Identified Charged Hadron Production at √s_{NN}=62.4 GeV Au+Au in RHIC-PHENIX

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Physics Motivation



PHENIX: PRL 91, 172301 (2003), PRC 69, 034909 (2004) Au+Au collisions at $\sqrt{s}_{\rm NN}$ = 200 GeV

• Strong suppression of π^0 yields above $p_T \sim 2$ GeV/c at RHIC, but no suppression for proton and antiproton at intermediate p_T (2-5 GeV/c): "Baryon anomaly at RHIC".

• Quark recombination models are able to reproduce the data qualitatively.

 But no SPS data for intermediate p_T baryons, don't know the applicability of recombination model works at SPS.

Importance to measure the excitation function from SPS to RHIC:

- Onset of baryon anomaly.
- Baryon production and transport.
- Radial flow effect.
- > Particle production at low p_T .

Au+Au at √s_{NN} = 62.4 GeV data can fill the gap between SPS (17 GeV) and RHIC top energy.

Data Analysis

- Data set: Au+Au 62.4 GeV, data taken during Run4 (2004).
- Statistics: analyzed 37 M minimum bias (MB) events.
- Detectors: Drift Chamber, PC1, BBC and TOF for PID charged analysis.
- Centrality: subdivided MB events based on BBC charge distributions (0-10%, 10-30% and 30-60%).
- Corrections: Acceptance, in flight decay, detector occupancy using MC simulations.
- ✤ NOTE: No weak decay feed-down correction applied.



Results: p_T **spectra (centrality dep.)**



Large fraction of protons are seen at intermediate p_T.
 Less for antiproton, for all centrality bins (up to 30-60%).

p/π ratios



- $p/\pi^+ > 1$ at intermediate p_T but less for antiproton (pbar/ $\pi^- \sim 0.7$).
- Weaker centrality dependence for both ratios than those of 200 GeV.
- Indicating more baryon transport and less p-pbar pair production at 62 GeV than 200 GeV.

m_T spectra & inverse slops



-/+ Ratios vs. p_T (Min. bias)



Flat p_T dependence for all ratios.



- $-\pi^{-}/\pi^{+}$ = 1.097 ± 0.022 (stat.) ± 0.063 (sys.) PHENIX Preliminary
- $K^{-}/K^{+} = 0.816 \pm 0.027$ (stat.) ± 0.046 (sys.) PHENIX Preliminary
- $pbar/p = 0.495 \pm 0.012$ (stat.) ± 0.029 (sys.) PHENIX Preliminary

Centrality dep. of K/ π and p/ π



Antibaryon/ baryon ratios vs. $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ (@ mid-rapidity)



Follow the smooth curve from SPS to RHIC.
Consistent with Λbar/Λ (STAR preliminary) at 62 GeV.

dN/dy vs. √s_{NN} (central)



dN/dy per N_{part} pair: smooth energy dependence from SPS to RHIC.





• K⁻/ π ⁻ : follow the smooth curve from SPS to RHIC.

• K⁺/ π ⁺: similar to SPS top energy.

Summary

- We presented π[±],K[±],p and antiproton p_T spectra, inverse slopes, yields and particle ratios in Au+Au 62.4 GeV.
- Observed a large proton contribution at intermediate p_T , as seen in 200 GeV data, but less for antiprotons.
- Antiproton-to-proton ratio is ~0.5 at 62 GeV, which indicates less p-pbar pair production and larger baryon transport than 200 GeV.
- Smooth excitation function for both yields and ratios from SPS to RHIC.
- Outlook:

 $- R_{AA}$ for PID charged hadrons by using ISR p+p data.