

Conventional Strip Sensor (CSO) Option

Abhay Deshpande
For the Silicon Strip Group

Outline

- Motivation for Conventional Sensor Option
- Strategy developed
- Plan for realization & Impact on schedule
- R&D costs, sensor availability & manpower issues
- Status of CSO today

Motivation for CSO

- Stripixel design (one sided-two dimensional readout) novel!
- Challenging but possible:
 - Felt not only by its promoters but also by VTX reviewers
- At the time of last June'08 VTX review, a number of performance questions remained
- In June 08:
 - A full module with ROC3 and Stripixel sensor had been available for lab testing for less than a month
 - A number of outstanding performance questions remained
 - A MIP peak was seen
 - **Concerns:**
 - S/N
 - **Automated large scale production**
 - **ideas for simple modifications of ROC3 too premature**

Back-up plan effort initiated...

- For these reasons, it seemed prudent to consider if there were any other options available as reliable “back-up” plan
- Conventional Strip Task Force was setup
- Charge to the task force:
 - To prepare a plan in the next few months
 - Look in to R&D issues and availability of hardware for test
 - Help the collaboration make decisions in the end

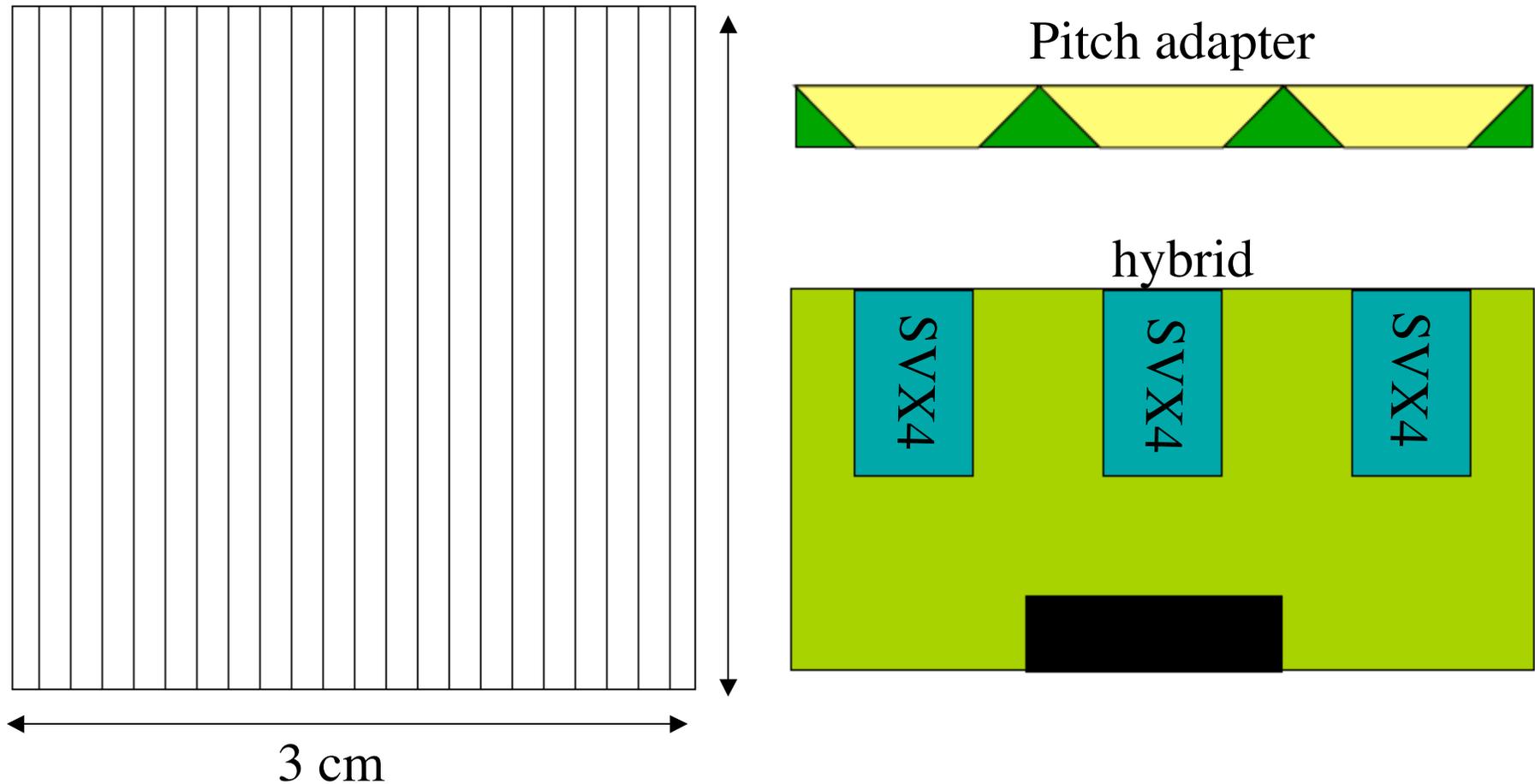
Plan

- Build upon the experience gained until that time (June08)
 - Use developed parts of the ROCs
 - Plan on minimal R&D for costs (which also would save time)
- Replace Stripixels with Conventional Strip Sensors (CSOs) that match our Stripixels in its physical requirements: dimensions
- Using CS and ROC3 or ROC2 to make a module and proceed with the same tests that were originally planned for the Stripixel detector
- Evaluate signal-to-noise and compare each stage of the performance with the Stripixel
- Make the final decision based on these tests

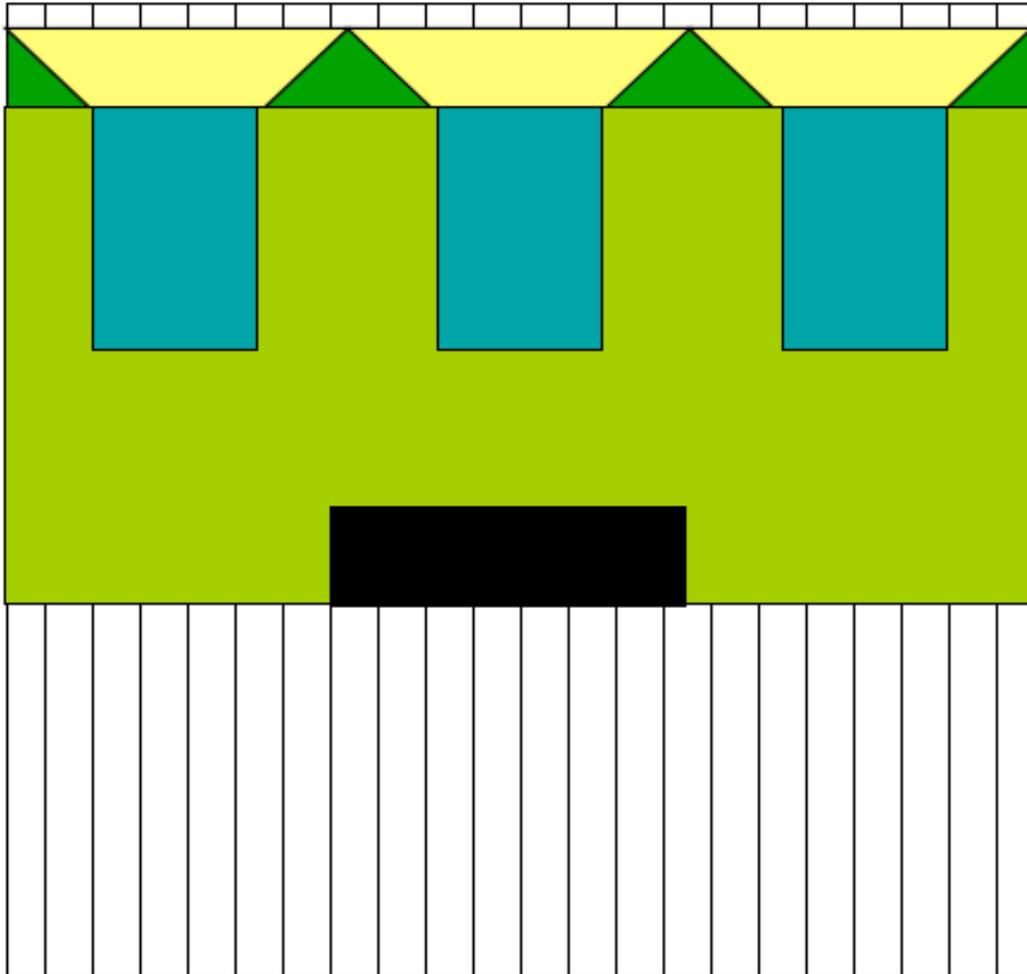
Possible realization path (envisioned in June'08)

