

Commissioning and Performance of the Muon Identifier

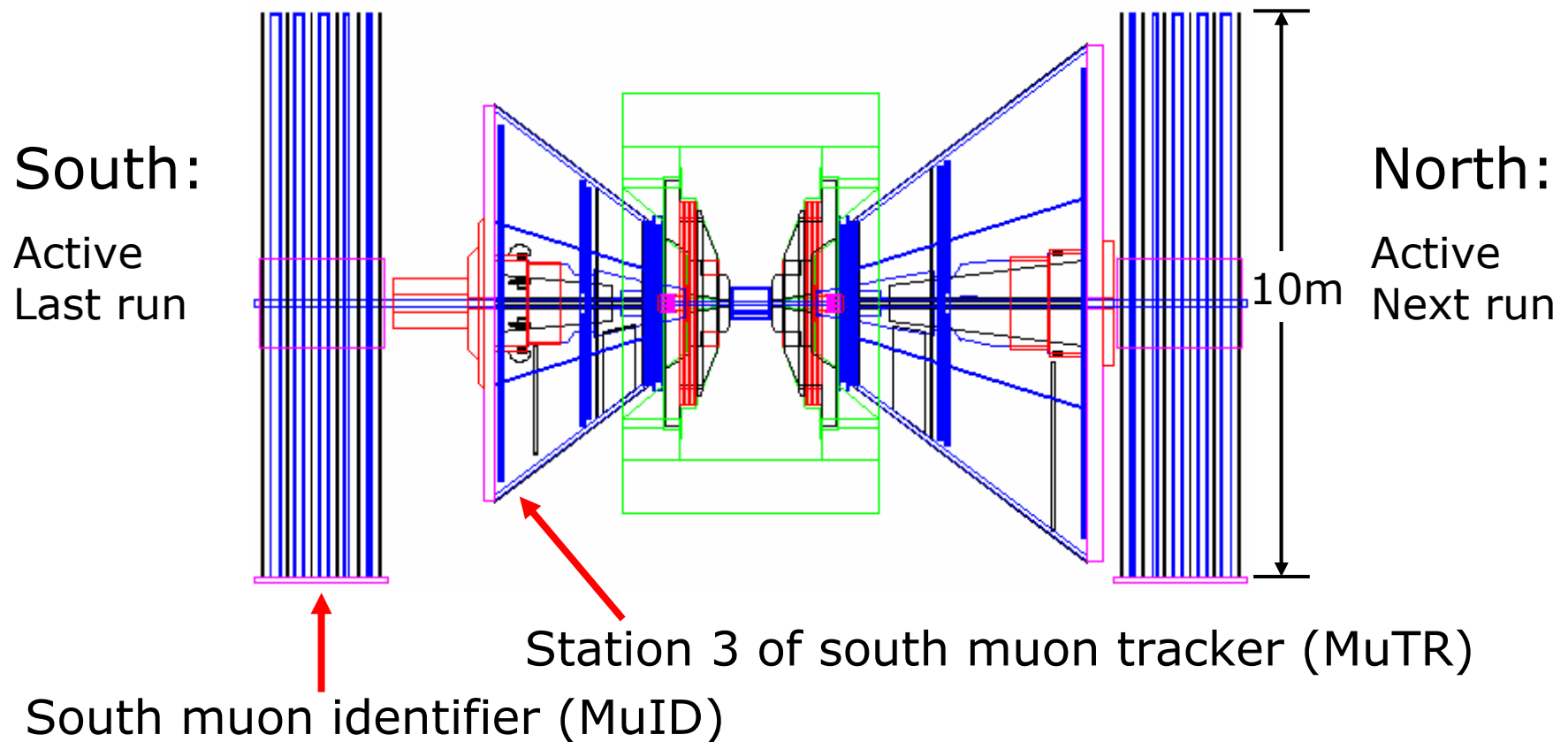
Andrew Glenn

(University of Tennessee),

for the PHENIX collaboration

April APS Meeting in Albuquerque, NM

PHENIX Muon Arms

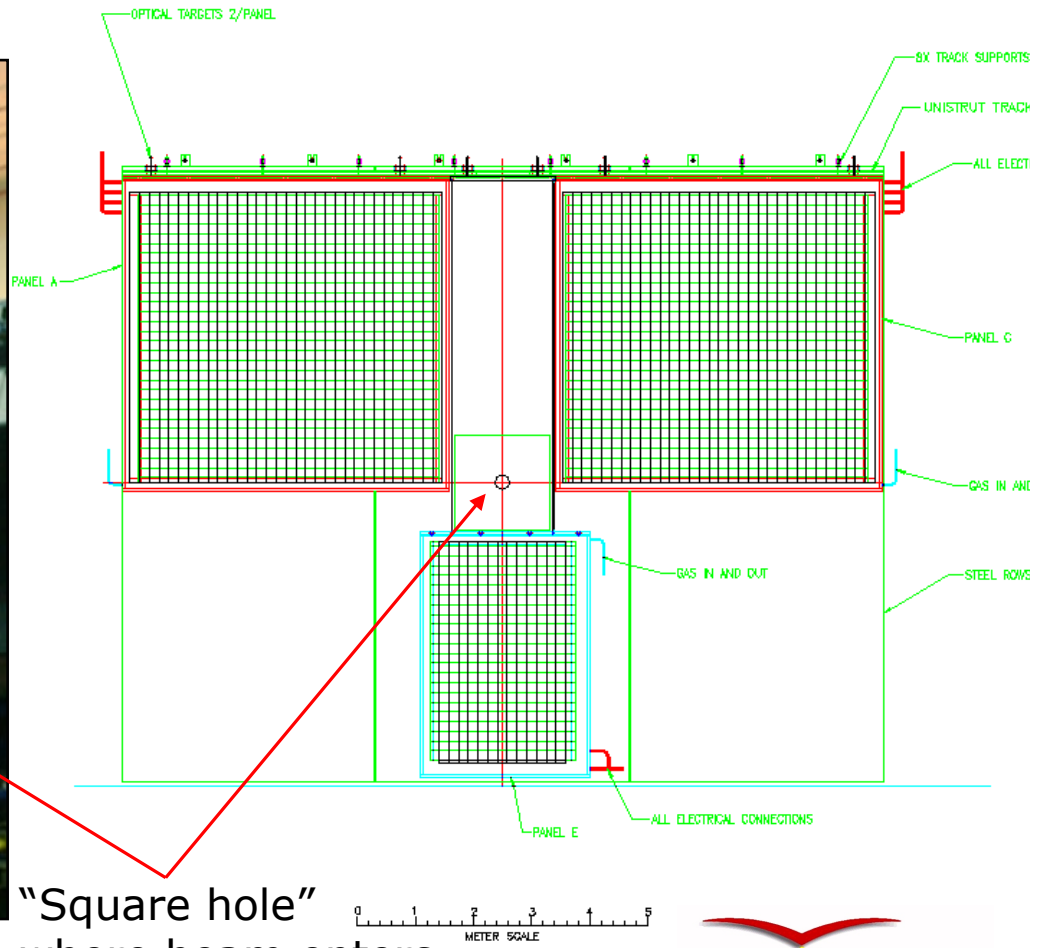


Phenix Muon Identifier

5 gaps per arm filled with planes of transversely oriented plastic proportional (Iarocci) tubes (6340 per arm)



