



Simulation Study for low mass electron-pair measurements

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- Simulation Data and parameters
- Cocktail plot
- Dalitz rejection
- Signal Survival Rate



Simulation Data

- Particles were generated using Exodus (made by R. Averbeck)
 - Proton, K^+ , K^- , π^+ , π^- , π^0 , η , η' , ω , ρ , ϕ , J/ψ , Y
Pt < 10 GeV/c with power low distribution.
|Rapidity| < 1.5
 - Particle decays were also simulated.
 - Dalitz decays of π^0 , η , η'
 - Vector mesons (ω , ρ , ϕ , J/ψ , Y) decays
- Electrons and positrons from charm decays were generated by PYTHIA and merged to EXODUS output
- Photon conversions were simulated using PISA (done by C. Aidala, for details, see tomorrow's talk)
 - 4 layers of Silicon, TPC and HBD included



Simulation Parameters

- Central events ($dN_{\text{charge}}/dy(y=0) = 650$)
- 3.0 million events
- Ratio to dN/dy

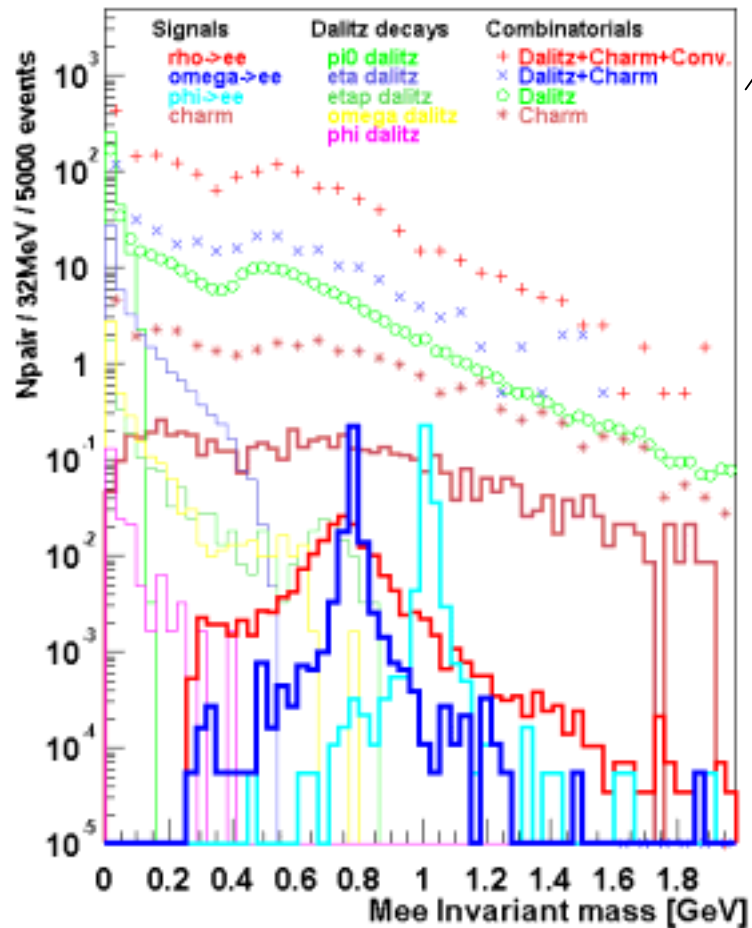
• π^+ or π^-	0.401	• Eta	0.062
• K^+ or K^-	0.062	• Eta prime	0.0080
• Proton	0.039	• Rho	0.056
• π^0	0.445	• Omega	0.054
		• Phi	0.0107
- Charm
 - $N_{\text{charm}}/\text{event} = N_{\text{binary}} * \sigma(\text{p-p charm}) / \sigma(\text{total p-p})$
 - $\sigma(\text{total p-p}) = 41 \text{ mb}$, $\sigma(\text{p-p charm}) = 648 \mu\text{b}$
 $N_{\text{binary}} = 1000$, thus $N_{\text{charm}}/\text{event} = 15.8$



