

Inclusive neutral-pion production in √s=200 GeV Au+Au and p+p collisions at PHENIX

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JPS Meeting at Rikkyo Univ.



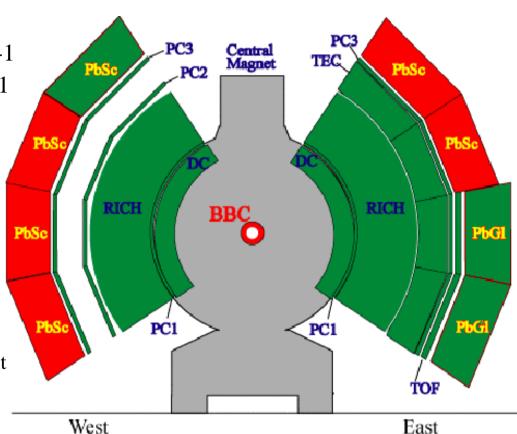
Physics Motivation

- Measurement of pp π^0 cross section
 - Provide a testing ground for precision perturbative QCD
 - Baseline for future polarized pp collision analysis and asymmetry measurement
 - Data baseline for high p_T heavy ion physics
 - Compare with peripheral Au+Au collisions as consistency check
 - Compare with central Au+Au collisions
 - Especially for high p_T physics in Au+Au
- Measurement of AuAu π^0 spectrum
 - QGP search
 - Jet Quenching effect.
- In this talk, the π^0 cross section in pp and AuAu are shown and the above physics will be concluded.



RHIC-PHENIX

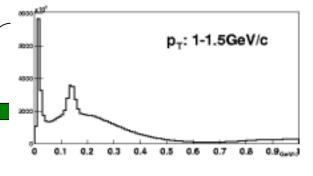
- RHIC run2002 pp run
 - Integrated luminosity 0.15pb-1
 - Analyzed luminosity 0.03pb-1
 - half of runs are analyzed.
 - Vertex position cut +-30cm
 - 140M events
- EMCalorimeter
 - 2 Arm \times 4 sectors
 - Lead Scintillator(PbSc)6 sectors(15552 channels)
 - Lead Glass (PbGl)
 2sectors (9216 channels)
 - ~5m distance from collision point
 - $|\eta| < 0.38 \ \phi = 180^{\circ}$
- Analysis
 - pp: 5 sectors PbSc was used in this analysis
 - AuAu: 5 sectors PbSc and 2 sectors PbGl were used

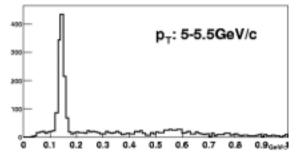


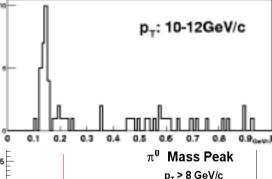
π^0 Measurement

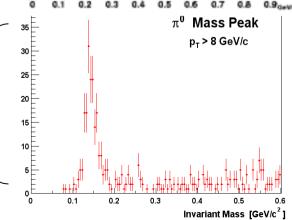
- Invariant mass spectrum
- pp analysis shows the background is smaller than that of heavy ion collisions
 - 1-1.5GeV/c N/S = 200%
 - $p_T > 5 GeV/c N/S = 10\%$
 - 2x2 trigger worked very well
 - Rejection Factor = 90
 - Measured 1-15GeV/c π^0
- AuAu data shows < 8GeV/c pi0 AuAu data MB-

pp data











pp Correction & Systematic Error

- $\pi 0$ extraction

Run dependence 10% (Min. Bias)

6%(2x2)

Background subtraction 5%

Excluded Hot/Bad towers 2-3%

Acceptance/Smearing correction

Energy non-linearity 0-10%

Fast MC statistical error 1%

Edge tower 5%

Position resolution 0-1%

Energy absolute calibration 3-8%

Energy resolution 3%

High pT trigger correction
 10%

Final systematic error



AuAu Correction & Systematic Errors

Efficiency losses calculated with 2M simulated single π^0 embedded in real data

Correction factors: x20.- x10.