Andrew Glenn 4/21/02



"Square hole"
where beam enters

PHENIX

MuID Main Components

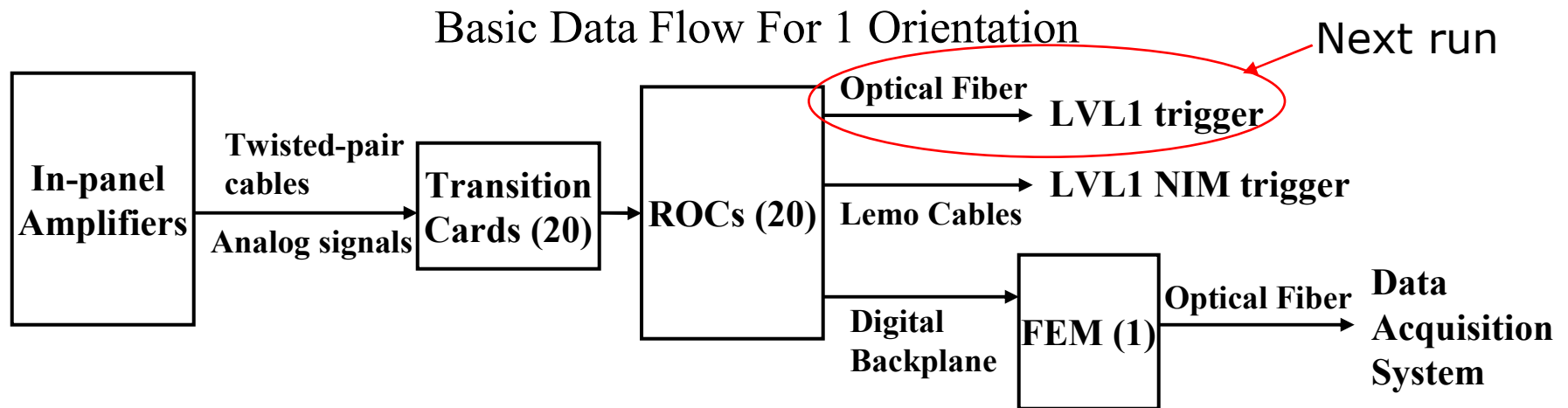


Commissioned in 2001

- Gas System
 - Exchanged 1 volume of 91% CO₂ plus 9% Isobutane per day. Very Stable.
- Front End Electronics
 - Minor noise issues early in commissioning. Very Stable during run.
- High Voltage System
 - Few sparking connectors, some communication issues. Generally good performance
- Trigger
 - Level1 NIM Logic trigger used for cosmic ray and p+p
 - Level2 software trigger used for Au+Au

Front End Electronics

- In-panel Amplifiers
- Readout Cards (ROCs)
- Front End Module Cards (FEMs)