Assumptions for the calculation

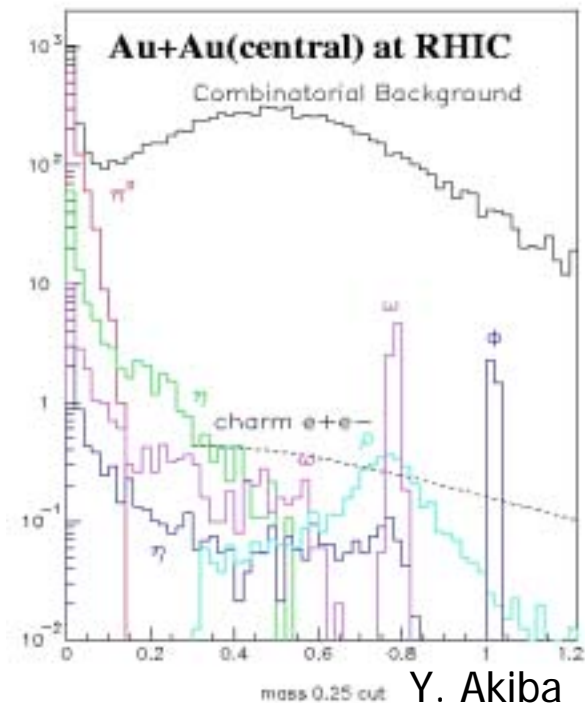
- Both electron and positron from vector meson decays going to the PHENIX acceptance ($P_t > 200 \text{ MeV}/c$, $|\eta| < 0.33$ and $2^* (|\phi| < 90 \text{ degree})$).
- The rejection factor for pion.
 - In the PHENIX acceptance:
 - 200 for all momentum (RICH and EMC)
 - 200 below 4 GeV/c (TPC/HBD)
 - Out of the PHENIX acceptance:
 - 200 below 4 GeV/c (TPC/HBD)
- Momentum of electron is required above 10 MeV/c. Perfect (100%) efficiency for electron identification and tracking is assumed. Perfect resolution.

Cocktail Plot (Central event)



S/N at $\phi \sim 1/70$

Include electrons from conversion at the first layer of Si only.