- CDF has shown SVX4 + HPK's off-the-shelf conventional sensors to work: **We decided to be as close to that model as possible**
- HPK has 3x6 cm strip sensors (80 micron pitch) made for ATLAS which we thought we could use:
 - Anticipated: a ~2 may be available for free
 - Five or more at a minimal cost
 - Other fall back options from CDF/D0 groups
- If any of these sensors work, we planned to ask HPK to produce the appropriate sized wafers for us
 - **In June'08, we did not have cost estimates for this**

Sensor, pitch adapter, hybrid



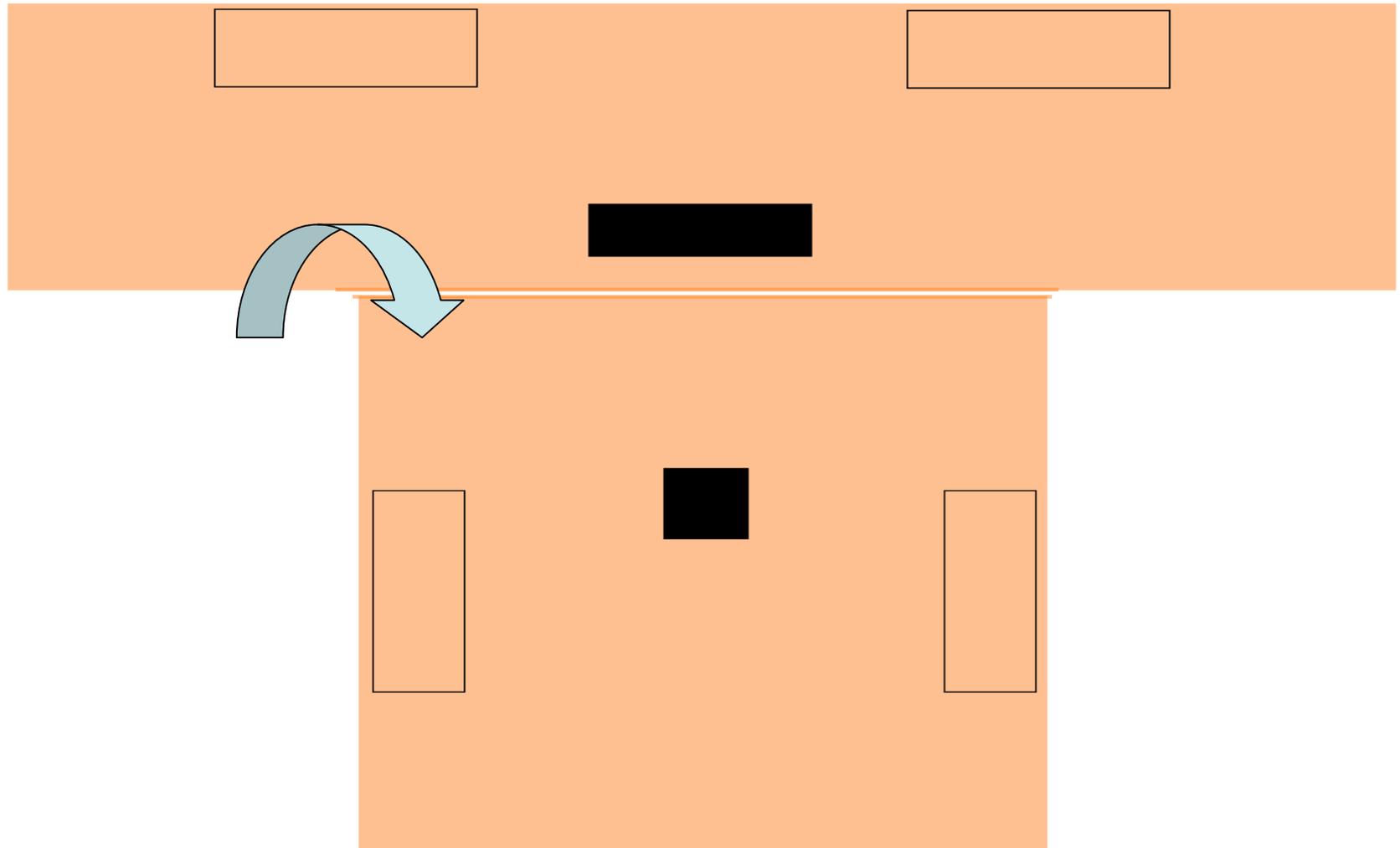
Sensor module



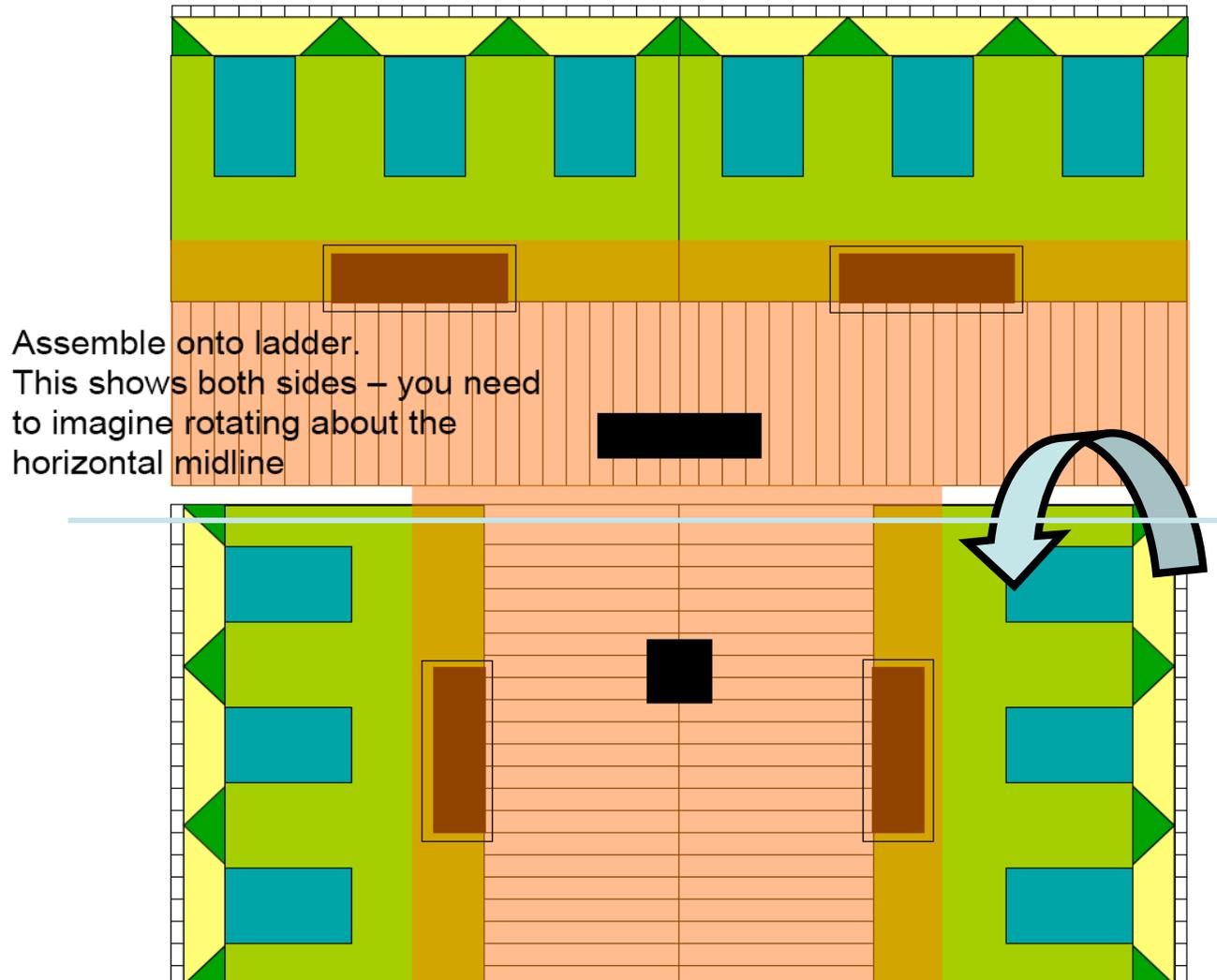
Glue or wire-bond
the hybrid to the
sensor