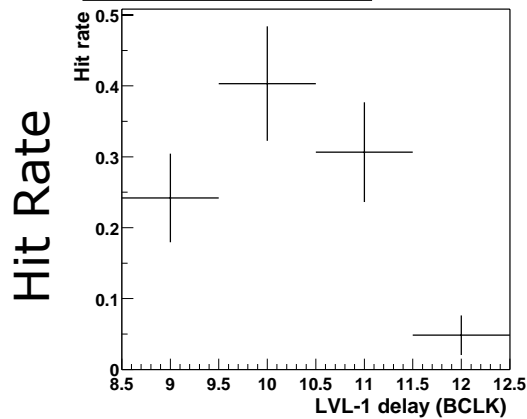


Electronics Commisioning



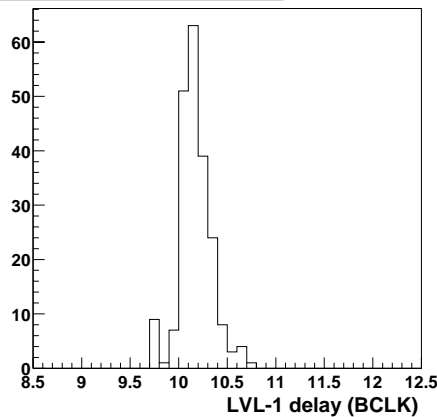
Example Cable

ROC19,Cable5,_V



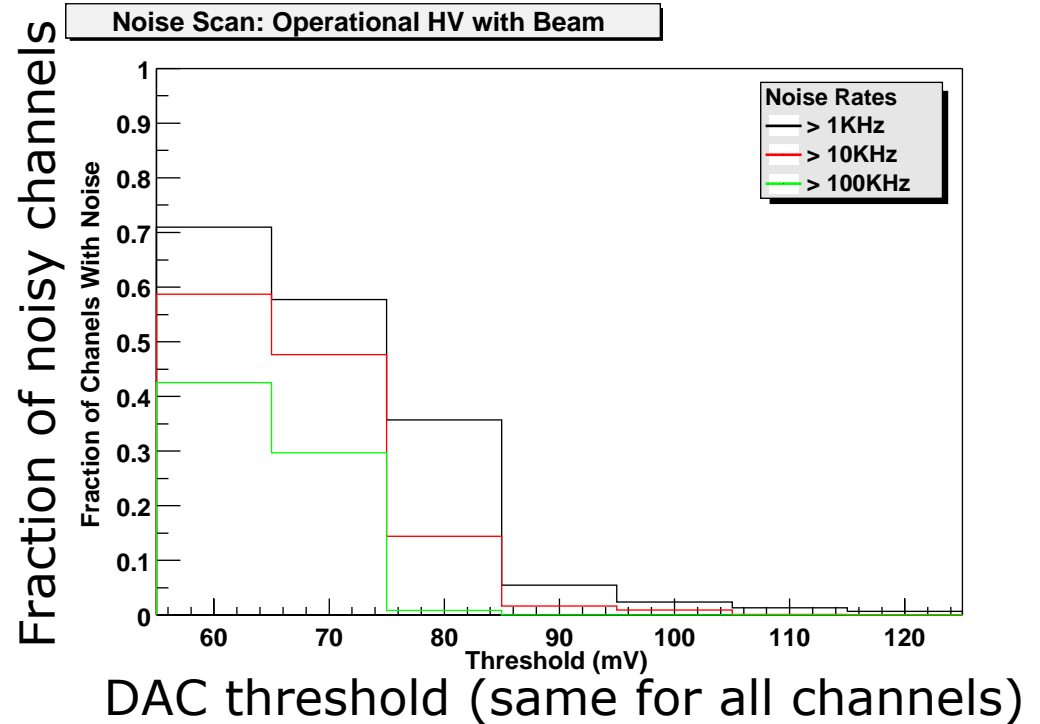
All Cables

Distribution of the means



LVL-1 delay

Timing and Theshold scans



High Voltage System