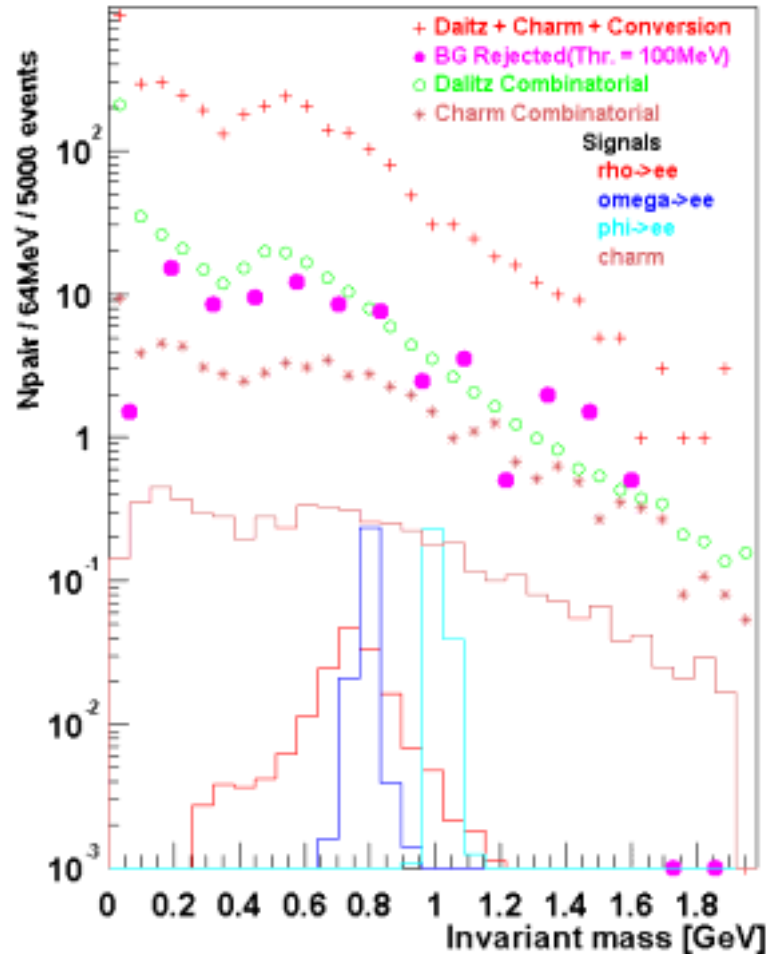
S/N at $\phi \sim 1/20$



Dalitz Rejection

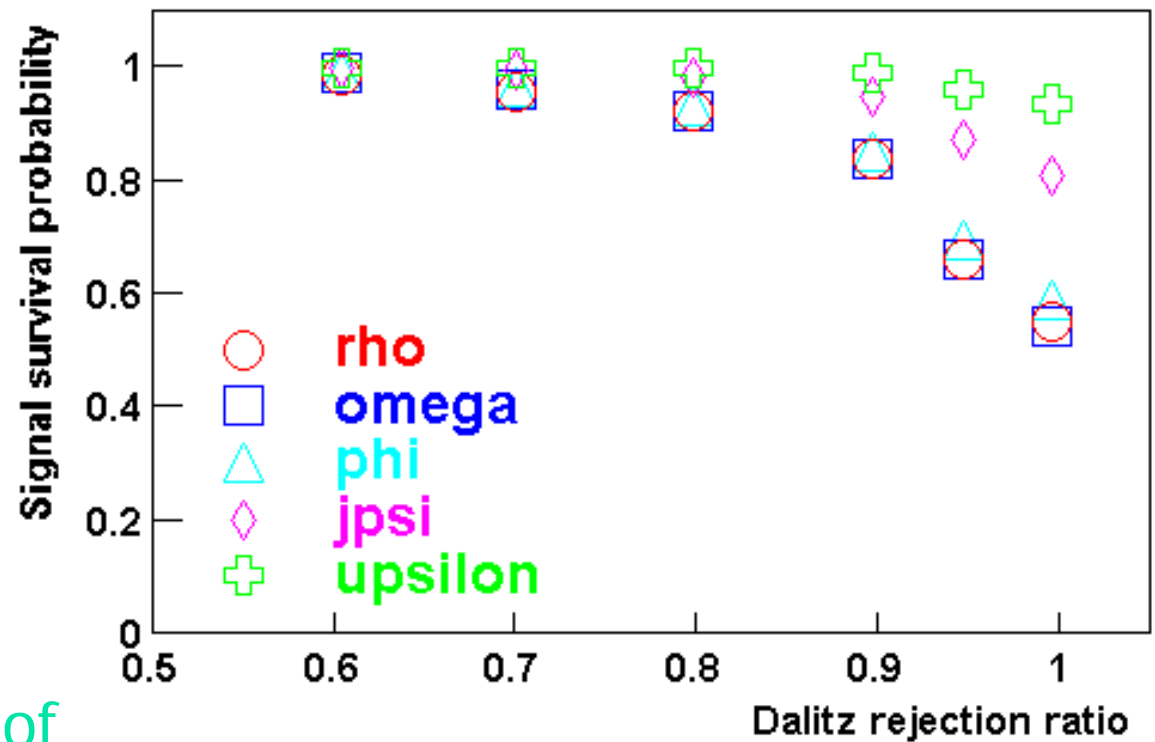
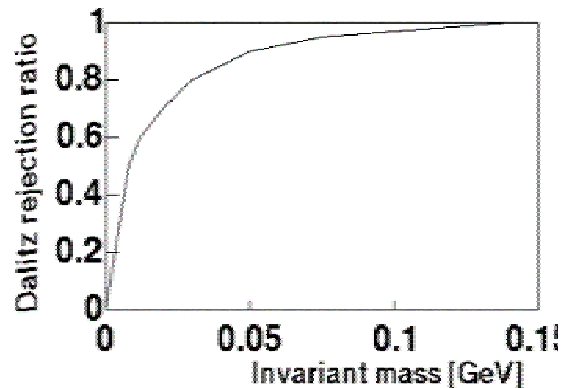
- Dalitz rejection scheme
 - Invariant mass is calculated with all combination of opposite sign pair.
 - Find the smallest mass pair, and if those invariant mass is less than the cut value, these tracks are rejected.
 - Continue until the smallest mass will be above the cut value.

Cocktail plot after rejection



- S/N (take full width)
 - ➔ Rho – 1/320
 - ➔ Omega – 1/40
 - ➔ Phi – 1/9
- S/N is improved by the factor of 5 – 10.

Signal Survival Probability



- Survival probability of ρ, ω, ϕ is $\sim 70\%$ for Dalitz rejection ratio of 95% (Thr. = 100 MeV).



Summary

- A simulation includes the electron-pairs from charm decays and conversion was done.
- A TPC and HBD which can reduce the Dalitz and conversion backgrounds.
- The large charm cross section in heavy ion collisions is another significant source of background which cannot be eliminated by Dalitz rejection.