RCC board, connectors, RCC flex cables

Showned in June08 Review

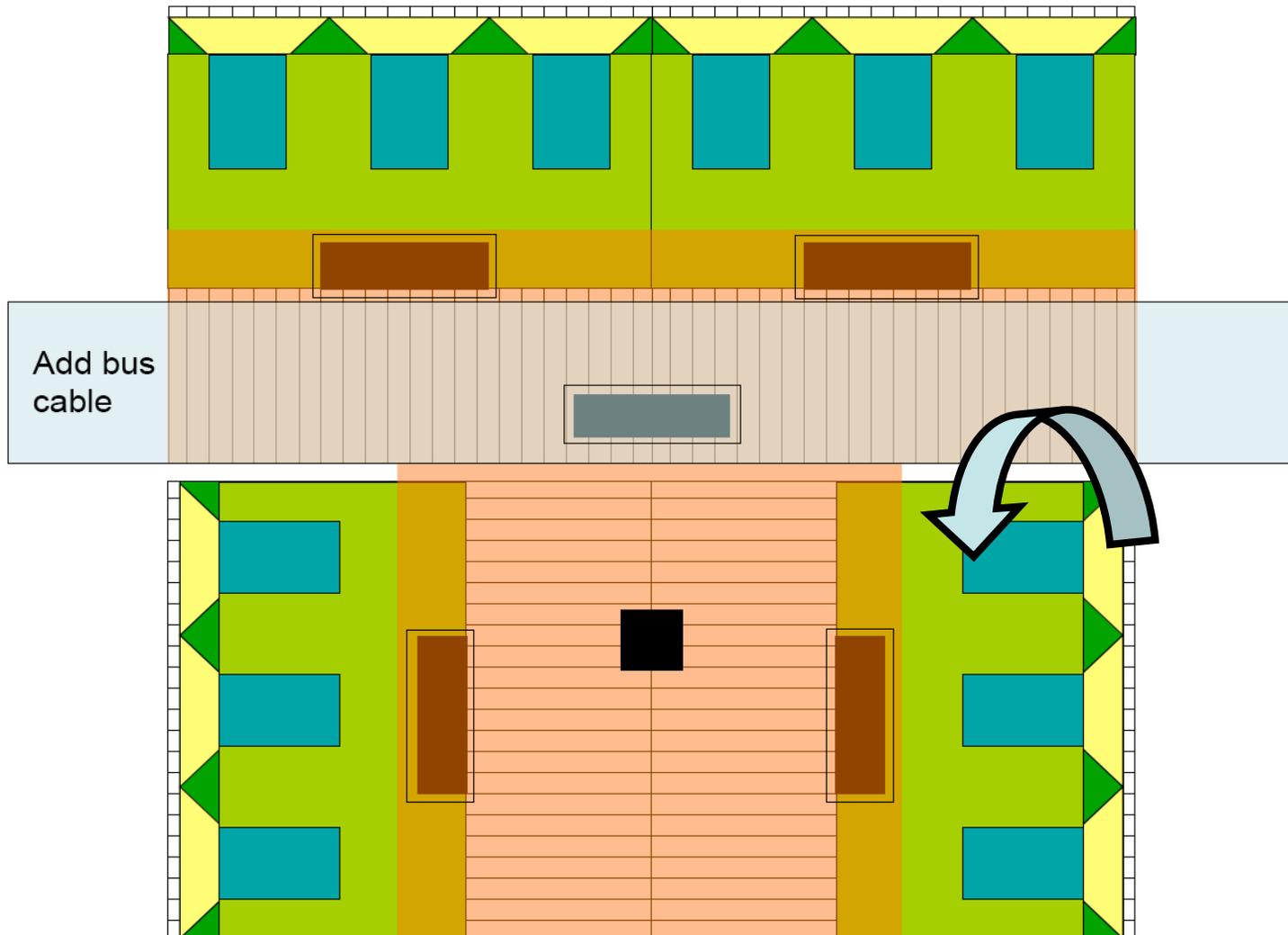


4 sensor modules to read 2 views



Final configuration on to the ladder...