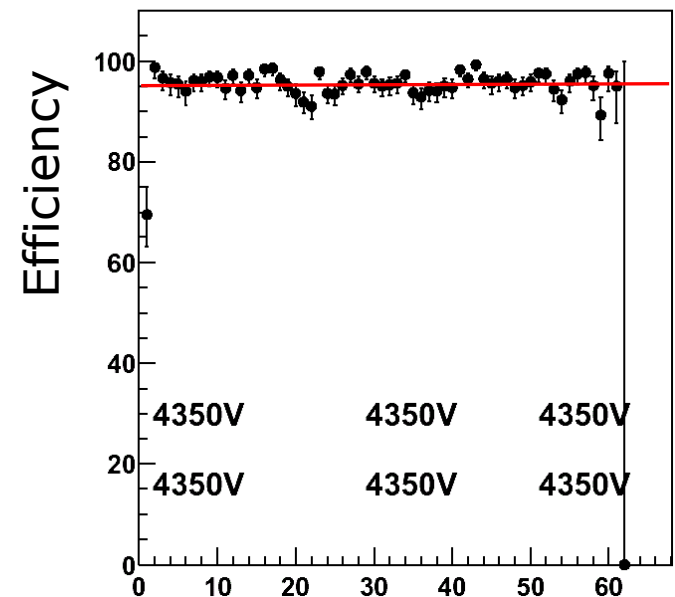
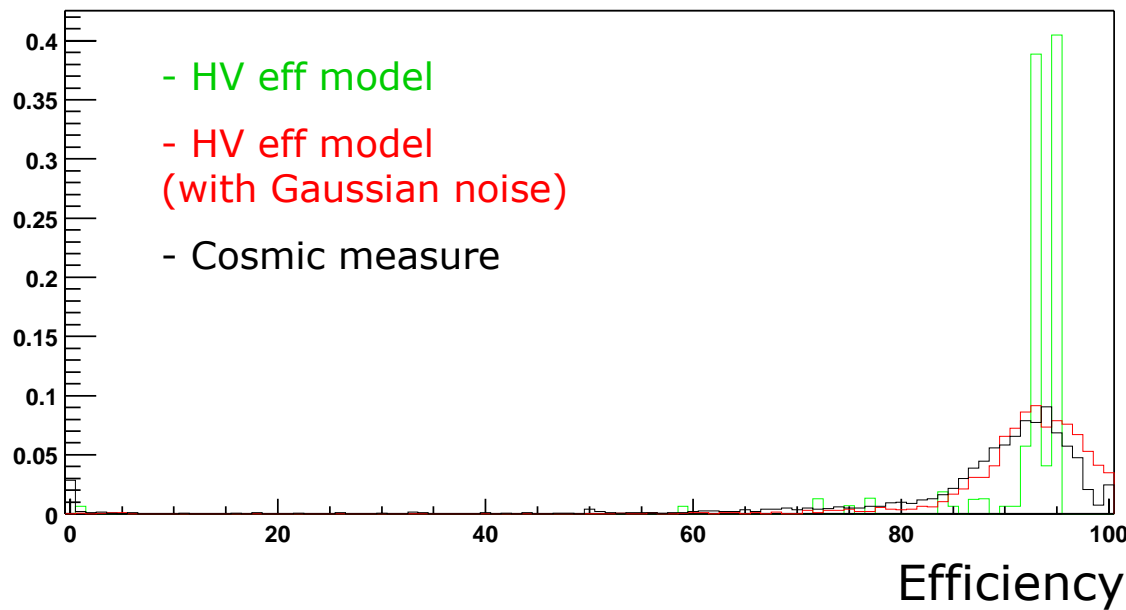
- Generally very good performance.
- Needed to fix some sparking connectors at panel bulkhead.
- Needed to modify MuID HV control GUI, speed up refresh of HV data, reduce communication, and improve logging.
- Some modules needed to be repaired.

