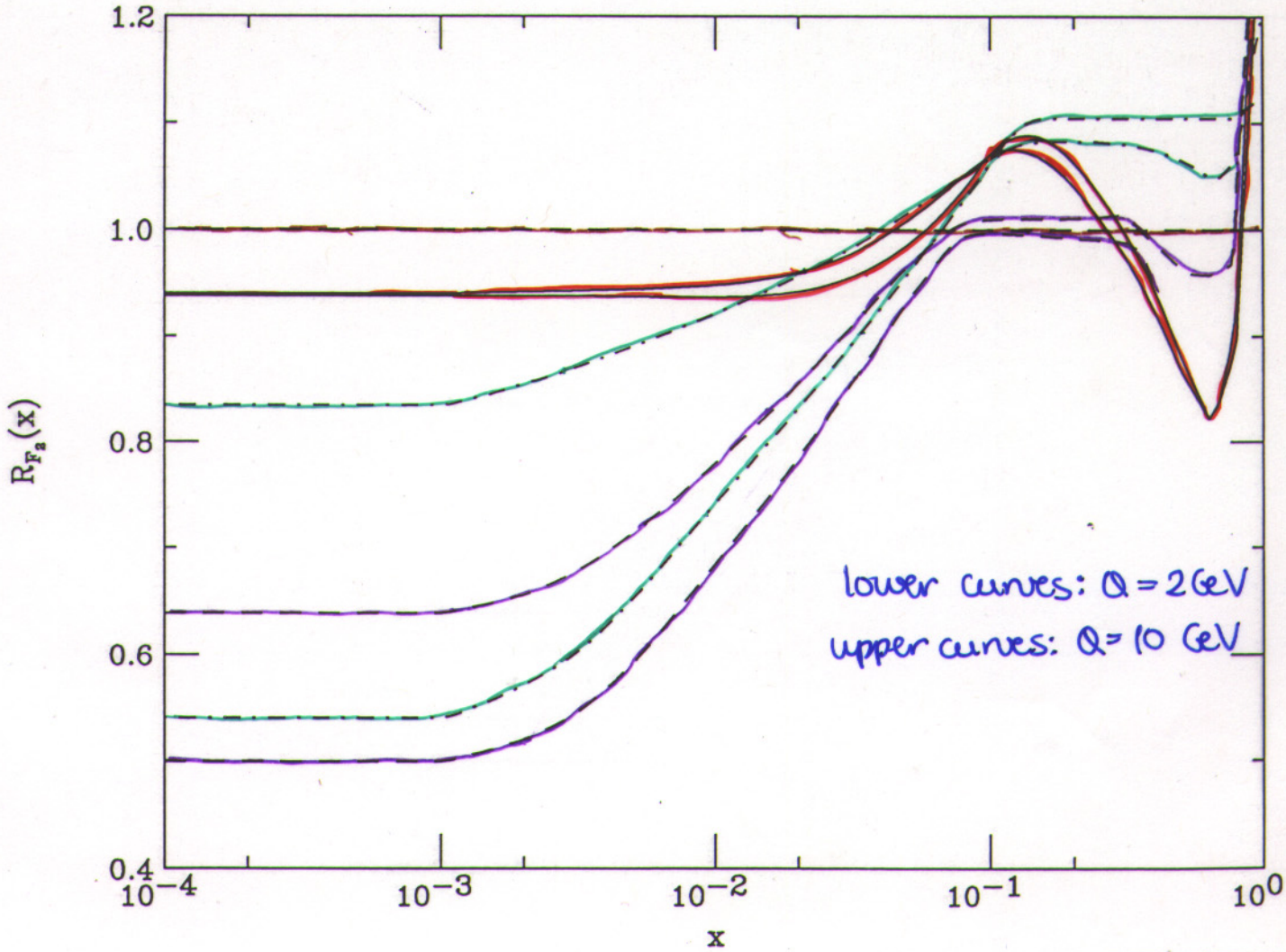
Eskola shadowing

Q^2 evolution $\quad 2 < Q < 10$ GeV

$$R_V = \frac{xq_V^A(x,Q^2)}{xq_V^P(x,Q^2)} \qquad R_S = \frac{xq_S^A(x,Q^2)}{xq_S^P(x,Q^2)}$$

$$R_G = \frac{xg^A(x,Q^2)}{xg^P(x,Q^2)}$$ evolves fastest

results satisfy baryon number and momentum sum rules