Acceptance: ~1/0.25

Efficiency: ~1/[0.20- 0.30]

Systematic errors (% yield):

 π^0 extraction: ~15%

 p_T smearing: ~10%

TOF cut : ~10%

Fiduc., asym., hot towers cuts: ~5%

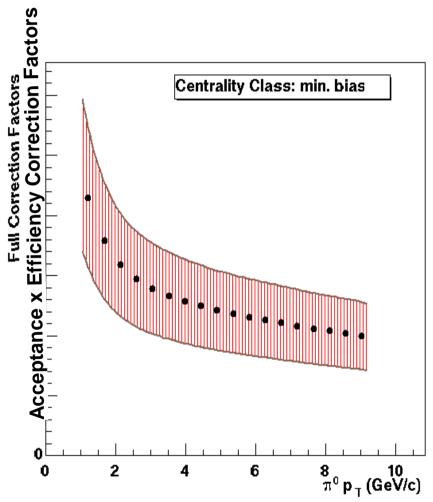
Acceptance: ~3%

Off-vertex π^0 contribution: ~3%

Final systematic error:

~20%- 30% (periph)

~23%- 33% (central) increasing with p_T



PHENIX

p_r(GeV/c)

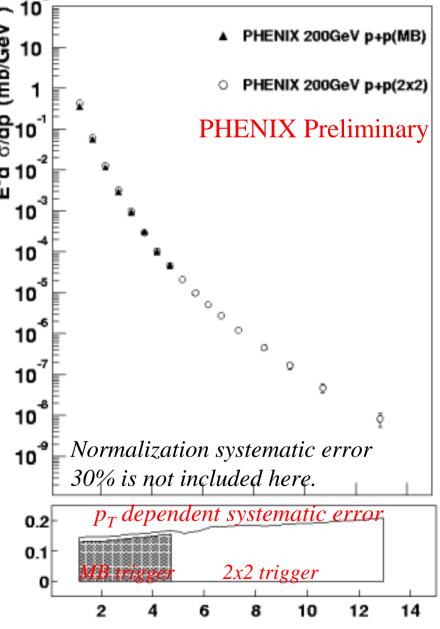
pp π^0 Inclusive Cross Section

Cross section measured over 8 orders of magnitude.

- 1-13GeV/c

Two triggers

- Minimum Bias(MB) trigger
- 2x2 trigger
- They are consistent within systematic error.



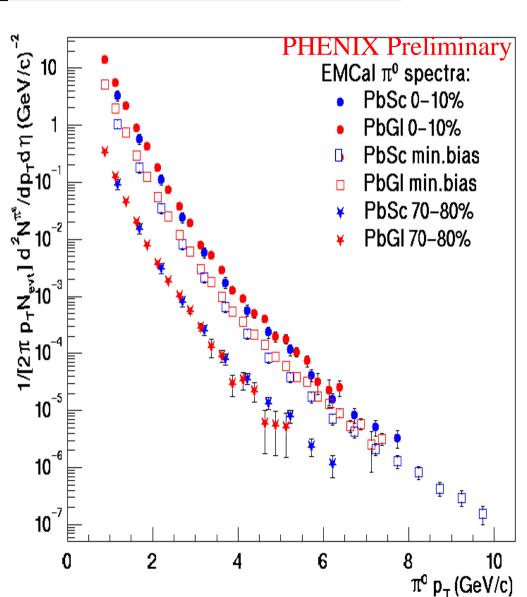


AuAu π^0 spectra

Two different detectors, analysis, and systematic

PbSc/PbGl consistent with systematic errors:

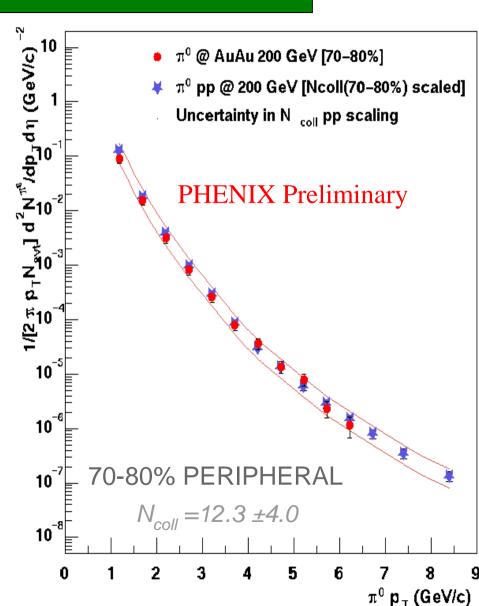
<25%





Consistency check pp and AuAu Peripheral

- AuAu 200GeV peripheral data is up to 6GeV/c
 - The pp data is scaled up by the number of collision.
- They are consistent within Ncoll scaling

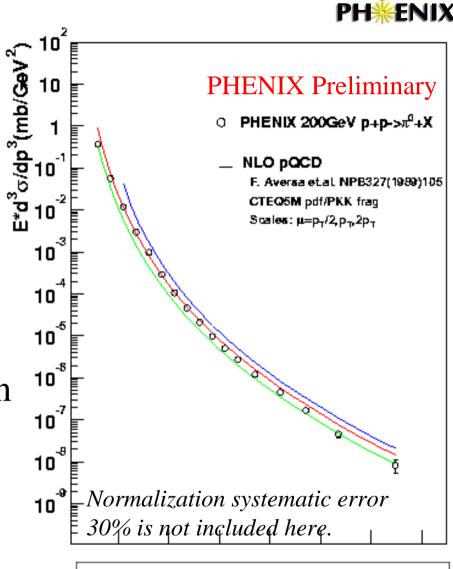


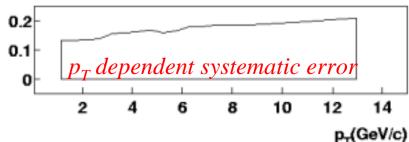
Comparison with OCD Calculation

NLO pQCD calculation

- CTEQ5M pdf
- Potter-Kniehl-Kramer fragmentation function
- $-\mu = p_T/2, p_T, 2p_T$

Consistent with data within the scale dependence.

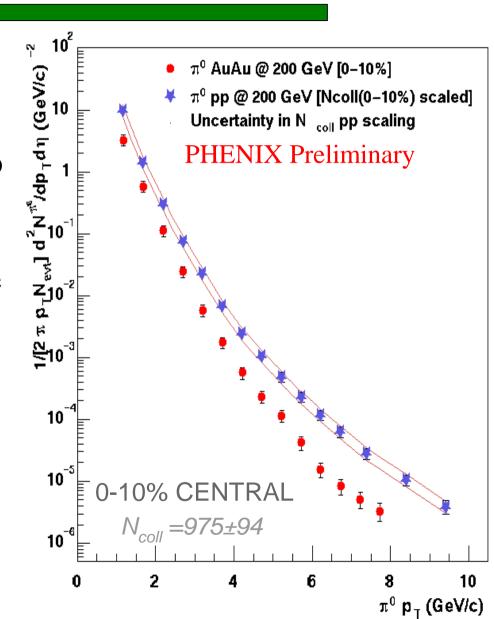






Comparison with pp and AuAu Central

- AuAu 200GeV central data is up to 8GeV/c
 - The pp data is scaled up by the number of collision.
- AuAu data shows large suppression.
 - The suppression is dependent of pT
 - This might be understood by the jet quenching effect.