Example Panel Orientation

Eff: panel 5, orient 1

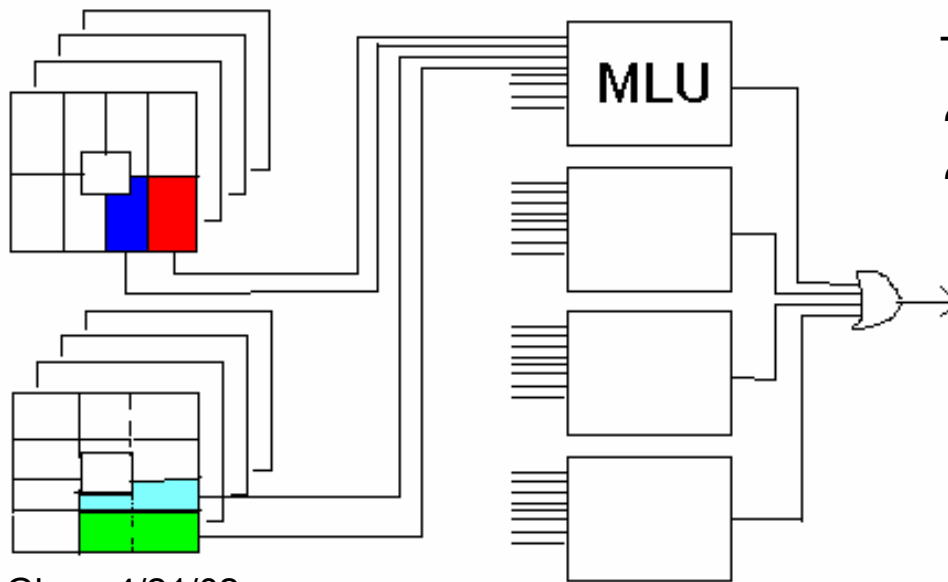
Average eff 95.18

Efficiency distribution



Level1 Trigger

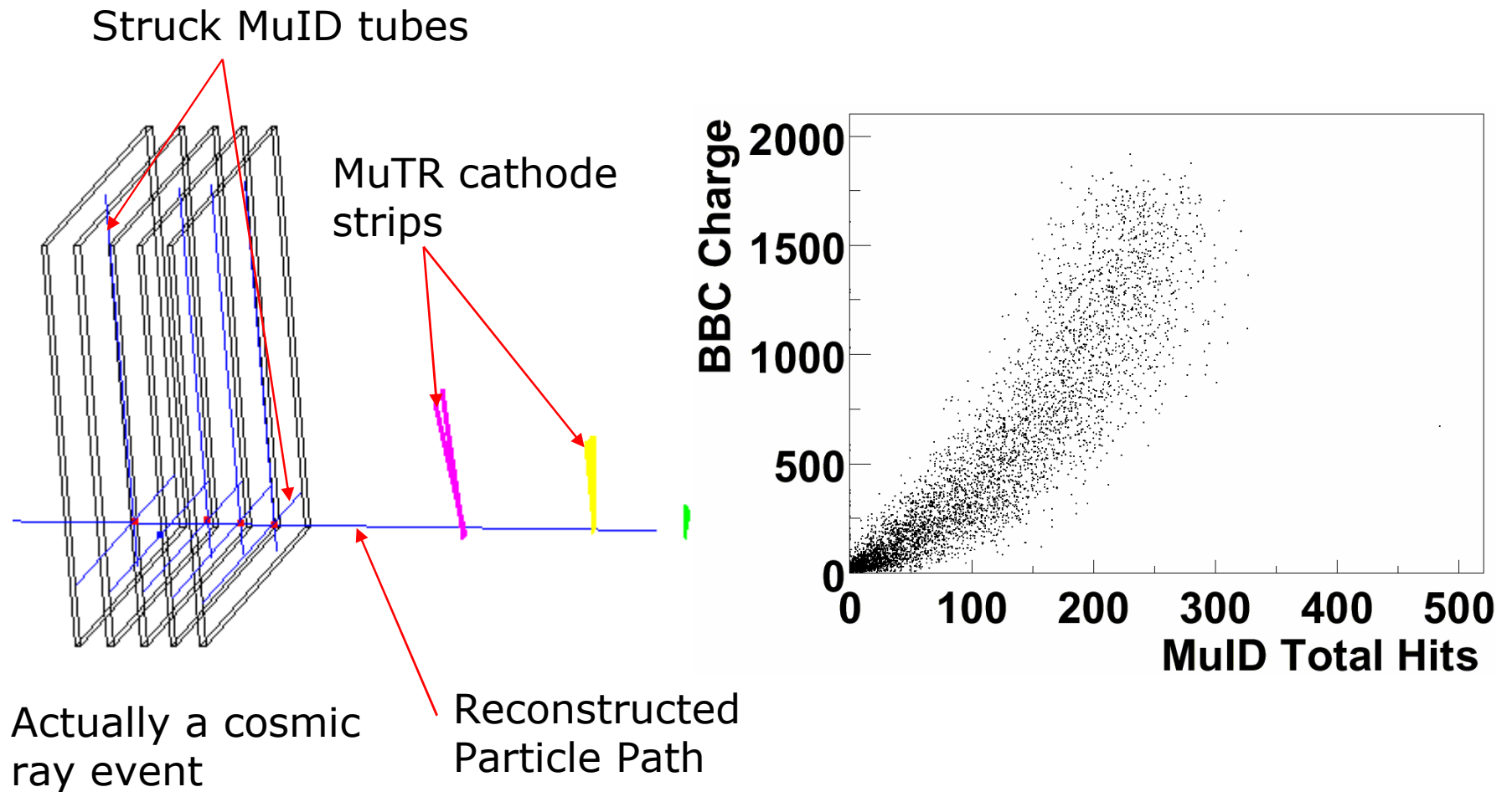
- NIM Logic LVL-1 Trigger
 - LVL-1 rejection is not required for Au+Au until RHIC reaches several times design luminosity.
 - LVL-1 rejection was required for p+p.
 - Used for stand-alone cosmic ray (diagnostic) trigger
 - Provided enough rejection power to avoid scaledown of di-muon trigger



