study needed)



LV1 Electron Trigger Rate Evaluation



plots: LV1 single electron trigger rates with BBL

- **EMCal trigger** with light collision systems :
 - cannot go down \ll 1 GeV with BBL
 - marginal for J/Ψ
 - insufficient for ϕ , ω , ρ and charm
 - does not sustain x10 BBL
- **EMCal + RICH trigger** :
 - can go as low as \sim 500 MeV even with x10 BBL

Heavy Ion Physics Gain with **Enhanced** LV1 Electron Trigger

- high luminosity runs
 - p+p and light A+A
 - at BNL and with future RHIC upgrade
- lower electron threshold
 - can go down $\ll 1$ GeV
- access to rare probes
 - J/Ψ , ϕ , ω , ρ (di-electron)
 - charm (single electron)
- essential to systematic studies of virtually all single/di-electron channels

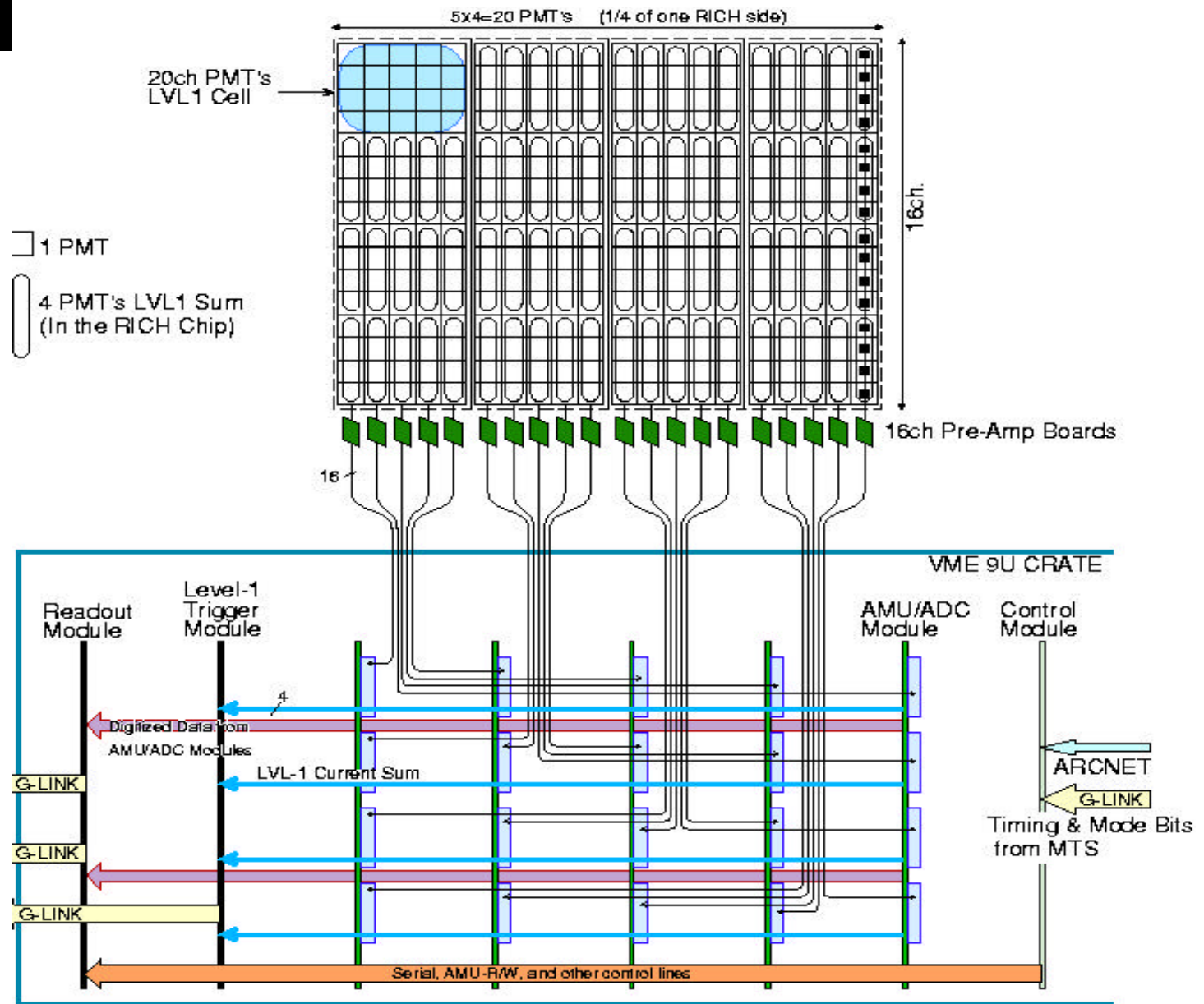
Further Consideration

(thanks to Y.Akiba for inputs, suggestions and discussions)

- Can we really measure low energy single electron in p+p ?
 - Dalitz decay and γ conversion background dominate
 - good chance of rejection with MVD
 - study by H.D.Sato
- Do we really need high statistics J/ Ψ data in p+p ?
 - to better understand J/ Ψ production mechanism
 - e.g. χ_c contribution
- Is the trigger of any use for Au+Au ?
 - very peripheral events might be interesting

RICH LV1 Trigger

- RICH FEM has non-overlapping 4x5 PMT tiles
 - analog sum made on AMU/ADC board and backplane
 - 4 (ϕ) x 8 (z) tiles per “sector”
 - analogous to EMCAL FEM units (3 x 6 for PbSc, 4 x 8 for PbGl)
 - 256 segment ations
 - analogous to EMCAL’s 172 ETB’s (108 for PbSc, 64 for PbGl)
- LV1 board development being suspended
 - flexible to accommodate trigger needs



Possible EMCal+RICH Trigger Schemes

- in put :
 - maximum 172 bits from EMCal (Ersatz) LV1
 - maximum 256 bits from RICH LV1
- EMCal - RICH look-up
 - an example : simple 1/2 sector matching (16 bits each)
 - EMCal: 3x3 (PbSc) / 4x4 bits (PbGl) OR'ed
 - RICH : 4x4 bits (= 1 readout FEM) OR'ed
 - finer segmentation for better rejection power ?
 - overlapping look-up for higher efficiency ?
- consideration :
 - trigger performance versus cost

Summary

- LV1 electron trigger wanted for HI physics, too
 - for high luminosity $p+p$ and light $A+A$ runs
- threshold should go down to 300 MeV ~ 1 GeV
 - to cover many physics probes J/Ψ , ϕ , ω , ρ , charm, ...
- EMCal - RICH look-up allows it (EMCal alone does not)
 - allows electron threshold \ll 1 GeV
 - sustains $\times 10$ BBL
- studies needed to finalize the design include :
 - effect of trigger tile size
 - effect of inter-detector look-up scheme
 - their impact on cost

Rejection Power for Min.-Bias Events