Shown in June08 Review



Building up confidence and making an informed decision

- Each step mentioned would have had to be thoroughly tested
- Multiple hybrids, modules tested independently and finally together on a ladder...

- Signal/Noise ratio compared with the stripixel sensors
 - Study with beam test (?)
- This will then make one of the criteria for the decision

Showed in June08 Review

Impact on Physics

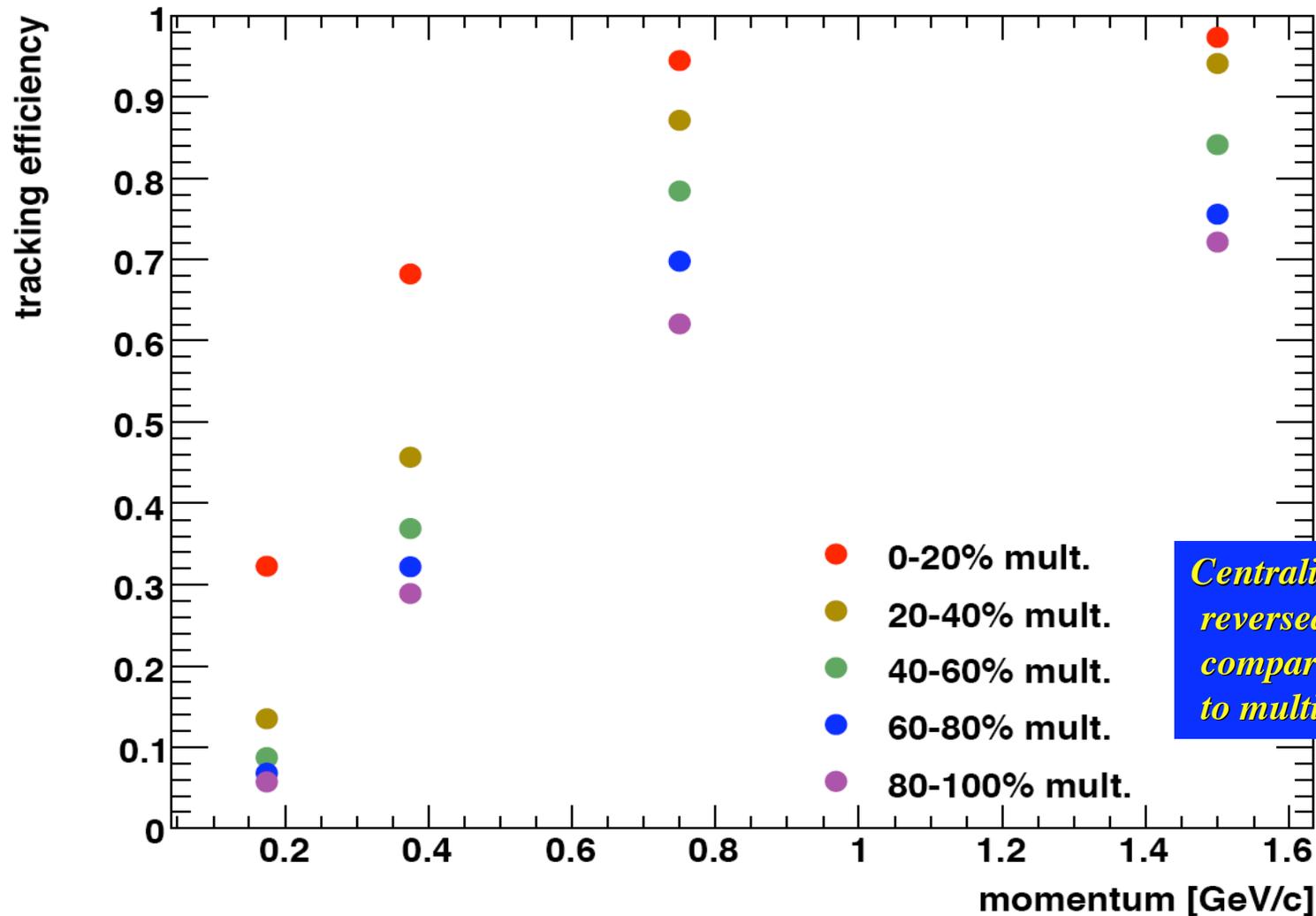
Monte Carlo studies

- Preliminary stand alone tracking studies initiated
- Early results summary:
 - Two layers with stereo angles needed for high multiplicity collisions
 - 90° stereo angle gives
 - slightly worse tracking efficiency but
 - better vertex resolution than the original strip-pixel sensors (80 x 80 μ vs. 80 x 1000 μ)
 - Small(er) stereo angle gives worse efficiency and no better vertex than strip-pixel sensors
- If the “90° option” is chosen, it will have consequence for the ROC design