Trigger-circuit efficiency is
~ 96% for single mu
~ 98% for di-mu

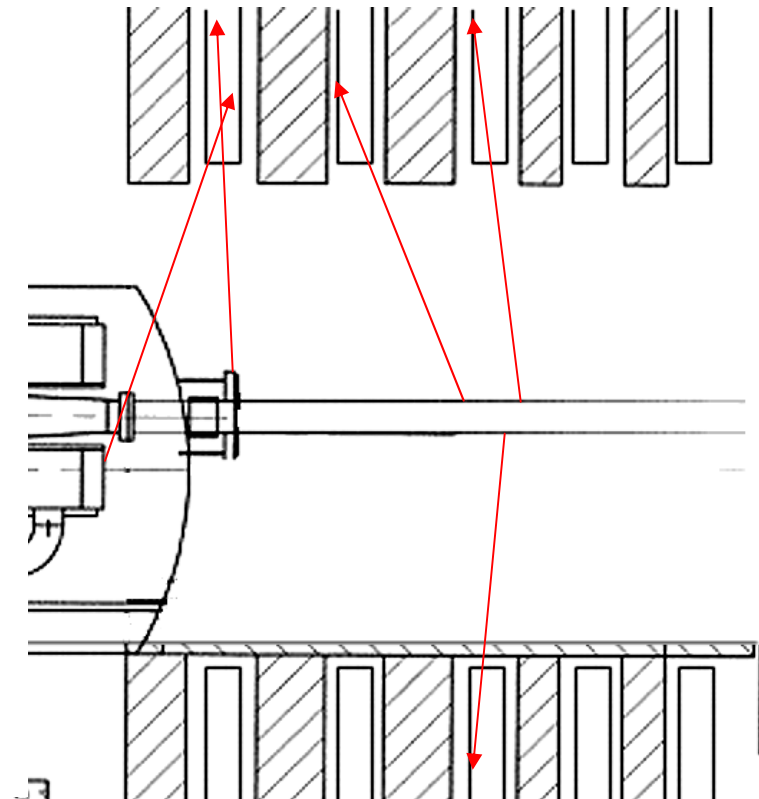
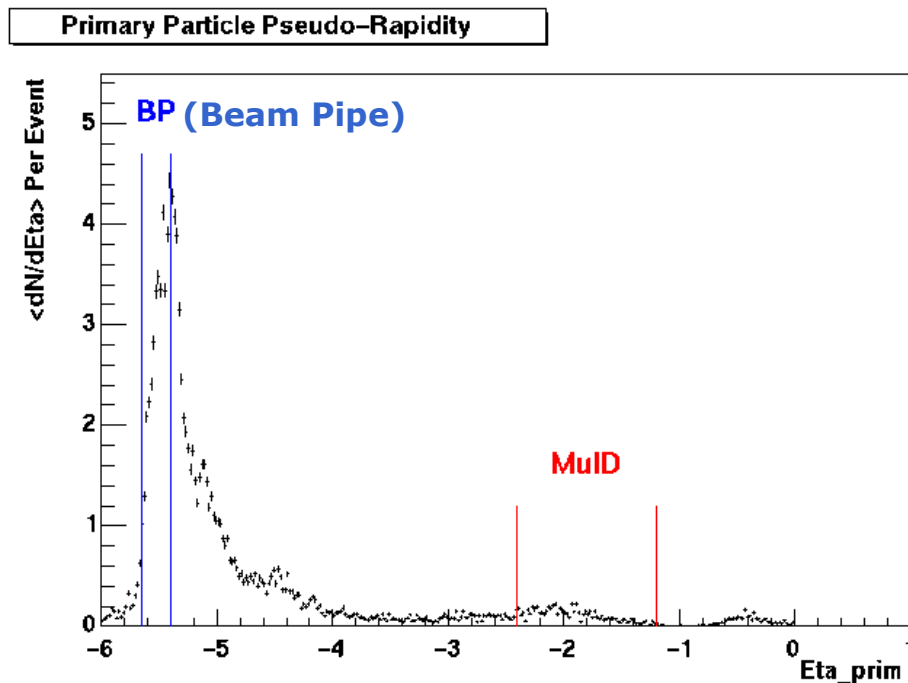
Use gaps 0,2,3,4. One
MLU per quadrant.