High p_T suppression

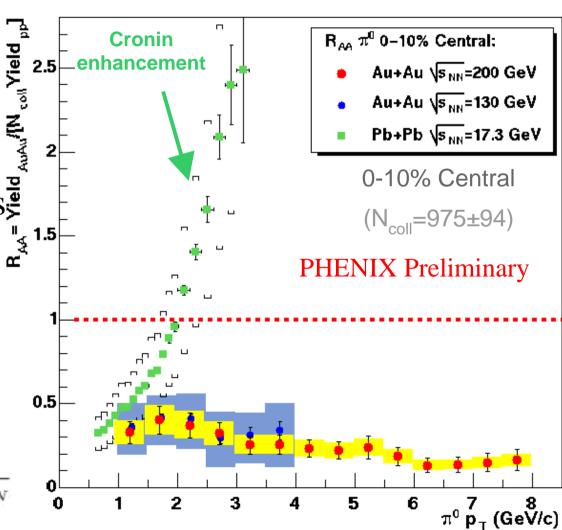
Comparison of R_{AA}

- RHIC 130/200GeV
- CERN 17.3GeV

Behavior at high pT is totally different

- CERN: Enhance ment due to Cronin effect
- RHIC : Large suppression

$$R_{AA}(p_T) = \frac{(dN/dp_T)_{AA}}{\langle N_{coll} \rangle (dN/dp_T)_{NN}}$$





Conclusion

- Measured π^0 cross section.
 - AuAu
 - 1-8GeV/c
 - pp
 - 8 orders of magnitude
 - 1-13GeV/c
- Internal consistency
 - pp from two triggers are consistent
 - pp and AuAu peripheral are consistent
 - AuAu PbSc and PbGl shows consistent
- Comparison with pQCD with NLO calculation and pp
 - pQCD calculation agree with data
- Large suppression in the AuAu central events
 - Consistent behavior with jet quenching





Backup Slides



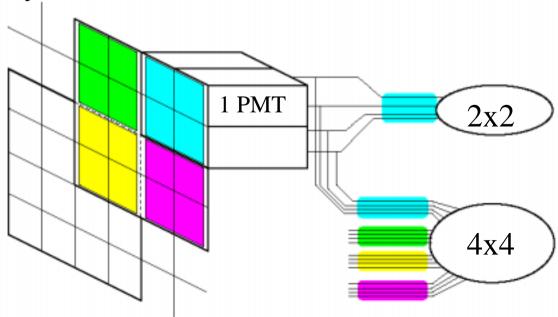
EMCal-RICH level 1 Trigger

EMCal part consists of two types of sum to collect photon shower

- 2x2 towers non-overlapping sum (threshold=0.8GeV)
- 4x4 towers overlapping sum (threshold=2 and 3GeV)