Tracking efficiency

Shown in June08 Review

for 2 Sensors crossed at 90°



Schedule Impact

Showed in June08 Review

Schedule Impact (June 2008 estimate)

- Sensor

This assumed an R&D project could start in July with no upfront costs

| 3 | Task Name | Start | Finish | Duration | 2009 | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|-------------|----------|----------|---|-------------|-------------|------|-----|-----|-----|--|
| | | | | | Apr | Jul | Oct | Jan | Apr | Jul | Oct | |
| | | | | | Technical review of alternative sensor module | Mon 8/11/08 | Fri 8/15/08 | 1 wk | | | | |
| pre-production conventional sensors | Thu 6/12/08 | Thu 2/19/09 | 165 days | | | | | | | | | |
| borrow sensors from HPK | Thu 6/12/08 | Fri 7/11/08 | 4 wks | | | | | | | | | |
| purchase 10 pre-production conventional sensors | Mon 8/18/08 | Thu 1/22/09 | 20 wks | | | | | | | | | |
| test pre-production conventional sensors | Fri 1/23/09 | Thu 2/5/09 | 2 wks | | | | | | | | | |
| contingency | Fri 2/6/09 | Thu 2/19/09 | 2 wks | | | | | | | | | |

- ROCx

| | Task Name | Start | Finish | Duration | 2009 | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------|----------|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|---------|-----|-----|-----|--|
| | | | | | Apr | Jul | Oct | Jan | Apr | Jul | Oct | |
| | | | | | roc pre-production board | Mon 8/18/08 | Wed 12/3/08 | 75 days | | | | |
| design of roc pre-production board | Mon 8/18/08 | Mon 9/8/08 | 3 wks | | | | | | | | | |
| layout of roc pre-production board | Tue 9/9/08 | Mon 9/22/08 | 2 wks | | | | | | | | | |
| fab of roc pre-production board | Tue 9/23/08 | Mon 11/3/08 | 6 wks | | | | | | | | | |
| test of roc pre-production board | Tue 11/4/08 | Mon 11/17/08 | 2 wks | | | | | | | | | |
| contingency | Tue 11/18/08 | Wed 12/3/08 | 2 wks | | | | | | | | | |

Schedule: preliminary

Shown in June08 Review

Impact estimate

ROCx + sensor modules

| 3 | Task Name | Start | Finish | Duration | 2009 | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|--------------|--------|----------|----------------------------------|-------------|------------|----------|-----|-----|-----|
| | | | | | Apr | Jul | Oct | Jan | Apr | Jul | Oct |
| | | | | | pre-production rocxsensor module | Thu 12/4/08 | Fri 5/8/09 | 100 days | | | |
| gluing of pre-production rocx+ borrowed sensor modules | Thu 12/4/08 | Wed 12/10/08 | 1 wk | | | | | | | | |
| send pre-production rocx+ borrowed sensor modules to FNAL | Thu 12/11/08 | Wed 12/17/08 | 1 wk | | | | | | | | |
| wire-bonding pre-production rocx +borrowed sensor modules at FNAL | Thu 12/18/08 | Thu 1/15/09 | 2 wks | | | | | | | | |
| send pre-production rocx+ borrowed sensor module back to BNL | Fri 1/16/09 | Thu 1/22/09 | 1 wk | | | | | | | | |
| test pre-production rocx + borrowed sensor module at BNL | Fri 1/23/09 | Thu 2/19/09 | 4 wks | | | | | | | | |
| contingency | Fri 2/20/09 | Thu 3/5/09 | 2 wks | | | | | | | | |
| gluing of pre-production rocxsensor modules | Fri 2/20/09 | Thu 2/26/09 | 1 wk | | | | | | | | |
| send pre-production rocxsensor modules to FNAL | Fri 2/27/09 | Thu 3/5/09 | 1 wk | | | | | | | | |
| wire-bonding pre-production rocxsensor modules at FNAL | Fri 3/6/09 | Thu 3/19/09 | 2 wks | | | | | | | | |
| send pre-production rocxsensor module back to BNL | Fri 3/20/09 | Thu 3/26/09 | 1 wk | | | | | | | | |
| test pre-production rocxsensor module at BNL | Fri 3/27/09 | Fri 4/24/09 | 4 wks | | | | | | | | |
| contingency | Mon 4/27/09 | Fri 5/8/09 | 2 wks | | | | | | | | |
| milestone: pre-production rocx+ borrowed sensor module performs to spec | Thu 3/5/09 | Thu 3/5/09 | 0 days | | | | | | | | |
| milestone: pre-production rocxsensor module performs to spec | Fri 5/8/09 | Fri 5/8/09 | 0 days | | | | | | | | |