Collisions



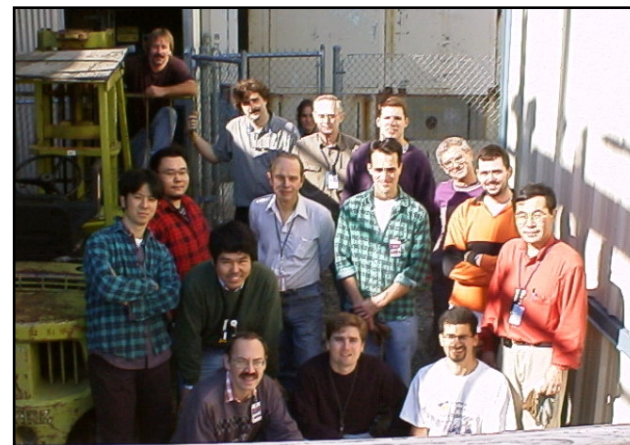
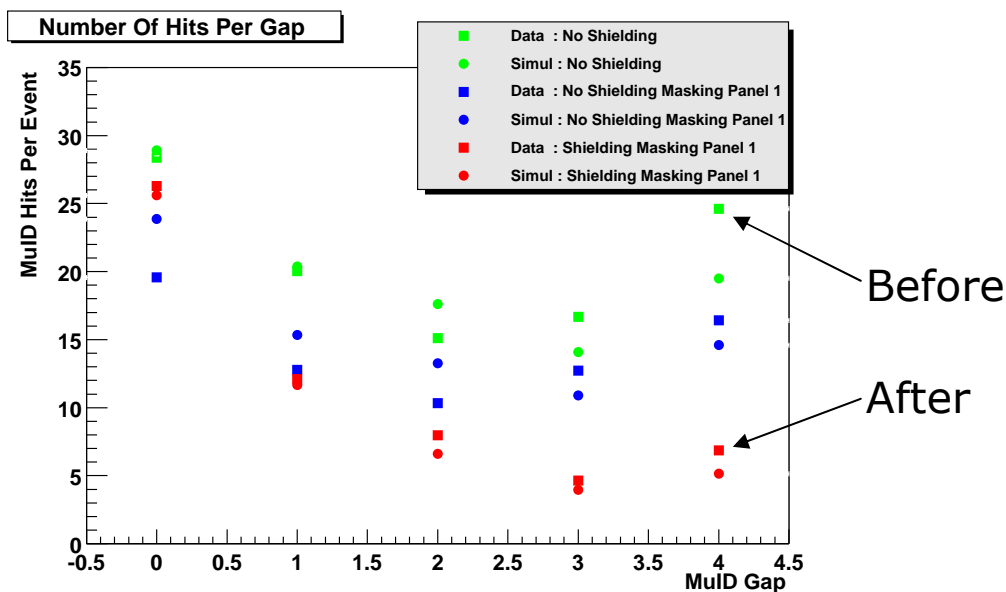
Unexpected Background

- Significant collision-related background observed
 - Rejection factors worse than simulated data
 - Secondaries emitted inside square hole perpendicular to beam line



Shielding Solution

- Simulated and tested trial shielding configurations
- Hand-stacked 7 tons of iron bricks