 π^0 measurement with **2x2 trigger** will be shown in this talk

- Enhances high- $p^T \pi^0$ by a factor of 90

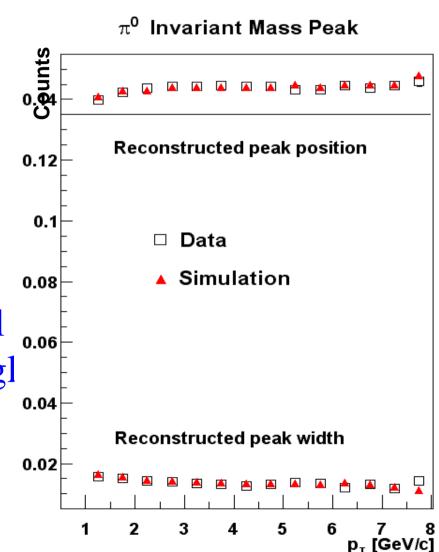




π^0 mass/width in AuAu analysis

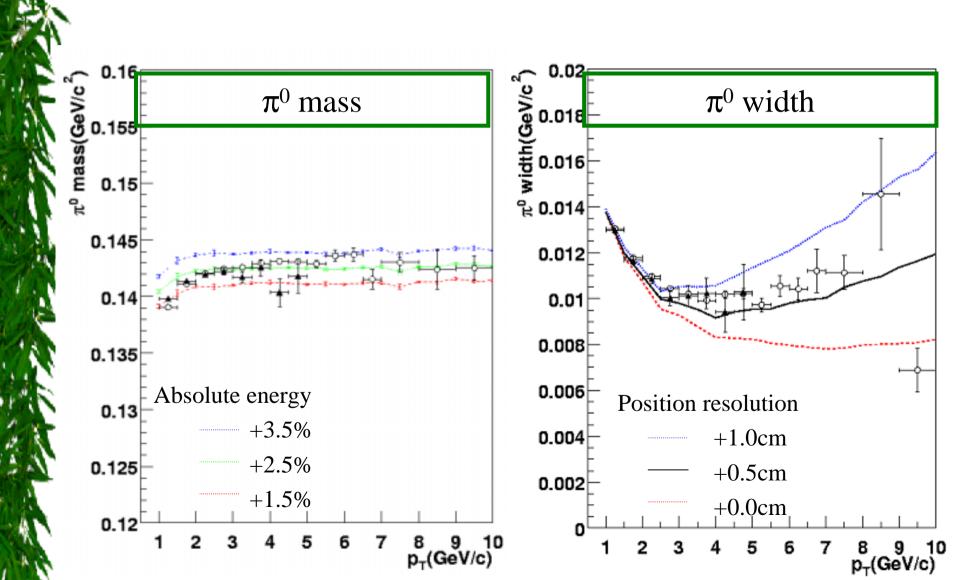
peak at p_T > 8 GeV/c(min.bias)

(Excellent agreement real data and embedded singl π^0)





π^0 mass/width in pp analysis





Analysis Procedure

 $\varepsilon^{(MB)}$ 51%

Minimum Bias(MB) Trigger efficiency

Luminosity normalization

$$\varepsilon_{\pi 0}^{(MB)}(p_T) = \frac{N_{\pi 0}^{(MB\&4\times4)}}{N_{\pi 0}^{(4\times4)}}$$

 π^0 efficiency in Min. Bias trigger flat

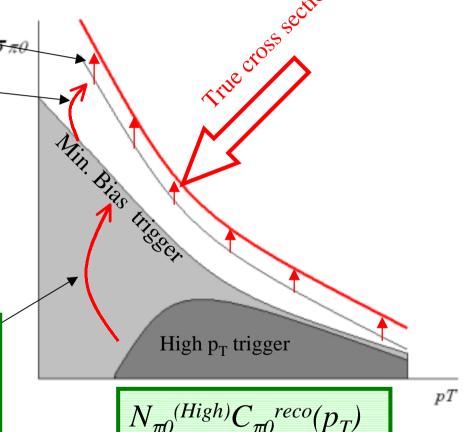
Slope correction for Min. Bias trigger

$$\varepsilon_{\pi 0}^{(High)}(p_T) = \frac{N_{\pi 0}^{(2 \times 2 \& MB)}}{N_{\pi 0}^{(MB)}}$$