WBS: About 2 months delay: **Optimistic**

This is **only** the **pre-production** delay

Production: Delivery, QA, module construction: **too early** to estimate

Cost (Preliminary)

- Based on the known costs of 3x6 sensors recently costed for FVTX project in PHENIX
 - \$586.6 including HPK R&D
 - For 3x3 unit the cost can be anywhere between \$300-\$600
- We needed 246 working 3x6 stripixel sensors
- Assuming 38% contingency we need 246 --> **400** sensors
- Of the conventional 3x3 then we need **4** times as many
- Estimate: [**4** * (**400**) * (\$300-\$600)] + \$50k (NRE)
 - \$480k (assuming \$300/sensor) \$960k (assuming \$600/sensor)
 - Other pre-production costs ~\$50k
 - Total Cost Range: \$530k -- \$1M
- **These was to become firm as we learnt from HPK more details**

Issues & Concerns in June 2008

- **Conventional Strip Sensor Option should work but**
 - Will ROC-on-Sensor design (proposed) work?
 - What (minimal) design modifications might be needed?
 - What is the over all schedule impact?
 - What will be the total cost of going this way?
- **Manpower needs significant**, although the ideas and plan seemed straight forward

... and finally input from HPK

Costs associated with initiation of Backup project: input from HPK (July'08: a month after the June'08 review)

Pre-production Sensor:

- David Faltowitz (HPK) via Alan Dion
- ATLAS-Z sensor:
 - No charge for photomask & tooling
 - \$1495/- per sensor for the first 20 sensors!
 - Lead time 3 weeks for 1st 7 in stock and 2.5 months for remaining 13 (new production)
 - **\$30k + setup equipment etc. & at no real startup until Nov.2008**
 - IF new photomask and tooling is needed (same structure but half the size)
 - NRE charge \$52k
 - \$995/- per sensor, minimum order 30
 - Lead time 4 months
 - **\$80k+ and no real startup until Jan. 2008**

Significantly larger costs associated with INITIATING the BACK-UP Conventional Strip Option!!

Status now:

- **Realization:** Costs for SIGNIFICANTLY higher than initially anticipated
 - Preproduction costs \$80k+
 - Production sensors \$500k
- Tried to get sensors from friends and well-wishers: CDF/D0, FNAL...
 - No success in acquiring the number of sensors we need to do ALL things we need to do
 - Delay start of CSO R&D at least until January 2009
- The Stripixel Group has showed significantly improved understanding of the problems and hence the recent demonstration of success
 - Continuing demand on manpower focused on problems but indeed leading toward success
- Manpower needs for CSO also significant: If we were to dedicate ONE person to this project that would mean ONE LESS person for the Stripixel Progress

Present status of the CSO:

- Successful tests in the lab as well as the FNAL beam test gives us confidence in the Stripixel technology
 - Electronic signal to noise issues addressed
 - Efficiency measured in beam test within spec (>98%)
 - Multiple Stripixel Modules worked together with little or no performance degradation
 - Design changes for mass production of ROC understood and feasible
 - Optimization of Stripixel readout enables us to correct for pedestal variation
- Costs and manpower for Conventional Strip Option are too high, as such, we have not been able to proceed with its R&D.