Level2 Au+Au Rejection Factors

Trigger Name	RF BEFORE (Measured)	RF AFTER (Measured)
DiMuon	5	44
DiMuonPeripheral	75	570
SingleMuon	2	7
SingleMuonPeripheral	13	56

Non Beam-Beam Collision Background



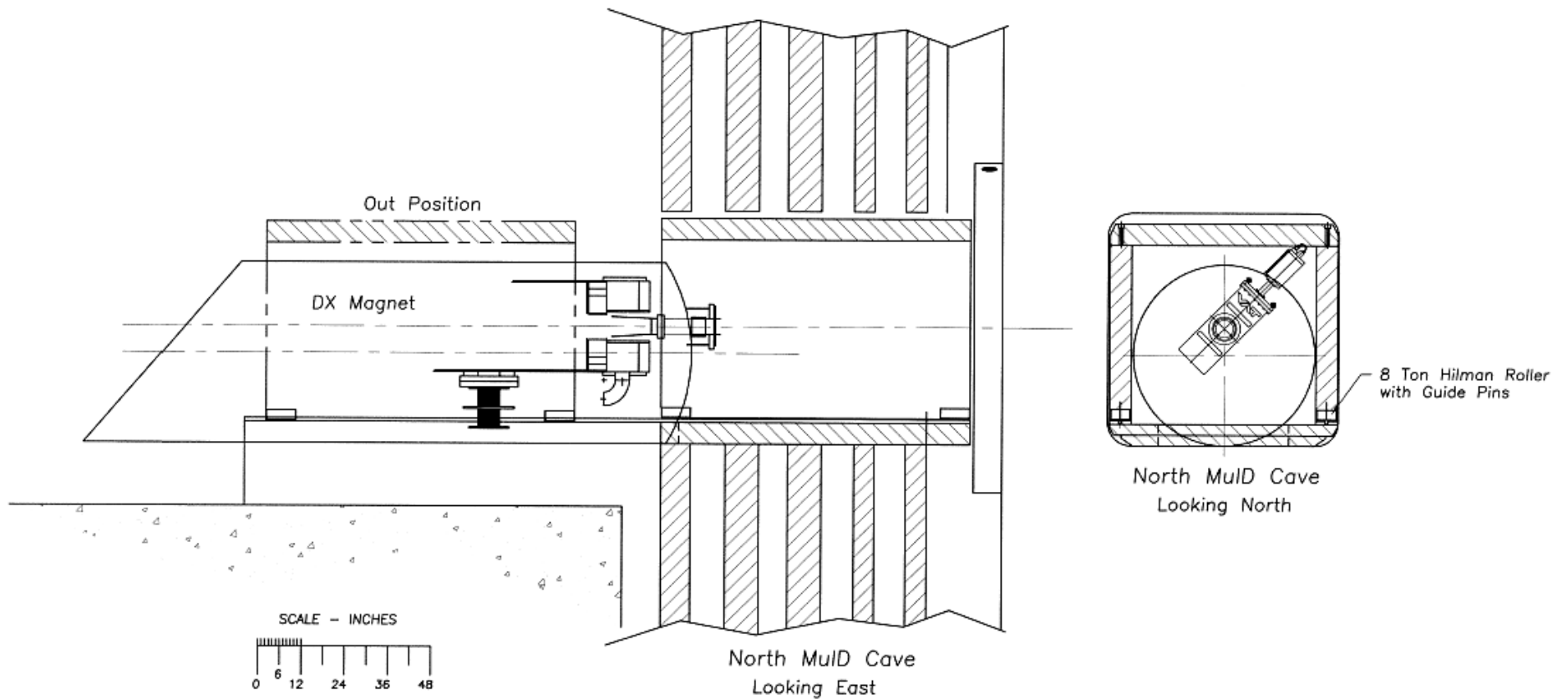
- After $\beta^* = 1$ m achieved, significant background observed. Caused increased panel/tube currents.
- Mis-steering the beam and seeing panel currents remain high confirmed that the background was not due to beam-beam interactions.
- Studied with help from RHIC during p+p running
- Study Results Summary
 - Very sensitive to beam scrape
 - A specific RHIC triplet is known to have been associated with problem and is being investigated
 - Possible contribution from beam gas
 - Collimation helps tremendously

Conclusions



- All of the individual elements of the PHENIX south muon identifier performed well (and most better than expected) during their first data taking run.
- The system as a whole faced some unexpected challenges which were quickly and effectively addressed.

Shielding Next Run



Andrew Glenn 4/21/02