80% flat for $p_T > 3$ GeV

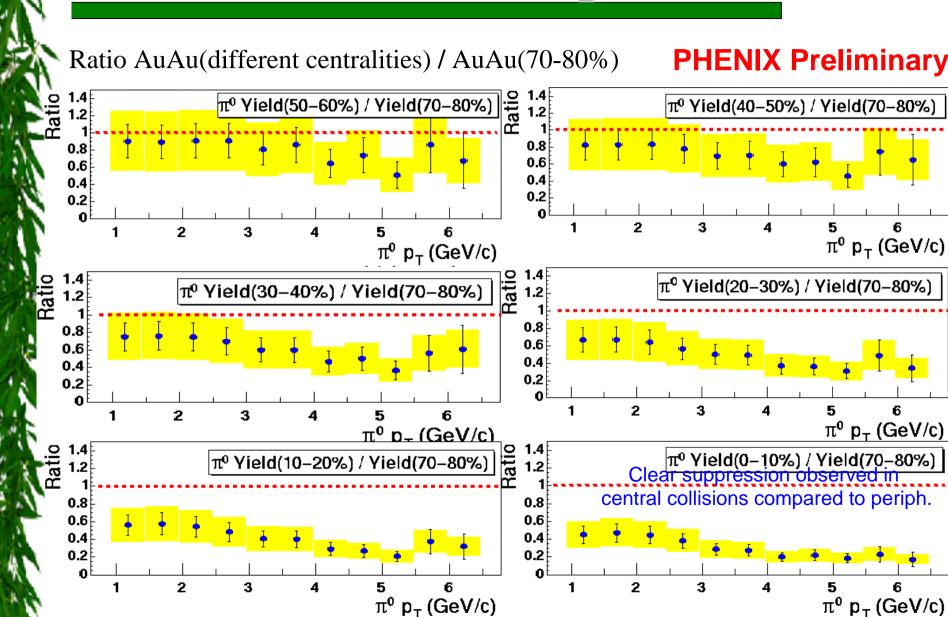
 π^0 efficiency in 2x2 trigger

"turn-on" curve for trigger





Ratios Central/Peripheral



Comparison with QCD Calculation

- The deviation of the pQCD calculation is depicted
 - The pQCD calculation with one a set of PDF/FF is consistent within the systematic error of the data and the scale selection

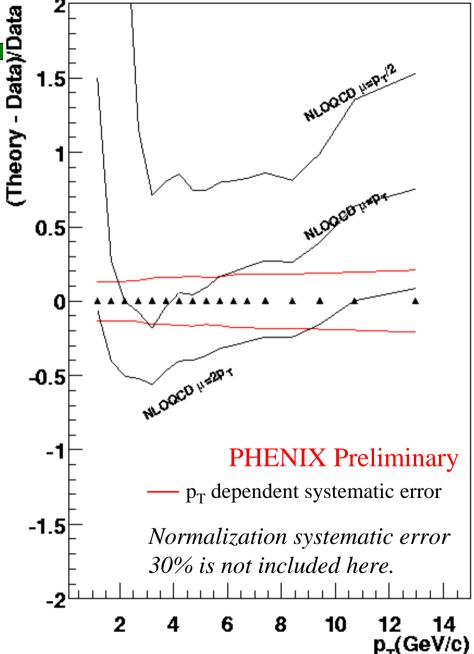
O.K. So everybody is happy!!! Let's go to drink beer!!!

Wait!!!!!

What I want to say in this workshop is "Our data might be one more

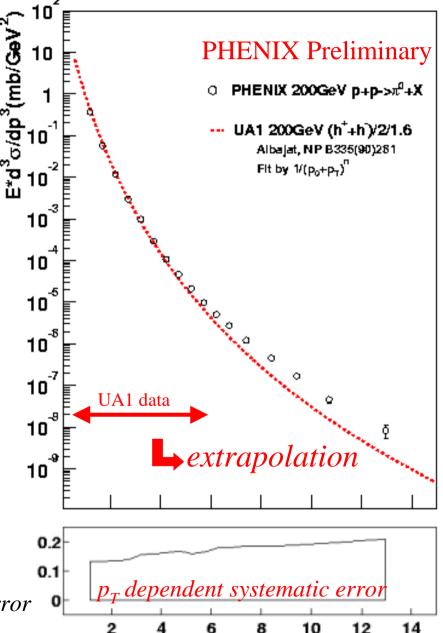
- "Our data might be one more reference point for study of PDF and FF."
 - Dear all, please don't stop your head and hand !!!





Comparison with UA1 Fitting

- UA1 data are only up to 6GeV/c and extrapolated to higher p_T
- The extrapolation is below our data at high p_T
- →Now have pp data to use as important reference for Au+Au collision and jet quenching measurement.



p_r(GeV/c)

Normalization systematic error 30% is not included here.





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